
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
Form 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**
For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 814-00733

Barings BDC, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland

*(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)*

300 South Tryon Street, Suite 2500
Charlotte, North Carolina
(Address of principal executive offices)

06-1798488

*(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)*

28202

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:
(704) 805-7200

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	BBDC	The New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/>
			Emerging growth company <input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to § 240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant (assuming solely for the purpose of this disclosure that all executive officers, directors and 10% or more stockholders of the registrant are "affiliates") as of June 30, 2025, based on the closing price on that date of \$9.14 on the New York Stock Exchange, was \$830,916,996.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock on February 19, 2026 was 104,706,884.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement relating to the registrant's 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days following the end of the registrant's fiscal year, are incorporated by reference in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K as indicated herein.

BARINGS BDC, INC.
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For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2025

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K constitute forward-looking statements because they relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. Forward-looking statements may include, among other things, statements as to our future operating results, our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies, the impact of the investments that we expect to make, the ability of our portfolio companies to achieve their objectives, our expected financings and investments, the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital, and the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "target," "goals," "project," "intend," "plan," "believe," "seek," "estimate," "continue," "forecast," "may," "should," "potential," variations of such words, and similar expressions indicate a forward-looking statement, although not all forward-looking statements include these words. Readers are cautioned that the forward-looking statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are only predictions, are not guarantees of future performance, and are subject to risks, events, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Our actual results could differ materially from those implied or expressed in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the items discussed in Item 1A entitled "Risk Factors" in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in Item 1A entitled "Risk Factors" in Part II of our subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q or in other reports we may file with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") from time to time. Other factors that could cause our actual results and financial condition to differ materially include, but are not limited to, changes in political, economic or industry conditions, including the risks of a slowing economy, rising inflation and risk of recession, disruptions related to tariffs and other trade or sanction issues, government shutdowns and volatility in the financial services sector, including bank failures; the interest rate environment or conditions affecting the financial and capital markets; the impact of global health crises on our or our portfolio companies' business and the U.S. and global economies; our, or our portfolio companies', future business, operations, operating results or prospects; risks associated with possible disruption due to terrorism in our operations or the economy generally; and future changes in laws or regulations and conditions in our or our portfolio companies' operating areas.

Any forward-looking statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are based on our current expectations, estimates, forecasts, information and projections about the industry in which we operate and the beliefs and assumptions of our management as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We assume no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless we are required to do so by law. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we in the future may file with the SEC, including subsequent annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

PART I

Item 1. Business.

Organization

We are a Maryland corporation incorporated on October 10, 2006. We currently operate as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company and have elected to be treated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). We have elected for federal income tax purposes to be treated and intend to qualify annually as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

Our headquarters is in Charlotte, North Carolina, and our Internet address is www.baringsbdc.com. We are not including the information contained on our website as a part of, or incorporating it by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We make available free of charge through our website our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to these reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish such material to, the SEC. Copies of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and other reports are also available without charge upon written request to us.

The Asset Sale and Externalization Transactions

In April 2018, we entered into an asset purchase agreement (the “Asset Purchase Agreement”), with BSP Asset Acquisition I, LLC (the “Asset Buyer”), an affiliate of Benefit Street Partners L.L.C., pursuant to which we agreed to sell our December 31, 2017 investment portfolio to the Asset Buyer for gross proceeds of \$981.2 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments to take into account portfolio activity and other matters occurring since December 31, 2017 (such transaction referred to herein as the “Asset Sale Transaction”). Also in April 2018, we entered into a stock purchase and transaction agreement (the “Externalization Agreement”), with Barings LLC (“Barings” or the “Adviser”) through which Barings agreed to become our investment adviser in exchange for (1) a payment by Barings of \$85.0 million, or approximately \$1.78 per share, directly to our stockholders, (2) an investment by Barings of \$100.0 million in newly issued shares of our common stock at net asset value (“NAV”) and (3) a commitment from Barings to purchase up to \$50.0 million of shares of our common stock in the open market at prices up to and including our then-current NAV per share for a two-year period, after which Barings agreed to use any remaining funds from the \$50.0 million to purchase additional newly-issued shares of our common stock at the greater of our then-current NAV per share or market price (collectively, the “Externalization Transaction”). The Asset Sale Transaction and the Externalization Transaction are collectively referred to as the “Transactions.” The Transactions were approved by our stockholders at our July 24, 2018 special meeting of stockholders (the “2018 Special Meeting”).

The Externalization Transaction closed on August 2, 2018 (the “Externalization Closing”). Effective as of the Externalization Closing, we changed our name from Triangle Capital Corporation to Barings BDC, Inc. (the “Company”) and on August 3, 2018, began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “BBDC.”

Prior to the Externalization Transaction, we were internally managed by our executive officers under the supervision of our Board of Directors (the “Board”). During this period, we did not pay management or advisory fees, but instead incurred the operating costs associated with employing executive management and investment and portfolio management professionals. In connection with the closing of the Externalization Transaction, we entered into an investment advisory agreement (the “Original Advisory Agreement”) and an administration agreement (the “Administration Agreement”) with Barings, pursuant to which Barings serves as our investment adviser and administrator and manages our investment portfolio which initially consisted primarily of the cash proceeds received in connection with the Asset Sale Transaction.

MVC Capital, Inc. Acquisition

On December 23, 2020 we completed our acquisition of MVC Capital, Inc., a Delaware corporation (“MVC”) (the “MVC Acquisition”) pursuant to the terms and conditions of that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger (the

“MVC Merger Agreement”), dated as of August 10, 2020, with MVC, Mustang Acquisition Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and our wholly owned subsidiary (“MVC Acquisition Sub”), and Barings. To effect the acquisition, MVC Acquisition Sub merged with and into MVC, with MVC surviving the merger as our wholly owned subsidiary (the “First MVC Merger”). Immediately thereafter, MVC merged with and into us, with us as the surviving company (the “Second MVC Merger” and, together with the First MVC Merger, the “MVC Merger”).

In connection with the MVC Acquisition on December 23, 2020, following the closing of the MVC Merger, we entered into (1) an amended and restated investment advisory agreement (the “Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement”) with Barings, effective January 1, 2021, and (2) a credit support agreement (the “MVC Credit Support Agreement”) with Barings, pursuant to which Barings agreed to provide credit support to us in the amount of up to \$23.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired MVC investment portfolio over a 10-year period.

On May 8, 2025, we entered into the Termination and Cancellation Agreement (the “Termination Agreement”) with Barings to terminate all rights and obligations under the MVC Credit Support Agreement in exchange for Barings’ cash payment of \$23.0 million to the Company, which amount represents Barings’ maximum obligation under the MVC Credit Support Agreement. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” and “Note 6 Derivative Instruments” in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for more information.

Sierra Income Corporation Acquisition

On February 25, 2022, we completed our acquisition of Sierra Income Corporation, a Maryland corporation (“Sierra”), pursuant to the terms and conditions of that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Sierra Merger Agreement”), dated as of September 21, 2021, with Sierra, Mercury Acquisition Sub, Inc., a Maryland corporation and our direct wholly owned subsidiary (“Sierra Acquisition Sub”), and Barings. To effect the acquisition, Sierra Acquisition Sub merged with and into Sierra, with Sierra surviving the merger as our wholly owned subsidiary (the “First Sierra Merger”). Immediately thereafter, Sierra merged with and into us, with us as the surviving company (the “Second Sierra Merger” and, together with the First Sierra Merger, the “Sierra Merger”).

In connection with the Sierra Merger, on February 25, 2022, following the closing of the Sierra Merger, we entered into (1) a second amended and restated investment advisory agreement with Barings (the “Second Amended and Restated Barings BDC Advisory Agreement”), and (2) a credit support agreement (the “Sierra Credit Support Agreement”) with Barings, pursuant to which Barings has agreed to provide credit support to us in the amount of up to \$100.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired Sierra investment portfolio over a 10-year period. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” and “Note 6. Derivative Instruments” in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for more information.

Overview of Our Business

Barings focuses on investing our portfolio primarily in senior secured private debt investments in well-established middle-market businesses that operate across a wide range of industries. Barings believes such investments can be considered defensive in the context of a broader portfolio construction. Barings’ SEC co-investment exemptive relief under the 1940 Act permits us and Barings’ affiliated private and SEC-registered funds to co-invest in Barings-originated loans, which allows Barings to efficiently implement its senior secured private debt investment strategy for us.

Our investment objective is to generate current income by investing directly in privately-held middle-market companies to help these companies fund acquisitions, growth or refinancing. Barings employs fundamental credit analysis, and targets investments in businesses with relatively low levels of cyclical (i.e., the risk of business cycles or other economic cycles adversely affecting them) and operating risk relative to other businesses in this market segment. We source investments within our primary investment strategy primarily from the Barings Global Private Finance and Capital Solutions investment teams (“Barings GPF”). The holding size of each position will generally be dependent upon a number of factors including total facility size, pricing and structure, and the number of other lenders in the facility. Barings has experience managing levered vehicles, both public and private, and seeks

to enhance our returns through the use of leverage with a prudent approach that prioritizes capital preservation. Barings believes this strategy and approach offers attractive risk/return with lower volatility given the potential for fewer defaults and greater resilience through market cycles. A significant portion of our investments are expected to be rated below investment grade by rating agencies or, if unrated, would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. Below investment grade securities, which are often referred to as “junk,” have predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal.

Relationship with Our Adviser, Barings

Our investment adviser, Barings, a subsidiary of Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, is a leading global asset management firm and is registered with the SEC as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the “Advisers Act”). Barings’ primary investment capabilities include fixed income, private credit, real estate, equity, and alternative investments. Subject to the overall supervision of the Board, the Portfolio Managers (as defined below) manage our day-to-day operations with the support of the relevant Barings investment teams and investment committees which provide investment advisory and management services to us. Barings GPF is part of Barings’ \$384.5 billion (as of December 31, 2025) Global Fixed Income Platform that invests in liquid, private and structured credit. Barings GPF manages private funds and separately managed accounts, along with multiple registered vehicles.

Among other things, Barings (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes therein and the manner of implementing such changes; (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments made by us; (iii) executes, closes, services and monitors the investments that we make; (iv) determines the securities and other assets that we will purchase, retain or sell; (v) performs due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and (vi) provides us with such other investment advisory, research and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of our funds.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, Barings (in its capacity as our Administrator) performs (or oversees, or arranges for, the performance of) the administrative services necessary for our operation, including, but not limited to, office facilities, equipment, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such office facilities and such other services as Barings, subject to review by the Board, will from time to time determine to be necessary or useful to perform its obligations under the Administration Agreement. Barings also, on our behalf and subject to the Board’s oversight, arranges for the services of, and oversees, custodians, depositories, transfer agents, dividend disbursing agents, other stockholder servicing agents, accountants, attorneys, underwriters, brokers and dealers, corporate fiduciaries, insurers, banks and such other persons in any such other capacity deemed to be necessary or desirable. Barings is responsible for the financial and other records that we are required to maintain and will prepare all reports and other materials required to be filed with the SEC or any other regulatory authority.

Included in Barings GPF are investment teams focused on illiquid investments and are principally segmented based on the jurisdictions in which the investment teams are located. Barings GPF provides a full set of solutions to middle market issuers in their respective geographies, including first and second lien senior secured loans, unitranche structures, revolvers, mezzanine debt and equity co-investments. The Barings GPF investment team averages over 18 years of industry experience at the Managing Director and Director level. Barings believes that it has best-in-class support personnel, including expertise in risk management, legal, accounting, tax, information technology and compliance, among others. We expect to benefit from the support provided by these personnel in our operations.

Portfolio Managers & Investment Committees

Bryan High, Thomas McDonnell, Matthew Freund and Daniel Verwholt serve as our portfolio managers (the “Portfolio Managers”) and are jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of our investment portfolio. The Portfolio Managers are supported by Barings’ investment teams and investment committees that originate, structure and underwrite opportunities that are consistent with our investment strategy. The primary investment committees that support the Portfolio Managers within our investment strategy are below, and certain Portfolio Managers may serve on one of more of the committees below:

- Barings Global Private Finance Investment Committees
- Barings Capital Solutions Investment Committee
- Barings U.S. High Yield Investment Committee

Our investments are underwritten by the relevant investment team and subject to approval by the relevant Barings investment committee. Generally, a majority of the votes cast at a meeting at which a majority of the members of an investment committee are present is required to approve investments in new issuers. Barings believes that the individual and shared experience of the senior team members on its investment committees and its Portfolio Managers provides an appropriate balance of shared investment philosophy and difference of background and opinion. Once approved by the applicable Barings investment committee, the Portfolio Managers determine whether and in what amount we will invest in such investment subject to the Barings allocation policies in effect at such time and applicable to such investment.

Stockholder Approval of Reduced Asset Coverage Ratio

On July 24, 2018, our stockholders voted at the 2018 Special Meeting to approve a proposal to authorize us to be subject to a reduced asset coverage ratio of at least 150% under the 1940 Act. As a result of the stockholder approval at the 2018 Special Meeting, effective July 25, 2018, our applicable asset coverage ratio under the 1940 Act has been decreased to 150% from 200%. As a result, we are permitted under the 1940 Act to incur indebtedness at a level that is more consistent with a portfolio of senior secured debt. As of December 31, 2025, our asset coverage ratio was 180.7%.

Our Business Strategy

We seek attractive returns by generating current income primarily from directly-originated debt investments in middle-market companies located primarily in the United States. We also have investments in middle-market companies located outside the United States. Our strategy includes the following components:

- *Leveraging Barings GPF's Origination and Portfolio Management Resources.* As of December 31, 2025 Barings GPF has over 120 investment professionals located in seven different offices in the U.S., Europe, Australia/New Zealand and Asia. These regional investment teams have been working together in their respective regions for a number of years and have extensive experience advising, investing in and lending to companies across changing market cycles. In addition, the individual members of these teams have diverse investment backgrounds, with prior experience at investment banks, commercial banks, and privately and publicly held companies. We believe this diverse experience provides an in-depth understanding of the strategic, financial and operational challenges and opportunities of middle-market companies.
- *Utilizing Long-Standing Relationships to Source Investments.* Barings GPF has worked diligently over decades to build strategic relationships with private equity firms globally. Based on Barings GPF's long history of providing consistent, predictable capital to middle-market sponsors, even in periods of market dislocation, Barings believes it has a reputation as a reliable partner. Barings also maintains extensive personal relationships with entrepreneurs, financial sponsors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, commercial bankers and other non-bank providers of capital who refer prospective portfolio companies to us. These relationships historically have generated significant investment opportunities. We believe that this network of relationships will continue to produce attractive investment opportunities.
- *Focusing on the Middle-Market.* We primarily invest in middle-market companies. These companies tend to be privately owned, often by a private equity sponsor, and are companies that typically generate annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted ("Adjusted EBITDA"), of \$15.0 million to \$75.0 million.
- *Providing One-Stop Customized Financing Solutions.* Barings believes that Barings GPF's ability to commit to and originate larger hold positions (in excess of \$200 million) in a given transaction is a differentiator to middle-market private equity sponsors. In today's market, it has become increasingly important to have the ability to underwrite an entire transaction, providing financial sponsors with certainty

of close. Barings GPF offers a variety of financing structures and has the flexibility to structure investments to meet the needs of our portfolio companies.

- *Applying Consistent Underwriting Policies and Active Portfolio Management.* We believe robust due diligence on each investment is paramount due to the illiquid nature of a significant portion of our assets. With limited ability to liquidate holdings, private credit investors must take a longer-term, “originate-to-hold” investment approach. Barings has implemented underwriting policies and procedures that are followed for each potential transaction. This consistent and proven fundamental underwriting process includes a thorough analysis of each potential portfolio company’s competitive position, financial performance, management team operating discipline, growth potential and industry attractiveness, which Barings believes allows it to better assess the company’s prospects. After closing, Barings maintains ongoing access to both the sponsor and portfolio company management in order to closely monitor investments and suggest or require remedial actions as needed to avoid a default.
- *Maintaining Portfolio Diversification.* While we focus our investments in middle-market companies, we seek to invest across various industries and in both United States-based and foreign-based companies. Barings monitors our investment portfolio to ensure we have acceptable industry balance, using industry and market metrics as key indicators. By monitoring our investment portfolio for industry balance, we seek to reduce the effects of economic downturns associated with any particular industry or market sector. Notwithstanding our intent to invest across a variety of industries, we may from time to time hold securities of a single portfolio company that comprise more than 5.0% of our total assets and/or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the portfolio company. For that reason, we are classified as a non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act.
- *Other Investments.* To a lesser extent, we will invest opportunistically in assets such as, without limitation, equity, special situations, structured credit (e.g., private asset-backed securities), syndicated loan opportunities and/or high yield investments. Our special situation investments are generally comprised of investments in stressed and distressed corporate debt instruments which are expected to include (but which are not limited to) senior secured loans (including assignments and participations), second lien loans and subordinated debt (including mezzanine and payment-in-kind (“PIK”) securities), secured floating rate notes and secured fixed rated notes, unsecured loans, unsecured senior and subordinated corporate bonds, debentures, notes, commercial paper, convertible debt obligations, equity investments (including preferred stock and common equity instruments), hedging arrangements, other forms of subordinated debt, structured credit (e.g., asset-backed securities) and equity instruments.

Investments

Debt Investments

The terms of our directly originated debt investments in middle market companies are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each transaction and prospective portfolio company, negotiating a structure that seeks to protect lender rights and manage risk while creating incentives for the portfolio company to achieve its business plan. We also seek to limit the downside risks of our investments by negotiating covenants that are designed to protect our investments while affording our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as possible. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protections, change of control provisions and a pledge of the operating companies’ stock which provides us with additional exit options in downside scenarios. Other lending protections may include excess cash flow sweeps (effectively term loan amortization), limitations on a company’s ability to make acquisitions, maximums on capital expenditures and limits on allowable dividends and distributions. Further, up-front closing fees of typically 1-3% of the loan amount act effectively as pre-payment protection given the cost to a company to refinance early. Additionally, we will sometimes include call protection provisions effective for the first six to twelve months of an investment to enhance our potential total return.

We focus on investing primarily in senior secured private debt investments in well-established middle-market businesses that operate across a wide range of industries. Senior secured private debt investments are negotiated directly with the borrower, rather than marketed by a third party or bought and sold in the secondary market. We believe senior secured private debt investments may offer higher returns and certain more favorable protections than syndicated senior secured loans. Fees generated in connection with our debt investments are recognized over the life of the loan using the effective interest method or, in some cases, recognized as earned. Terms of our senior secured private debt investments are generally between five and seven years and bear interest between SOFR (or the applicable currency rate for investments in foreign currencies) plus 450 basis points and SOFR plus 650 basis points per annum.

Equity Investments

On a limited basis, we may acquire equity interests in portfolio companies. In such cases, we generally seek to structure our equity investments as non-control investments that provide us with minority rights.

Investment Criteria

We utilize the following criteria and guidelines in evaluating investment opportunities in middle market companies. However, not all of these criteria and guidelines have been, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments.

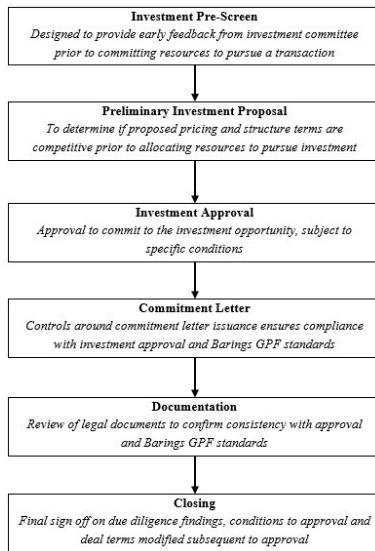
- *Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow.* We seek to invest in later-stage or mature companies with a proven history of generating positive cash flows. We typically focus on companies with a history of profitability and trailing twelve-month Adjusted EBITDA ranging from \$15.0 million to \$75.0 million.
- *Experienced Management Teams.* Based on our prior investment experience, we believe that a management team with significant experience with a portfolio company or relevant industry experience is essential to the long-term success of the portfolio company. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that protects our debt investment.
- *Strong Competitive Position.* We seek to invest in companies that have developed strong positions within their respective markets, are well positioned to capitalize on growth opportunities and compete in industries with barriers to entry. We also seek to invest in companies that exhibit a competitive advantage, which may help to protect their market position and profitability.
- *Varied Customer and Supplier Bases.* We prefer to invest in companies that have varied customer and supplier bases. Companies with varied customer and supplier bases are generally better able to endure economic downturns, industry consolidation and shifting customer preferences.
- *Significant Invested Capital.* We believe the existence of significant underlying equity value provides important support to investments. We seek to identify portfolio companies that we believe have well-structured capital beyond the layer of the capital structure in which we invest.

Investment Process

Our investment origination and portfolio monitoring activities for middle-market companies are performed by Barings GPF. Barings applies a consistent process to review and underwrite opportunities. Each of Barings' investment processes is designed to maximize risk-adjusted returns, minimize non-performing assets and avoid investment losses. In addition, the investment process is also designed to provide sponsors and/or prospective portfolio companies with efficient and predictable deal execution.

Origination

Barings GPF's typical origination process for investments in middle-market companies is summarized as follows:



Investment Pre-Screen

The investment pre-screen process typically begins with a review of an offering memorandum or other high-level prospect information by an investment originator. A fundamental bottoms-up credit analysis is prepared and independent third-party research is gathered in addition to the information received from the sponsor, owner(s) or prospective equity investor. The investment team focuses on a prospective investment's fundamentals, sponsor/investment source and proposed investment structure. This review may be followed by a discussion between the investment originator and other members of the relevant investment team to identify investment opportunities that should be declined following an initial review. If the transaction proceeds, a credit analyst assists the originator with preparation of a screening memorandum. The screening memorandum is typically discussed internally with other senior members of the investment team.

Preliminary Investment Proposal

Following the screening memorandum discussion, if the decision is made by the investment team to pursue an investment opportunity, key pricing and structure terms may be communicated to the prospective borrower verbally or via a non-binding standard preliminary term sheet in order to determine whether the proposed terms are competitive.

Investment Approval

Upon acceptance by a sponsor/prospective borrower of preliminary key pricing and structure terms, the investment process continues with formal due diligence. The investment team typically attends meetings with the prospective portfolio company's management, reviews historical and forecasted financial information and third-party diligence reports, conducts research to support preparation of proprietary financial models including both base case and downside scenarios, valuation analyses, and ultimately, an underwriting memorandum for review by the relevant investment committee. A majority of the votes cast at a meeting at which a majority of the members of the

relevant investment committee are present is required to approve all investments in new middle-market portfolio companies.

Commitment Letter

For investments that require written confirmation of commitment, commitment letters are typically reviewed by Barings GPF's internal legal team or outside counsel. Commitment letters typically include customary conditions as well as any conditions specified by the relevant investment committee. Such conditions could include, but are not limited to, specific confirmatory due diligence, minimum pre-close Adjusted EBITDA, minimum capitalization, satisfactory documentation, satisfactory legal due diligence and absence of material adverse change. Unless specified by the relevant investment committee as a condition to approval, commitment letters need not include final approval as a condition precedent.

Documentation

Once an investment opportunity has been approved, negotiation of definitive legal documents occurs, usually simultaneously with completion of any third-party confirmatory due diligence. Typically, legal documentation will be reviewed by Barings GPF's internal legal team or by outside legal counsel to ensure that our security interest can be perfected and that all other terms of the definitive loan documents are consistent with the terms approved by the relevant investment committee.

Portfolio Management and Investment Monitoring

Our portfolio management and investment monitoring processes are overseen by Barings. Barings' portfolio management process is designed to maximize risk-adjusted returns and identify non-performing assets well in advance of potentially adverse events in order to mitigate investment losses. Key aspects of the Barings investment and portfolio management process include:

- *Culture of Risk Management.* The investment team that approves an investment monitors the investment's performance through repayment. We believe this practice encourages accountability by connecting investment team members with the long-term performance of the investment. This also allows us to leverage the underwriting process, namely the comprehensive understanding of the risk factors associated with the investment that an investment team develops during underwriting. In addition, we seek to foster continuous interaction between investment teams and the relevant investment committee. This frequent communication encourages the early escalation of issues to members of the relevant investment committee to leverage their experience and expertise well in advance of potentially adverse events.
- *Ongoing Monitoring.* Each portfolio company is assigned to a member of the investment team who is responsible for the ongoing monitoring of the investment. Upon receipt of information (financial or otherwise) relating to an investment, a preliminary review is performed by the analyst in order to assess whether the information raises any issues that require increased attention. Particular consideration is given to information which may impact the value of an asset. In the event that something material is identified, the analyst is responsible for notifying the relevant members of the deal team and the relevant investment committee.
- *Quarterly Portfolio Reviews.* All investments are reviewed on at least a quarterly basis. The quarterly portfolio reviews provide a forum to evaluate the current status of each asset and identify any recent or long-term performance trends, either positive or negative, that may affect its current valuation.
- *Focus Credit List Reviews.* Certain credits are deemed to be on the "Focus Credit List", or a list of similar meaning and are typically reviewed on a more frequent basis. During these reviews, the investment team provides an update on the situation and discusses potential courses of action with the relevant investment committee to ensure any mitigating steps are taken in a timely manner.
- *Sponsor Relationships.* For middle-market loans, we invest primarily in transactions backed by a private equity sponsor and when evaluating investment opportunities, we take into account the strength of the sponsor (e.g., track record, sector expertise, strategy, governance, follow-on investment capacity, relationship with Barings GPF). Having a strong relationship and staying in close contact with sponsors and

management during not only the underwriting process but also throughout the life of the investment allows us to engage the sponsor and management early to address potential covenant breaks or other issues.

- *Robust Investment and Portfolio Management System.* Barings' investment and portfolio management system serves as the central repository of data used for investment management, including both company-level metrics (e.g., probability of default, Adjusted EBITDA, geography) and asset-level metrics (e.g., price, spread/coupon, seniority). Barings portfolio management has established a set of data that analysts must update quarterly, or more frequently when appropriate, in order to produce a one-page summary for each company, which are used during quarterly portfolio reviews.

Valuation Process and Determination of Net Asset Value

The most significant estimate inherent in the preparation of our financial statements is the valuation of investments and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation of investments recorded. We have a valuation policy, as well as established and documented processes and methodologies for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring (at least quarterly) basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC Topic 820"). Our current valuation policy and processes were established by Barings and were approved by the Board.

Under ASC Topic 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller at the measurement date. For our portfolio securities, fair value is generally the amount that we might reasonably expect to receive upon the current sale of the security. The fair value measurement assumes that the sale occurs in the principal market for the security, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the security. If no market for the security exists or if we do not have access to the principal market, the security should be valued based on the sale occurring in a hypothetical market.

Under ASC Topic 820, there are three levels of valuation inputs, as follows:

Level 1 Inputs – include quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs – include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 Inputs – include inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument is categorized within the ASC Topic 820 valuation hierarchy based upon the lowest level of input to the valuation process that is significant to the fair value measurement. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized as Level 3 investments within the tables in the notes to our consolidated financial statements may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Our investment portfolio includes certain debt and equity instruments of privately held companies for which quoted prices or other observable inputs falling within the categories of Level 1 and Level 2 are generally not available. In such cases, the Adviser determines the fair value of our investments in good faith primarily using Level 3 inputs. In certain cases, quoted prices or other observable inputs exist, and if so, the Adviser assesses the appropriateness of the use of these third-party quotes in determining fair value based on (i) its understanding of the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote and whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer and (ii) the depth and consistency of broker quotes and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company.

There is no single approach for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon the specific circumstances of each individual investment. The recorded fair values of our Level 3 investments may differ significantly from fair values that would have been used had an active market for the securities existed. In addition,

changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. For a discussion of the risks inherent in determining the value of securities for which readily available market values do not exist, see “Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in accordance with the Adviser’s valuation policies and procedures and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments” included in Item 1A of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Investment Valuation Process

The Board must determine fair value in good faith for any or all of our investments for which market quotations are not readily available. The Board has designated Barings as valuation designee (the “Valuation Designee”) to perform the fair value determinations relating to the value of the assets held by us for which market quotations are not readily available. Barings has established a pricing committee that is, subject to the oversight of the Board, responsible for the approval, implementation and oversight of the processes and methodologies that relate to the pricing and valuation of assets we hold. Barings uses independent third-party providers to price the portfolio, but in the event an acceptable price cannot be obtained from an approved external source, Barings will utilize alternative methods in accordance with internal pricing procedures established by Barings’ pricing committee.

At least annually, Barings conducts reviews of the primary pricing vendors to validate that the inputs used in the vendors’ pricing process are deemed to be market observable. While Barings is not provided access to proprietary models of the vendors, the reviews have included on-site walkthroughs of the pricing process, methodologies and control procedures for each asset class and level for which prices are provided. The review also includes an examination of the underlying inputs and assumptions for a sample of individual securities across asset classes, credit rating levels and various durations, a process Barings continues to perform annually. In addition, the pricing vendors have an established challenge process in place for all security valuations, which facilitates identification and resolution of prices that fall outside expected ranges. Barings believes that the prices received from the pricing vendors are representative of prices that would be received to sell the assets at the measurement date (i.e. exit prices).

Our money market fund investments are generally valued using Level 1 inputs and our equity investments listed on an exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued using Level 1 inputs, using the last quoted sale price of that day. Our syndicated senior secured loans and structured product investments are generally valued using Level 2 inputs, which are generally valued at the bid quotation obtained from dealers in loans by an independent pricing service. Our middle-market, private debt and equity investments are generally valued using Level 3 inputs.

Independent Valuation

The fair value of loans and equity investments that are not syndicated or for which market quotations are not readily available, including middle-market loans, are generally submitted to independent providers to perform an independent valuation on those loans and equity investments as of the end of each quarter. Such loans and equity investments are initially held at cost, as that is a reasonable approximation of fair value on the acquisition date, and monitored for material changes that could affect the valuation (for example, changes in interest rates or the credit quality of the borrower). At the quarter end following that of the initial acquisition, such loans and equity investments are generally sent to a valuation provider which will determine the fair value of each investment. The independent valuation providers apply various methods (synthetic rating analysis, discounting cash flows, and re-underwriting analysis) to establish the rate of return a market participant would require (the “discount rate”) as of the valuation date, given market conditions, prevailing lending standards and the perceived credit quality of the issuer. Future expected cash flows for each investment are discounted back to present value using these discount rates in the discounted cash flow analysis. A range of values will be provided by the valuation provider and Barings will determine the point within that range that it will use. If the Barings pricing committee disagrees with the price range provided, it may make a fair value recommendation to Barings that is outside of the range provided by the independent valuation provider and the reasons therefore. In certain instances, we may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in the stockholders’ best interests, to request an independent valuation firm to

perform an independent valuation on certain investments. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of the investment in the portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total investment portfolio.

For a further discussion of our valuation procedures, see the section entitled “Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates — Valuation of Investments” included in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Valuation Inputs

The Adviser’s valuation techniques are based upon both observable and unobservable pricing inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Adviser’s market assumptions. The Adviser’s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument. An independent pricing service provider is the preferred source of pricing a loan, however, to the extent the independent pricing service provider price is unavailable or not relevant and reliable, the Adviser will utilize alternative approaches such as broker quotes or manual prices. The Adviser attempts to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The availability of observable inputs can vary from investment to investment and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the security.

Valuation of Investments in Jocassee Partners LLC, Thompson Rivers LLC, Waccamaw River LLC and Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC

As Jocassee Partners LLC (“Jocassee”), Thompson Rivers LLC (“Thompson Rivers”), Waccamaw River LLC (“Waccamaw”) and Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC (“Sierra JV”) are investment companies with no readily determinable fair values, the Adviser estimates the fair value of our investments in these entities using the NAV of each company and our ownership percentage as a practical expedient. The NAV is determined in accordance with the specialized accounting guidance for investment companies.

Quarterly Net Asset Value Determination

We determine the NAV per share of our common stock on at least a quarterly basis. The NAV per share is equal to the value of our total assets minus total liabilities and any preferred stock outstanding divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

Exit Strategies/Refinancing

While we generally exit most investments through the refinancing or repayment of our debt, we typically assist our portfolio companies in developing and planning exit opportunities, including any sale or merger of our portfolio companies. We may also assist in the structure, timing, execution and transition of these exit strategies.

Competition

We compete for investments with a number of investment funds including public funds, private debt funds and private equity funds, other BDCs, as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Some of these entities have greater financial and managerial resources than we do. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider more investments and establish more relationships than we do. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC.

We use the expertise of the investment professionals of Barings to assess investment risks and determine appropriate pricing for our investments in portfolio companies. We believe the relationship we have with Barings enables us to learn about, and compete for financing opportunities with companies in middle-market businesses that operate across a wide range of industries. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see “Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — We operate in a highly competitive market for

investment opportunities, which could reduce returns and result in losses" included in Item 1A of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Brokerage Allocation and Other Practices

We paid nil, \$0.2 million and nil in brokerage commissions in connection with the acquisition and/or disposal of our investments during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. We generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions; therefore, we infrequently use brokers in the normal course of our business. Barings is primarily responsible for the execution of any publicly traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. We do not expect to execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but will seek to obtain the best net results for us, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. While we will generally seek reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, if we use a broker, we may select a broker based partly upon brokerage or research services provided to us. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if we determine in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our common stockholders, unless a common stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend, then our common stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested (net of applicable withholding tax) in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends.

No action is required on the part of a registered common stockholder to have his or her cash dividend reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered common stockholder may elect to receive an entire dividend in cash by notifying Computershare, Inc., the "Plan Administrator" and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing so that such notice is received by the Plan Administrator no later than three days prior to the payment date fixed by the Board for the dividend. The Plan Administrator will set up an account for shares acquired through the plan for each common stockholder who has not elected to receive dividends in cash and hold such shares in non-certificated form. Upon request by a common stockholder participating in the plan, received in writing not less than three days prior to the payment date, the Plan Administrator will, instead of crediting shares to the participant's account, issue a certificate registered in the participant's name for the number of whole shares of our common stock and a check for any fractional share. Those common stockholders whose shares are held by a broker or other financial intermediary may receive dividends in cash by notifying their broker or other financial intermediary of their election.

We intend to use primarily newly issued shares to implement the plan, so long as our shares are trading at or above NAV. If our shares are trading below NAV, we intend to purchase shares in the open market in connection with our implementation of the plan. If we use newly issued shares to implement the plan, the number of shares to be issued to a common stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to such common stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the dividend payment date. Market price per share on that date will be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, at the average of their reported bid and asked prices. If we purchase shares in the open market to implement the plan, the number of shares to be received by a common stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to such common stockholder by the average price per share for all shares purchased by the Plan Administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the dividend cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our common stockholders have been tabulated.

There will be no brokerage charges or other fees to common stockholders who participate in the plan. However, certain brokerage firms may charge brokerage charges or other fees to their customers. We will pay the

Plan Administrator's fees under the plan. If a participant elects by written notice to the Plan Administrator to have the Plan Administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the Plan Administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the Plan Administrator is authorized to deduct a \$15.00 transaction fee plus a \$0.10 per share brokerage commission from the proceeds.

Common stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same federal, state and local tax consequences as are common stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. However, since a participating stockholder's cash dividends will be reinvested, such stockholder will not receive cash with which to pay any applicable taxes on reinvested dividends. A common stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the common stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. common stockholder's account. Stock received in a dividend may generate a wash sale if a common stockholder sold our stock at a realized loss within 30 days either before or after such dividend.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the Plan Administrator via its website at www.computershare.com/investor, by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the Plan Administrator at Computershare, Inc., P.O. Box 43006, Providence, Rhode Island 02940 or by calling the Plan Administrator at (866) 228-7201.

We may terminate the plan upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any dividend by us. All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the Plan Administrator by mail at Computershare, Inc., P.O. Box 43006, Providence, Rhode Island 02940.

Employees

We currently do not have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. The services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of Barings, pursuant to the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement (as defined below) and our Administration Agreement. Each of our executive officers is an employee of Barings and our day-to-day investment activities are managed by Barings.

Management Agreements

In connection with the MVC Acquisition, we entered into the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement following approval of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement by our stockholders at our December 23, 2020 special meeting of stockholders. The Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement was approved on September 9, 2020 by the then-current Board, including a majority of the directors on the Board who are not "interested persons," as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act (the "Independent Directors"), of the Company or Barings. The terms of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement became effective on January 1, 2021. In connection with the Sierra Merger, we entered into the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement on February 25, 2022. The Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement was approved by our Board, including a majority of the Independent Directors of the Company or Barings, on May 5, 2022. On June 24, 2023, we entered into a third amended and restated investment advisory agreement with Barings (the "Barings BDC Advisory Agreement") in order to update the term of the agreement to expire on June 24 each year subject to annual re-approval in accordance with its terms. All other terms and provisions of the Second Amended and Restated Barings BDC Advisory Agreement between us and the Adviser, including with respect to the calculation of the fees payable to the Adviser, remain unchanged under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Pursuant to the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, Barings manages our day-to-day operations and provides us with investment advisory services. Among other things, Barings (i) determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes therein and the manner of implementing such changes; (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of our investments; (iii) executes, closes, services and monitors the investments that we make; (iv) determines the securities and other assets that we will purchase, retain or sell; (v) performs due diligence

on prospective portfolio companies and (vi) provides us with such other investment advisory, research and related services we may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of its funds.

The Barings BDC Advisory Agreement provides that, absent fraud, willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Barings, and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with Barings (collectively, the “IA Indemnified Parties”), are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs, demands, charges, claims and expenses (including reasonable attorneys’ fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) incurred by the IA Indemnified Parties in or by reason of any pending, threatened or completed action, suit, investigation or other proceeding (including an action or suit by or in the right of us or our security holders) arising out of any actions or omissions or otherwise based upon the performance of any of Barings’ duties or obligations under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement or otherwise as our investment adviser. Barings’ services under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and Barings is generally free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its performance under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement is not adversely affected.

Barings has entered into a personnel-sharing arrangement with its affiliate, Baring International Investment Limited (“BIIL”). BIIL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Baring Asset Management Limited, which in turn is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Barings. Pursuant to this arrangement, certain employees of BIIL may serve as “associated persons” of Barings and, in this capacity, subject to the oversight and supervision of Barings, may provide research and related services, and discretionary investment management and trading services (including acting as portfolio managers) to us on behalf of Barings. This arrangement is based on no-action letters of the staff of the SEC that permit SEC-registered investment advisers to rely on and use the resources of advisory affiliates or “participating affiliates,” subject to the supervision of that SEC-registered investment adviser. BIIL is a “participating affiliate” of Barings, and the BIIL employees are “associated persons” of Barings.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, we pay Barings (i) a base management fee (the “Base Management Fee”) and (ii) an incentive fee (the “Incentive Fee”) as compensation for the investment advisory and management services it provides us thereunder.

Base Management Fee

The Base Management Fee is calculated based on our gross assets, including the credit support agreement, assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage and excluding cash and cash equivalents, at an annual rate of 1.25%. The Base Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears on a calendar quarter basis. The Base Management Fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters prior to the quarter for which such fees are being calculated. Base Management Fees for any partial month or quarter will be appropriately prorated.

Incentive Fee

The Incentive Fee consists of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the Incentive Fee is based on our income (the “Income-Based Fee”) and a portion is based on our capital gains (the “Capital Gains Fee”), each as described below:

(i) The Income-Based Fee will be determined and paid quarterly in arrears based on the amount by which (x) the aggregate “Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income” (as defined below) in respect of the current calendar quarter and the eleven preceding calendar quarters beginning with the calendar quarter that commences on or after January 1, 2021, as the case may be (or the appropriate portion thereof in the case of any of our first eleven calendar quarters that commences on or after January 1, 2021 (in either case, the “Trailing Twelve Quarters”) exceeds (y) the Hurdle Amount (as defined below) in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Hurdle Amount will be determined on a quarterly basis, and will be calculated by multiplying 2.0625% (8.25% annualized) by the aggregate of our NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, “Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income” means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including, without limitation, any accrued income that we have not yet received in cash and any other fees such as

commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses accrued during the calendar quarter (including, without limitation, the Base Management Fee, administration expenses and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Income-Based Fee and the Capital Gains Fee). For the avoidance of doubt, Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

The calculation of the Income-Based Fee for each quarter is as follows:

- (A) No Income-Based Fee will be payable to Barings in any calendar quarter in which our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters does not exceed the Hurdle Amount;
- (B) 100% of our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters, if any, that exceeds the Hurdle Amount but is less than or equal to an amount (the “Catch-Up Amount”) determined on a quarterly basis by multiplying 2.578125% (10.3125% annualized) by our NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Catch-Up Amount is intended to provide Barings with an incentive fee of 20% on all of our Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income when our Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income reaches the Catch-Up Amount for the Trailing Twelve Quarters; and
- (C) For any quarter in which our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters exceeds the Catch-Up Amount, the Income-Based Fee shall equal 20% of the amount of our Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for such Trailing Twelve Quarters, as the Hurdle Amount and Catch-Up Amount will have been achieved.

Subject to the Incentive Fee Cap described below, the amount of the Income-Based Fee that will be paid to Barings for a particular quarter will equal the excess of the aggregate Income-Based Fee so calculated less the aggregate Income-Based Fees that were paid to Barings in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters.

- (ii) The Income-Based Fee is subject to a cap (the “Incentive Fee Cap”). The Incentive Fee Cap in any quarter is an amount equal to (a) 20% of the Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return (as defined below) during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters less (b) the aggregate Income-Based Fee that was paid to Barings in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, “Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return” during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters means (x) Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters less (y) any Net Capital Loss, if any, in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is zero or a negative value, we will pay no Income-Based Fee to Barings in that quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is a positive value but is less than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, we will pay Barings the Incentive Fee Cap for such quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is equal to or greater than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, we will pay Barings the Income-Based Fee for such quarter.

“Net Capital Loss” in respect of a particular period means the difference, if positive, between (i) aggregate capital losses on our assets, whether realized or unrealized, in such period and (ii) aggregate capital gains or other gains on our assets (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the value ascribed to any credit support arrangement in our financial statements even if such value is not categorized as a gain therein), whether realized or unrealized, in such period.

- (iii) The Capital Gains Fee is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement), commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018, and is calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting (1) the sum of our cumulative aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation from (2) our

cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, in each case calculated from August 2, 2018. If such amount is positive at the end of such year, then the Capital Gains Fee payable for such year is equal to 20% of such amount, less the cumulative aggregate amount of Capital Gains Fees paid in all prior years commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018. If such amount is negative, then there is no Capital Gains Fee payable for such year. If this Agreement is terminated as of a date that is not a calendar year end, the termination date will be treated as though it were a calendar year end for purposes of calculating and paying a Capital Gains Fee.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the “cumulative aggregate realized capital gains” are calculated as the sum of the differences, if positive, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The “cumulative aggregate realized capital losses” are calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The “aggregate unrealized capital depreciation” is calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the valuation of each investment in our portfolio as of the applicable Capital Gains Fee calculation date and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the “accreted or amortized cost basis of an investment” shall mean the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment as reflected in our financial statements.

Duration and Termination of Advisory Agreement

The Barings BDC Advisory Agreement was most recently re-approved on May 8, 2025 by our Board, including a majority of the Independent Directors, for an additional one-year term ending on June 24, 2026, and will continue automatically for successive one-year periods, provided that such continuance is specifically approved at least annually by (i) the vote of the Board, or by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company and (ii) the vote of a majority of the Independent Directors. The Barings BDC Advisory Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, upon 60 days’ written notice, (i) by the vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities of the Company or (ii) by the vote of the Board, or (iii) by the Adviser. The Barings BDC Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of its “assignment” (as such term is defined for purposes of Section 15(a)(4) of the 1940 Act).

Payment of Company Expenses

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, all investment professionals of Barings and its staff, when and to the extent engaged in providing services required to be provided by Barings under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, and the compensation and routine overhead expenses of such personnel allocable to such services, are provided and paid for by Barings and not by us, except that all costs and expenses relating to our operations and transactions, including, without limitation, those items listed in the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, will be borne by us.

Administration Agreement

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, Barings performs (or oversees, or arranges for, the performance of) the administrative services necessary for our operation, including, but not limited to, office facilities, equipment, clerical, bookkeeping and record-keeping services at such office facilities and such other services as Barings, subject to review by the Board, from time to time, determines to be necessary or useful to perform its obligations under the Administration Agreement. Barings also, on our behalf and subject to oversight by the Board, arranges for the services of, and oversees, custodians, depositories, transfer agents, dividend disbursing agents, other stockholder servicing agents, accountants, attorneys, valuation experts, underwriters, brokers and dealers, corporate fiduciaries, insurers, banks and such other persons in any such other capacity deemed to be necessary or desirable.

We will reimburse Barings for the costs and expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities under the Administration Agreement in an amount to be negotiated and mutually agreed to by us and Barings quarterly in arrears. In no event will the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount exceed the amount of expenses that would otherwise be reimbursable by us under the Administration Agreement for the applicable quarterly period, and Barings will not be entitled to the recoupment of any amounts in excess of the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount. The costs and expenses incurred by Barings on our behalf under the Administration Agreement include, but are not limited to:

- the allocable portion of Barings' rent for our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and their respective staffs, which is based upon the allocable portion of the usage thereof by such personnel in connection with their performance of administrative services under the Administration Agreement;
- the allocable portion of the salaries, bonuses, benefits and expenses of our Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and their respective staffs, which is based upon the allocable portion of the time spent by such personnel in connection with performing administrative services for us under the Administration Agreement;
- the actual cost of goods and services used for us and obtained by Barings from entities not affiliated with us, which is reasonably allocated to us on the basis of assets, revenues, time records or other methods conforming with generally accepted accounting principles;
- all fees, costs and expenses associated with the engagement of a sub-administrator, if any; and
- costs associated with (a) the monitoring and preparation of regulatory reporting, including registration statements and amendments thereto, prospectus supplements, and tax reporting, (b) the coordination and oversight of service provider activities and the direct cost of such contractual matters related thereto and (c) the preparation of all financial statements and the coordination and oversight of audits, regulatory inquiries, certifications and sub-certifications.

The Administration Agreement will continue automatically for successive annual periods so long as such continuance is specifically approved at least annually by the Board, including a majority of the Independent Directors. The Administration Agreement may be terminated at any time, without the payment of any penalty, by vote of the Board, or by Barings, upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. The Administration Agreement may not be assigned by a party without the consent of the other party.

Election to be Regulated as a Business Development Company and Regulated Investment Company

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, we have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. Our election to be regulated as a BDC and our election to be treated as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes have a significant impact on our operations. Some of the most important effects on our operations of our election to be regulated as a BDC and our election to be treated as a RIC are outlined below.

- **We report our investments at market value or fair value with changes in value reported through our Consolidated Statements of Operations.**

In accordance with the requirements of Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we report all of our investments, including debt investments, at market value or, for investments that do not have a readily available market value, at their "fair value" in accordance with the Barings valuation policy. Changes in these values are reported through our Consolidated Statements of Operations under the caption of "net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments." See "Valuation Process and Determination of Net Asset Value" above.

- **We intend to distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders. We generally will be required to pay income taxes only on the portion of our taxable income we do not distribute, actually or constructively, to stockholders.**

As a RIC, so long as we meet certain minimum distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements, we generally are required to pay U.S. federal income taxes only on the portion of our taxable income and gains we do not distribute (actually or constructively) and certain built-in gains. We intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our income. We may, however, make deemed distributions to our stockholders of any retained net long-term capital gains. If this happens, our stockholders will be treated as if they received an actual distribution of the net capital gains and reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in us. Our stockholders also may be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable share of the corporate-level U.S. federal income tax we pay on the deemed distribution. See “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations” below. We met the minimum distribution requirements for 2023, 2024 and 2025 and continually monitor our distribution requirements with the goal of ensuring compliance with the Code.

In addition, we have wholly-owned taxable subsidiaries (the “Taxable Subsidiaries”) which hold certain portfolio investments that are listed on the Consolidated Schedules of Investments. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”) such that our consolidated financial statements reflect our investments in the portfolio companies owned by the Taxable Subsidiaries. The purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit us to hold certain portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies (“LLCs”) (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still satisfy the RIC tax requirement that at least 90% of the RIC’s gross revenue for income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. Absent the Taxable Subsidiaries, a proportionate amount of any gross income of an LLC (or other pass-through entity) portfolio investment would flow through directly to us. To the extent that such income did not consist of qualifying investment income, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and therefore cause us to incur significant amounts of federal income taxes. Where LLCs (or other pass-through entities) are owned by the Taxable Subsidiaries, their income is taxed to the Taxable Subsidiaries and does not flow through to the RIC, thereby helping us preserve our RIC status and resultant tax advantages. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. This income tax expense or benefit, if any, is reflected in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. Additionally, any unrealized appreciation related to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries (net of unrealized depreciation related to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries), is reflected net of applicable federal and state income taxes, if any, in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, with the related deferred tax assets or liabilities, if any, included in “Accounts payable and accrued liabilities” in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

- **Our ability to use leverage as a means of financing our portfolio of investments is limited.**

As a BDC, and as a result of the stockholder vote to approve the proposal to authorize us to be subject to the reduced asset coverage ratio of at least 150% under the 1940 Act, we are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities of at least 150%. For this purpose, senior securities include all borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future. Additionally, our ability to continue to utilize leverage as a means of financing our portfolio of investments may be limited by this asset coverage test.

- **We are required to comply with the provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to business development companies.**

As a BDC, we are required to have a majority of directors who are not “interested persons” under the 1940 Act. In addition, we are required to comply with other applicable provisions of the 1940 Act, including those requiring the adoption of a code of ethics, fidelity bonding and investment custody arrangements. See “Regulation of Business Development Companies” below.

Co-Investment Exemptive Relief

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For example, we generally are not permitted to make loans to companies controlled by Barings or other funds managed by Barings. We are also not permitted to make any co-investments with Barings or its affiliates (including any fund managed by Barings or an investment adviser controlling, controlled by or under common control with Barings) without exemptive relief from the SEC, subject to certain exceptions.

On January 15, 2026, Barings received an updated form of co-investment exemptive relief from the SEC to allow certain managed funds and investment vehicles, each of whose investment adviser is Barings or an investment adviser controlling, controlled by or under common control with Barings and MassMutual-affiliated proprietary accounts, to participate in negotiated co-investment transactions where doing so is consistent with regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors, and pursuant to the conditions of the exemptive relief (the “2026 Co-Investment Order”). The 2026 Co-Investment Order, which supersedes the co-investment order issued to Barings on October 19, 2017 and amended on March 20, 2024, is a new form of co-investment exemptive relief that adopts a more flexible requirement that allocations be “fair and equitable” to us and that Barings considers the interests of us and other affiliated 1940 Act-regulated funds that rely on the 2026 Co-Investment Order in allocations and which minimizes certain board approval requirements as compared to the prior form of co-investment exemptive relief. Among other things, under the 2026 Co-Investment Order, the terms, conditions, price, class of securities to be purchased in respect of a particular investment, the date on which such investment is to be made and any registration rights applicable thereto, must be generally the same for us and each other participating affiliated entity. The requirements of the 2026 Co-Investment Order (including any requirements for board approval thereunder), as well as other regulatory requirements associated with us and other affiliated 1940 Act-regulated funds that rely on the 2026 Co-Investment Order, potentially will impact the investment allocations among participating entities (including, for the avoidance of doubt, us) or otherwise impact allocation results. Any changes to the 2026 Co-Investment Order or the rules and other guidance promulgated by the SEC and its staff under the 1940 Act could impact allocations made available to us and thereby affect (and potentially decrease) the allocation made to us or otherwise impact the process for allocations in transactions in which we participate.

Regulation of Business Development Companies

The following is a general summary of the material regulatory provisions affecting BDCs. It does not purport to be a complete description of all of the laws and regulations affecting BDCs.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the directors on a BDC’s board of directors be persons other than “interested persons,” as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a majority of our outstanding voting securities.

In addition, the 1940 Act defines “a majority of the outstanding voting securities” as the lesser of (i) 67.0% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting if the holders of more than 50.0% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy, or (ii) 50.0% of our voting securities.

Qualifying Assets

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70.0% of the company’s total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

(1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio

company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act and rules adopted pursuant thereto as any issuer which:

(a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;

(b) is not an investment company (other than an SBIC wholly-owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for exclusions under the 1940 Act for certain financial companies such as banks, brokers, commercial finance companies, mortgage companies and insurance companies; and

(c) satisfies any of the following:

(i) does not have any class of securities with respect to which a broker or dealer may extend margin credit;

(ii) is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company;

(iii) is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4.0 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2.0 million;

(iv) does not have any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange; or

(v) has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250.0 million.

(2) Securities in companies that were eligible portfolio companies when we made our initial investment if certain other requirements are satisfied.

(3) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.

(4) Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities, was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance (other than conventional lending or financing arrangements).

(5) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and we already own 60.0% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.

(6) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (5) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.

(7) Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

In addition, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

In order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70.0% test, we must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where we purchase such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available “significant managerial assistance” means, among other things, any arrangement whereby we, through our directors, officers or employees, offer to provide, and, if accepted, do so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. Barings provides such managerial assistance on our behalf to portfolio companies that request this assistance. We may receive fees for these services.

Temporary Investments

Pending investment in other types of “qualifying assets,” as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which we refer to, collectively, as temporary investments, so that 70.0% of our assets are qualifying assets. We may invest in U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements, provided that such agreements are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, if more than 25.0% of our total assets constitute repurchase agreements from a single counterparty, we would not meet the asset diversification tests required to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, we do not intend to enter into repurchase agreements with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. Our management team will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

Senior Securities

On July 24, 2018, our stockholders voted at the 2018 Special Meeting to approve a proposal to authorize us to be subject to a reduced asset coverage ratio of at least 150% under the 1940 Act. As a result of the stockholder approval at the 2018 Special Meeting, effective July 25, 2018, our applicable asset coverage ratio under the 1940 Act decreased to 150% from 200%. Thus, we are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of debt and one class of stock senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 150% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding (other than senior securities representing indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan which is not intended to be publicly distributed), we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5.0% of the value of our total assets for temporary purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see “Item 1A.— Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — Incurring additional leverage may magnify our exposure to risks associated with changes in leverage, including fluctuations in interest rates that could adversely affect our profitability” included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and Corporate Governance Guidelines

We and Barings have adopted a code of ethics (the “Global Code of Ethics Policy”) and corporate governance guidelines, which collectively cover ethics and business conduct. These documents apply to our and Barings’ directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, and any person performing similar functions, and establish procedures for personal investments and restrict certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the Global Code of Ethics Policy and corporate governance guidelines may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code’s requirements. Our Global Code of Ethics Policy and corporate governance guidelines are publicly available on the Investor Relations section of our website under “Corporate Governance” at <https://ir.barings.com/governance-docs>. We will report any amendments to or waivers of a required provision of our Global Code of Ethics Policy and corporate governance guidelines on our website or in a Current Report on Form 8-K. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and you should not consider that information to be part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Compliance Policies and Procedures

We and Barings have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the U.S. federal securities laws, and are required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation, and to designate a chief

compliance officer to be responsible for administering such policies and procedures. Itzbell Branca serves as our Chief Compliance Officer.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We delegate our proxy voting responsibilities to Barings. Barings votes proxies relating to our portfolio securities in a manner which we believe will be in the best interest of our stockholders. Barings reviews on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although Barings generally votes against proposals that may have a negative impact on our portfolio securities, they may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

The proxy voting decisions of Barings are made by the investment professionals who are responsible for monitoring each of its clients' investments. To ensure that their vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, Barings requires that: (i) anyone involved in the decision making process disclose to our chief compliance officer any potential conflict that he or she is aware of and any contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote; and (ii) employees involved in the decision making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how we intend to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

Stockholders may, without charge, obtain information regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Compliance Officer, 300 South Tryon Street, Suite 2500, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202 or by calling our investor relations department at 888-401-1088.

Other

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of those members of the Board who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC. The 1940 Act prohibits us from making certain negotiated co-investments with affiliates absent prior approval of the SEC. The 2026 Co-Investment Order permits us and Barings' affiliated private funds and 1940 Act-regulated funds to co-invest in loans originated by Barings, which allows Barings to implement its senior secured private debt investment strategy for us.

We are periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance

We are subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including the filing of quarterly, annual and current reports, proxy statements and other required items. In addition, we are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), which imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on publicly held companies and their insiders. For example:

- pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are required to certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;
- pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;
- pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding its assessment of our internal control over financial reporting and must obtain an audit of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting performed by our independent registered public accounting firm; and

- pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports must disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The New York Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Regulations

The NYSE has adopted corporate governance regulations that listed companies must comply with. We believe we currently are in compliance with such corporate governance listing standards. We intend to monitor our compliance with all future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that we stay in compliance.

Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following discussion is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and to an investment in our shares. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of the income tax considerations applicable to us or to investors in such an investment. For example, we have not described tax consequences that we assume to be generally known by investors or certain considerations that may be relevant to certain types of holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including stockholders subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, dealers in securities, pension plans and trusts, financial institutions, U.S. stockholders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons who mark-to-market our shares and persons who hold our shares as part of a “straddle,” “hedge” or “conversion” transaction. This summary assumes that investors hold shares of our common stock as capital assets (within the meaning of the Code). The discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations, each as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and all of which are subject to change, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. This summary does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

For purposes of our discussion, a “U.S. stockholder” means a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- a citizen or individual resident of the United States;
- a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof or the District of Columbia;
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source; or
- a trust if (i) a U.S. court is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of such trust and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (ii) it has a valid election in place to be treated as a U.S. person.

For purposes of our discussion, a “Non-U.S. stockholder” means a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is neither a U.S. stockholder nor a partnership (including an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes).

If an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes (a “partnership”) holds shares of our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner or member of the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner or member and the activities of the partnership. A prospective stockholder that is a partner or member in a partnership holding shares of our common stock should consult his, her or their tax advisors with respect to the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to an investor of an investment in our shares will depend on the facts of his, her or their particular situation. We encourage investors to consult their own tax advisors regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any changes in the tax laws.

Election to be Taxed as a RIC

We have qualified and elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2007. As a RIC, we generally are not subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders from our tax earnings and profits. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our “investment company taxable income” (“ICTI”), which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess, if any, of realized net short-term capital gain over realized net long-term capital loss (the “Annual Distribution Requirement”). Even if we qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on our undistributed taxable income and could be subject to U.S. federal excise, state, local and foreign taxes.

Taxation as a RIC

Provided that we qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our ICTI and net capital gain (which we define as net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss) that we timely distribute to stockholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on any income or capital gain not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our stockholders.

We will be subject to a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98.0% of our ordinary income for each calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the calendar year and (iii) any income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years and on which we paid no U.S. federal income tax.

In order to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

- meet the Annual Distribution Requirement;
- qualify to be treated as a BDC or be registered as a management investment company under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;
- derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock or other securities or foreign currencies or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock, securities or currencies and net income derived from an interest in a “qualified publicly traded partnership” (as defined in the Code), or the 90% Income Test; and
- diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:
 - at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer (which for these purposes includes the equity securities of a “qualified publicly traded partnership”); and
 - no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable tax rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of one or more “qualified publicly traded partnerships,” or the Diversification Tests.

To the extent that we invest in entities treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes (other than a “qualified publicly traded partnership”), we generally must include the items of gross income derived by the partnerships for purposes of the 90% Income Test, and the income that is derived from a partnership (other than a “qualified publicly traded partnership”) will be treated as qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test only to the extent that such income is attributable to items of income of the partnership which would be qualifying

income if realized by us directly. In addition, we generally must take into account our proportionate share of the assets held by partnerships (other than a “qualified publicly traded partnership”) in which we are a partner for purposes of the Diversification Tests.

In order to meet the 90% Income Test, we utilize the Taxable Subsidiaries, and in the future may establish additional such corporations, to hold assets from which we do not anticipate earning dividend, interest or other qualifying income under the 90% Income Test. Any investments held through the Taxable Subsidiaries generally are subject to U.S. federal income and other taxes, and therefore we can expect to achieve a reduced after-tax yield on such investments.

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments with PIK interest or, in certain cases, increasing interest rates or issued with warrants) (“OID”), we must include in income each year a portion of the OID that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan or are paid in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. We anticipate that a portion of our income may constitute OID or other income required to be included in taxable income prior to receipt of cash.

Because any OID or other amounts accrued will be included in our ICTI for the year of the accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement and to avoid the 4.0% U.S. federal excise tax, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount. As a result, we may have difficulty meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement necessary to obtain and maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. We may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or forgo new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level income tax.

Investments in below investment grade instruments may present special tax issues for us. U.S. federal income tax rules are not entirely clear about issues such as when we may cease to accrue interest, OID or market discount, when and to what extent deductions may be taken for bad debts or worthless instruments, how payments received on obligations in default should be allocated between principal and income and whether exchanges of debt obligations in a bankruptcy or workout context are taxable. We intend to address these and other issues to the extent necessary in order to seek to ensure that we distribute sufficient income to qualify for and maintain treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes and to avoid any material U.S. federal income tax or the 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax.

Furthermore, a portfolio company in which we invest may face financial difficulty that requires us to work-out, modify or otherwise restructure our investment in the portfolio company. Any such restructuring may result in unusable capital losses and future non-cash income. Any restructuring may also result in our recognition of a substantial amount of non-qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test, such as cancellation of indebtedness income in connection with the work-out of a leveraged investment (which, while not free from doubt, may be treated as non-qualifying income) or the receipt of other non-qualifying income.

Gain or loss realized by us from warrants acquired by us, as well as any loss attributable to the lapse of such warrants generally will be treated as capital gain or loss. Such gain or loss generally will be long-term or short-term, depending on how long we held a particular warrant.

Investments by us in non-U.S. securities may be subject to non-U.S. income, withholding and other taxes, and therefore, our yield on any such securities may be reduced by such non-U.S. taxes. Tax conventions between certain countries and the U.S. may reduce or eliminate such taxes. Stockholders will generally not be entitled to claim a credit or deduction with respect to non-U.S. taxes paid by us.

If we purchase shares in a “passive foreign investment company,” or PFIC, we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a portion of any “excess distribution” or gain from the disposition of such shares even if such income

is distributed as a taxable dividend by us to our stockholders. Additional charges in the nature of interest may be imposed on us in respect of deferred taxes arising from such distributions or gains. If we invest in a PFIC and elect to treat the PFIC as a “qualified electing fund” under the Code, or QEF, in lieu of the foregoing requirements, we will be required to include in income each year a portion of the ordinary earnings and net capital gain of the QEF, even if such income is not distributed to it. Alternatively, we can elect to mark-to-market at the end of each taxable year our shares in a PFIC; in this case, we will recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such shares and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it does not exceed prior increases included in income. Under either election, we may be required to recognize in a year income in excess of our distributions from PFICs and our proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income will nevertheless be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax.

Under Section 988 of the Code, gain or loss attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the time we accrue income, expenses, or other liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and the time we actually collect such income or pay such expenses or liabilities are generally treated as ordinary income or loss. Similarly, gain or loss on foreign currency forward contracts and the disposition of debt denominated in a foreign currency, to the extent attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the acquisition and disposition dates, are also treated as ordinary income or loss.

We are authorized to borrow funds and to sell assets in order to satisfy distribution requirements. Under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our stockholders while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain “asset coverage” tests are met. See “Regulation of Business Development Companies — Qualifying Assets” and “Regulation of Business Development Companies — Senior Securities” above. Moreover, our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (i) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (ii) other requirements relating to our tax treatment as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or to avoid the excise tax, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

If we fail to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement or otherwise fail to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC in any taxable year, we will be subject to tax in that year on all of our taxable income, regardless of whether we make any distributions to our stockholders. In that case, all of such income will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, reducing the amount available to be distributed to our stockholders. See “Failure to Obtain RIC Tax Treatment” below.

As a RIC, we are not allowed to carry forward or carry back a net operating loss for purposes of computing our ICTI in other taxable years. U.S. federal income tax law generally permits a RIC to carry forward (i) the excess of its net short-term capital loss over its net long-term capital gain for a given year as a short-term capital loss arising on the first day of the following year and (ii) the excess of its net long-term capital loss over its net short-term capital gain for a given year as a long-term capital loss arising on the first day of the following year. Future transactions we engage in may cause our ability to use any capital loss carryforwards, and unrealized losses once realized, to be limited under Section 382 of the Code. Certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things, (i) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions, (ii) convert lower taxed long-term capital gain and qualified dividend income into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income, (iii) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited), (iv) cause us to recognize income or gain without a corresponding receipt of cash, (v) adversely affect the time as to when a purchase or sale of stock or securities is deemed to occur, (vi) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions and (vii) produce income that will not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test. We will monitor our transactions and may make certain tax elections in order to mitigate the effect of these provisions.

As described above, to the extent that we invest in equity securities of entities that are treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes, the effect of such investments for purposes of the 90% Income Test and the Diversification Tests will depend on whether or not the partnership is a “qualified publicly traded partnership” (as defined in the Code). If the entity is a “qualified publicly traded partnership,” the net income derived from such investments will be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test and will be “securities” for purposes of the Diversification Tests. However, if the entity is not treated as a “qualified publicly traded partnership,” the

consequences of an investment in the partnership will depend upon the amount and type of income and assets of the partnership allocable to us. The income derived from such investments may not be qualifying income for purposes of the 90% Income Test and, therefore, could adversely affect our tax treatment as a RIC. We intend to monitor our investments in equity securities of entities that are treated as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes to prevent our disqualification from tax treatment as a RIC.

We may invest in preferred securities or other securities the U.S. federal income tax treatment of which may not be clear or may be subject to recharacterization by the Internal Revenue Service, or IRS. To the extent the tax treatment of such securities or the income from such securities differs from the expected tax treatment, it could affect the timing or character of income recognized, requiring us to purchase or sell securities, or otherwise change our portfolio, in order to comply with the tax rules applicable to RICs under the Code.

Distributions by us generally are taxable to U.S. stockholders as ordinary income or capital gains. Distributions of our ICTI will be taxable as ordinary income to U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares. It is anticipated that distributions paid by us generally will not be attributable to dividends and, therefore, generally will not qualify for the preferential maximum U.S. federal tax rate applicable to non-corporate stockholders and will not be eligible for the corporate dividends received deduction. Distributions of our net capital gains properly reported by us as "capital gain dividends" will be taxable to a U.S. stockholder as long-term capital gains in the case of individuals, trusts or estates, regardless of the U.S. stockholder's holding period for his, her or its shares and regardless of whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional shares.

We may elect to retain our net capital gain or a portion thereof for investment and be taxed at corporate rates on the amount retained. In such case, we may report the retained amount as undistributed capital gains in a notice to our stockholders, who will be treated as if each received a distribution of its pro rata share of such gain, with the result that each stockholder will (i) be required to report its pro rata share of such gain on its tax return as long-term capital gain, (ii) receive a refundable tax credit for its pro rata share of tax paid by us on the gain and (iii) increase the tax basis for its shares of our stock by an amount equal to the deemed distribution less the tax credit.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in cash or shares of our common stock at the election of each stockholder. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable in cash or in shares of stock at the election of stockholders are treated as taxable dividends. The IRS has published guidance indicating that this rule will apply even where the total amount of cash that may be distributed is limited to no more than 20% of the total distribution. Under this guidance, if too many stockholders elect to receive their distributions in cash, the cash available for distribution must be allocated among the stockholders electing to receive cash (with the balance of the distribution paid in stock). If we decide to make any distributions consistent with this guidance that are payable in part in our stock, taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend (whether received in cash, our stock, or a combination thereof) as ordinary income (or as long-term capital gain to the extent such distribution is properly reported as a capital gain dividend) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

Failure to Obtain RIC Tax Treatment

If we fail to satisfy the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC for such year if certain relief provisions are applicable (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level federal taxes or to dispose of certain assets).

If we were unable to obtain tax treatment as a RIC, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would they be required to be made. Distributions would generally be taxable to our stockholders as dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits (in the case of non-corporate U.S. stockholders, generally at a maximum U.S. federal income tax rate applicable to qualified dividend income of 20%). Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributees would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain.

If we fail to meet the RIC requirements for more than two consecutive years and then, seek to re-qualify for tax treatment as a RIC, we would be subject to corporate-level taxation on any built-in gain recognized during the succeeding five-year period unless we made a special election to recognize all such built-in gain upon our re-qualification for tax treatment as a RIC and to pay the corporate-level tax on such built-in gain.

Possible Legislative or Other Actions Affecting Tax Considerations

Prospective investors should recognize that the present U.S. federal income tax treatment of an investment in our stock may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time, and that any such action may affect investments and commitments previously made. The rules dealing with U.S. federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department, resulting in revisions of regulations and revised interpretations of established concepts as well as statutory changes. Revisions in U.S. federal tax laws and interpretations thereof could affect the tax consequences of an investment in our stock.

Withholding

Our distributions generally will be treated as dividends for U.S. tax purposes and will be subject to U.S. income or withholding tax unless the non-U.S. stockholder receiving the dividend qualifies for an exemption from U.S. tax or the distribution is subject to one of the special look-through rules described below. Distributions paid out of net capital gains can qualify for a reduced rate of taxation in the hands of an individual U.S. stockholder and an exemption from U.S. tax in the hands of a non-U.S. stockholder.

Under an exemption, properly reported dividend distributions by RICs paid out of certain interest income (such distributions, "interest-related dividends") are generally exempt from U.S. withholding tax for non-U.S. stockholders. Under such exemption, a non-U.S. stockholder generally may receive interest-related dividends free of U.S. withholding tax if such stockholder would not have been subject to U.S. withholding tax if it had received the underlying interest income directly. No assurance can be given as to whether any of our distributions will be eligible for this exemption from U.S. withholding tax or, if eligible, will be reported as such by us. In particular, the exemption does not apply to distributions paid in respect of a RIC's non-U.S. source interest income, its dividend income or its foreign currency gains. In the case shares of our stock are held through an intermediary, the intermediary may withhold U.S. federal income tax even if we report the payment as a dividend eligible for the exemption. For additional information concerning withholding, see "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — There may be withholding of U.S. federal income tax on dividends for non-U.S. stockholders" included in Item 1A of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

State and Local Tax Treatment

State and local tax treatment may differ from U.S. federal income tax treatment.

The discussion set forth herein does not constitute tax advice, and potential investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax considerations relevant to their particular situation.

Available Information

We intend to make this Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K and, if applicable, amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act, publicly available on our website (www.baringsbdc.com) without charge as soon as reasonably practicable following our filing of such reports with the SEC. Our SEC reports can be accessed through the investor relations section of our website. The information found on our website is not part of this or any other report we file with or furnish to the SEC. We assume no obligation to update or revise any statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K or in other reports filed with the SEC, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless we are required to do so by law. A copy of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and our other reports is available without charge upon written request to Investor Relations, Barings BDC, Inc., 300 South Tryon Street, Suite 2500, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202. The SEC maintains an Internet site at www.sec.gov that contains our periodic and current reports, proxy and information statements and our other filings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Investing in our securities involves a number of significant risks. In addition to the other information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, you should consider carefully the following information before making an investment in our securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us might also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our NAV, the trading price of our common stock and the value of our other securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

The following is a summary of the principal risk factors associated with an investment in our securities. Further details regarding each risk included in the summary list below can be found further below.

- We are dependent upon Barings' access to its investment professionals for our success.
- Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in accordance with the Adviser's valuation policies and procedures and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.
- We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities, which could reduce returns and result in losses.
- There are potential conflicts of interest, including the management of other investment funds and accounts by Barings, which could impact our investment returns.
- The fee structure under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement may induce Barings to pursue speculative investments and incur leverage, which may not be in the best interests of our stockholders.
- Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.
- Our financing agreements contain various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations thereunder, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions.
- We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.
- Inflation could adversely affect the business, results of operations, and financial condition of our portfolio companies.
- Incurring additional leverage may magnify our exposure to risks associated with changes in leverage, including fluctuations in interest rates that could adversely affect our profitability.
- Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.
- Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investment.
- Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, frequently trade at a discount to their NAV, and may trade at premiums that may prove to be unsustainable.

Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure

We are dependent upon Barings' access to its investment professionals for our success.

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of Barings' investment professionals to source appropriate investments for us. We depend on members of Barings' investment teams to appropriately analyze our investments and the relevant investment committee to approve and monitor our portfolio investments. Barings' investment teams evaluate, negotiate, structure, close and monitor our investments. Our future success depends on the continued availability of the members of Barings' investment committees and the other investment professionals available to Barings. We do not have employment agreements with these individuals or other key personnel of Barings, and we cannot provide any assurance that unforeseen business, medical, personal or other circumstances would not lead any such individual to terminate his or her relationship with Barings. If these individuals do not

maintain their existing relationships with Barings and its affiliates or do not develop new relationships with other sources of investment opportunities, we may not be able to identify appropriate replacements or grow our investment portfolio. The loss of any Portfolio Manager, investment committee member or other investment professionals of Barings and its affiliates may limit our ability to achieve our investment objectives and operate as we anticipate, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Barings evaluates, negotiates, structures, closes and monitors our investments in accordance with the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement. We can offer no assurance, however, that the investment professionals of Barings will continue to provide investment advice to us or that we will continue to have access to Barings' investment professionals or its information and deal flow. Further, there can be no assurance that Barings will replicate its own historical success, and we caution you that our investment returns could be substantially lower than the returns achieved by other funds managed by Barings.

Our business model depends to a significant extent upon strong referral relationships, and our inability to maintain or develop these relationships, as well as the failure of these relationships to generate investment opportunities, could adversely affect our business.

We depend upon Barings' and its affiliates' relationships with sponsors, and we intend to rely to a significant extent upon these relationships to provide us with potential investment opportunities. If Barings or its affiliates fail to maintain such relationships, or to develop new relationships with other sponsors or sources of investment opportunities, we will not be able to grow our investment portfolio. In addition, individuals with whom the principals of Barings have relationships are not obligated to provide us with investment opportunities, and, therefore, we can offer no assurance that these relationships will generate investment opportunities for us in the future.

Our financial condition and results of operations will depend on our ability to manage and deploy capital effectively.

Our ability to continue to achieve our investment objectives will depend on our ability to effectively manage and deploy our capital, which will depend, in turn, on Barings' ability to continue to identify, evaluate, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria. We cannot assure you that we will continue to achieve our investment objectives.

Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis will be largely a function of Barings' handling of the investment process, their ability to provide competent, attentive and efficient services and our access to investments offering acceptable terms. In addition to monitoring the performance of our existing investments, Barings' investment professionals may also be called upon to provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. These demands on their time may distract them or slow the rate of investment.

Even if we are able to grow and build upon our investment operations in a manner commensurate with any capital made available to us as a result of our operating activities, financing activities and/or offerings of our securities, any failure to manage our growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects. The results of our operations will depend on many factors, including the availability of opportunities for investment, readily accessible short- and long-term funding alternatives in the financial markets and general economic conditions. Furthermore, if we cannot successfully operate our business or implement our investment policies and strategies as described in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, it could negatively impact our ability to pay distributions and cause you to lose part or all of your investment.

Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in accordance with the Adviser's valuation policies and procedures and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.

Under the 1940 Act, we are required to carry our portfolio investments at market value or, if there is no readily available market value, at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board. The Board has designated Barings as Valuation Designee to perform our fair value determinations relating to the value of our assets for which market quotations are not readily available.

Typically there is not a public market for the securities of the privately held middle-market companies in which we have invested and will generally continue to invest. The Valuation Designee conducts the valuation of such investments, upon which our NAV is primarily based, in accordance with its valuation policy, as well as established and documented processes and methodologies for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring (at least quarterly) basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and ASC Topic 820. Our current valuation policy and processes were established by the Adviser and have been approved by the Board. The Adviser has established a pricing committee that is, subject to the oversight of the Board, responsible for the approval, implementation and oversight of the processes and methodologies that relate to the pricing and valuation of assets held by us. The Adviser uses independent third-party providers to price the portfolio, but in the event an acceptable price cannot be obtained from an approved external source, the Adviser will utilize alternative methods in accordance with internal pricing procedures established by the Adviser's pricing committee. See "Item 1. Business – Valuation Process and Determination of Net Asset Value" included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a detailed description of our valuation process.

The determination of fair value and consequently, the amount of unrealized appreciation and depreciation in our portfolio, is to a certain degree subjective and dependent on the judgment of Barings. Certain factors that may be considered in determining the fair value of our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's earnings and its ability to make payments on its indebtedness, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to comparable publicly-traded companies, discounted cash flows and other relevant factors. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed. Due to this uncertainty, the Adviser's fair value determinations may cause our NAV on a given date to materially understate or overstate the value that we may ultimately realize upon the sale or disposition of one or more of our investments. As a result, investors purchasing our securities based on an overstated NAV would pay a higher price than the value of our investments might warrant. Conversely, investors selling shares during a period in which the NAV understates the value of our investments will receive a lower price for their shares than the value of our investments might warrant.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities, which could reduce returns and result in losses.

A number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make. We compete with public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity and hedge funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and some have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. For example, we believe some of our competitors may have access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the source of income, asset diversification and distribution requirements we must satisfy to maintain our qualification as a RIC. The competitive pressures we face may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. As a result of this competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities from time to time, and we may not be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objective.

With respect to the investments we make, we do not seek to compete based primarily on the interest rates we offer, and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that will be lower than the rates we offer. In the secondary market for acquiring existing loans, we compete generally on the basis of pricing terms. With respect to all investments, we may lose some investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. However, if we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income, lower yields and increased risk of credit loss.

There are potential conflicts of interest, including the management of other investment funds and accounts by Barings, which could impact our investment returns.

Our executive officers, Portfolio Managers and the members of Barings' investment committees, as well as the other principals of Barings, manage other funds affiliated with Barings, including other closed-end investment companies. In addition, Barings' investment team has responsibility for managing U.S. and global middle-market debt investments for certain other investment funds and accounts. Accordingly, they have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which may not be in the best interests of, or may be adverse to our and our stockholders' interests. In addition, certain of the other funds and accounts managed by Barings may provide for higher management or incentive fees, greater expense reimbursements or overhead allocations, or permit Barings and its affiliates to receive higher origination and other transaction fees, all of which may contribute to this conflict of interest and create an incentive for Barings to favor such other funds or accounts. Although the professional staff of Barings will devote as much time to our management as appropriate to enable Barings to perform its duties in accordance with the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the investment professionals of Barings may have conflicts in allocating their time and services among us, on the one hand, and the other investment vehicles managed by Barings or one or more of its affiliates on the other hand.

Barings may face conflicts in allocating investment opportunities between us and affiliated investment vehicles that have overlapping investment objectives with ours. Although Barings will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner in accordance with its allocation policies and procedures, it is possible that, in the future, we may not be given the opportunity to participate in investments made by investment funds managed by Barings or an investment manager affiliated with Barings if such investment is prohibited by the 1940 Act, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to participate in all investment opportunities that are suitable to us.

Conflicts may also arise because portfolio decisions regarding our portfolio may benefit Barings' affiliates. Barings' affiliates may pursue or enforce rights with respect to one of our portfolio companies on behalf of other funds or accounts managed by it, and those activities may have an adverse effect on us.

Barings may exercise significant influence over us in connection with its ownership of our common stock.

As of February 19, 2026, Barings, our external investment adviser, beneficially owns approximately 13.0% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, Barings may be able to significantly influence the outcome of matters submitted for stockholder action, including the election of directors, approval of significant corporate transactions, such as amendments to our governing documents, business combinations, consolidations and mergers. Barings has substantial influence on us and could exercise its influence in a manner that conflicts with the interests of other stockholders. The presence of a significant stockholder such as Barings may also have the effect of making it more difficult for a third party to acquire us or discourage a third party from seeking to acquire us.

Barings, its relevant investment committee members, or its affiliates may, from time to time, possess material non-public information, limiting our investment discretion.

Principals of Barings and its affiliates and members of Barings' investment committees may serve as directors of, or in a similar capacity with, companies in which we invest, the securities of which are purchased or sold on our behalf. In the event that material non-public information is obtained with respect to such companies, or we become subject to trading restrictions under the internal trading policies of those companies or as a result of applicable law or regulations, we could be prohibited for a period of time from purchasing or selling the securities of such companies, and this prohibition may have an adverse effect on us.

Our ability to enter into transactions with Barings and its affiliates is restricted.

BDCs generally are prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with their affiliates without the prior approval of their independent directors and, in some cases, of the SEC. Those transactions include purchases and sales, and so-called "joint" transactions, in which a BDC and one or more of its affiliates engage in certain types of profit-making activities. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5.0% or more of a BDC's outstanding voting securities will be considered an affiliate of the BDC for purposes of the 1940

Act, and a BDC generally is prohibited from engaging in purchases or sales of assets or joint transactions with such affiliates, absent the prior approval of the BDC's independent directors. Additionally, without the approval of the SEC, a BDC is prohibited from engaging in purchases or sales of assets or joint transactions with the BDC's officers and directors, and investment adviser, including funds managed by the investment adviser and its affiliates.

BDCs may, however, invest alongside certain related parties or their respective other clients in certain circumstances where doing so is consistent with current law and SEC staff interpretations. For example, a BDC may invest alongside such accounts consistent with guidance promulgated by the SEC staff permitting the BDC and such other accounts to purchase interests in a single class of privately placed securities so long as certain conditions are met, including that the BDC's investment adviser, acting on the BDC's behalf and on behalf of other clients, negotiates no term other than price.

The 1940 Act generally prohibits BDCs from making certain negotiated co-investments with certain affiliates absent an order from the SEC permitting the BDC to do so. On January 15, 2026, Barings received a new order for co-investment exemptive relief from the SEC staff, which permits certain managed funds and investment vehicles, each of whose investment adviser is Barings or an investment adviser controlling, controlled by or under common control with Barings and MassMutual-affiliated proprietary accounts, to participate in negotiated co-investment transactions where doing so is consistent with regulatory requirements and other pertinent factors, and pursuant to the conditions of the exemptive relief. The 2026 Co-Investment Order, which supersedes the co-investment order issued to Barings on October 19, 2017 and amended on March 20, 2024, is a new form of co-investment exemptive relief that adopts a more flexible requirement that allocations be "fair and equitable" to us and that Barings considers the interests of us and other affiliated 1940 Act-regulated funds that rely on the 2026 Co-Investment Order in allocations and which minimizes certain board approval requirements as compared to the prior form of co-investment exemptive relief.

Among other things, under the 2026 Co-Investment Order, the terms, conditions, price, class of securities to be purchased in respect of a particular investment, the date on which such investment is to be made and any registration rights applicable thereto, must be generally the same for us and each other participating affiliated entity. The requirements of the 2026 Co-Investment Order (including any requirements for board approval thereunder), as well as other regulatory requirements associated with us and other affiliated 1940 Act-regulated funds that rely on the 2026 Co-Investment Order, potentially will impact the investment allocations among participating entities (including, for the avoidance of doubt, us) or otherwise impact allocation results. Any changes to the 2026 Co-Investment Order or the rules and other guidance promulgated by the SEC and its staff under the 1940 Act could impact allocations made available to us and thereby affect (and potentially decrease) the allocation made to us or otherwise impact the process for allocations in transactions in which we participate.

In situations where co-investment with other affiliated funds or accounts is not permitted or appropriate, Barings will need to decide which account will proceed with the investment in accordance with its allocation policies and procedures. Although Barings will endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner in accordance with its allocation policies and procedures, it is possible that, in the future, we may not be given the opportunity to participate in investments made by investment funds managed by Barings or an investment manager affiliated with Barings if such investment is prohibited by the 1940 Act. These restrictions, and similar restrictions that limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates, including funds managed by Barings, may limit the scope of investment opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

We are subject to risks associated with investing alongside other third parties.

We have invested and may in the future invest alongside third parties through partnerships, joint ventures or other entities. Such investments may involve risks not present in investments where a third party is not involved, including the possibility that such third party may at any time have economic or business interests or goals which are inconsistent with ours, or may be in a position to take action contrary to our investment objectives. In addition, we may in certain circumstances be liable for actions of such third party.

More specifically, joint ventures involve a third party that has approval rights over certain activities of the joint venture. The third party may take actions that are inconsistent with our interests. For example, the third party may

decline to approve an investment for the joint venture that we otherwise want the joint venture to make. A joint venture may also use investment leverage which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested. Generally, the amount of borrowings by the joint venture is not included when calculating our total borrowings and related leverage ratios and is not subject to asset coverage requirements imposed by the 1940 Act. If the activities of the joint venture were required to be consolidated with our activities because of a change in U.S. GAAP rules or SEC staff interpretations, it is likely that we would have to reorganize any such joint venture.

The fee structure under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement may induce Barings to pursue speculative investments and incur leverage, which may not be in the best interests of our stockholders.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the Base Management Fee will be payable even if the value of your investment declines. The Base Management Fee is calculated based on our gross assets, including assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage (but excluding cash or cash equivalents). Accordingly, the Base Management Fee is payable regardless of whether the value of our gross assets and/or your investment has decreased during the then-current quarter and creates an incentive for Barings to incur leverage, which may not be consistent with our stockholders' interests.

The Income-Based Fee payable to Barings is calculated based on a percentage of our return on invested capital. The Income-Based Fee payable to Barings may create an incentive for Barings to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such a compensation arrangement. Unlike the Base Management Fee, the Income-Based Fee is payable only if the hurdle rate is achieved. Because the portfolio earns investment income on gross assets while the hurdle rate is based on invested capital, and because the use of leverage increases gross assets without any corresponding increase in invested capital, Barings may be incentivized to incur leverage to grow the portfolio, which will tend to enhance returns where our portfolio has positive returns and increase the chances that such hurdle rate is achieved. Conversely, the use of leverage may increase losses where our portfolio has negative returns, which would impair the value of our common stock.

In addition, Barings receives the Capital Gains Fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the Income-Based Fee, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the Capital Gains Fee. As a result, Barings may have a tendency to invest more capital in investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which may not be in the best interests of our stockholders and could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns.

Barings' liability is limited under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify Barings against certain liabilities, which may lead Barings to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Pursuant to the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, Barings and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with Barings will not be liable to us, and we have agreed to indemnify them, for their acts under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, absent fraud, willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. These protections may lead Barings to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Barings is able to resign as our investment adviser and/or our administrator, and we may not be able to find a suitable replacement within that time, or at all, resulting in a disruption in our operations that could adversely affect our financial condition, business and results of operations.

Pursuant to the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, Barings has the right to resign as our investment adviser upon 60 days' written notice, regardless of whether a replacement has been found. Similarly, Barings has the right under the Administration Agreement to resign upon 60 days' written notice, regardless of whether a replacement has been found. If Barings resigns, it may be difficult to find a replacement investment adviser or administrator, as applicable, or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms within 60 days, or at all. If a replacement is not found quickly, our business, results of operations and financial condition as well as our ability to pay distributions are likely to be adversely affected and

the value of our shares may decline. In addition, the coordination of our internal management and investment or administrative activities is likely to suffer if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a single institution or group of executives having the expertise possessed by Barings. Even if a comparable service provider or individuals performing such services are retained, whether internal or external, their integration into our business and lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our long-term ability to fund new investments and make distributions to our stockholders could be limited if we are unable to renew, extend, replace or expand our current borrowing arrangements, or if financing becomes more expensive or less available.

There can be no guarantee that we will be able to renew, extend, replace or expand our current borrowing arrangements on terms that are favorable to us, if at all. Our ability to obtain replacement financing will be constrained by then-current economic conditions affecting the credit markets. Our inability to renew, extend, replace or expand these borrowing arrangements could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders and our ability to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC under the Code.

We may be subject to PIK interest payments.

Certain of our debt investments contain provisions providing for the payment of PIK interest. Because PIK interest results in an increase in the size of the loan balance of the underlying loan, the receipt by us of PIK interest will have the effect of increasing our assets under management. As a result, because the Base Management Fee that we pay to the Adviser is based on the value of our gross assets, the receipt by us of PIK interest will result in an increase in the amount of the Base Management Fee payable by us. In addition, any such increase in a loan balance due to the receipt of PIK interest will cause such loan to accrue interest on the higher loan balance, which will result in an increase in our pre-incentive fee net investment income and, as a result, an increase in incentive fees that are payable by us to the Adviser.

To the extent OID instruments, such as zero coupon bonds and PIK loans, constitute a significant portion of the Company's income, investors will be exposed to typical risks associated with such income being required to be included in taxable and accounting income prior to receipt of cash, including the following: (a) the higher interest rates of PIK loans reflect the payment deferral and increased credit risk associated with these instruments, and PIK instruments generally represent a significantly higher credit risk than coupon loans; (b) PIK loans may have unreliable valuations because their continuing accruals require continuing judgments about the collectability of the deferred payments and the value of any associated collateral; (c) market prices of zero-coupon or PIK securities are affected to a greater extent by interest rate changes and may be more volatile than securities that pay interest periodically and in cash, and PIKs are usually less volatile than zero-coupon bonds, but more volatile than cash pay securities; (d) because OID income is accrued without any cash being received by us, required cash distributions may have to be paid from offering proceeds or the sale of our assets without investors being given any notice of this fact; (e) the deferral of PIK interest increases the loan-to-value ratio, which is a measure of the riskiness of a loan; (f) even if the accounting conditions for income accrual are met, the borrower could still default when our actual payment is due at the maturity of the loan; and (g) OID creates risk of non-refundable cash payments to our Adviser based on non-cash accruals that may never be realized.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

Our business requires capital to operate and grow. In the future, we may issue debt securities or preferred stock, and/or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as "senior securities." As a result of issuing senior securities, we will be exposed to additional risks, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 150% after each issuance of senior securities. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If

that happens, we may be prohibited from declaring a dividend or making any distribution to stockholders or repurchasing our shares until such time as we satisfy this test.

- Any amounts that we use to service our debt or make payments on preferred stock will not be available for distributions to our common stockholders.
- Our current indebtedness is, and it is likely that any securities or other indebtedness we may issue will be, governed by an indenture or other instrument containing covenants restricting our operating flexibility. Additionally, some of these securities or other indebtedness may be rated by rating agencies, and in obtaining a rating for such securities and other indebtedness, we may be required to abide by operating and investment guidelines that further restrict operating and financial flexibility.
- We and, indirectly, our stockholders, will bear the cost of issuing and servicing such securities and other indebtedness.
- Preferred stock or any convertible or exchangeable securities that we issue in the future may have rights, preferences and privileges more favorable than those of our common stock, including separate voting rights and could delay or prevent a transaction or a change in control to the detriment of the holders of our common stock.

Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below then-current NAV per share. We may, however, sell our common stock or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then-current NAV per share of our common stock if the Board determines that such sale is in the best interests of us and our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. We may also make rights offerings to our stockholders at prices per share less than the NAV per share, without stockholder approval but subject to applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. If we raise additional funds by issuing more common stock or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common stock, the percentage ownership of our stockholders at that time would decrease, and they may experience dilution. Moreover, we can offer no assurance that we will be able to issue and sell additional equity securities in the future on favorable terms, or at all.

Our financing agreements contain various covenants, which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations thereunder, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions.

We will have a continuing need for capital to finance our investments. We are party to various financing agreements from time to time which contain customary terms and conditions, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting requirements, minimum stockholders' equity, minimum asset coverage, maximum net debt to equity, and maintenance of RIC and BDC status. These financing arrangements also contain customary events of default with customary cure and notice provisions, including, without limitation, nonpayment, misrepresentation of representations and warranties in a material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default to other indebtedness, bankruptcy, change of control, and material adverse effect.

Our continued compliance with the covenants under these financing agreements depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control, and there can be no assurance that we will continue to comply with such covenants. Our failure to satisfy the respective covenants or otherwise default under one of our financing arrangements could result in foreclosure by the lenders thereunder, which would accelerate our repayment obligations under the financing arrangement and thereby have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions to our stockholders.

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

To the extent we borrow money or issue debt securities or preferred stock to make investments, our net investment income will depend, in part, upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay interest or dividends on such debt securities or preferred stock and the rate at which we invest these funds. An increase in the general level of interest rates can be expected to lead to higher interest rates applicable to our debt investments, which may result in an increase in the amount of incentive fees payable to Barings. Rising interest rates

on floating rate loans we make to portfolio companies could also drive an increase in defaults or accelerated refinancings. Some portfolio companies may be unable to refinance into fixed rate loans or repay outstanding amounts, leading to a gradual decline in the credit quality of our portfolio. In periods of rising interest rates, our cost of funds may increase because we expect that the interest rates on certain amounts we borrow will be floating. Conversely, in periods of declining interest rates, we may earn less interest income from investments and our cost of funds will also decrease, to a lesser extent, given certain of our currently outstanding indebtedness bears interest at fixed rates, resulting in lower net investment income. Additionally, in periods of declining interest rates, the rate of prepayments has historically tended to increase (as does price fluctuation) as borrowers are motivated to pay off debt and refinance at new lower rates. During such periods, we would expect reinvestment of the prepayment proceeds by us to generally be at lower rates of return than the return on the assets that were prepaid.

We may invest in derivatives or other assets that expose us to certain risks, including market risk, liquidity risk, and other risks similar to those associated with the use of leverage.

We may invest in derivatives and other assets that are subject to many of the same types of risks related to the use of leverage. Under Rule 18f-4 under the 1940 Act, BDCs that use derivatives are subject to a value-at-risk leverage limit, a derivatives risk management program and testing requirements and requirements related to board reporting. These requirements apply unless the BDC qualifies as a “limited derivatives user,” as defined under Rule 18f-4. Under Rule 18f-4, a BDC may enter into an unfunded commitment agreement (which may include delayed draw and revolving loans) that will not be deemed to be a derivatives transaction, such as an agreement to provide financing to a portfolio company, if the BDC has, among other things, a reasonable belief, at the time it enters into such an agreement, that it will have sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its obligations with respect to all of its unfunded commitment agreements, in each case as it becomes due. Collectively, these requirements may limit our ability to use derivatives and/or enter into certain other financial contracts.

We have adopted updated policies and procedures in compliance with Rule 18f-4. We expect to qualify as a “limited derivatives user” under Rule 18f-4. Future legislation or rules may modify how we treat derivatives and other financial arrangements for purposes of compliance with the leverage limitations of the 1940 Act. Future legislation or rules may modify how leverage is calculated under the 1940 Act and, therefore, may increase or decrease the amount of leverage currently available to us under the 1940 Act, which may be materially adverse to us and our stockholders.

Incurring additional leverage may magnify our exposure to risks associated with changes in leverage, including fluctuations in interest rates that could adversely affect our profitability.

As part of our business strategy, we borrow under financing agreements with certain banks and issue debt securities, and in the future may borrow money and issue debt securities to banks, insurance companies and other lenders. Our obligations under these arrangements are or may be secured by a material portion of our assets. As a result, these lenders are or may have claims that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders, and have or may have fixed-dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our stockholders. Also, if the value of our assets decreases, leverage will cause our NAV to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have without leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause our net income to decline more sharply than it would have if we had not borrowed. This decline could negatively affect our ability to make dividend payments on our common stock.

Because we incur additional leverage, general interest rate fluctuations may have a more significant negative impact on our investments than they would have absent such additional leverage and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our operating results. A portion of our income will depend upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the interest rate on the debt securities in which we invest. Because we borrow money to make investments and may issue debt securities, preferred stock or other securities, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay interest or dividends on such debt securities, preferred stock or other securities and the rate at which we invest these funds. Typically, our interest earning investments accrue and pay interest at variable rates, and our interest-bearing liabilities accrue interest at variable or potentially fixed rates. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming that we employ (i) our actual asset coverage ratio as of December 31, 2025 and (ii) a hypothetical asset coverage ratio of 150%, each at various annual returns on our portfolio as of December 31, 2025, net of expenses. The purpose of this table is to assist investors in understanding the effects of leverage. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical, and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing in the table below.

	Assumed Return on our Portfolio (Net of Expenses)				
	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0.0 %	5.0 %	10.0 %
Corresponding return to common stockholder assuming actual asset coverage as of December 31, 2025(1)	(28.7)%	(17.4)%	(6.0)%	5.3 %	16.7 %
Corresponding return to common stockholder assuming 150% asset coverage as of December 31, 2025(2)	(40.1)%	(24.9)%	(9.7)%	5.4 %	20.6 %

(1) Assumes \$2,636.2 million in total assets, \$1,439.5 million in debt outstanding, \$1,160.7 million in net assets and an average cost of funds of 4.866%, which was the weighted average borrowing cost of our outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2025. The assumed amount of debt outstanding for this example includes \$226.8 million of outstanding borrowings under our senior secured credit facility with ING Capital LLC initially entered into in February 2019 (as amended, restated and otherwise modified from time to time, the “February 2019 Credit Facility”) as of December 31, 2025, \$112.5 million aggregate principal amount of Series C Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) outstanding, \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of February Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) outstanding, \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of November 2026 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) outstanding, \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of February 2029 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) outstanding, \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of September 2028 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) outstanding, and assumed additional borrowings of \$0.2 million to settle our payable from unsettled transactions as of December 31, 2025.

(2) Assumes \$3,521.0 million in total assets, \$2,324.1 million in debt outstanding and \$1,160.7 million in net assets as of December 31, 2025, and an average cost of funds of 4.866%, which was the weighted average borrowing cost of our borrowings at December 31, 2025.

Based on our total outstanding indebtedness of \$1,439.3 million as of December 31, 2025, assumed additional borrowings of \$0.2 million to settle our payable from unsettled transactions as of December 31, 2025 and an average cost of funds of 4.866%, which was the weighted average borrowing cost of our outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2025, our investment portfolio must experience an annual return of at least 2.66% to cover annual interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness.

Based on outstanding indebtedness of \$2,324.1 million calculated assuming a 150% asset coverage ratio as of December 31, 2025 and an average cost of funds of 4.866%, which was the weighted average borrowing cost of our outstanding borrowings at December 31, 2025, our investment portfolio must experience an annual return of at least 3.21% to cover annual interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness.

We may in the future determine to fund a portion of our investments with preferred stock, which would magnify the potential for gain or loss and the risks of investing in us in the same way as our borrowings.

Preferred stock, which is another form of leverage, has the same risks to our common stockholders as borrowings because the dividends on any preferred stock we issue must be cumulative. Payment of such dividends and repayment of the liquidation preference of such preferred stock must take precedence over any dividends or other payments to our common stockholders, and preferred stockholders are not subject to any of our expenses or losses and are not entitled to participate in any income or appreciation in excess of their stated preference.

Our Board of Directors may change our investment objectives, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval, the effects of which may be adverse.

The Board has the authority to modify or waive our current investment objectives, operating policies and strategies without prior notice and without stockholder approval (except as required by the 1940 Act). However, absent stockholder approval, we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or withdraw our election as, a BDC. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies, investment criteria and strategies would have on our business, NAV, operating results and value of our stock. However, the effects might be adverse, which could negatively impact our ability to pay you distributions and cause you to lose all or part of your investment. Moreover, we will have significant flexibility in investing the net proceeds from any future offering and may use the net proceeds from such offerings in ways with which investors may not agree or for purposes other than those contemplated at the time of the offering.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, which will adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have elected to be treated, and intend to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code, which generally allows us to avoid being subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. To maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code, we must meet the following annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements:

- The Annual Distribution Requirement for a RIC will be satisfied if we distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of our net ordinary income and net short-term capital gain in excess of net long-term capital loss, or ICTI, if any. We will be subject to a 4.0% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax, however, to the extent that we do not satisfy certain additional minimum distribution requirements on a calendar year basis. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and are currently, and may in the future become, subject to certain financial covenants under loan and credit agreements that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we could fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.
- The income source requirement will be satisfied if we obtain at least 90.0% of our income for each year from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of stock or securities or similar sources.
- The asset diversification requirement will be satisfied if we meet certain asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. To satisfy this requirement, at least 50.0% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, securities of other RICs, and other acceptable securities, provided such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5.0% of the value of our assets or more than 10.0% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and no more than 25.0% of the value of our assets can be invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, of one issuer, of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or of certain “qualified publicly traded partnerships.” Failure to meet these requirements may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly in order to prevent the loss of RIC tax treatment. Because most of our investments

will be in private companies, and therefore will be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to maintain RIC tax treatment for any reason and are subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions. We may also be subject to certain U.S. federal excise taxes, as well as state, local and foreign taxes.

We may not be able to pay distributions to our stockholders, our distributions may not grow over time, a portion of distributions paid to our stockholders may be a return of capital and investors in any debt securities we may issue may not receive all of the interest income to which they are entitled.

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Our ability to pay distributions might be harmed by, among other things, the risk factors described in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. In addition, the inability to satisfy the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC could, in the future, limit our ability to pay distributions. All distributions will be paid at the discretion of the Board and will depend on our earnings, our financial condition, maintenance of our RIC tax treatment, compliance with applicable BDC regulations, compliance with the covenants under our financing agreements and any debt securities we may issue and such other factors as the Board may deem relevant from time to time. We cannot assure you that we will pay distributions to our stockholders in the future.

Some of the above-described risks may also inhibit our ability to make required interest payments to holders of any debt securities we may issue, which may cause a default under the terms of our debt agreements. Such a default could materially increase our cost of raising capital, as well as cause us to incur penalties or trigger cross-default provisions under the terms of our debt agreements.

When we make quarterly distributions, we will be required to determine the extent to which such distributions are paid out of current or accumulated earnings and profits, recognized capital gain or capital. To the extent there is a return of capital, investors will be required to reduce their basis in our stock for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which may result in a higher tax liability when the shares are sold, even if they have not increased in value or have lost value.

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive a corresponding payment in cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having OID (such as debt instruments with contractual PIK interest or debt instruments that were issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the OID that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. Investments structured with these features may represent a higher level of credit risk compared to investments generating income which must be paid in cash on a current basis. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as deferred loan origination fees that are paid after origination of the loan or are paid in non-cash compensation such as PIK interest. We anticipate that a portion of our income may constitute OID or other income required to be included in taxable income prior to receipt of cash. Further, we may elect to amortize market discounts and include such amounts in our taxable income in the current year, instead of upon disposition, as an election not to do so would limit our ability to deduct interest expenses for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Because any OID or other amounts accrued will be included in our ICTI for the year of the accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount. As a result, we may have difficulty meeting the annual distribution requirement necessary to maintain RIC tax treatment under the Code. We may have to sell some of our investments at times and/or at prices we would not consider advantageous, raise debt or additional equity.

capital or forego new investment opportunities for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify for RIC tax treatment and thus become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

Because we intend to distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC, we will continue to need additional capital to finance our growth, and regulations governing our operation as a BDC will affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital and make distributions.

In order to satisfy the requirements applicable to a RIC, and to avoid payment of U.S. federal excise tax, we intend to distribute to our stockholders substantially all of our net ordinary income and net capital gain income except for certain net long-term capital gains recognized after we became a RIC, some or all of which we may retain, pay applicable U.S. federal income taxes with respect thereto and elect to treat as deemed distributions to our stockholders. As a BDC, we generally are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities, which includes all of our borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue, of at least 150%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow and may prohibit us from making distributions. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments or sell additional securities and, depending on the nature of our leverage, to repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous. In addition, issuance of additional securities could dilute the percentage ownership of our current stockholders in us.

While we expect to be able to borrow and to issue debt and additional equity securities, we cannot assure you that debt and equity financing will be available to us on favorable terms, or at all. If additional funds are not available to us, we could be forced to curtail or cease new investment activities, and our NAV could decline.

There may be withholding of U.S. federal income tax on dividends for non-U.S. stockholders.

Distributions by a BDC generally are treated as dividends for U.S. tax purposes, and will be subject to U.S. income or withholding tax unless the stockholder receiving the dividend qualifies for an exemption from U.S. tax, or the distribution is subject to one of the special look-through rules described below. Distributions paid out of net capital gains can qualify for a reduced rate of taxation in the hands of an individual U.S. stockholder, and an exemption from U.S. tax in the hands of a non-U.S. stockholder.

However, if reported by a RIC, dividend distributions by the RIC derived from certain interest income (such distributions, “interest-related dividends”) and certain net short-term capital gains (such distributions, “short-term capital gain dividends”) generally are exempt from U.S. withholding tax otherwise imposed on non-U.S. stockholders. Interest-related dividends are dividends that are attributable to “qualified net interest income” (i.e., “qualified interest income,” which generally consists of certain interest and OID on obligations “in registered form” as well as interest on bank deposits earned by a RIC, less allocable deductions) from sources within the United States. Short-term capital gain dividends are dividends that are attributable to net short-term capital gains, other than short-term capital gains recognized on the disposition of U.S. real property interests, earned by a RIC. However, no assurance can be given as to whether any of our distributions will be eligible for this exemption from U.S. withholding tax or, if eligible, will be reported as such by us. Furthermore, in the case of shares of our stock held through an intermediary, the intermediary may have withheld U.S. federal income tax even if we reported the payment as an interest-related dividend or short-term capital gain dividend.

A failure of any portion of our distributions to qualify for the exemption for interest-related dividends or short-term capital gain dividends would not affect the treatment of non-U.S. stockholders that qualify for an exemption from U.S. withholding tax on dividends by reason of their special status (for example, foreign government-related entities and certain pension funds resident in favorable treaty jurisdictions).

There is no assurance that any share repurchase programs we implement will result in repurchases of our common stock or enhance long-term stockholder value, and repurchases, if any, could affect our stock price and increase its volatility and will diminish our cash reserves.

On February 20, 2025, our Board authorized a 12-month share repurchase program (the “Share Repurchase Program”). Under the Share Repurchase Program, we may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on

March 1, 2025, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Share Repurchase Program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2026, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The Share Repurchase Program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program. The Share Repurchase Program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we repurchased a total of 702,054 shares of common stock in the open market under the Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.04 per share, including brokerage commissions. See “Management’s Discussion of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Recent Developments” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

There can be no assurance that any future share repurchases will occur, or, if they occur, that they will enhance stockholder value. In addition, any future share repurchases could have a material adverse effect on our business for the following reasons:

- Repurchases may not prove to be the best use of our cash resources.
- Repurchases will diminish our cash reserves, which could impact our ability to finance future growth and to pursue possible future strategic opportunities.
- We may incur debt in connection with our business in the event that we use other cash resources to repurchase shares, which may affect the financial performance of our business during future periods or our liquidity and the availability of capital for other needs of the business.
- Repurchases could affect the trading price of our common stock or increase its volatility and may reduce the market liquidity for our stock.
- Repurchases may not be made at the best possible price and the market price of our common stock may decline below the levels at which we repurchased shares of common stock.
- Any suspension, modification or discontinuance of any future share repurchase plan could result in a decrease in the trading price of our common stock.
- Repurchases may make it more difficult for us to meet the diversification requirements necessary to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes; failure to qualify for tax treatment as a RIC would render our taxable income subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.
- Repurchases may cause our non-compliance with covenants under our financing agreements, which could have an adverse effect on our operating results and financial condition.

We are highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business depends on the communications and information systems of Barings, its affiliates and our or Barings’ third-party service providers. Any failure or interruption of those systems or services, including as a result of the termination or suspension of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our or Barings’ business activities. Our or Barings’ financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. Among other things, there could be sudden electrical or telecommunications outages, natural disasters, disease pandemics, events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters and/or cyber-attacks, any one or more of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results and negatively affect the market price of our common stock.

Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies by causing a disruption to our operations or the operations of our portfolio companies, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information or the confidential information of our portfolio companies and/or damage to our business relationships or the business relationships of our portfolio companies, all of which could negatively impact the business, financial condition and operating results of us or our portfolio companies.

A cyber incident is considered to be any adverse event that threatens the confidentiality, integrity or availability of the information resources of us, Barings or our portfolio companies. These incidents may be an intentional attack or an unintentional event and could involve gaining unauthorized access to our or Barings' information systems or those of our portfolio companies for purposes of misappropriating assets, stealing confidential information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Barings' employees may be the target of fraudulent calls, emails and other forms of activities. The result of these incidents may include disrupted operations, misstated or unreliable financial data, liability for stolen assets or information, increased cybersecurity protection and insurance costs, litigation and damage to business relationships. Our business operations rely upon secure information technology systems for data processing, storage, and reporting. We depend on the effectiveness of the information and cybersecurity policies, procedures, and capabilities maintained by our affiliates and our and their respective third-party service providers to protect their computer and telecommunications systems and the data that reside on or are transmitted through them.

Substantial costs may be incurred in order to prevent any cyber incidents in the future. The costs related to cyber or other security threats or disruptions may not be fully insured or indemnified by other means. As our and our portfolio companies' reliance on technology has increased, so have the risks posed to our information systems, both internal and those provided by Barings and third-party service providers, and the information systems of our portfolio companies. Barings has implemented processes, procedures and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, but these measures, as well as our increased awareness of the nature and extent of a risk of a cyber incident, do not guarantee that a cyber incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident. In addition, cybersecurity continues to be a key priority for regulators around the world, and some jurisdictions have enacted laws requiring companies to notify individuals or the general investing public of data security breaches involving certain types of personal data, including the SEC, which, on July 26, 2023, adopted amendments requiring the prompt public disclosure of certain cybersecurity breaches. If we fail to comply with the relevant laws and regulations, we could suffer financial losses, a disruption of our business, liability to investors, regulatory intervention or reputational damage.

We are subject to risks associated with artificial intelligence and machine learning technology.

Artificial intelligence, including machine learning and similar tools and technologies that collect, aggregate, analyze or generate data or other materials, or collectively, AI, and its current and potential future applications including in the private investment and financial industries, as well as the legal and regulatory frameworks within which AI operates, continue to rapidly evolve.

Recent technological advances in AI pose risks to us, the Adviser, and our portfolio investments. We and our portfolio investments could also be exposed to the risks of AI if third-party service providers or any counterparties, whether or not known to us, also use AI in their business activities. We and our portfolio companies may not be in a position to control the use of AI technology in third-party products or services.

Use of AI could include the input of confidential information in contravention of applicable policies, contractual or other obligations or restrictions, resulting in such confidential information becoming part accessible by other third-party AI applications and users. While the Adviser does not currently use AI to make investment recommendations, the use of AI could also exacerbate or create new and unpredictable risks to our business, the Adviser's business, and the business of our portfolio companies, including by potentially significantly disrupting the markets in which we and our portfolio companies operate or subjecting us, our portfolio companies and the Adviser to increased competition and regulation, which could materially and adversely affect business, financial condition or results of operations of us, our portfolio companies and the Adviser. In addition, the use of AI by bad actors could

heighten the sophistication and effectiveness of cyber and security attacks experienced by our portfolio companies and the Adviser.

Independent of its context of use, AI technology is generally highly reliant on the collection and analysis of large amounts of data, and it is not possible or practicable to incorporate all relevant data into the model that AI technology utilizes to operate. Certain data in such models will inevitably contain a degree of inaccuracy and error—potentially materially so—and could otherwise be inadequate or flawed, which would be likely to degrade the effectiveness of AI technology. To the extent that we or our portfolio investments are exposed to the risks of AI use, any such inaccuracies or errors could have adverse impacts on us or our investments.

AI technology and its applications, including in the private investment and financial sectors, continue to develop rapidly, and it is impossible to predict the future risks that may arise from such developments.

Our business and operations may be negatively affected by securities litigation or stockholder activism, which could cause us to incur significant expense, hinder execution of our investment strategy and impact our stock price.

In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class-action litigation has often been brought against that company. In addition, stockholder activism, which could take many forms or arise in a variety of situations, including making public demands that we consider strategic alternatives, engaging in public campaigns to attempt to influence our corporate governance and/or our management, and commencing proxy contests to attempt to elect the activists' representatives or others to the Board, has increased in the BDC space in recent years. For example, we and certain of our former executive officers have previously been named defendants in a class-action lawsuit asserting claims under Section 10(b) and Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act, and, due to the potential volatility of our stock price and for a variety of other reasons, we may in the future become the target of further securities litigation or stockholder activism. Securities litigation and stockholder activism, including potential proxy contests, may result in substantial costs and divert management's and the Board's attention and resources from our business. Additionally, such securities litigation and stockholder activism could give rise to perceived uncertainties as to our future, adversely affect our relationships with service providers and make it more difficult for Barings to attract and retain qualified personnel. Also, we may be required to incur significant legal fees and other expenses related to any securities litigation and activist stockholder matters. Further, our stock price could be subject to significant fluctuation or otherwise be adversely affected by the events, risks and uncertainties of any securities litigation and stockholder activism.

Risks Relating to Our Investments

Inflation could adversely affect the business, results of operations, and financial condition of our portfolio companies.

Certain of our portfolio companies are in industries that could be impacted by inflation. If such portfolio companies are unable to pass any increases in their costs of operations along to their customers, it could adversely affect their operating results and impact their ability to pay interest and principal on our loans, particularly if interest rates rise in response to inflation. In addition, any projected future decreases in our portfolio companies' operating results due to inflation could adversely impact the fair value of those investments. Any decreases in the fair value of our investments could result in future realized or unrealized losses and therefore reduce our net assets resulting from operations.

Our investments in portfolio companies may be risky, and we could lose all or part of our investment.

Our portfolio consists primarily of senior secured private, middle-market debt and equity investments. Investing in private and middle-market companies involves a number of significant risks. Among other things, these companies:

- may have limited financial resources to meet future capital needs and thus may be unable to grow or meet their obligations under their debt instruments that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees from subsidiaries or affiliates of our portfolio companies that we may have obtained in connection with our

investment, as well as a corresponding decrease in the value of the equity components of our investments;

- may have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines, smaller market shares and/or more significant customer concentration than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;
- are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;
- generally have less predictable operating results, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position; and
- generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition. We rely on the ability of Barings' investment professionals to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential returns from investing in these companies. If Barings is unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision, and we may lose all or part of our investment.

In addition, in the course of providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain of our officers and directors or certain of Barings' investment professionals may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. We or Barings may in the future be subject to litigation that arises out of our investments in these companies, and our officers and directors or Barings and/or its investment professionals may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in an expenditure of funds (through our indemnification of such officers and directors) and the diversion of our officers', directors' and Barings' time and resources.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We generally invest in companies whose securities are not publicly traded, and whose securities may be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale, or are otherwise less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments.

Price declines and illiquidity in the corporate debt markets may adversely affect the fair value of our portfolio investments, reducing our NAV through increased net unrealized depreciation.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by the Board, which has designated Barings as Valuation Designee to perform our fair value determinations relating to the value of our assets for which market quotations are not readily available.

The Valuation Designee conducts the valuation of such investments, upon which our NAV is primarily based, in accordance with its valuation policy, as well as established and documented processes and methodologies for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring (at least quarterly) basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and ASC Topic 820. Our current valuation policy and processes were established by the Adviser and have been approved by the Board. The Adviser uses independent third-party providers to price the portfolio, but in the event an acceptable price cannot be obtained from an approved external source, the Adviser will utilize alternative methods in accordance with internal pricing procedures established by the Adviser's pricing committee. As part of the valuation process, Barings may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments:

- a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to publicly traded securities;
- the enterprise value of the portfolio company;
- the nature and realizable value of any collateral;

- the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow;
- the markets in which the portfolio company does business; and
- changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future and other relevant factors.

When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate a valuation. We record decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments as unrealized depreciation. Declines in prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets may result in significant net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio may reduce our NAV by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer additional unrealized losses in future periods, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Our failure to make follow-on investments in our portfolio companies could impair the value of our portfolio.

Following an initial investment in a portfolio company, we may make additional investments in that portfolio company as "follow-on" investments, in seeking to:

- increase or maintain in whole or in part our position as a creditor or equity ownership percentage in a portfolio company;
- exercise warrants, options or convertible securities that were acquired in the original or subsequent financing; or
- preserve or enhance the value of our investment.

We have discretion to make follow-on investments, subject to the availability of capital resources. Failure on our part to make follow-on investments may, in some circumstances, jeopardize the continued viability of a portfolio company and our initial investment, or may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful portfolio company. Even if we have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our level of risk, because we prefer other opportunities or because of regulatory or other considerations.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies and such portfolio companies may not generate sufficient cash flow to service their debt obligations to us.

We typically invest in senior debt and first lien notes, however, we have invested, and may invest in the future, a portion of our capital in second lien and subordinated loans issued by our portfolio companies. Our portfolio companies may have, or be permitted to incur, other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt securities in which we invest. Such subordinated investments are subject to greater risk of default than senior obligations as a result of adverse changes in the financial condition of the obligor or in general economic conditions. If we make a subordinated investment in a portfolio company, the portfolio company may be highly leveraged, and its relatively high debt-to-equity ratio may create increased risks that its operations might not generate sufficient cash flow to service all of its debt obligations. By their terms, such debt instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of the securities in which we invest. These debt instruments would usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event of and during the continuance of a default under such debt. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying senior creditors, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us where we are junior creditor. In the case of debt ranking equally with debt securities in which we invest, we would have to share any distributions on an equal and ratable basis with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

Additionally, certain loans that we make to portfolio companies may be secured on a second priority basis by the same collateral securing senior secured debt of such companies. The first priority liens on the collateral will secure the portfolio company's obligations under any outstanding senior debt and may secure certain other future debt that may be permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under the agreements governing the loans. The holders of obligations secured by first priority liens on the collateral will generally control the liquidation of, and be entitled to receive proceeds from, any realization of the collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of the collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by the second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the first priority liens on the collateral. If such proceeds were not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the loan obligations secured by the second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds of the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

We may in the future make unsecured loans to portfolio companies, meaning that such loans will not benefit from any interest in collateral of such companies. Liens on a portfolio company's collateral, if any, will secure the portfolio company's obligations under its outstanding secured debt and may secure certain future debt that is permitted to be incurred by the portfolio company under its secured loan agreements. The holders of obligations secured by such liens will generally control the liquidation of, and be entitled to receive proceeds from, any realization of such collateral to repay their obligations in full before us. In addition, the value of such collateral in the event of liquidation will depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. There can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from sales of such collateral would be sufficient to satisfy our unsecured loan obligations after payment in full of all loans secured by collateral. If such proceeds were not sufficient to repay the outstanding secured loan obligations, then our unsecured claims would rank equally with the unpaid portion of such secured creditors' claims against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing any junior priority loans we make to our portfolio companies may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements that we enter into with the holders of senior debt. Under a typical intercreditor agreement, at any time that obligations that have the benefit of the first priority liens are outstanding, any of the following actions that may be taken in respect of the collateral will be at the direction of the holders of the obligations secured by the first priority liens:

- the ability to cause the commencement of enforcement proceedings against the collateral;
- the ability to control the conduct of such proceedings;
- the approval of amendments to collateral documents;
- releases of liens on the collateral; and
- waivers of past defaults under collateral documents.

We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if our rights as junior lenders are adversely affected.

There may be circumstances where our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

Even if we structure an investment as a senior loan, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances and based upon principles of equitable subordination as defined by existing case law, a bankruptcy court could subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors and transfer any lien securing such subordinated claim to the bankruptcy estate. The principles of equitable subordination defined by case law have generally indicated that a claim may be subordinated only if its holder is guilty of misconduct or where the senior loan is re-characterized as an equity investment and the senior lender has actually provided significant managerial assistance to the bankrupt debtor. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business or instances where we exercise control over the borrower. It is possible that we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, including as a result of actions taken in rendering managerial assistance or actions to compel and collect payments from the borrower outside the ordinary course of business.

Second priority liens on collateral securing loans that we make to our portfolio companies may be subject to control by senior creditors with first priority liens. If there is a default, the value of the collateral may not be sufficient to repay in full both the first priority creditors and us.

Certain loans that we make are secured by a second priority security interest in the same collateral pledged by a portfolio company to secure senior debt owed by the portfolio company to commercial banks or other traditional lenders. Often the senior lender has procured covenants from the portfolio company prohibiting the incurrence of additional secured debt without the senior lender's consent. Prior to and as a condition of permitting the portfolio company to borrow money from us secured by the same collateral pledged to the senior lender, the senior lender will require assurances that it will control the disposition of any collateral in the event of bankruptcy or other default. In many such cases, the senior lender will require us to enter into an "inter-creditor agreement" prior to permitting the portfolio company to borrow from us. Typically the inter-creditor agreements we are requested to execute expressly subordinate our debt instruments to those held by the senior lender and further provide that the senior lender shall control: (i) the commencement of foreclosure or other proceedings to liquidate and collect on the collateral; (ii) the nature, timing and conduct of foreclosure or other collection proceedings; (iii) the amendment of any collateral document; (iv) the release of the security interests in respect of any collateral; and (v) the waiver of defaults under any security agreement. Because of the control we may cede to senior lenders under inter-creditor agreements we may enter, we may be unable to realize the proceeds of any collateral securing some of our loans.

Finally, the value of the collateral securing our debt investment will ultimately depend on market and economic conditions, the availability of buyers and other factors. Therefore, there can be no assurance that the proceeds, if any, from the sale or sales of all of the collateral would be sufficient to satisfy the loan obligations secured by our second priority liens after payment in full of all obligations secured by the senior lender's first priority liens on the collateral. There is also a risk that such collateral securing our investments may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the portfolio company and market conditions. If such proceeds are not sufficient to repay amounts outstanding under the loan obligations secured by our second priority liens, then we, to the extent not repaid from the proceeds from the sale of the collateral, will only have an unsecured claim against the portfolio company's remaining assets, if any.

Covenant-Lite Loans may expose us to different risks, including with respect to liquidity, price volatility, ability to restructure loans, credit risks and less protective loan documentation, than is the case with loans that contain financial maintenance covenants.

A significant number of high yield loans in the market, in particular the broadly syndicated loan market, may consist of covenant-lite loans, or "Covenant-Lite Loans." A significant portion of the loans in which we may invest or get exposure to through our investments may be deemed to be Covenant-Lite Loans and it is possible that such loans may comprise a majority of our portfolio. Such loans do not require the borrower to maintain debt service or other financial ratios and do not include terms which allow the lender to monitor the performance of the borrower and declare a default if certain criteria are breached. Ownership of Covenant-Lite Loans may expose us to different

risks, including with respect to liquidity, price volatility, ability to restructure loans, credit risks and less protective loan documentation, than is the case with loans that contain financial maintenance covenants.

Our investments in foreign companies may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

Our investment strategy includes investments in foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risk not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes (potentially at confiscatory levels), less liquid markets, less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although the majority of our investments are currently U.S. dollar-denominated and are expected to be U.S. dollar-denominated, our investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us.

We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

We have entered into hedging transactions and may continue to do so in the future, which may expose us to risks associated with such transactions. We have utilized and may continue to utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter-party credit risk. Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price. The success of our hedging transactions will depend on our ability to correctly predict movements in currencies and interest rates. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to (or be able to) establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations.

If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy.

As a BDC, we may not acquire any assets other than “qualifying assets” unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70.0% of our total assets are qualifying assets. For further detail, see “Item 1. — Business — Regulation of Business Development Companies” included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We may be precluded from investing in what we believe are attractive investments if such investments are not qualifying assets for purposes of the 1940 Act. If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying

assets, we could lose our status as a BDC. If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company that is required to register under the 1940 Act, which would subject us to additional regulatory restrictions and significantly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, any such failure could cause an event of default under our outstanding indebtedness. For these reasons, loss of BDC status likely would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Similarly, these rules could prevent us from making follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies (which could result in the dilution of our position).

We are a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and therefore we are not limited with respect to the proportion of our assets that may be invested in securities of a single issuer.

We are classified as a non-diversified investment company within the meaning of the 1940 Act, which means that we are not limited by the 1940 Act with respect to the proportion of our assets that we may invest in securities of a single issuer. To the extent that we assume large positions in the securities of a small number of issuers, our NAV may fluctuate to a greater extent than that of a diversified investment company as a result of changes in the financial condition or the market's assessment of the issuer or the industry in which it operates. We may also be more susceptible to any single economic or regulatory occurrence than a diversified investment company. Beyond our RIC asset diversification requirements under the Code and certain investment diversification requirements under our financing agreements, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification, and our investments could be concentrated in relatively few portfolio companies.

We generally do not control our portfolio companies.

We generally do not expect to control most of our portfolio companies, even though we or Barings may have board representation or board observation rights, and our debt agreements with such portfolio companies may contain certain restrictive covenants. As a result, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company in which we invest may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the management of such company, as representatives of the holders of their common equity, may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests as debt investors. Due to the lack of liquidity for our investments in non-traded companies, we may not be able to dispose of our interests in our portfolio companies as readily as we would like or at an appropriate valuation. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

Prepayments of our debt investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

We are subject to the risk that the investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. When this occurs, we will generally reinvest these proceeds in temporary investments, pending their future investment in new portfolio companies. These temporary investments will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. Any future investment in a new portfolio company may also be at lower yields than the debt that was repaid. As a result, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our securities.

Any unrealized depreciation we experience on our loan portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available for distribution.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith by the Board (or its valuation designee pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act). Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized depreciation in our loan portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its repayment obligations to us with respect to the affected loans. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available for distribution in future periods.

Defaults by our portfolio companies may harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize a portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt or equity securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms, which may include the waiver of certain financial covenants, with a defaulting portfolio company.

We may not realize gains from our equity investments.

Certain investments that we have made in the past and may make in the future include equity securities. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including the risk of further dilution as a result of additional issuances, inability to access additional capital and failure to pay current distributions. Investments in preferred securities involve special risks, such as the risk of deferred distributions, credit risk, illiquidity and limited voting rights. In addition, we may from time to time make non-control, equity co-investments in companies in conjunction with private equity sponsors. Our goal is ultimately to realize gains upon our disposition of such equity interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. We also may be unable to realize any value if a portfolio company does not have a liquidity event, such as a sale of the business, recapitalization or public offering, which would allow us to sell the underlying equity interests.

Our investments in asset-backed securities are subject to additional risks.

Asset-backed securities often involve risks that are different from or more acute than risks associated with other types of debt instruments. For instance, asset-backed securities may be particularly sensitive to changes in prevailing interest rates. In addition, the underlying assets may be subject to prepayments that shorten the securities' weighted average maturity and may lower their return. Asset-backed securities are also subject to risks associated with their structure and the nature of the assets underlying the security and the servicing of those assets. Payment of interest and repayment of principal on asset-backed securities is largely dependent upon the cash flows generated by the assets backing the securities. Certain asset-backed securities are supported by letters of credit, surety bonds or other credit enhancements. However, if many borrowers on the underlying assets default, losses could exceed the credit enhancement level and result in losses to investors, such as the Company. The values of asset-backed securities may be substantially dependent on the servicing of the underlying asset pools, and are therefore subject to risks associated with the negligence by, or defalcation of, their servicers. Furthermore, debtors may be entitled to the protection of a number of state and federal consumer credit laws with respect to the assets underlying these securities, which may give the debtor the right to avoid or reduce payment.

Our investments in collateralized loan obligation vehicles are subject to additional risks.

We may invest in debt and equity interests of collateralized loan obligation ("CLO") vehicles. Generally, there may be less information available to us regarding the underlying debt investments held by such CLOs than if we had invested directly in the debt of the underlying companies. As a result, we and our stockholders may not know the details of the underlying holdings of the CLO vehicles in which we may invest.

As a BDC, we may not acquire equity and junior debt investments in CLO vehicles unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of our total assets are "qualifying assets." CLO vehicles that we expect to invest in are typically very highly leveraged, and therefore, the junior debt and equity tranches that we expect to invest in are subject to a higher degree of risk of total loss. In particular, investors in CLO vehicles indirectly bear risks of the underlying debt investments held by such CLO vehicles. We will generally have the right to receive payments only from the CLO vehicles, and will generally not have direct rights against the underlying borrowers or the entity that sponsored the CLO vehicle. While the CLO vehicles we intend to target generally enable the investor to acquire interests in a pool of leveraged corporate loans without the expenses associated with directly holding the same investments, we will generally pay a proportionate share of the CLO vehicles' administrative and other expenses. Although it is difficult to predict whether the prices of indices and securities underlying CLO

vehicles will rise or fall, these prices (and, therefore, the prices of the CLO vehicles) will be influenced by the same types of political and economic events that affect issuers of securities and capital markets generally. The failure by a CLO vehicle in which we invest to satisfy certain financial covenants, specifically those with respect to adequate collateralization and/or interest coverage tests, could lead to a reduction in its payments to us. In the event that a CLO vehicle failed those tests, holders of debt senior to us may be entitled to additional payments that would, in turn, reduce the payments we would otherwise be entitled to receive. If any of these occur, it could materially and adversely affect our operating results and cash flows.

In addition to the general risks associated with investing in debt securities, CLO vehicles carry additional risks, including, but not limited to: (i) the possibility that distributions from collateral securities will not be adequate to make interest or other payments; (ii) the quality of the collateral may decline in value or default; (iii) the fact that our investments in CLO tranches will likely be subordinate to other senior classes of note tranches thereof; and (iv) the complex structure of the security may not be fully understood at the time of investment and may produce disputes with the CLO vehicle or unexpected investment results. Our NAV may also decline over time if our principal recovery with respect to CLO equity investments is less than the price we paid for those investments.

Investments in structured vehicles, including equity and junior debt instruments issued by CLO vehicles, involve risks, including credit risk and market risk. Changes in interest rates and credit quality may cause significant price fluctuations. Additionally, changes in the underlying leveraged corporate loans held by a CLO vehicle may cause payments on the instruments we hold to be reduced, either temporarily or permanently. Structured investments, particularly the subordinated interests in which we intend to invest, may be less liquid than many other types of securities and may be more volatile than the leveraged corporate loans underlying the CLO vehicles we intend to target. Fluctuations in interest rates may also cause payments on the tranches of CLO vehicles that we hold to be reduced, either temporarily or permanently.

Any interests we acquire in CLO vehicles will likely be thinly traded or have only a limited trading market and may be subject to restrictions on resale. Securities issued by CLO vehicles are generally not listed on any U.S. national securities exchange and no active trading market may exist for the securities of CLO vehicles in which we may invest. Although a secondary market may exist for our investments in CLO vehicles, the market for our investments in CLO vehicles may be subject to irregular trading activity, wide bid/ask spreads and extended trade settlement periods. As a result, these types of investments may be more difficult to value. In addition, our investments in CLO warehouse facilities are short term investments and therefore may be subject to a greater risk relating to market conditions and economic recession or downturns.

We may be subject to risks associated with syndicated loans.

From time to time, we may acquire interests in syndicated loans. Under the documentation for syndicated loans, a financial institution or other entity typically is designated as the administrative agent and/or collateral agent. This agent is granted a lien on any collateral on behalf of the other lenders and distributes payments on the indebtedness as they are received. The agent is the party responsible for administering and enforcing the loan and generally may take actions only in accordance with the instructions of a majority or two-thirds in commitments and/or principal amount of the associated indebtedness. In most cases, we do not expect to hold a sufficient amount of the indebtedness to be able to compel any actions by the agent. Consequently, we would only be able to direct such actions if instructions from us were made in conjunction with other holders of associated indebtedness that together with us compose the requisite percentage of the related indebtedness then entitled to take action. Conversely, if holders of the required amount of the associated indebtedness other than us desire to take certain actions, such actions may be taken even if we did not support such actions. Furthermore, if an investment is subordinated to one or more senior loans made to the applicable obligor, our ability to exercise such rights may be subordinated to the exercise of such rights by the senior lenders. Accordingly, we may be precluded from directing such actions unless we act together with other holders of the indebtedness. If we are unable to direct such actions, we cannot assure you that the actions taken will be in our best interests.

If an investment is a syndicated revolving loan or delayed drawdown loan, other lenders may fail to satisfy their full contractual funding commitments for such loan, which could create a breach of contract, result in a lawsuit by the obligor against the lenders and adversely affect the fair market value of our investment.

There is a risk that a loan agent in respect of one of our loans may become bankrupt or insolvent. Such an event would delay, and possibly impair, any enforcement actions undertaken by holders of the associated indebtedness, including attempts to realize upon the collateral securing the associated indebtedness and/or direct the agent to take actions against the related obligor or the collateral securing the associated indebtedness and actions to realize on proceeds of payments made by obligors that are in the possession or control of any other financial institution. In addition, we may be unable to remove the agent in circumstances in which removal would be in our best interests. Moreover, agented loans typically allow the agent to resign with certain advance notice.

Our special situations investments involve a high degree of credit and market risk.

Our special situations investments, which consist of investments in the securities and debt of financially troubled issuers or borrowers and operationally troubled issuers or borrowers, involve a high degree of credit and market risk. Although we may invest in select companies that, in the view of the Adviser, have the potential over the long-term for capital growth, there can be no assurance that such financially troubled issuers or operationally troubled issuers can be successfully transformed into profitable operating companies. There is a possibility that we may incur substantial or total losses on investments or that such investments may not show any return for a considerable period of time. Under such circumstances, the returns generated from the investments may not compensate investors adequately for the risks assumed.

The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful investment in companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is unusually high. There can be no assurance that the Adviser will correctly evaluate the value of a company's assets or the prospects for a successful reorganization or similar action. During an economic downturn or recession, securities of financially troubled or operationally troubled issuers and borrowers are more likely to go into default than securities of other issuers. In addition, it may be difficult to obtain information about such issuers and borrowers.

Securities and debt of financially troubled issuers or borrowers and operationally troubled issuers or borrowers are less liquid and more volatile than securities of companies not experiencing financial or operational difficulties. The market prices of such securities are subject to erratic and abrupt market movements, and the spread between bid and asked prices may be greater than normally expected. In addition, it is anticipated that many investments may not be widely traded and that our investment in such securities may be substantial relative to the market for such securities. As a result, we may experience delays and incur losses and other costs in connection with the sale of investments.

Troubled company and other asset-based investments require active monitoring and may, at times, require participation in business strategy or reorganization proceedings by the Adviser. To the extent that the Adviser becomes involved in such proceedings, we may have a more active participation in the affairs of the issuer than that assumed generally by an investor. In addition, involvement by the Adviser in an issuer's reorganization proceedings could result in the imposition of restrictions limiting our ability to liquidate its position in the issuer or increase the likelihood of us being involved in litigation.

Risks Relating to Our Securities

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, frequently trade at a discount to their NAV and may trade at premiums that may prove to be unsustainable.

Shares of closed-end investment companies, including BDCs, frequently trade at a discount from NAV, and may trade at premiums that may prove to be unsustainable. This characteristic of closed-end investment companies and BDCs is separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share may decline. We cannot predict whether our common stock will trade at, above or below NAV. The risk of purchasing shares of a BDC that might trade at a discount or unsustainable premium is more pronounced for investors who wish to sell their shares in a relatively short period of time because, for those investors, realization of a gain or loss on their investments is likely to be more dependent upon changes in premium or discount levels than upon increases or decreases in NAV per share. As

of December 31, 2025, the closing price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$9.18 per share, an approximately 17.2% discount to our NAV per share as of December 31, 2025.

In addition, at times when our common stock trades below NAV, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price without first obtaining the approval of our stockholders and our independent directors. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current NAV per share of our common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. Any such sale would be dilutive to the NAV per share of our common stock. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any commission or discount). If our common stock trades at a discount to NAV, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise capital.

Investing in our securities may involve an above-average degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objective may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and a higher risk of volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative, and therefore, an investment in our shares may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

The market price of our securities may be volatile and fluctuate significantly.

Fluctuations in the trading prices of our shares may adversely affect the liquidity of the trading market for our shares and, if we seek to raise capital through future equity financings, our ability to raise such equity capital. The market price and liquidity of the market for our securities may be significantly affected by numerous factors, some of which are beyond our control and may not be directly related to our operating performance. These factors include:

- significant volatility in the market price and trading volume of securities of BDCs or other companies in our sector, which are not necessarily related to the operating performance of these companies;
- changes in regulatory policies or tax guidelines, particularly with respect to RICs or BDCs;
- inability to obtain certain exemptive relief from the SEC;
- loss of RIC tax treatment;
- changes in earnings or variations in operating results;
- changes in the value of our portfolio of investments;
- any shortfall in investment income or net investment income or any increase in losses from levels expected by investors or securities analysts;
- conversion features of subscription rights, warrants or convertible debt;
- loss of a major funding source;
- fluctuations in interest rates;
- the operating performance of companies comparable to us;
- departure of Barings' or any of its affiliates' key personnel;
- proposed, or completed, offerings of our securities, including classes other than our common stock;
- global or national credit market changes; and
- general economic trends and other external factors.

The market for any security is subject to volatility. The loans and securities purchased by us and issued by us are no exception to this fundamental investment truism that prices will fluctuate.

We may be unable to invest a significant portion of the net proceeds raised from our offerings on acceptable terms, which would harm our financial condition and operating results.

Delays in investing the net proceeds raised in our offerings may cause our performance to be worse than that of other fully invested BDCs or other lenders or investors pursuing comparable investment strategies. We cannot assure you that we will be able to identify any investments that meet our investment objective or that any investment that we make will produce a positive return. We may be unable to invest the net proceeds from any offering on acceptable terms within the time period that we anticipate or at all, which could harm our financial condition and operating results.

We anticipate that, depending on market conditions, it may take a substantial period of time to invest substantially all of the net proceeds from any offering in securities meeting our investment objective. During such a period, we have and will continue to invest the net proceeds from any offering primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities, repurchase agreements and high-quality debt instruments maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which may produce returns that are significantly lower than the returns which we expect to achieve when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective, and given our expense ratio and the prevailing interest rate climate, there is a possible risk of losing money on the offering proceeds from certain securities, such as debt securities during this interval. As a result, any dividends or distributions that we pay during such period may be substantially lower than the dividends or distributions that we may be able to pay when our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective. In addition, until such time as the net proceeds from any offering are invested in securities meeting our investment objective, the market price for our securities may decline. Thus, the return on your investment may be lower than when, if ever, our portfolio is fully invested in securities meeting our investment objective.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock in the public market may have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Sales of substantial amounts of our common stock, or the availability of such common stock for sale, could adversely affect the prevailing market prices for our common stock. If this occurs and continues, it could impair our ability to raise additional capital through the sale of securities should we desire to do so.

If we sell common stock at a discount to our NAV per share, stockholders will experience immediate dilution in an amount that may be material.

Any sale of common stock at a price below NAV would result in an immediate dilution to existing common stockholders. During periods of time in which we have authority from stockholders to issue shares of common stock at a price below NAV, such shares of common stock could be issued at a price that is substantially below the NAV per share, and the resulting dilution could be substantial. This dilution would include reduction in the NAV per share as a result of the issuance of shares at a price below the NAV per share and a proportionately greater decrease in a stockholder's interest in the earnings and assets of the Company and voting interest in the Company than the increase in the assets, potential earnings and voting interests of the Company resulting from such issuance. In addition, such issuances or sales may adversely affect the price at which our common stock trades. We do not currently have the authorization from our stockholders to issue common stock at a price below the then-current NAV per share and there is no guarantee that we will obtain such authorization from our stockholders in the future.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter and by-laws could deter takeover attempts and have an adverse impact on the price of our common stock.

The Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter and by-laws contain provisions that may have the effect of discouraging, delaying or making difficult a change in control of our Company or the removal of our incumbent directors. Specifically, the Board has adopted a resolution explicitly subjecting us to the Maryland Business Combination Act under the Maryland General Corporation Law, which, subject to limitations, prohibits certain business combinations between us and an "interested stockholder" (defined generally as any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of our outstanding voting stock) or an affiliate thereof for five years after the most recent date on which the stockholder becomes an interested stockholder and thereafter imposes fair price and/or super majority voting requirements on these combinations. In addition, our charter classifies the

Board in three classes serving staggered three-year terms and provides that a director may be removed only for cause by the vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast for the election of directors generally. In addition, our by-laws provide that, subject to the satisfaction of certain procedural and informational requirements by the stockholders requesting the meeting, a special meeting of stockholders will be called by our secretary to act upon any matter that may properly be considered at a meeting of stockholders only upon the written request of the stockholders entitled to cast at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast on such matter at the meeting.

In addition, subject to the provisions of the 1940 Act, our charter permits the Board, without stockholder action, to authorize the issuance of shares of stock in one or more classes or series, including preferred stock. Subject to compliance with the 1940 Act, the Board may, without stockholder action, amend our charter from time to time to increase or decrease the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. The existence of these provisions, among others, may have a negative impact on the price of our common stock and may discourage third-party bids for ownership of our company. These provisions may prevent any premiums being offered to you for shares of our common stock.

If we issue preferred stock and/or debt securities, the NAV and market value of our common stock may become more volatile.

We cannot assure you that the issuance of preferred stock and/or debt securities would result in a higher yield or return to the holders of our common stock. The issuance of preferred stock and/or debt securities would likely cause the NAV and market value of our common stock to become more volatile. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock, or the interest rate on the debt securities, were to approach the net rate of return on our investment portfolio, the benefit of leverage to the holders of our common stock would be reduced. If the dividend rate on the preferred stock, or the interest rate on the debt securities, were to exceed the net rate of return on our portfolio, the use of leverage would result in a lower rate of return to the holders of common stock than if we had not issued the preferred stock or debt securities. Any decline in the NAV of our investment would be borne entirely by the holders of our common stock. Therefore, if the market value of our portfolio were to decline, the leverage would result in a greater decrease in NAV to the holders of our common stock than if we were not leveraged through the issuance of preferred stock or debt securities. This decline in NAV would also tend to cause a greater decline in the market price for our common stock.

There is also a risk that, in the event of a sharp decline in the value of our net assets, we would be in danger of failing to maintain required asset coverage ratios which may be required by the preferred stock and/or debt securities or of a downgrade in the ratings of the preferred stock and/or debt securities or our current investment income might not be sufficient to meet the dividend requirements on the preferred stock or the interest payments on the debt securities. In order to counteract such an event, we might need to liquidate investments in order to fund redemption of some or all of the preferred stock and/or debt securities. In addition, we would pay (and the holders of our common stock would bear) all costs and expenses relating to the issuance and ongoing maintenance of the preferred stock and/or debt securities. Holders of preferred stock and/or debt securities may have different interests than holders of common stock and may at times have disproportionate influence over our affairs.

There is a risk that investors in our common stock may not receive a specified level of dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time and that investors in any debt securities we may issue may not receive all of the interest income to which they are entitled.

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. If we declare a dividend and if more stockholders opt to receive cash distributions rather than participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, we may be forced to sell some of our investments in order to make cash dividend payments.

In addition, due to the asset coverage and NAV tests applicable to us as a BDC and under covenants under our financing agreements, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Further, if we invest a greater amount of assets in equity securities that do not pay current dividends, it could reduce the amount available for distribution.

See "Item 5. — Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities — Distribution Policy" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for further discussion of distributions.

The above-referenced restrictions on distributions may also inhibit our ability to make required interest payments to holders of our current debt including the Series C Notes, the February Notes, the November 2026 Notes, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes (each as defined below under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources" included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), and any future debt we may issue, which may cause a default under the terms of the relevant debt agreements. Such a default could materially increase our cost of raising capital, as well as cause us to incur penalties under the terms of our debt agreements.

Terms relating to redemption may materially adversely affect your return on any debt securities that we may issue.

If you are holding debt securities issued by us and such securities are redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In addition, if you are holding debt securities issued by us and such securities are subject to mandatory redemption, we may be required to redeem your debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In this circumstance, you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as your debt securities being redeemed.

We may not be able to prepay the Series C Notes, the February Notes, the November 2026 Notes, the February 2029 Notes or the September 2028 Notes upon a change in control.

The note purchase agreements governing the Series C Notes and the February Notes, and the indentures governing the November 2026 Notes, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes, require us to offer to prepay all of the respective issued and outstanding notes upon the occurrence of certain change in control events, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Upon a change in control event, holders of the notes may require us to prepay in cash some or all of the notes at a prepayment price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the notes being prepaid, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment. If a change in control were to occur, we may not have sufficient funds to prepay any such accelerated indebtedness.

Future offerings of debt securities, which would be senior to our common stock upon liquidation, or equity securities, which could dilute our existing stockholders and may be senior to our common stock for the purposes of distributions, may harm the value of our common stock.

In the future, we may attempt to increase our capital resources by making offerings of additional debt securities or additional equity securities, including commercial paper, medium-term notes, senior or subordinated notes and classes of preferred stock or common stock subject to the restrictions of the 1940 Act. Upon a liquidation of our company, holders of our debt securities and shares of preferred stock and lenders with respect to other borrowings would receive a distribution of our available assets prior to the holders of our common stock. Additional equity offerings by us may dilute the holdings of our existing stockholders or reduce the value of our common stock, or both. Any preferred stock we may issue would have a preference on distributions that could limit our ability to make distributions to the holders of our common stock. Because our decision to issue securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of our future offerings. Thus, our stockholders bear the risk of our future offerings reducing the market price of our common stock and diluting their stock holdings in us. In addition, proceeds from a sale of common stock will likely be used to increase our total assets or to pay down our borrowings, among other uses. This would increase our asset coverage ratio and permit us to incur additional leverage under rules pertaining to BDCs by increasing our borrowings or issuing senior securities such as preferred stock or debt securities.

You may have a current tax liability on distributions reinvested in our common stock pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan or otherwise but would not receive cash from such distributions to pay such tax liability.

If you participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, you will be deemed to have received, and for U.S. federal income tax purposes will be taxed on, the amount reinvested in our common stock to the extent the amount reinvested was not a tax-free return of capital. As a result, unless you are a tax-exempt entity, you may have to use funds from other sources to pay your tax liability on the value of our common stock received from the distribution.

In addition, in order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement applicable to RICs, we have the ability to declare a large portion of a dividend in shares of our common stock instead of in cash. As long as a portion of such dividend is paid in cash (which portion may be as low as 20% of the declared dividend) and certain requirements are met, the entire distribution will be treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a stockholder generally would be subject to tax on 100% of the fair market value of the dividend on the date the dividend is received by the stockholder in the same manner as a cash dividend, even though most of the dividend was paid in shares of our common stock. We currently do not intend to pay dividends in shares of our common stock other than in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating, if any, assigned by a rating agency to us or any of our outstanding unsecured notes, or change in the debt markets could cause the liquidity or market value of our securities to decline significantly.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by rating agencies of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the value and trading prices, if any, of our outstanding unsecured notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the notes. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion. We undertake no obligation to maintain our credit ratings or to advise any holders of our unsecured notes of any changes in our credit ratings, except as may be required under the terms of any applicable indenture or other governing document, including the November 2020 NPA, the February 2021 NPA (each as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) and the indenture governing the November 2026 Notes, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes. There can be no assurance that our credit ratings will remain for any given period of time or that such credit ratings will not be lowered or withdrawn entirely by the rating agency if in their judgment future circumstances relating to the basis of the credit ratings, such as adverse changes in our business or operations, so warrant. Any downgrades to us or our securities could increase our cost of capital or otherwise have a negative effect on our results of operations and financial condition. In this regard, the fixed rates of the Series C Notes and the February Notes are subject to increase in the event that a Below Investment Grade Event (as defined in relevant note purchase agreement) occurs. The conditions of the financial markets and prevailing interest rates have fluctuated in the past and are likely to fluctuate in the future, which could have an adverse effect on the market prices and value of our unsecured notes.

General Risk Factors

We are currently operating in a period of capital markets disruption and economic uncertainty.

The success of our activities is affected by general economic and market conditions, including, among others, interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, economic uncertainty, changes in laws, and trade barriers. These factors could affect the level and volatility of securities prices and the liquidity of our investments. Volatility or illiquidity could impair our profitability or result in losses. These factors also could adversely affect the availability or cost of our leverage, which would result in lower returns. In addition, the U.S. capital markets have experienced volatility and disruption in recent years. Disruptions in the capital markets have in the past increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets.

These and future market disruptions and/or illiquidity would be expected to have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Unfavorable economic conditions also would be

expected to increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events have limited and could continue to limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and have a material negative impact on our operating results and the fair values of our debt and equity investments.

Global capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability or an economic recession in the future. These conditions have historically affected and could again materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets in the United States and around the world and could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

The U.S. and global capital markets have from time to time experienced periods of disruption characterized by the freezing of available credit, a lack of liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant losses in the principal value of investments, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market, the failure of major financial institutions and general volatility in the financial markets. During these periods of disruption, general economic conditions deteriorated with material and adverse consequences for the broader financial and credit markets, and the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole, and financial services firms in particular, was reduced significantly. These conditions may reoccur for a prolonged period of time or materially worsen in the future.

Market conditions may in the future make it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. If we are unable to raise or refinance debt, then our equity investors may not benefit from the potential for increased returns on equity resulting from leverage and we may be limited in our ability to make new commitments or to fund existing commitments to our portfolio companies.

Given the volatility and dislocation that the capital markets have historically experienced, many BDCs have faced, and may in the future face, a challenging environment in which to raise capital. We may in the future have difficulty accessing debt and equity capital on attractive terms, or at all, and a severe disruption or instability in the global financial markets or deteriorations in credit and financing conditions may cause us to reduce the volume of the loans we originate and/or fund, which may adversely affect the value of our portfolio investments or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets, including instances of extreme volatility and disruption, have had, and may in the future have, a negative effect on the valuations of our investments and on the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. We monitor developments and seek to manage our investments in a manner consistent with achieving our investment objective, but there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so, and we may not timely anticipate or manage existing, new or additional risks, contingencies or developments, including regulatory developments in the current or future market environment.

An inability to raise capital, and any required sale of our investments for liquidity purposes, could have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. The debt capital that will be available to us in the future, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions than what we currently experience, including being at a higher cost in rising rate environments. If we are unable to raise or refinance debt, then our equity investors may not benefit from the potential for increased returns on equity resulting from leverage and we may be limited in our ability to make new commitments or to fund existing commitments to our portfolio companies. In addition, equity capital may be difficult to raise during periods of adverse or volatile market conditions because, subject to some limited exceptions, as a BDC, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than NAV without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our Independent Directors.

Many of the portfolio companies in which we make investments may be susceptible to economic slowdowns or recessions and may be unable to repay the loans we made to them during these periods. Therefore, our non-performing assets may increase and the value of our portfolio may decrease during these periods as we are required to record our investments at their current fair value. Adverse economic conditions also may decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable

economic conditions also could increase our and our portfolio companies' funding costs, limit our and our portfolio companies' access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us or our portfolio companies. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, acceleration of the time when the loans are due and foreclosure on its secured assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize the portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt that we hold. We may incur additional expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we will actually provide significant managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors.

Terrorist attacks, acts of war, national disasters, or public health crises (such as outbreaks or pandemics) may affect any market for our securities, impact the businesses in which we invest and harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Terrorist acts, acts of war, national disasters, or public health crises (such as outbreaks or pandemics) may disrupt our operations, as well as the operations of the businesses in which we invest. Such acts have created, and continue to create, economic and political uncertainties and have contributed to global economic instability. For example, many countries have experienced outbreaks of infectious illnesses in recent decades, including swine flu, avian influenza, SARS and COVID-19.

Geopolitical conflicts, and resulting market volatility, could also adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition. The extent and duration or escalation of such conflicts, resulting sanctions and future market disruptions are impossible to predict, but could be significant. Any disruptions resulting from such conflicts and any future conflict (including cyberattacks, espionage or the use or threatened use of nuclear weapons) or resulting from actual or threatened responses to such actions could cause disruptions to any of our portfolio companies located in affected regions or that have substantial business relationships with companies in affected regions. It is not possible to predict the duration or extent of longer-term consequences of these conflicts, which could include further sanctions, retaliatory and escalating measures, embargoes, regional instability, geopolitical shifts and adverse effects on or involving macroeconomic conditions, the energy sector, supply chains, inflation, security conditions, currency exchange rates and financial markets around the globe. Any such market disruptions could affect our portfolio companies' operations and, as a result, could have a material effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The extent to which any disease outbreaks or health pandemics may negatively affect our and our portfolio companies' operating results, or the duration of any potential business or supply chain disruption, is uncertain. These potential impacts, while uncertain, could adversely affect our operating results and the operating results of the portfolio companies in which we invest. There is a risk that any future disease outbreaks or health pandemics (including a recurrence of COVID-19) would impact our ability to achieve our investment objectives. Further, if a future pandemic occurs during a period when our investments are maturing, we may not be able to realize our investments within the Company's term, or at all. In addition, future terrorist activities, military or security operations, natural disasters, disease outbreaks, pandemics or other similar events could weaken the domestic/global economies and create additional uncertainties, which may negatively impact our portfolio companies and, in turn, could have a material effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

We are subject to risks related to corporate social responsibility.

Our business faces increasing public scrutiny related to corporate social responsibility activities. We risk damage to our brand and reputation if we fail to act responsibly in a number of areas, such as environmental stewardship, corporate governance and transparency and the consideration of corporate social responsibility factors in our investment processes. Adverse incidents with respect to such corporate social responsibility activities could impact the value of our brand, the cost of our operations and relationships with investors, all of which could adversely affect our business and results of operations. At the same time, different stakeholder groups have

divergent views on corporate social responsibility matters, which increases the risk that any action or lack thereof with respect to corporate social responsibility matters will be perceived negatively by at least some stakeholders and may adversely impact our reputation and business. If we do not successfully manage corporate social responsibility-related expectations across these varied stakeholder interests, it could erode stakeholder trust, impact our reputation and constrain our business.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including our ability or inability to make investments in companies that meet our investment criteria, the interest rate payable on the debt securities we acquire, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic downturns or recessions and may be unable to repay our loans or meet other obligations during these periods. Therefore, during these periods our non-performing assets may increase and the value of these assets may decrease. Adverse economic conditions may also decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our debt and equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, termination of its loans and foreclosure on its assets, which could trigger cross-defaults under other agreements and jeopardize our portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt securities that we hold. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company. In addition, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, even though we may have structured our interest as senior debt or preferred equity, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt or equity holding and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to those of other creditors.

The outcome of the U.S. presidential, congressional and other elections creates significant uncertainty with respect to the legal, tax and regulatory regime in which we and our portfolio companies will operate.

Changes in the composition of the U.S. government following an election could result in changes to U.S. and non-U.S. fiscal, tax and other policies, as well as the global financial markets generally. Any significant changes in economic policy, the regulation of the asset management industry, international trade policy and/or tax law, among other things, could have a material adverse impact on us and our investments. General fluctuations in the market prices of securities and interest rates could affect our investment opportunities and the value of our investments. We could also be affected by difficult conditions in the capital markets and any overall weakening of the financial services industry. Ongoing disruptions in the global credit markets could affect issuers' ability to pay debts and obligations on a timely basis. If defaults occur, we could lose both invested capital in, and anticipated profits from, any affected investments.

While the current U.S. administration has signaled a reduced emphasis on regulation, past U.S. administrations supported an enhanced regulatory agenda. Changes in regulation can impose greater costs on certain sectors, including financial services, or otherwise impact the competitive environment for obligors, which could adversely impact us and our clients.

Changes to U.S. tariff and import/export regulations may have a negative effect on our portfolio companies and, in turn, harm us.

The U.S. government has indicated its intent, made proposals and taken actions to alter its approach to international trade policy and in some cases to renegotiate, or potentially terminate, existing bilateral or multi-lateral trade agreements and treaties with foreign countries. Some foreign governments, including China, have instituted retaliatory tariffs on certain U.S. goods. These developments, or the perception that more of them could occur, may have a material adverse effect on global economic conditions and the stability of global financial markets, and may significantly reduce global trade and, in particular, trade between the impacted nations and the United States. Any of these factors could depress economic activity and restrict our portfolio companies' access to suppliers or customers and have a material adverse effect on their business, financial condition and results of operations, which in turn would negatively impact us.

There is uncertainty as to further actions that may be taken under the current U.S. presidential administration with respect to U.S. trade policy. Further governmental actions related to the imposition of tariffs or other trade barriers, or changes to international trade agreements or policies, could further increase costs, decrease margins, reduce the competitiveness of products and services offered by current and future portfolio companies and adversely affect the revenues and profitability of companies whose businesses rely on goods imported from outside of the United States.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business or cause us to alter our business strategy.

We, our subsidiaries and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation at the local, state and federal level. New legislation may be enacted or new interpretations, rulings or regulations could be adopted, including those governing the types of investments we are permitted to make, any of which could harm us and our stockholders, potentially with retroactive effect. Additionally, new regulatory initiatives related to environmental, social and corporate governance could adversely affect our business.

Additionally, any changes to the laws and regulations governing our operations relating to permitted investments may cause us to alter our investment strategy in order to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. Such changes could result in material differences to the strategies and plans set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and may result in our investment focus shifting from the areas of expertise of our management team to other types of investments in which our management team may have less expertise or little or no experience. Thus, any such changes, if they occur, could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and the value of your investment.

We, the Adviser, and our portfolio companies may maintain cash balances at financial institutions that exceed federally insured limits and may otherwise be materially affected by adverse developments affecting the financial services industry, such as actual events or concerns involving liquidity, defaults or non-performance by financial institutions or transactional counterparties.

Our cash and our Adviser's cash is held in accounts at U.S. banking institutions that we believe are of high quality. Cash held by us, our Adviser and by our portfolio companies in non-interest-bearing and interest-bearing operating accounts may exceed the FDIC insurance limits. If such banking institutions were to fail, we, our Adviser, or our portfolio companies could lose all or a portion of those amounts held in excess of such insurance limitations. In addition, actual events involving limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect financial institutions, transactional counterparties or other companies in the financial services industry or the financial services industry generally, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds or other similar risks, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems, which could adversely affect our, our Adviser's and our portfolio companies' business, financial condition, results of operations, or prospects.

Although we and our Adviser assess our banking relationships and those of our portfolio companies' banking relationships as we believe necessary or appropriate, our access and that of our portfolio companies' to funding sources and other credit arrangements in amounts adequate to finance or capitalize our respective current and projected future business operations could be significantly impaired by factors that affect us, our Adviser or our

portfolio companies, the financial institutions with which we, our Adviser or our portfolio companies have arrangements directly, or the financial services industry or economy in general. These factors could include, among others, events such as liquidity constraints or failures, the ability to perform obligations under various types of financial, credit or liquidity agreements or arrangements, disruptions or instability in the financial services industry or financial markets, or concerns or negative expectations about the prospects for companies in the financial services industry. These factors could involve financial institutions or financial services industry companies with which we, our Adviser or our portfolio companies have financial or business relationships, but could also include factors involving financial markets or the financial services industry generally.

In addition, investor concerns regarding the U.S. or international financial systems could result in less favorable commercial financing terms, including higher interest rates or costs and tighter financial and operating covenants, or systemic limitations on access to credit and liquidity sources, thereby making it more difficult for us, our Adviser, or our portfolio companies to acquire financing on acceptable terms or at all.

Item 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments.*

None.

Item 1C. *Cybersecurity.*

The Company has processes in place to assess, identify, and manage material risks from cybersecurity threats. The Company's business is dependent on the communications and information systems of the Adviser and other third-party service providers. The Adviser manages the Company's day-to-day operations and has implemented a cybersecurity program that applies to the Company and its operations.

Cybersecurity Program Overview

The Adviser has instituted a cybersecurity program designed to identify, assess, and manage cyber risks applicable to the Company and assists as necessary with the oversight of other third-party service providers and their cybersecurity programs as discussed further below. The Adviser's cyber risk management program involves risk assessments, implementation of security measures, and ongoing monitoring of systems and networks, including networks on which the Company relies. The Adviser actively monitors the current threat landscape in an effort to identify material risks arising from new and evolving cybersecurity threats, including material risks faced by the Company. The Adviser also actively monitors and governs its use of artificial intelligence, or AI, through an AI Policy, guiding principles, systems controls and AI governance committee comprising representatives from key departments. The Adviser maintains compliance with global AI standards such as the EU Artificial Intelligence Act and ISO 42001.

The Company relies on the Adviser to engage external experts, including cybersecurity assessors, consultants, and auditors to evaluate cybersecurity measures and risk management processes, including those applicable to the Company.

The Company relies on the Adviser's risk management program and processes, which include cyber risk assessments.

The Company depends on and engages various third parties, including suppliers, vendors, and service providers, to operate its business. The Company relies on the expertise of risk management, legal, information technology, and compliance personnel of the Adviser when identifying and overseeing risks from cybersecurity threats associated with its use of such entities. The Company's Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") also plays an oversight role in the area of cybersecurity preparedness with respect to these entities.

Board Oversight of Security Risks

The Board provides strategic oversight on cybersecurity matters, including risks associated with cybersecurity threats. The Board receives periodic updates from the Adviser's Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO")

regarding the overall state of the Adviser's cybersecurity program, information on the current threat landscape, and risks from cybersecurity threats and cybersecurity incidents impacting the Company.

Management's Role in Cybersecurity Risk Management

The Company's management and the CISO of the Adviser manage the Company's cybersecurity program. The CCO of the Company oversees the Company's compliance program and relies on the Adviser's CISO to assist with assessing and managing material risks from cybersecurity threats. The Adviser's CISO has over 15 years of experience in actively managing cybersecurity and information security programs for financial services companies with complex information systems.

Management of the Company is informed about and monitors the prevention, detection, mitigation, and remediation of cybersecurity incidents impacting the Company, including through the receipt of notifications from service providers and reliance on communications with risk management, legal, information technology, and/or compliance personnel of the Adviser.

Assessment of Cybersecurity Risk

The potential impact of risks from cybersecurity threats on the Company are assessed on an ongoing basis, and how such risks could materially affect the Company's business strategy, operational results, and financial condition are regularly evaluated. During the reporting period, the Company has not identified any impact from cybersecurity threats, including as a result of previous cybersecurity incidents, that the Company believes have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company, including its business strategy, operational results, and financial condition.

Item 2. Properties.

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operation or any of our subsidiaries. Our headquarters is currently located at 300 South Tryon Street, Suite 2500, Charlotte, North Carolina 28202, where we occupy office space pursuant to the Administration Agreement with Barings. We believe that our current office facilities are adequate to meet our needs.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

Neither we, the Adviser, nor our subsidiaries are currently subject to any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to our respective businesses. We, the Adviser, and our subsidiaries may from time to time, however, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise, including in connection with strategic transactions. Furthermore, third parties may seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, we do not expect any current matters will materially affect our financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Common Stock and Holders

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE under the ticker symbol “BBDC.” As of February 19, 2026, there were approximately 1,685 holders of record of our common stock. This number does not include stockholders for whom shares are held in “nominee” or “street name.”

The following table sets forth, for each fiscal quarter during the last two fiscal years and the current fiscal year to date, the NAV per share of our common stock, the high and low closing sales prices for our common stock and such closing sales prices as a percentage of NAV per share.

	Net Asset Value ⁽¹⁾	Closing Sales Price ⁽²⁾		Premium (Discount) of High Closing Sales Price to NAV ⁽³⁾	Premium (Discount) of Low Closing Sales Price to NAV ⁽³⁾
		High	Low		
Year ended December 31, 2024					
First Quarter	\$ 11.44	\$ 9.88	\$ 8.70	(13.6)%	(24.0)%
Second Quarter	\$ 11.36	\$ 10.18	\$ 9.13	(10.4)%	(19.6)%
Third Quarter	\$ 11.32	\$ 10.19	\$ 9.28	(10.0)%	(18.0)%
Fourth Quarter	\$ 11.29	\$ 10.33	\$ 9.27	(8.5)%	(17.9)%
Year ended December 31, 2025					
First Quarter	\$ 11.29	\$ 10.78	\$ 9.36	(4.5)%	(17.1)%
Second Quarter	\$ 11.18	\$ 9.51	\$ 7.89	(14.9)%	(29.4)%
Third Quarter	\$ 11.10	\$ 9.90	\$ 8.76	(10.8)%	(21.1)%
Fourth Quarter	\$ 11.09	\$ 9.18	\$ 8.41	(17.2)%	(24.2)%
Year ending December 31, 2026					
First Quarter (through February 18, 2026)	*	\$ 9.28	\$ 8.86	*	*

* Net asset value has not yet been calculated for this period.

(1) Net asset value per share is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the net asset value per share on the date of the high and low closing sales prices. The net asset value per share shown is based on the outstanding shares at the end of the period.

(2) Closing sales prices as provided by the NYSE.

(3) Calculated as of the respective high or low closing sales price divided by the quarter-end net asset value and subtracting 1.

As of February 18, 2026, the closing price of our common stock on the NYSE was \$9.16 per share, an approximately 17.4% discount to our NAV per share as of December 31, 2025.

Distributions Declared

The table below shows the detail of our distributions for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2025		2024	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Ordinary income	\$ 1.19	100.0 %	\$ 1.04	100.0 %
Total reported on IRS Form 1099-DIV	\$ 1.19	100.0 %	\$ 1.04	100.0 %

Each year, a statement on IRS Form 1099-DIV identifying the source(s) of the distribution (i.e., paid from ordinary income, paid from net capital gains on the sale of securities, and/or a return of paid in capital surplus which is a nontaxable distribution) is mailed to our stockholders. To the extent that our distributions for a fiscal year exceed current and accumulated earnings and profits, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our stockholders may be the original capital invested by the stockholder rather than our taxable ordinary income or capital gains. Stockholders should read any written disclosure accompanying a dividend payment carefully and should not assume that any distribution is taxable as ordinary income or capital gains.

Ordinary income is reported on IRS Form 1099-DIV as either qualified or non-qualified and capital gain distributions are reported on IRS Form 1099-DIV in various subcategories which have differing tax treatments to stockholders. Those subcategories are not presented herein.

We estimate the source of our distributions as required by Section 19(a) of the 1940 Act to determine whether payment of dividends is expected to be paid from any other source other than net investment income accrued for the current period or certain cumulative periods, but we will not be able to determine whether any specific distribution will be treated as made out of our taxable earnings or as a return of capital until after the end of our taxable year. Any amount treated as a return of capital will reduce a stockholder's adjusted tax basis in his or her common stock, thereby increasing his or her potential gain or reducing his or her potential loss on the subsequent sale or other disposition of his or her common stock. On a quarterly basis, for any payment of dividends estimated to be paid from any other source other than net investment income accrued for current period or certain cumulative periods based on the Section 19(a) requirements, we post a Section 19(a) notice through the Depository Trust Company's Legal Notice System and our website, as well as send our registered stockholders a printed copy of such notice along with the dividend payment. The estimates of the source of the distribution are interim estimates based on U.S. GAAP that are subject to revision, and the exact character of the distributions for tax purposes, cannot be determined until the final books and records are finalized for the calendar year. Therefore, these estimates are made solely in order to comply with the requirements of Section 19(a) of the 1940 Act and should not be relied upon for tax reporting or any other purposes and could differ significantly from the actual character of distributions for tax purposes.

Distribution Policy

We generally intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders of substantially all of our income. In order to avoid certain excise taxes imposed on RICs, we must distribute during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98.0% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the calendar year, and (iii) any ordinary income and net capital gains for the preceding year that were not distributed during such year. We will not be subject to excise taxes on amounts on which we are required to pay corporate income tax (such as retained net capital gains). In order to obtain the tax benefits applicable to RICs, we will be required to distribute to our stockholders with respect to each taxable year at least 90.0% of our ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses. We may retain for investment realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We may make deemed distributions to our stockholders of any retained net capital gains. If this happens, our stockholders will be treated as if they received an actual distribution of the capital gains we retain and then reinvested the net after-tax proceeds in our common stock. Our stockholders also may be eligible to claim a tax credit (or, in certain circumstances, a tax refund) equal to their allocable share of the tax we paid on the capital gains deemed distributed to them. Please refer to "Business — Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" included in Item 1 of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for further information regarding the consequences of our retention of net capital gains. We may, in the future, make actual distributions to our stockholders of some or all realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any cash distributions and, if we issue senior securities, we will be prohibited from making distributions if doing so causes us to fail to maintain the asset coverage ratio and related requirements stipulated by the 1940 Act or if distributions are limited by the terms of any of our borrowings.

or financing arrangements. See “Business — Regulation of Business Development Companies” included in Item 1 of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of our distributions on behalf of our common stockholders, unless a common stockholder elects to receive cash as provided in “Business — Dividend Reinvestment Plan” included in Item I of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A stockholder’s basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder’s account.

Sales of Unregistered Equity Securities

We did not sell any equity securities during the period covered by this report that were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”).

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

During the three months ended December 31, 2025, in connection with our dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders, we directed the Plan Administrator to purchase 64,136 shares of our common stock for an aggregate of \$580,945 in the open market in order to satisfy our obligations to deliver shares of common stock to our stockholders with respect to our dividend declared on October 6, 2025.

On February 22, 2024, our Board authorized a 12-month share repurchase program (the “Prior Share Repurchase Program”). Under the Prior Share Repurchase Program, we were able to repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2024, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases was determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Prior Share Repurchase Program terminated on March 1, 2025. The Prior Share Repurchase Program did not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we could not assure stockholders that any shares would be repurchased under the Prior Share Repurchase Program. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased a total of 658,132 shares of common stock in the open market under the Prior Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.79 per share, including brokerage commissions. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we did not repurchase any shares pursuant to the Prior Share Repurchase Program.

On February 20, 2025, our Board authorized the Share Repurchase Program. Under the Share Repurchase Program, we may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2025, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Share Repurchase Program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2026, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The Share Repurchase Program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program. The Share Repurchase Program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we repurchased a total of 702,054 shares of common stock in the open market under the Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.04 per share, including brokerage commissions. See “Management’s Discussion of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Recent Developments” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The following chart summarizes repurchases of our common stock for the three months ended December 31, 2025:

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs(2)
October 1 through October 31, 2025	—	\$ —	—	\$ 27,661
November 1 through November 30, 2025	—	—	—	27,661
December 1 through December 31, 2025	516,190 ⁽¹⁾	8.89	452,054	23,652

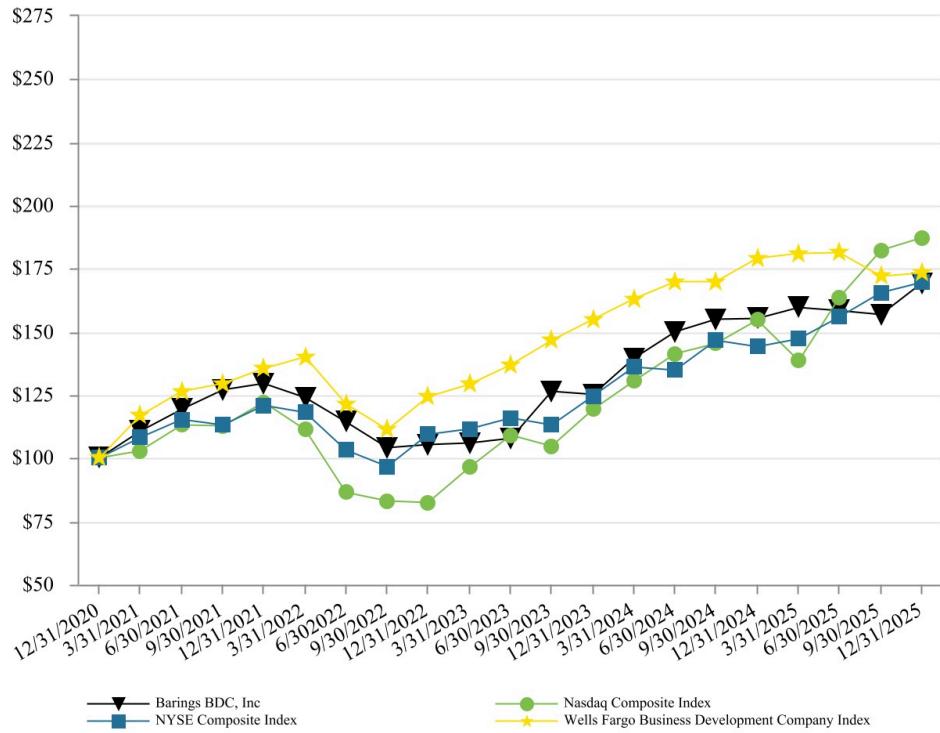
(1) Includes 64,136 shares purchased in the open market pursuant to the terms of our dividend reinvestment plan.

(2) In thousands.

Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative total return on our common stock with the cumulative total return of the Nasdaq Composite Index, the NYSE Composite Index and the Wells Fargo Business Development Company Index for the five years ended December 31, 2025. This comparison assumes \$100.00 was invested in our common stock at the closing price of our common stock on December 31, 2020 and in the comparison groups and assumes the reinvestment of all cash dividends on the ex-dividend date prior to any tax effect. The stock price performance shown on the graph below is not necessarily indicative of future price performance.

**Comparison of Annual Cumulative Total Return(1)
among Barings BDC, Inc., the Nasdaq Composite Index, the NYSE Composite Index
and the Wells Fargo Business Development Company Index**



	<u>12/31/20</u>	<u>3/31/21</u>	<u>6/30/21</u>	<u>9/30/21</u>	<u>12/31/21</u>	<u>3/31/22</u>	<u>6/30/22</u>	<u>9/30/22</u>	<u>12/31/22</u>
Barings BDC, Inc.	100.00	110.57	119.23	126.87	129.40	124.00	114.29	104.10	105.44
Nasdaq Composite Index	100.00	102.95	112.92	112.66	122.18	111.25	86.46	83.08	82.43
NYSE Composite Index	100.00	108.05	115.19	112.98	120.68	117.89	103.11	96.50	109.39
Wells Fargo Business Development Company Index	100.00	116.76	126.47	129.36	135.50	140.17	121.49	111.22	124.28

	<u>3/31/23</u>	<u>6/30/23</u>	<u>9/30/23</u>	<u>12/31/23</u>	<u>3/31/24</u>	<u>6/30/24</u>	<u>9/30/24</u>	<u>12/31/24</u>
Barings BDC, Inc.	105.84	107.92	126.24	125.23	139.50	149.80	154.88	155.24
Nasdaq Composite Index	96.48	109.07	104.77	119.22	130.32	141.36	145.26	154.48
NYSE Composite Index	111.46	115.86	113.05	124.46	136.01	134.68	146.57	144.12
Wells Fargo Business Development Company Index	129.29	136.94	146.60	154.98	162.85	169.89	169.73	178.97
	<u>3/31/25</u>	<u>6/30/25</u>	<u>9/30/25</u>	<u>12/31/25</u>				
Barings BDC, Inc.	159.69	158.35	156.77	169.18				
Nasdaq Composite Index	138.62	163.52	182.18	187.14				
NYSE Composite Index	147.20	155.95	165.42	169.62				
Wells Fargo Business Development Company Index	181.06	181.28	171.94	173.20				

(1) From December 31, 2020 to December 31, 2025.

Senior Securities Table
(dollar amounts in thousands, except per unit data)

Information about our senior securities as of each of the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016 is included in the below table. The report of our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, with respect to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 and the senior securities table as of December 31, 2025, is included in this annual report on Form 10-K.

Class and Year(1)	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(2)	Asset Coverage per Unit(3)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(4)	Average Market Value per Unit(5)
<i>December 2022 Notes</i>				
2016	\$ 80,500	2,124	—	\$ 25.15
2017	80,500	2,120	—	25.51
<i>March 2022 Notes</i>				
2016	86,250	2,124	—	25.58
2017	86,250	2,120	—	25.85
<i>SBA-guaranteed debentures payable</i>				
2016	250,000	2,124	—	N/A
2017	250,000	2,120	—	N/A
<i>May 2011 Credit Facility</i>				
2016	127,011	2,124	—	N/A
2017	125,315	2,120	—	N/A
<i>August 2018 Credit Facility⁽⁶⁾</i>				
2018	570,000	1,988	—	N/A
2019	107,200	1,851	—	N/A
<i>February 2019 Credit Facility</i>				
2019	245,288	1,851	—	N/A
2020	719,661	1,760	—	N/A
2021	655,189	1,538	—	N/A
2022	729,144	1,830	—	N/A
2023	719,914	1,836	—	N/A
2024	438,590	1,800	—	N/A
2025	226,786	1,807	—	N/A
<i>Debt Securitization⁽⁷⁾</i>				
2019	318,210	1,851	—	N/A
<i>August 2025 Notes</i>				
2020	50,000	1,760	—	N/A
2021	50,000	1,538	—	N/A
2022	50,000	1,830	—	N/A
2023	50,000	1,836	—	N/A
2024	50,000	1,800	—	N/A
<i>Series B Notes</i>				
2020	62,500	1,760	—	N/A
2021	62,500	1,538	—	N/A
2022	62,500	1,830	—	N/A
2023	62,500	1,836	—	N/A
2024	62,500	1,800	—	N/A

Class and Year(1)	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(2)	Asset Coverage per Unit(3)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(4)	Average Market Value per Unit(5)
<i>Series C Notes</i>				
2020	112,500	1,760	—	N/A
2021	112,500	1,538	—	N/A
2022	112,500	1,830	—	N/A
2023	112,500	1,836	—	N/A
2024	112,500	1,800	—	N/A
2025	112,500	1,807	—	N/A
<i>Series D Notes</i>				
2021	80,000	1,538	—	N/A
2022	80,000	1,830	—	N/A
2023	80,000	1,836	—	N/A
2024	80,000	1,800	—	N/A
2025	80,000	1,807	—	N/A
<i>Series E Notes</i>				
2021	70,000	1,538	—	N/A
2022	70,000	1,830	—	N/A
2023	70,000	1,836	—	N/A
2024	70,000	1,800	—	N/A
2025	70,000	1,807	—	N/A
<i>November 2026 Notes</i>				
2021	350,000	1,538	—	N/A
2022	350,000	1,830	—	N/A
2023	350,000	1,836	—	N/A
2024	350,000	1,800	—	N/A
2025	350,000	1,807	—	N/A
<i>February 2029 Notes</i>				
2024	300,000	1,800	—	N/A
2025	300,000	1,807	—	N/A
<i>September 2028 Notes</i>				
2025	300,000	1,807	—	N/A
<i>Total Senior Securities</i>				
2016	543,761	2,124	—	N/A
2017	542,065	2,120	—	N/A
2018	570,000	1,988	—	N/A
2019	670,698	1,851	—	N/A
2020	944,661	1,760	—	N/A
2021	1,380,189	1,538	—	N/A
2022	1,454,144	1,830	—	N/A
2023	1,444,914	1,836	—	N/A
2024	1,463,590	1,800	—	N/A
2025	1,439,286	1,807	—	N/A

(1) The information in the senior securities tables for years prior to 2020, with the exception of 2016, is unaudited.

(2) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.

(3) Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness. All prior period ratios have been conformed with this current presentation.

- (4) The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The “—” indicates information which the SEC expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.
- (5) Average market value per unit for our unsecured notes issued in October 2012 and November 2012 due 2022 (the “December 2022 Notes”) and our unsecured notes issued in February 2015 due 2022 (the “March 2022 Notes”) represent the average of the daily closing prices as reported on the NYSE for each security during 2016 and 2017, as applicable. Average market value per unit for our SBA-guaranteed debentures payable, our terminated credit facility initially entered into in May 2011 (the “May 2011 Credit Facility”), Barings BDC Senior Funding I, LLC’s terminated credit facility initially entered into in August 2018 with Bank of America, N.A. (the “August 2018 Credit Facility”), the February 2019 Credit Facility, our \$449.3 million term debt securitization in May 2019 (the “Debt Securitization”), the August 2025 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), the November Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), the February Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), the November 2026 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K), the February 2029 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) and the September 2028 Notes (as defined below under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K) are not applicable because these senior securities are not registered for public trading.
- (6) The August 2018 Credit Facility was terminated at our election in June 2020.
- (7) The remaining notes issued in connection with the Debt Securitization were repaid in full in October 2020.

Item 6. [Reserved].

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The information in this section contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see “Risk Factors” and “Forward-Looking Statements” for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements. You should read the following discussion in conjunction with the combined financial statements and related notes and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The following discussion is designed to provide a better understanding of our financial statements, including a brief discussion of our business, key factors that impacted our performance and a summary of our operating results. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included or incorporated by reference in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Historical results and percentage relationships among any amounts in the financial statements are not necessarily indicative of trends in operating results for any future periods.

Overview of Our Business

We are a Maryland corporation incorporated on October 10, 2006. In August 2018, in connection with the closing of an externalization transaction through which Barings agreed to become our external investment adviser, we entered into the Original Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement with Barings. In connection with the completion of the MVC Acquisition, we entered into the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement with Barings on December 23, 2020, following approval of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement by our stockholders at our December 23, 2020 special meeting of stockholders. The terms of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement became effective on January 1, 2021. In connection with the completion of the Sierra Merger on February 25, 2022, we entered into the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement with Barings. On June 24, 2023, we entered into the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement to update the term of the agreement to expire on June 24 of each year subject to annual re-approval in accordance with its terms. All other terms and provisions of the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement between us and Barings, including with respect to the calculation of the fees payable to Barings, remained unchanged under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement. Under the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, Barings serves as our investment adviser and administrator and manages our investment portfolio and performs (or oversees, or arranges for, the performance of) the administrative services necessary for our operation.

An externally-managed BDC generally does not have any employees, and its investment and management functions are provided by an outside investment adviser and administrator under an advisory agreement and administration agreement. Instead of directly compensating employees, we pay Barings for investment management and administrative services pursuant to the terms of an investment advisory agreement and an administration agreement. Under the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the fees paid to Barings for managing our affairs are determined based upon an objective and fixed formula, as compared with the subjective and variable nature of the costs associated with employing management and employees in an internally-managed BDC structure, which include bonuses that cannot be directly tied to Company performance because of restrictions on incentive compensation under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”).

Barings focuses on investing our portfolio primarily in senior secured private debt investments in well-established middle-market businesses that operate across a wide range of industries. The 2026 Co-Investment Order permits us and Barings’ affiliated private and SEC-registered funds to co-invest in Barings-originated loans, which allows Barings to efficiently implement its senior secured private debt investment strategy for us.

Barings employs fundamental credit analysis, and targets investments in businesses with relatively low levels of cyclical and operating risk. The holding size of each position will generally be dependent upon a number of factors including total facility size, pricing and structure, and the number of other lenders in the facility. Barings has experience managing levered vehicles, both public and private, and will seek to enhance our returns through the use of leverage with a prudent approach that prioritizes capital preservation. Barings believes this strategy and approach offers attractive risk/return with lower volatility given the potential for fewer defaults and greater resilience through market cycles. A significant portion of our investments are expected to be rated below investment grade by rating agencies or, if unrated would be rated below investment grade if they were rated. Below investment grade securities, which are often referred to as “junk,” have predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer’s capacity to pay interest and repay principal.

We generate revenues in the form of interest income, primarily from our investments in debt securities, loan origination and other fees and dividend income. Fees generated in connection with our debt investments are recognized over the life of the loan using the effective interest method or, in some cases, recognized as earned. Our senior secured, middle-market, private debt investments generally have terms of between five and seven years. Our senior secured, middle-market, first lien private debt investments generally bear interest between the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”) (or the applicable currency rate for investments in foreign currencies) plus 450 basis points and SOFR plus 650 basis points per annum. Our subordinated middle-market, private debt investments generally bear interest between SOFR (or the applicable currency rate for investments in foreign currencies) plus 700 basis points and SOFR plus 900 basis points per annum if floating rate, and between 8% and 15% if fixed rate. From time to time, certain of our investments may have a form of interest, referred to as payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest, which is not paid currently but is instead accrued and added to the loan balance and paid at the end of the term. To a lesser extent, we will invest opportunistically in assets such as, without limitation, equity, special situations, structured credit (e.g., private asset-backed securities), syndicated loan opportunities and/or high yield investments.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the weighted average yield on the principal amount of our outstanding debt investments other than non-accrual debt investments was approximately 9.5% and 10.2%, respectively. The weighted average yield on the principal amount of all of our outstanding debt investments (including non-accrual debt investments) was approximately 9.0% and 9.8% as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Portfolio Composition

The total fair value of our investment portfolio was \$2,398.5 million as of December 31, 2025, as compared to \$2,449.3 million as of December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2025, we had investments in 333 portfolio companies with an aggregate cost of \$2,424.3 million. As of December 31, 2024, we had investments in 328 portfolio companies with an aggregate cost of \$2,522.7 million. As of both December 31, 2025 and 2024, none of our portfolio investments represented greater than 10% of the total fair value of our investment portfolio.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, our investment portfolio consisted of the following investments:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
December 31, 2025:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,704,910	70 %	\$ 1,676,334	70 %
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	195,392	8	190,290	8
Structured products	39,462	2	29,627	1
Equity shares	382,930	16	436,466	18
Equity warrants	76	—	1,170	—
Royalty rights	1,292	—	1,486	—
Investments in joint ventures	100,218	4	63,151	3
	<u>\$ 2,424,280</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 2,398,524</u>	<u>100 %</u>
December 31, 2024:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,747,841	69 %	\$ 1,686,411	69 %
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	184,043	7	165,455	7
Structured products	89,543	4	79,548	3
Equity shares	360,691	14	409,129	17
Equity warrants	76	—	2,732	—
Royalty rights	3,627	—	5,833	—
Investments in joint ventures / PE fund	136,875	6	100,164	4
	<u>\$ 2,522,696</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 2,449,272</u>	<u>100 %</u>

Investment Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2025, we made 66 new portfolio company investments totaling \$454.9 million, made investments in existing portfolio companies totaling \$233.1 million and made a \$2.9 million debt investment alongside other related party affiliates in a portfolio company that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation. We had 45 loans repaid totaling \$271.5 million and recognized a net realized loss on these transactions of \$34.8 million. We also received \$195.7 million of portfolio company principal payments and sales proceeds and recognized a net realized loss on these transactions of \$4.6 million. We received \$34.1 million of return of capital from our joint ventures, equity, and royalty rights investments. We also received proceeds of \$4.7 million related to the exit of one of our royalty rights investments and recognized a realized gain on such exit of \$2.5 million. In addition, we sold \$240.4 million of investments to our joint ventures, recognizing a net realized gain on these transactions of \$1.8 million. Also, investments in four portfolio companies were restructured, which resulted in a net realized loss of \$10.0 million. Lastly, we received proceeds related to the sale of equity investments totaling \$28.1 million and recognized a net realized gain on such sales totaling \$5.7 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we made 45 new portfolio company investments totaling \$341.7 million, made investments in existing portfolio companies totaling \$298.6 million and made a \$3.5 million equity co-investment alongside certain affiliates in a portfolio company that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation. We had 47 loans repaid totaling \$360.8 million and recognized a net realized loss on these transactions of \$13.5 million. We also received \$213.8 million of portfolio company principal payments and sales proceeds and recognized a net realized loss of \$1.0 million. We received \$17.1 million of return of capital from our joint ventures, equity, and royalty rights investments. In addition, we sold \$27.2 million of middle-market portfolio debt investments to our joint ventures, recognizing a net realized loss on these transactions of \$0.4 million. In addition, investments in four portfolio companies were restructured, which resulted in a net realized loss of \$17.3 million. Lastly, we received proceeds related to the sale of equity investments totaling \$38.0 million and recognized a net realized gain on such sales totaling \$8.5 million.

Total portfolio investment activity for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

December 31, 2025 (\$ in thousands)	Senior Debt and 1 st Lien Notes	Subordinated Debt and 2 nd Lien Notes	Structured Products	Equity Shares	Equity Warrants	Royalty Rights	Investments in Joint Ventures / PE Fund	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 1,686,411	\$ 165,455	\$ 79,548	\$ 409,129	\$ 2,732	\$ 5,833	\$ 100,164	\$ 2,449,272
New investments	583,593	68,568	12,474	26,199	—	—	—	690,834
Investment restructuring	(860)	860	—	—	—	—	—	—
Proceeds from sales of investments / return of capital	(263,555)	(8,401)	(27,123)	(27,989)	—	(4,801)	(29,308)	(361,177)
Loan origination fees received	(9,757)	(1,850)	—	—	—	—	—	(11,607)
Principal repayments received	(340,928)	(37,526)	(34,809)	—	—	—	—	(413,263)
Payment-in-kind interest /dividends	10,212	2,772	—	10,950	—	—	—	23,934
Accretion of loan premium / discount	1,016	100	14	—	—	—	—	1,130
Accretion of deferred loan origination revenue	10,111	966	143	—	—	—	—	11,220
Realized gain (loss)	(32,762)	(14,141)	(781)	13,079	—	2,467	(7,348)	(39,486)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	32,853	13,487	161	5,098	(1,562)	(2,013)	(357)	47,667
Fair value, end of period	<u>\$ 1,676,334</u>	<u>\$ 190,290</u>	<u>\$ 29,627</u>	<u>\$ 436,466</u>	<u>\$ 1,170</u>	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	<u>\$ 63,151</u>	<u>\$ 2,398,524</u>

December 31, 2024 (\$ in thousands)	Senior Debt and 1 st Lien Notes	Subordinated Debt and 2 nd Lien Notes	Structured Products	Equity Shares	Equity Warrants	Royalty Rights	Investments in Joint Ventures / PE Fund	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 1,670,300	\$ 238,215	\$ 93,038	\$ 374,704	\$ 2,392	\$ —	\$ 110,066	\$ 2,488,715
New investments	573,662	37,466	5,798	22,934	—	3,871	—	643,731
Investment restructuring	(27,652)	(9,620)	—	37,219	53	—	—	—
Proceeds from sales of investments / return of capital	(92,498)	(4,975)	(18,131)	(37,778)	(201)	(245)	(8,773)	(162,601)
Loan origination fees received	(8,398)	(296)	—	—	—	—	—	(8,694)
Principal repayments received	(395,415)	(94,066)	(4,804)	—	—	—	—	(494,285)
Payment-in-kind interest /dividends	6,446	3,668	—	9,884	—	—	—	19,998
Accretion of loan premium / discount	947	121	24	—	—	—	—	1,092
Accretion of deferred loan origination revenue	10,395	1,256	—	—	—	—	—	11,651
Realized gain (loss)	(24,999)	(6,361)	(658)	8,097	148	—	—	(23,773)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(26,377)	47	4,281	(5,931)	340	2,207	(1,129)	(26,562)
Fair value, end of period	<u>\$ 1,686,411</u>	<u>\$ 165,455</u>	<u>\$ 79,548</u>	<u>\$ 409,129</u>	<u>\$ 2,732</u>	<u>\$ 5,833</u>	<u>\$ 100,164</u>	<u>\$ 2,449,272</u>

Portfolio Risk Monitoring

The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. As part of the monitoring process, the Adviser regularly assesses the risk profile of each of our investments and, on a quarterly basis, rates each investment on a risk scale of 1 to 5. Risk assessment is not standardized in our industry and our risk ratings may not be comparable to ones used by other companies. For additional information regarding the Adviser's portfolio management and investment monitoring, see "Item 1. Business — Portfolio Management and Investment Monitoring" in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Our risk assessment is based on the following risk rating categories:

- Risk Rating 1: In the opinion of the Adviser, the issuer is performing materially above expectations at the time of underwriting and the business trends and/or risk factors are favorable.
- Risk Rating 2: In the opinion of the Adviser, the issuer is performing in a manner consistent with expectations at the time of underwriting and the current risk is believed to be similar to that at the time the asset was originated.
- Risk Rating 3: In the opinion of the Adviser, the issuer is performing below expectations at the time of underwriting and the investment risk has increased since underwriting.
- Risk Rating 4: In the opinion of the Adviser, the issuer is performing materially below expectations at the time of underwriting and the investment risk has increased materially since underwriting. Issuers with a risk rating of 4 are typically in violation of one or more debt covenants.
- Risk Rating 5: In the opinion of the Adviser, the issuer is performing substantially below expectations at the time of underwriting and indicates the investment risk has increased substantially since underwriting. Loans with a risk rating of 5 are not anticipated to be repaid in full or have a possibility to not be repaid in full, and the fair market value reflects the Adviser's current estimate of recoverable value.

The following table shows the classification of our investments by risk rating as of December 31, 2025 and 2024. Investment risk ratings are accurate only as of these dates and may change due to subsequent developments to a portfolio company's business or financial condition, market conditions or developments, and other factors.

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Fair Value (1)	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value (1)	Percentage of Total Portfolio
Risk Rating Category				
Category 1	\$ 224,463	9 %	\$ 199,308	8 %
Category 2	1,687,789	72	1,596,705	66
Category 3	280,262	12	357,015	15
Category 4	114,148	5	209,814	9
Category 5	53,876	2	45,669	2
Total	\$ 2,360,538	100 %	\$ 2,408,511	100 %

(1) Excludes 9.1% member interest in Jocassee Partners LLC.

Non-Accrual Assets

Generally, when interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if we otherwise do not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, we will place the loan on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. As of December 31, 2025, we had seven portfolio companies with investments on non-

accrual, the aggregate fair value of which was \$17.0 million, which comprised 0.7% of the total fair value of our portfolio, and the aggregate cost of which was \$33.5 million, which comprised 1.4% of the total cost of our portfolio. Excluding the non-accrual assets that are covered by the Sierra Credit Support Agreement with Barings, the non-accruals as of December 31, 2025 comprised 0.2% of the total fair value of our portfolio and 0.7% of the aggregate cost of our portfolio. As of December 31, 2024, we had eight portfolio companies with investments on non-accrual, the aggregate fair value of which was \$8.0 million, which comprised 0.3% of the total fair value of our portfolio, and the aggregate cost of which was \$41.6 million, which comprised 1.6% of the total cost of our portfolio. Excluding the non-accrual assets that are covered by the Sierra Credit Support Agreement with Barings, the non-accruals as of December 31, 2024 comprised 0.2% of the total fair value of our portfolio and 0.9% of the aggregate cost of our portfolio.

A summary of our non-accrual assets as of December 31, 2025 is provided below:

Acogroup

During the quarter ended June 30, 2025, we placed our debt investment in Acogroup on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”), we will not recognize interest income on our debt investment in Acogroup for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our debt investment in Acogroup was \$8.1 million and the fair value of such investment was \$3.3 million.

Bariacum S.A.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2025, we placed our first lien EURIBOR + 4.00% debt investment in Bariacum S.A., or Bariacum, on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on our first lien EURIBOR + 4.00% debt investment in Bariacum for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our first lien EURIBOR + 4.00% debt investment in Bariacum was \$3.3 million and the fair value of such investment was \$0.7 million.

Biolam Group

During the quarter ended September 30, 2024, we placed our debt investment in Biolam Group, or Biolam, on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on our debt investment in Biolam for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our debt investment in Biolam was \$2.5 million and the fair value of such investment was \$1.7 million.

Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, we placed our first lien senior secured debt investment in Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp., or Canadian Orthodontics, on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on our first lien senior secured debt investment in Canadian Orthodontics for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our first lien senior secured debt investment in Canadian Orthodontics was \$1.9 million and the fair value of such investment was \$0.2 million.

GPNZ II GmbH

During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, we placed our first lien EURIBOR + 6.00% debt investment in GPNZ II GmbH, or GPNZ, on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on our first lien EURIBOR + 6.00% debt investment in GPNZ for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our first lien EURIBOR + 6.00% debt investment in GPNZ was \$0.4 million and the fair value of such investment was nil.

Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC

In connection with the Sierra Merger, we purchased our debt investment in Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC, or Polymer. During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, we placed our debt investment in Polymer on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on our debt

investment in Polymer for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our debt investment in Polymer was \$1.0 million and the fair value of such investment was \$0.4 million.

RA Outdoors, LLC

In connection with the Sierra Merger, we purchased our debt investments in RA Outdoors, LLC, or RA Outdoors. During the quarter ended September 30, 2025, we placed our debt investments in RA Outdoors on non-accrual status. As a result, under U.S. GAAP, we will not recognize interest income on debt investments in RA Outdoors for financial reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our debt investments in RA Outdoors was \$16.4 million and the fair value of such investments was \$10.7 million.

PIK Non-Accrual Assets

In addition to our non-accrual assets, during the quarter ended September 30, 2024, we placed our first lien senior secured debt investment in A.T. Holdings II LTD, or A.T. Holdings, on non-accrual status only with respect to the PIK interest component of the loan. As of December 31, 2025, the cost of our debt investment in A.T. Holdings was \$11.9 million, or 0.5% of the total cost of our portfolio, and the fair value of such investment was \$7.5 million, or 0.3% of the total fair value of our portfolio.

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Set forth below is a comparison of the results of operations and changes in financial condition for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024. The comparison of, and changes between, the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 can be found within "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in Part II of our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Results of Operations

Comparison of years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Operating results for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Total investment income	\$ 279,210	\$ 286,169
Total operating expenses	157,592	151,509
Net investment income before taxes	121,618	134,660
Income taxes, including excise tax expense	3,775	3,466
Net investment income after taxes	117,843	131,194
Net realized gains (losses)	(22,734)	(38,112)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	6,921	17,207
Net realized gains (losses) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, credit support agreements, foreign currency transactions and forward currency contracts	(15,813)	(20,905)
Provision for taxes	(106)	—
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 101,924	\$ 110,289

Net increases or decreases in net assets resulting from operations vary substantially from period to period due to various factors, including recognition of realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As a result, yearly comparisons of net increases or decreases in net assets resulting from operations may not be meaningful.

Investment Income

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Investment income:		
Total interest income	\$ 190,469	\$ 211,262
Total dividend income	51,161	41,135
Total fee and other income	17,705	16,892
Total payment-in-kind interest income	18,998	15,736
Interest income from cash	877	1,144
Total investment income	\$ 279,210	\$ 286,169

The change in total investment income for the year ended December 31, 2025, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2024, was primarily due to a decrease in the amount of our outstanding debt investments and decreased weighted average yield on the portfolio, partially offset by increased dividends from portfolio companies and joint venture investments, and increased PIK income. The amount of our outstanding debt investments decreased from \$2,118.3 million as of December 31, 2024 to \$2,048.1 million as of December 31, 2025. In addition, the weighted average yield on the principal amount of our outstanding debt investments, other than non-accrual debt investments, decreased from 10.2% as of December 31, 2024 to 9.5% as of December 31, 2025. For the year ended December 31, 2025, dividend income was \$51.2 million as compared to \$41.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. For the year ended December 31, 2025, PIK income was \$19.0 million, as compared to \$15.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Operating Expenses

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Operating expenses:		
Interest and other financing fees	\$ 85,080	\$ 85,516
Base management fee	33,189	32,404
Incentive management fees	31,508	23,757
General and administrative expenses	7,815	9,832
Total operating expenses	\$ 157,592	\$ 151,509

Interest and Other Financing Fees

Interest and other financing fees during the year ended December 31, 2025 were attributable to borrowings under our February 2019 Credit Facility, the August 2025 Notes, the November Notes, the February Notes, the November 2026 Notes, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes (each as defined below under “Liquidity and Capital Resources”). Interest and other financing fees during the year ended December 31, 2024 were attributable to borrowings under the February 2019 Credit Facility, the August 2025 Notes, the November Notes, the February Notes, the November 2026 Notes and the February 2029 Notes. The decrease in interest and other financing fees for the year ended December 31, 2025 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2024, was primarily attributable to a lower weighted average interest rate, partially offset by increased weighted average borrowings outstanding. The weighted average interest rate was 5.1% for the year ended December 31, 2025 as compared to 5.6% for the year ended December 31, 2024. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the weighted average borrowings outstanding were \$1,539.2 million and \$1,413.0 million, respectively.

Base Management Fee

Under the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, we pay Barings a Base Management Fee, quarterly in arrears on a calendar quarter basis. The Base Management Fee is calculated based on the average value of our gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters prior to the quarter for which such fees are being calculated. Base Management Fees for any partial month or quarter are appropriately pro-rated. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement and the fee arrangements thereunder. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Base Management

Fee was approximately \$33.2 million and \$32.4 million, respectively. The increase in the Base Management Fee for the year ended December 31, 2025 versus the year ended December 31, 2024 is primarily related to the average value of gross assets used in the calculation increasing from \$2,592.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2024 to \$2,655.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2025. The Base Management Fee rate was 1.250% for both the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

Incentive Fee

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, we pay Barings an Incentive Fee. The Income-Based Fee is based on our income and the Capital Gains Fee is based on our capital gains. The Income-Based Fee is determined and paid quarterly in arrears based on the amount by which (x) the aggregate pre-incentive fee net investment income in respect of the current calendar quarter and the eleven preceding calendar quarters beginning with the calendar quarter that commences on or after January 1, 2021, as the case may be (or the appropriate portion thereof in the case of any of our first eleven calendar quarters that commences on or after January 1, 2021) exceeds (y) the hurdle amount as calculated for the same period. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement and the fee arrangements thereunder. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the amount of Income-Based Fees incurred was \$31.5 million and \$23.8 million, respectively. The Income-Based Fee is subject to the Incentive Fee Cap. The Incentive Fee Cap in any quarter is an amount equal to (a) 20% of the Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters less (b) the aggregate Income-Based Fees that were paid to the Adviser in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the terms of the Incentive Fee Cap. The Incentive Fee for both the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was limited due to the Incentive Fee Cap. The Incentive Fee Cap in 2025 was higher than the Incentive Fee Cap in 2024 as a result of an increase in Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return partially offset by a smaller increase in incentive fees paid in the trailing twelve quarters (or portion thereof).

General and Administrative Expenses

We entered into the Administration Agreement with Barings in August 2018. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, Barings performs (or oversees, or arranges for, the performance of) the administrative services necessary for our operations. We reimburse Barings for the costs and expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities under the Administration Agreement in an amount to be negotiated and mutually agreed to by us and Barings quarterly in arrears; provided that the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount will not exceed the amount of expenses that would otherwise be reimbursable by us under the Administration Agreement for the applicable quarterly period, and Barings will not be entitled to the recoupment of any amounts in excess of the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the Administration Agreement. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the amount of administration expense incurred and invoiced by Barings for expenses was approximately \$1.4 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. In addition to expenses incurred under the Administration Agreement, general and administrative expenses include fees payable to the Board for their service on the Board, directors’ and officers’ insurance costs, as well as legal and accounting expenses.

Net Realized Gains (Losses)

Net realized gains (losses) during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Net realized gains (losses):		
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	\$ (10,242)	\$ (18,749)
Affiliate investments	(4,791)	(4,179)
Control investments	(24,453)	(845)
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	(39,486)	(23,773)
Credit support agreements	9,400	—
Foreign currency transactions	7,639	(535)
Forward currency contracts	(287)	(13,804)
Net realized gain (losses)	\$ (22,734)	\$ (38,112)

For the year ended December 31, 2025, we recognized net realized losses totaling \$22.7 million, which consisted primarily of net losses on our investment portfolio of \$39.5 million and a net loss on forward currency contracts of \$0.3 million, partially offset by a net gain on the termination of the MVC Credit Support Agreement with Barings of \$9.4 million and a net gain on foreign currency transactions of \$7.6 million. The net loss on our investment portfolio was predominantly related to a \$40.2 million loss on the exit of six loan investments and a \$10.0 million loss on the restructuring of four investments, which were predominantly reclassified from unrealized depreciation, partially offset by a \$5.7 million net gain on the sale of equity investments, a \$2.5 million gain on the exit of one royalty rights investment, and a \$1.8 million net gain on the sale of investments to our joint venture.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized a net realized loss totaling \$38.1 million, which consisted primarily of net losses on our investment portfolio of \$23.8 million, a net loss on forward currency contracts of \$13.8 million and a net loss on foreign currency transactions of \$0.5 million. The net loss on our investment portfolio was primarily comprised of a \$17.3 million loss on the restructuring of four investments, a \$16.7 million loss on the sale and exit of two investments, which were primarily reclassified from unrealized appreciation, partially offset by a \$12.2 million gain on the sale of three investments during the year ended December 31, 2024.

Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)

Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation):		
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	\$ 18,853	\$ (5,436)
Affiliate investments	3,998	(9,169)
Control investments	23,319	(14,226)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	46,170	(28,831)
Credit support agreements	10,650	5,650
Foreign currency transactions	(28,715)	9,306
Forward currency contracts	(21,184)	31,082
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$ 6,921	\$ 17,207

For the year ended December 31, 2025, we recorded net unrealized appreciation totaling \$6.9 million consisting of net unrealized appreciation reclassification adjustments of \$43.1 million related to the net realized losses on the sales / exits and restructuring of certain investments, unrealized appreciation of \$16.3 million on the Sierra Credit Support Agreement with Barings and net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$4.5 million, partially offset by net unrealized depreciation related to foreign currency transactions of \$28.7 million, net unrealized depreciation on forward currency contracts of \$21.2 million, unrealized depreciation of \$5.6 million

on the MVC Credit Support Agreement with Barings and deferred taxes of \$1.5 million. The net unrealized appreciation on our current portfolio of \$4.5 million was driven primarily by the impact of foreign currency exchange rates on investments of \$48.1 million, partially offset by the credit or fundamental performance of investments of \$37.2 million and broad market moves for investments of \$6.4 million.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we recorded net unrealized appreciation totaling \$17.2 million consisting of net unrealized appreciation on forward currency contracts of \$31.1 million, net unrealized appreciation reclassification adjustments of \$30.0 million related to the net realized losses on the sales / exits and restructuring of certain investments, net unrealized appreciation related to foreign currency transactions of \$9.3 million, unrealized appreciation of \$3.7 million on the Sierra Credit Support Agreement with Barings and unrealized appreciation of \$1.9 million on the MVC Credit Support Agreement with Barings, partially offset by net unrealized depreciation on our current portfolio of \$56.6 million, and deferred taxes of \$2.3 million. The net unrealized depreciation on our current portfolio of \$56.6 million was driven primarily by the credit or fundamental performance of investments of \$36.2 million and the impact of foreign currency exchange rates on investments of \$23.0 million, partially offset by broad market moves for investments of \$2.6 million.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We believe that our current cash and foreign currencies on hand, our available borrowing capacity under the February 2019 Credit Facility and our anticipated cash flows from operations will be adequate to meet our cash needs for our daily operations for at least the next twelve months. This “Liquidity and Capital Resources” section should be read in conjunction with the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2025, we experienced a net decrease in cash in the amount of \$24.6 million. During that period, our operating activities provided \$160.5 million in cash, with proceeds from sales or repayments of portfolio investments totaling \$734.9 million and other cash collections from investments exceeding purchases of portfolio investments of \$698.1 million. In addition, our financing activities used net cash of \$185.1 million, consisting of net repayments of the February 2019 Credit Facility of \$235.9 million, dividends paid in the amount of \$125.2 million, repayments of the \$62.5 million Series B Notes (as defined below) and the \$50.0 million August 2025 Notes, and share repurchases of \$6.3 million, partially offset by net proceeds of \$294.8 million from the issuance of the September 2028 Notes. At December 31, 2025, we had \$66.8 million of cash and foreign currencies on hand, including \$12.9 million of restricted cash.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we experienced a net increase in cash in the amount of \$20.8 million. During that period, our operating activities provided \$122.2 million in cash, with proceeds from sales or repayments of portfolio investments totaling \$641.8 million and other cash collections from investments exceeding purchases of portfolio investments of \$637.4 million. In addition, our financing activities used net cash of \$101.4 million, consisting of net repayments of the February 2019 Credit Facility of \$277.7 million, dividends paid in the amount of \$110.1 million and share repurchases of \$6.4 million, partially offset by net proceeds of \$292.8 million from the issuance of the February 2029 Notes. At December 31, 2024, we had \$91.3 million of cash and foreign currencies on hand.

Financing Transactions

February 2019 Credit Facility

On February 21, 2019, we entered into a senior secured credit facility with ING Capital LLC (“ING”), as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto (as amended, restated and otherwise modified from time to time, the “February 2019 Credit Facility”). The initial commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility totaled \$800.0 million. Effective on November 4, 2021, we increased aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$875.0 million from \$800.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.2 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. Effective on February 25, 2022, we increased aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$965.0 million from \$875.0 million pursuant to

the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.5 billion from \$1.2 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. Effective on April 1, 2022, we increased the aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$1.1 billion from \$965.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.5 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. We can borrow foreign currencies directly under the February 2019 Credit Facility. The February 2019 Credit Facility, which is structured as a revolving credit facility, is secured primarily by a material portion of our assets and guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries. Following the termination of the August 2018 Credit Facility on June 30, 2020, Barings BDC Senior Funding I, LLC, our indirect wholly-owned Delaware limited liability company, became a subsidiary guarantor whose assets secure the February 2019 Credit Facility. Effective May 9, 2023, the revolving period of the February 2019 Credit Facility was extended to February 21, 2025, followed by a one-year repayment period, and the maturity date was extended to February 21, 2026. Effective November 5, 2024 we amended the February 2019 Credit Facility to, among other things, (a) extend the revolving period from February 21, 2025 to November 5, 2028; (b) extend the stated maturity date from February 21, 2026 to November 5, 2029; (c) adjust the interest rate charged on the February 2019 Credit Facility from an applicable spread of either the term SOFR plus 2.25% (or 2.00% for so long as we maintain an investment grade credit rating) plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% for borrowings with an interest period of one month, 0.15% for borrowings with an interest period of three months, or 0.25% for borrowings with an interest period of six months to an applicable spread of 1.875% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10%; and (d) reduce the total commitments under the facility from \$1,065 million to \$825 million, of which \$100 million has been reallocated from revolving commitments to term loan commitments. Effective September 25, 2025, we repaid the \$100.0 million term loan commitment, reducing the total commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$725.0 million from \$825.0 million. Effective November 13, 2025, we amended the February 2019 Credit Facility to, among other things, (a) extend the revolving period from November 5, 2028 to November 13, 2029; (b) extend the stated maturity date from November 5, 2029 to November 13, 2030; and (c) add a new €85.0 million term loan facility, increasing the total commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$825 million from \$725 million.

Borrowings denominated in U.S. Dollars under the February 2019 Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis equal to (i) the alternate base rate plus 0.875% or (ii) term SOFR plus an applicable spread of 1.875% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10%. Borrowings denominated in certain foreign currencies, other than Australian dollars, bear interest on a per annum basis equal to the applicable currency rate for the foreign currency as defined in the credit agreement plus 1.875% or for borrowings denominated in Australian dollars, 1.875% plus the applicable Australian benchmark rate, which is defined as the applicable Australian dollar Screen Rate plus 0.20%. The alternate base rate is equal to the greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, (iii) the Overnight Bank Funding Rate plus 0.5%, (iv) one-month term SOFR plus 1.0% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% and (v) 1.0%.

In addition, we pay a commitment fee of 0.375% per annum on undrawn amounts of the February 2019 Credit Facility. In connection with entering into the February 2019 Credit Facility, we incurred financing fees of approximately \$6.4 million, which will be amortized over the life of the February 2019 Credit Facility. In connection with all amendments to the February 2019 Credit Facility, we incurred financing fees of approximately \$12.5 million, which will be amortized over the remaining life of the February 2019 Credit Facility.

As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the February 2019 Credit Facility and we had borrowings outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility denominated in Euros of €193.1 million (\$226.8 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 3.847% (one month EURIBOR of 1.972%). The borrowings denominated in foreign currencies were translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date. The impact resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on the February 2019 Credit Facility borrowings is included in “Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - foreign currency transactions” in our Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The fair values of the borrowings outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility are based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model. As of December 31, 2025, the total fair value of the borrowings outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility was \$226.8 million. See “Note 4. Borrowings - February 2019 Credit Facility” to our Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding the February 2019 Credit Facility.

August 2025 Notes

On August 3, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “August 2020 NPA”) with Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company governing the issuance of (1) \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series A senior unsecured notes due August 2025 (the “Series A Notes due 2025”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.66% per year, and (2) up to \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of additional senior unsecured notes due August 2025 with a fixed interest rate per year to be determined (the “Additional Notes” and, collectively with the Series A Notes due 2025, the “August 2025 Notes”), in each case, to qualified institutional investors in a private placement. An aggregate principal amount of \$25.0 million of the Series A Notes due 2025 were issued on September 24, 2020 and an aggregate principal amount of \$25.0 million of the Series A Notes due 2025 were issued on September 29, 2020, both of which matured on August 4, 2025. Interest on the August 2025 Notes was due semiannually in March and September, beginning in March 2021. In addition, we were obligated to offer to repay the August 2025 Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occur. Subject to the terms of the August 2020 NPA, we could have redeemed the August 2025 Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before November 3, 2024, a make-whole premium. The August 2025 Notes were guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries, and were our general unsecured obligations that ranked pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

Our permitted issuance period for the Additional Notes under the August 2020 NPA expired on February 3, 2022, prior to which date we issued no Additional Notes.

The August 2020 NPA contained certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments, minimum shareholders’ equity, maximum net debt to equity ratio and minimum asset coverage ratio. The August 2020 NPA also contained customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or that of our subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the August 2025 Notes at the time outstanding could have declared all August 2025 Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable.

The August 2025 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The August 2025 Notes were not registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and could not have been offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

On August 4, 2025, the August 2025 Notes matured in accordance with the terms of the August 2020 NPA and we repaid in full the par amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

November Notes

On November 4, 2020, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “November 2020 NPA”) governing the issuance of (1) \$62.5 million in aggregate principal amount of Series B senior unsecured notes due November 2025 (the “Series B Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.25% per year and (2) \$112.5 million in aggregate principal amount of Series C senior unsecured notes due November 2027 (the “Series C Notes,” and, collectively with the Series B Notes, the “November Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.75% per year, in each case, to qualified

institutional investors in a private placement. Each stated interest rate is subject to a step up of (x) 0.75% per year, to the extent the applicable November Notes do not satisfy certain investment grade conditions and/or (y) 1.50% per year, to the extent the ratio of our secured debt to total assets exceeds specified thresholds, measured as of each fiscal quarter end. The November Notes were delivered and paid for on November 5, 2020.

The Series B Notes matured on November 4, 2025, and the Series C Notes will mature on November 4, 2027 unless redeemed, purchased or prepaid prior to such date by us in accordance with their terms. Interest on the November Notes is due semiannually in May and November, beginning in May 2021. In addition, we are obligated to offer to repay the November Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occur. Subject to the terms of the November 2020 NPA, we could have redeemed the Series B Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before May 4, 2025, a make-whole premium. Subject to the terms of the November 2020 NPA, we may redeem the Series C Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before May 4, 2027, a make-whole premium. The November Notes are guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries, and are our general unsecured obligations that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

The November 2020 NPA contains certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments, minimum shareholders' equity, maximum net debt to equity ratio and minimum asset coverage ratio. The November 2020 NPA also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or that of our subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the November Notes at the time outstanding may declare all November Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the November 2020 NPA.

The November Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The November Notes have not and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

On November 4, 2025, the Series B Notes matured in accordance with the terms of the November 2020 NPA and we repaid in full the par amount plus accrued and unpaid interest.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding Series C Notes was \$111.4 million. The fair value determinations of the Series C Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

February Notes

On February 25, 2021, we entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the "February 2021 NPA") governing the issuance of (1) \$80.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series D senior unsecured notes due February 26, 2026 (the "Series D Notes") with a fixed interest rate of 3.41% per year and (2) \$70.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series E senior unsecured notes due February 26, 2028 (the "Series E Notes" and, collectively with the Series D Notes, the "February Notes") with a fixed interest rate of 4.06% per year, in each case, to qualified institutional investors in a private placement. Each stated interest rate is subject to a step up of (x) 0.75% per year, to the extent the applicable February Notes do not satisfy certain investment grade rating conditions and/or (y) 1.50%.

per year, to the extent the ratio of our secured debt to total assets exceeds specified thresholds, measured as of each fiscal quarter end. The February Notes were delivered and paid for on February 26, 2021.

The Series D Notes will mature on February 26, 2026, and the Series E Notes will mature on February 26, 2028 unless redeemed, purchased or prepaid prior to such date by us in accordance with the terms of the February 2021 NPA. Interest on the February Notes is due semiannually in February and August of each year, beginning in August 2021. In addition, we are obligated to offer to repay the February Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occur. Subject to the terms of the February 2021 NPA, we may redeem the Series D Notes and the Series E Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before August 26, 2025, with respect to the Series D Notes, or on or before August 26, 2027, with respect to the Series E Notes, a make-whole premium. The February Notes are guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries, and are our general unsecured obligations that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us.

The February 2021 NPA contains certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, information reporting, maintenance of our status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments. In addition, the February 2021 NPA contains the following financial covenants: (a) maintaining a minimum obligors' net worth, measured as of each fiscal quarter end; (b) not permitting our asset coverage ratio, as of the date of the incurrence of any debt for borrowed money or the making of any cash dividend to shareholders, to be less than the statutory minimum then applicable to us under the 1940 Act; and (c) not permitting our net debt to equity ratio to exceed 2.0x, measured as of each fiscal quarter end.

The February 2021 NPA also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness or that of our subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of certain events of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the February Notes at the time outstanding may declare all February Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the February 2021 NPA.

The February Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The February Notes have not and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding Series D Notes and the Series E Notes was \$79.4 million and \$67.9 million, respectively. The fair value determinations of the Series D Notes and Series E Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

November 2026 Notes

On November 23, 2021, we entered into an Indenture (the "Base Indenture") and a First Supplemental Indenture (the "First Supplemental Indenture" and, together with the Base Indenture, the "November 2026 Notes Indenture") with U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor-in-interest to U.S. Bank National Association, the "Trustee"). The First Supplemental Indenture relates to our issuance of \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 3.300% notes due 2026 (the "November 2026 Notes").

The November 2026 Notes will mature on November 23, 2026 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time or from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the November 2026 Notes Indenture. The November 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.300% per year payable semi-annually on May 23 and November 23 of each year, commencing on May 23, 2022. The November 2026 Notes are our general unsecured obligations that rank senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the November 2026 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured

unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us, rank effectively junior to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The November 2026 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940 Act, whether or not we are subject to those requirements, and to provide financial information to the holders of the November 2026 Notes and the Trustee if we are no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the November 2026 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the November 2026 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a “change of control repurchase event,” as defined in the November 2026 Notes Indenture, we will generally be required to make an offer to purchase the outstanding November 2026 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such November 2026 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The November 2026 Notes were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to certain non-U.S. persons outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act. Concurrent with the closing of November 2026 Notes offering, we entered into a registration rights agreement for the benefit of the purchasers of the November 2026 Notes. Pursuant to the terms of this registration rights agreement, we filed a registration statement on Form N-14 with the SEC, which was subsequently declared effective, to permit electing holders of the November 2026 Notes to exchange all of their outstanding restricted November 2026 Notes for an equal aggregate principal amount of new November 2026 Notes (the “Exchange Notes”). The Exchange Notes have terms substantially identical to the terms of the November 2026 Notes, except that the Exchange Notes are registered under the Securities Act, and certain transfer restrictions, registration rights, and additional interest provisions relating to the November 2026 Notes do not apply to the Exchange Notes.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding November 2026 Notes was \$340.9 million. The fair value determinations of the November 2026 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

February 2029 Notes

On February 7, 2024, we entered into an underwriting agreement among us, Barings LLC, and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc., BMO Capital Markets Corp., and Fifth Third Securities, Inc., in connection with the issuance and sale of \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 7.000% senior unsecured notes due February 15, 2029 (the “February 2029 Notes”). The February 2029 Notes offering closed on February 12, 2024 and the February 2029 Notes were issued under a Second Supplemental Indenture, dated February 12, 2024, between us and the Trustee, to the Base Indenture (the “Second Supplemental Indenture,” and together with the Base Indenture, the “February 2029 Notes Indenture”).

The February 2029 Notes will mature on February 15, 2029 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time or from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the February 2029 Notes Indenture. The February 2029 Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.000% per year payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing on August 15, 2024. The February 2029 Notes are general unsecured obligations of ours that rank senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the February 2029 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us, rank effectively junior to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The February 2029 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940

Act, whether or not we are subject to those requirements (but giving effect to exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC), and to provide financial information to the holders of the February 2029 Notes and the Trustee if we are no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the February 2029 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the February 2029 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a “change of control repurchase event,” as defined in the February 2029 Notes Indenture, we may be required by the holders of the February 2029 Notes to make an offer to purchase the outstanding February 2029 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such February 2029 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The net proceeds received by us in connection with the February 2029 Notes offering were approximately \$292.9 million, after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding February 2029 Notes was \$303.3 million. The fair value determinations of the February 2029 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

In connection with the offering of the February 2029 Notes, on February 12, 2024, we entered into a \$300.0 million notional value interest rate swap. We receive a fixed rate interest at 7.00% paid semi-annually and pay semi-annually based on a compounded daily rate of SOFR plus 3.14750%. The swap transaction matures on February 15, 2029. The interest expense related to the February 2029 Notes will be equally offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest and other financing fees in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2025, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$3.3 million. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of derivative assets or derivative liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the February 2029 Notes. The fair value of the interest rate swap is based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

September 2028 Notes

On September 8, 2025, we entered into an underwriting agreement among us, Barings LLC, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, ING Financial Markets LLC, MUFG Securities Americas Inc. and SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc., in connection with the issuance and sale of \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 5.200% senior unsecured notes due September 15, 2028 (the “September 2028 Notes”). The September 2028 Notes offering closed on September 15, 2025 and the September 2028 Notes were issued under a Third Supplemental Indenture, dated September 15, 2025, between us and the Trustee, to the Base Indenture (the “Third Supplemental Indenture,” and together with the Base Indenture, the “September 2028 Notes Indenture”).

The September 2028 Notes will mature on September 15, 2028 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time or from time to time prior to August 15, 2028 at par value plus a “make-whole” premium calculated in accordance with the terms under “optional redemption” in the September 2028 Notes Indenture and at par value on August 15, 2028 or thereafter. The September 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.200% per year payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, commencing on March 15, 2026. The September 2028 Notes are general unsecured obligations of ours that rank senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the September 2028 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us, rank effectively junior to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The September 2028 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940 Act, whether or not it is subject to those requirements (but giving effect to exemptive relief granted to us by the

SEC), and to provide financial information to the holders of the September 2028 Notes and the Trustee if we are no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the September 2028 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with all covenants under the September 2028 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a “change of control repurchase event,” as defined in the September 2028 Notes Indenture, we may be required by the holders of the September 2028 Notes to make an offer to purchase the outstanding September 2028 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such September 2028 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The net proceeds received by us in connection with the September 2028 Notes offering were approximately \$294.7 million, after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by us.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding September 2028 Notes was \$297.9 million. The fair value determinations of the September 2028 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

In connection with the offering of the September 2028 Notes, on September 15, 2025, we entered into a \$300.0 million notional value interest rate swap. We receive a fixed rate interest at 5.20% paid semi-annually and pays semi-annually based on a compounded daily rate of SOFR plus 2.059%. The swap transaction matures on September 15, 2028. The interest expense related to the September 2028 Notes will be equally offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest and other financing fees in our Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2025, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(2.1) million. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of derivative assets or derivative liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the September 2028 Notes. The fair value of the interest rate swap is based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

Share Repurchase Program

On February 22, 2024, our Board authorized the Prior Share Repurchase Program. Under the Prior Share Repurchase Program, we were able to repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2024, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases was determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Prior Share Repurchase Program terminated on March 1, 2025. The Prior Share Repurchase Program did not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we could not assure stockholders that any shares would be repurchased under the Prior Share Repurchase Program. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we did not repurchase any shares pursuant to the Prior Share Repurchase Program.

On February 20, 2025, our Board authorized a 12-month Share Repurchase Program. Under the Share Repurchase Program, we may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2025, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Share Repurchase Program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2026, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The Share Repurchase Program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program. The Share Repurchase Program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2025, we repurchased a total of 702,054 shares of common stock in the open market under the Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.04 per share, including brokerage commissions.

Distributions to Stockholders

We intend to pay quarterly distributions to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that provides for reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, when we declare a dividend, stockholders who have not opted out of the DRIP will have their dividends automatically reinvested (net of applicable withholding tax) in shares of our common stock, rather than receiving cash dividends.

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code, and intend to make the required distributions to our stockholders as specified therein. In order to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC and to obtain RIC tax benefits, we must meet certain minimum distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. If such requirements are met, then we are generally required to pay income taxes only on the portion of our taxable income and gains we do not distribute (actually or constructively) and certain built-in gains. We have historically met our minimum distribution requirements and continually monitor our distribution requirements with the goal of ensuring compliance with the Code. We can offer no assurance that we will achieve results that will permit the payment of any level of cash distributions and our ability to make distributions will be limited by the asset coverage requirement and related provisions under the 1940 Act and contained in any applicable indenture or financing agreement and related supplements. In addition, in order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement applicable to RICs, we may declare a significant portion of our dividends in shares of our common stock instead of in cash. As long as a portion of such dividend is paid in cash (which portion may be as low as 20% of such dividend under published guidance from the IRS) and certain requirements are met, the entire distribution will be treated as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, a stockholder generally would be subject to tax on 100% of the fair market value of the dividend on the date the dividend is received by the stockholder in the same manner as a cash dividend, even though most of the dividend was paid in shares of our common stock.

The minimum distribution requirements applicable to RICs require us to distribute to our stockholders each year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, or ICTI, as defined in the Code. Depending on the level of ICTI and net capital gain, if any, earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward ICTI in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such excess. Any such carryover ICTI must be distributed before the end of the next tax year through a dividend declared prior to filing the final tax return related to the year which generated such ICTI.

ICTI generally differs from net investment income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. We may be required to recognize ICTI in certain circumstances in which we do not receive cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having OID (such as debt instruments issued with warrants), we must include in ICTI each year a portion of the OID that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in ICTI other amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as (i) PIK interest income and (ii) interest income from investments that have been classified as non-accrual for financial reporting purposes. Interest income on non-accrual investments is not recognized for financial reporting purposes, but generally is recognized in ICTI. Because any OID or other amounts accrued will be included in our ICTI for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements, even though we will not have received and may not ever receive any corresponding cash amount. ICTI also excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates

The preparation of our financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the periods covered by such financial statements. We have identified investment valuation and revenue recognition as our most critical accounting estimates. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to the matters described below. These estimates are based on the information that is currently available to us and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. A discussion of our critical accounting policies follows. We describe our most significant accounting policies in “Note 1. Organization, Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies” to our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Valuation of Investments

The most significant estimate inherent in the preparation of our financial statements is the valuation of investments and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation of investments recorded. We have a valuation policy, as well as established and documented processes and methodologies for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring (at least quarterly) basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (“ASC Topic 820”). Our current valuation policy and processes were established by Barings and were approved by the Board.

As of December 31, 2025, our investment portfolio, valued at fair value in accordance with the Board-approved valuation policies, represented approximately 207% of our total net assets, as compared to approximately 206% of our total net assets as of December 31, 2024.

Under ASC Topic 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller at the measurement date. For our portfolio securities, fair value is generally the amount that we might reasonably expect to receive upon the current sale of the security. The fair value measurement assumes that the sale occurs in the principal market for the security, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the security. If no market for the security exists or if we do not have access to the principal market, the security should be valued based on the sale occurring in a hypothetical market.

Under ASC Topic 820, there are three levels of valuation inputs, as follows:

Level 1 Inputs – include quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs – include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 Inputs – include inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument is categorized within the ASC Topic 820 valuation hierarchy based upon the lowest level of input to the valuation process that is significant to the fair value measurement. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized as Level 3 investments within the tables in the notes to our consolidated financial statements may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Our investment portfolio includes certain debt and equity instruments of privately held companies for which quoted prices or other observable inputs falling within the categories of Level 1 and Level 2 are generally not available. In such cases, the Adviser determines the fair value of our investments in good faith primarily using Level 3 inputs. In certain cases, quoted prices or other observable inputs exist, and if so, the Adviser assesses the appropriateness of the use of these third-party quotes in determining fair value based on (i) its understanding of the

level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote and whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer and (ii) the depth and consistency of broker quotes and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with underlying performance of the portfolio company.

There is no single approach for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon the specific circumstances of each individual investment. The recorded fair values of our Level 3 investments may differ significantly from fair values that would have been used had an active market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. For a discussion of the risks inherent in determining the value of securities for which readily available market values do not exist, see “Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in accordance with the Adviser’s valuation policies and procedures and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments” included in Item 1A of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Investment Valuation Process

The Board must determine fair value in good faith for any or all of our investments for which market quotations are not readily available. The Board has designated Barings as Valuation Designee to perform the fair value determinations relating to the value of the assets held by us for which market quotations are not readily available. Barings has established a pricing committee that is, subject to the oversight of the Board, responsible for the approval, implementation and oversight of the processes and methodologies that relate to the pricing and valuation of assets we hold. Barings uses independent third-party providers to price the portfolio, but in the event an acceptable price cannot be obtained from an approved external source, Barings will utilize alternative methods in accordance with internal pricing procedures established by Barings’ pricing committee.

At least annually, Barings conducts reviews of the primary pricing vendors to validate that the inputs used in the vendors’ pricing process are deemed to be market observable. While Barings is not provided access to proprietary models of the vendors, the reviews have included on-site walkthroughs of the pricing process, methodologies and control procedures for each asset class and level for which prices are provided. The review also includes an examination of the underlying inputs and assumptions for a sample of individual securities across asset classes, credit rating levels and various durations, a process Barings continues to perform annually. In addition, the pricing vendors have an established challenge process in place for all security valuations, which facilitates identification and resolution of prices that fall outside expected ranges. Barings believes that the prices received from the pricing vendors are representative of prices that would be received to sell the assets at the measurement date (i.e. exit prices).

Our money market fund investments are generally valued using Level 1 inputs and our equity investments listed on an exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued using Level 1 inputs, using the last quoted sale price of that day. Our syndicated senior secured loans and structured product investments are generally valued using Level 2 inputs, which are generally valued at the bid quotation obtained from dealers in loans by an independent pricing service. Our middle-market, private debt and equity investments are generally valued using Level 3 inputs.

Independent Valuation

The fair value of loans and equity investments that are not syndicated or for which market quotations are not readily available, including middle-market loans, are generally submitted to independent providers to perform an independent valuation on those loans and equity investments as of the end of each quarter. Such loans and equity investments are initially held at cost, as that is a reasonable approximation of fair value on the acquisition date, and monitored for material changes that could affect the valuation (for example, changes in interest rates or the credit quality of the borrower). At the quarter end following that of the initial acquisition, such loans and equity investments are generally sent to a valuation provider which will determine the fair value of each investment. The independent valuation providers apply various methods (synthetic rating analysis, discounting cash flows, and re-underwriting analysis) to establish the rate of return a market participant would require (the “discount rate”) as of the

valuation date, given market conditions, prevailing lending standards and the perceived credit quality of the issuer. Future expected cash flows for each investment are discounted back to present value using these discount rates in the discounted cash flow analysis. A range of values will be provided by the valuation provider and Barings will determine the point within that range that it will use. If the Barings pricing committee disagrees with the price range provided, it may make a fair value recommendation to Barings that is outside of the range provided by the independent valuation provider and the reasons therefore. In certain instances, we may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in the stockholders' best interests, to request an independent valuation firm to perform an independent valuation on certain investments. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of the investment in the portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total investment portfolio.

Valuation Inputs

The Adviser's valuation techniques are based upon both observable and unobservable pricing inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Adviser's market assumptions. The Adviser's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument. An independent pricing service provider is the preferred source of pricing a loan, however, to the extent the independent pricing service provider price is unavailable or not relevant and reliable, the Adviser will utilize alternative approaches such as broker quotes or manual prices. The Adviser attempts to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The availability of observable inputs can vary from investment to investment and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the security.

Valuation of Investments in Jocassee, Thompson Rivers, Waccamaw River and Sierra JV

As Jocassee, Thompson Rivers, Waccamaw River and Sierra JV are investment companies with no readily determinable fair values, the Adviser estimates the fair value of our investments in these entities using the NAV of each company and our ownership percentage as a practical expedient. The NAV is determined in accordance with the specialized accounting guidance for investment companies.

Revenue Recognition

Interest and Dividend Income

Interest income, including amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Generally, when interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if we otherwise do not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, we will place the loan on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The cessation of recognition of such interest will negatively impact the reported fair value of the investment. We write off any previously accrued and uncollected interest when it is determined that interest is no longer considered collectible.

Interest income from investments in the equity class of a collateralized loan obligation ("CLO") security (typically subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, *Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. We monitor the expected cash flows from these investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Any difference between the cash distribution received and the amount calculated pursuant to the effective interest method is recorded as an adjustment to the cost basis of such investments.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

We may have to include interest income in our ICTI, including OID income, from investments that have been classified as non-accrual for financial reporting purposes. Interest income on non-accrual investments is not recognized for financial reporting purposes, but generally is recognized in ICTI. As a result, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements to maintain our RIC tax treatment, even though we will not have received and may not ever receive any corresponding cash amount. Additionally, any loss recognized by us for U.S. federal income tax purposes on previously accrued interest income will be treated as a capital loss.

Fee and Other Income

Origination, facility, commitment, consent and other advance fees received in connection with the origination of a loan, or Loan Origination Fees, are recorded as deferred income and recognized as investment income over the term of the loan. Upon prepayment of a loan, any unamortized Loan Origination Fees are recorded as investment income. In the general course of our business, we receive certain fees from portfolio companies, which are non-recurring in nature. Such fees include loan prepayment penalties, structuring fees, covenant waiver fees and loan amendment fees, and are recorded as investment income when earned. Other income includes royalty income received in connection with revenue participation rights which is recorded on an accrual basis in accordance with revenue participation right agreements and recognized as investment income over the term of the rights.

Fee and other income for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Recurring Fee and Other Income:			
Amortization of loan origination fees	\$ 7,375	\$ 6,817	\$ 6,949
Management, valuation and other fees	2,484	1,728	2,261
Royalty income	374	422	—
Total Recurring Fee and Other Income	10,233	8,967	9,210
Non-Recurring Fee and Other Income:			
Prepayment fees	1,181	847	510
Acceleration of unamortized loan origination fees	3,845	4,834	1,476
Advisory, loan amendment and other fees	2,446	2,244	2,205
Total Non-Recurring Fee and Other Income	7,472	7,925	4,191
Total Fee and Other Income	\$ 17,705	\$ 16,892	\$ 13,401

Payment-in-Kind (PIK) Income

We currently hold, and expect to hold in the future, some loans in our portfolio that contain PIK interest provisions. PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the loan, rather than being paid to us in cash, and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of PIK interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment.

We have certain preferred equity securities in our portfolio that contain a PIK dividend provision that are accrued and recorded as dividend income at the contractual rates specified in each applicable agreement. The accrued PIK and non-cash dividends are capitalized to the cost basis of the preferred equity security and are generally collected when redeemed by the portfolio company.

PIK interest and dividend income for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
PIK interest income	\$ 18,998	\$ 15,736	\$ 18,128
PIK interest income as a % of investment income	6.8 %	5.5 %	6.3 %
PIK dividend income	\$ 11,329	\$ 10,477	\$ 9,006
PIK dividend income as a % of investment income	4.1 %	3.7 %	3.1 %
Total PIK income	\$ 30,327	\$ 26,213	\$ 27,134
Total PIK income as a % of investment income	10.9 %	9.2 %	9.4 %

PIK interest, which is a non-cash source of income at the time of recognition, is included in our taxable income and therefore affects the amount we are required to distribute to our stockholders to maintain our tax treatment as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, even though we have not yet collected the cash. Generally, when current cash interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if we otherwise do not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, we will place the loan on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing PIK interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. We write off any previously accrued and uncollected PIK interest when it is determined that the PIK interest is no longer collectible.

We may have to include in our ICTI, PIK interest income from investments that have been classified as non-accrual for financial reporting purposes. Interest income on non-accrual investments is not recognized for financial reporting purposes, but generally is recognized in ICTI. As a result, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements, even though we will not have received and may not ever receive any corresponding cash amount.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are subject to market risk. Market risk includes risks that arise from changes in interest rates, commodity prices, equity prices and other market changes that affect market sensitive instruments. The fair value of securities held by us may decline in response to certain events, including those directly involving the companies we invest in; conditions affecting the general economy; overall market changes; global pandemics; legislative reform; local, regional, national or global political, social or economic instability; and interest rate fluctuations.

In addition, we are subject to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is defined as the sensitivity of our current and future earnings to interest rate volatility, variability of spread relationships, the difference in re-pricing intervals between our assets and liabilities and the effect that interest rates may have on our cash flows. Changes in the general level of interest rates can affect our net interest income, which is the difference between the interest income earned on interest earning assets and our interest expense incurred in connection with our interest bearing debt and liabilities. Changes in interest rates can also affect, among other things, our ability to acquire and originate loans and securities and the value of our investment portfolio. Our net investment income is affected by fluctuations in various interest rates, including EURIBOR, BBSY, STIBOR, CORRA, SOFR, SONIA, SARON, NIBOR and BKBM. Our risk management systems and procedures are designed to identify and analyze our risk, to set appropriate policies and limits and to continually monitor these risks. We regularly measure exposure to interest rate risk and determine whether or not any hedging transactions are necessary to mitigate exposure to changes in interest rates. We currently, and may in the future, hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as additional interest rate swaps, futures, options and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we have entered into and may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of changes in interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Following a campaign by the U.S. Federal Reserve of raising interest rates to address significant and persistent inflation in order to slow economic growth and reduce price pressure, in 2024 and 2025, the U.S. Federal Reserve announced several benchmark rate cuts. A prolonged reduction in interest rates will reduce our gross investment income and could result in a decrease in our net investment income if such decreases in SOFR are not offset by a corresponding increase in the spread over SOFR that we earn on any portfolio investments, a decrease in our operating expenses, including with respect to our income incentive fee, or a decrease in the interest rate of our floating interest rate liabilities tied to SOFR.

As of December 31, 2025, approximately \$1,900.5 million (principal amount) of our debt portfolio investments bore interest at variable rates, which generally are SOFR-based (or based on an equivalent applicable currency rate), and many of which are subject to certain floors. As of December 31, 2025, approximately \$826.8 million (principal amount) of our borrowings bore interest at variable rates (approximately 57.4% of our total borrowings as of December 31, 2025) under the February 2019 Credit Facility, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes. See "Note 4. Borrowings" to our Consolidated Financial Statements for information about the variable interest rates and spreads applicable to borrowings under the February 2019 Credit Facility, the February 2029 Notes and the September 2028 Notes.

Based on our December 31, 2025 Consolidated Balance Sheet, the following table shows the annual impact on net income of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates on our debt investments and borrowings (considering interest rate floors for variable rate instruments) assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(in thousands) Basis Point Change ⁽¹⁾	Interest Income	Interest Expense	Net Income ⁽²⁾
Up 300 basis points	\$ 57,016	\$ 24,804	\$ 32,212
Up 200 basis points	38,010	16,536	21,474
Up 100 basis points	19,005	8,268	10,737
Down 25 basis points	(4,751)	(2,067)	(2,684)
Down 50 basis points	(9,503)	(4,134)	(5,369)

(1) Excludes the impact of foreign currency exchange.

(2) Excludes the impact of income based fees. See "Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions" in the Notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on the income based fees.

We may also have exposure to foreign currencies related to certain investments. Such investments are translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date, exposing us to movements in the exchange rate. In order to reduce our exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates, we generally borrow in local foreign currencies under the February 2019 Credit Facility to finance such investments. As of December 31, 2025, we had borrowings under the February 2019 Credit Facility denominated in Euros of €193.1 million (\$226.8 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 3.847% (one month EURIBOR of 1.972%).

Unused Commitments

In the normal course of business, we are party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk, consisting primarily of unused commitments to extend financing to our portfolio companies. Since commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. As of December 31, 2025, we believed we have adequate financial resources to satisfy our unfunded commitments. The balance of unused commitments to extend financing as of December 31, 2025 was as follows:

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
Accelevation LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	\$ 401
Accelevation LLC	Revolver	793
Accurus Aerospace Corporation ⁽²⁾	Revolver	2,017
AD Bidec, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	391

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
AD Bidco, Inc.	Revolver	1,303
Adhefin International ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	446
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,443
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	814
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Revolver	471
Application Boot Camp LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	528
Arc Education ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	724
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,178
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	728
Argus Intermediate, LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,580
Argus Intermediate, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	549
Armstrong Transport Group (Pele Buyer, LLC) ⁽²⁾	Revolver	898
Artemis Bidco Limited ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	446
ASC Communications, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,089
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	Revolver	3,289
Avance Clinical Bidco Pty Ltd ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,274
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	481
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	399
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Revolver	1,858
Beyond Risk Management, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	879
Bitly, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	189
BKF Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	2,970
BLI Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	752
BLI Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	634
BrightSign LLC	Revolver	332
Broadstone Group UK LTD ⁽⁴⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	696
Broadway Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,649
Broadway Buyer, LLC	Revolver	967
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	417
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Revolver	2,500
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp. ⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	53
Cascade Residential Services LLC	Revolver	331
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,257
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Revolver	1,047
Ceres Pharma NV ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	163
CGI Parent, LLC	Revolver	1,653
CH Buyer, LLC	Revolver	55
CloudOne Digital Corp.	Revolver	2,707
Comply365, LLC	Revolver	807
Coyo Uprising GmbH ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	461
Credit Key Funding II LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,304
Credit Key Funding II LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	870
CW Group Holdings, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,446
DAWGS Intermediate Holdings Co.	Revolver	1,802

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
DecksDirect, LLC(2)	Revolver	85
DISA Holdings Corp.	Revolver	314
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,646
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	Revolver	1,793
Durare Bidco, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	968
Durare Bidco, LLC	Revolver	969
EB Development(3)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	242
EB Development(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	627
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Revolver	12,818
EMI Porta Holdco LLC(2)	Revolver	2,195
Events Software BidCo Pty Ltd(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	619
Expert Institute Group Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,005
Expert Institute Group Inc.	Revolver	701
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC(2)	Revolver	193
EZ SMBO Bidco(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	703
Forest Buyer, LLC	Revolver	298
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	2,316
GCDL LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	108
GCDL LLC	Revolver	108
GMES LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,253
GMES LLC	Revolver	916
GMF Parent, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,195
GMF Parent, Inc.	Revolver	468
GPNZ II GmbH(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	51
Greenhill II BV(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	585
Groupe Product Life(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,704
Haystack Holdings LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,086
Haystack Holdings LLC	Revolver	1,416
HeartHealth Bidco Pty Ltd(2)(5)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	113
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	Revolver	2,632
HemaSource, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	368
HemaSource, Inc.	Revolver	1,804
High Street Buyer Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,800
HomeX Services Group LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	221
HomeX Services Group LLC	Revolver	304
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	652
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	Revolver	600
HSL Compliance(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,152
HTI Technology & Industries(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,045
HTI Technology & Industries(2)	Revolver	1,364
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	162
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.(2)	Revolver	522
Ice House America, L.L.C.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	816
Ice House America, L.L.C.(2)	Revolver	72

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
International Fleet Financing No.2 B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	947
Interstellar Group B.V.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	628
InvoCare Limited(5)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	296
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Revolver	1,031
Jocassee Partners LLC	Joint Venture	65,000
Jon Bidco Limited(2)(7)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	529
KAMC Holdings Inc.	Revolver	476
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	407
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC(2)	Revolver	144
Keystone Bidco B.V.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	67
Keystone Bidco B.V.(3)	Revolver	42
Lambir Bidco Limited(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	103
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	778
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	72
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Revolver	18
LeadsOnline, LLC	Revolver	2,603
LHS Borrower, LLC	Revolver	725
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,024
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	Revolver	868
Maia Bidco Limited(2)(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,350
Maia Bidco Limited(2)(4)	Revolver	337
Marmoutier Holding B.V.(2)(3)	Term Loan	42
MB Purchaser, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,350
MB Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	769
MC Group Ventures Corporation(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,837
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	635
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)(4)	Revolver	797
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.(2)	Revolver	665
Mercell Holding AS(2)(8)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	778
MIV Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,260
MIV Buyer, LLC	Revolver	311
Modern Star Holdings Bidco Pty Limited(2)(5)	Term Loan	952
Momentum Textiles, LLC(2)	Revolver	923
Moonlight Bidco Limited(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	593
MSI Express Inc.(2)	Revolver	723
NAW Buyer LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,554
NAW Buyer LLC	Revolver	1,894
Next Holdco, LLC	Revolver	733
NF Holdco, LLC(2)	Revolver	630
Northstar Recycling, LLC	Revolver	3,527
NPM Investments 28 B.V.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	255
OAC Holdings I Corp	Revolver	1,370
OSP AFS Buyer, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	5,699
OSP AFS Buyer, LLC(2)	Revolver	1,309

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	1,145
OSP Lakeside Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC(2)	Revolver	735
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	584
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC(2)	Revolver	1,900
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	Revolver	949
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	782
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	579
Premium Invest(3)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,820
ProfitOptics, LLC(2)	Revolver	484
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	Revolver	1,932
Qima Finance LTD	Capex / Acquisition Facility	655
R1 Holdings, LLC(2)	Revolver	219
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	630
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	1,865
Rapid Buyer LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,956
Rapid Buyer LLC(2)	Revolver	1,478
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,111
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc.(2)	Revolver	1,000
Recon Buyer LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,837
Recon Buyer LLC(2)	Revolver	612
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	145
RKD Group, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,645
RKD Group, LLC	Revolver	1,135
Rocade Holdings LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,133
Rocade Holdings LLC(2)	Preferred Equity	7,000
Rock Labor LLC	Revolver	1,103
ROI Solutions LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,256
ROI Solutions LLC	Revolver	3,138
RPX Corporation	Revolver	3,024
Ruby Bidco Pty Ltd(2)(5)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	642
Saab Purchaser, Inc.(2)	Revolver	2,394
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.(3)	Term Loan	2,786
Sapphire Bidco S.A.R.L.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,048
SBP Holdings LP	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,905
SBP Holdings LP	Revolver	3,250
Scout Bidco B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	680
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,051
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	974
SCP Medical Products, LLC.	Revolver	213
Screenvision, LLC	Revolver	613
Security Holdings B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	822
Sinari Invest(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	509
Skyvault Holdings LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,729
Skyvault Holdings LLC(2)	Equity	910

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Revolver	1,651
Solo Buyer, L.P.(2)	Revolver	1,130
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	Revolver	156
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,041
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Revolver	1,188
Spatial Business Systems LLC	Revolver	406
Sunrise Acquisition Bidco Limited(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,953
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	292
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Revolver	1,459
SVI International LLC	Revolver	74
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	3,455
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	Revolver	818
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	601
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.(2)	Revolver	1,763
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,123
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Revolver	448
Tank Holding Corp(2)	Revolver	873
Tanqueray Bidco Limited(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,217
TAPCO Buyer LLC	Revolver	1,415
Technology Service Stream BidCo Pty Ltd(5)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	169
Techone B.V.(3)	Revolver	558
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,144
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Revolver	2,103
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	3,811
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)(2)	Revolver	2,261
THG Acquisition, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,629
THG Acquisition, LLC	Revolver	1,314
Transportation Insight, LLC(2)	Revolver	1,281
Trintech, Inc.	Revolver	383
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,596
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	443
UBC Ledgers Holding AB(9)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	117
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	8,143
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Revolver	2,494
Unither (Uniholding)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	259
Unosquare, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,106
Unosquare, LLC(2)	Revolver	661
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	12,065
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	171
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	1,886
Woodland Foods, LLC(2)	Line of Credit	2,793

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025
World 50, Inc.	Revolver	973
WWEC Holdings III Corp	Revolver	2,484
Zelda Luxco S.A.S(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,249
Total unused commitments to extend financing		\$ 400,635

- (1) The Adviser's estimate of the fair value of the current investments in these portfolio companies includes an analysis of the fair value of any unfunded commitments.
- (2) Represents a commitment to extend financing to a portfolio company where one or more of our current investments in the portfolio company are carried at less than cost.
- (3) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Euros. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (4) Actual commitment amount is denominated in British pounds sterling. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (5) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Australian dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (6) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Canadian dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (7) Actual commitment amount is denominated in New Zealand dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (8) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Norwegian kroner. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.
- (9) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Swedish kroner. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

In the normal course of business, we guarantee certain obligations in connection with our portfolio companies (in particular, certain controlled portfolio companies). Under these guarantee arrangements, payments may be required to be made to third parties if such guarantees are called upon or if the portfolio companies were to default on their related obligations, as applicable. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, we had guaranteed €6.0 million (\$7.0 million U.S. dollars) and €9.9 million (\$10.3 million U.S. dollars) respectively, relating to credit facilities among Erste Bank and MVC Automotive Group GmbH ("MVC Auto"), that mature on June 30, 2026. As of December 31, 2025 we had guaranteed €4.0 million (\$4.7 million U.S. dollars) relating to a credit facility among Santander Consumer Bank GmbH and MVC Auto, which will be in place for the holding period of the associated asset, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the terms of the credit facility. We would be required to make payments to Erste Bank and Santander Consumer Bank GmbH if MVC Auto were to default on their related payment obligations. None of the credit facility guarantees are recorded as a liability on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, as such the credit facility liabilities are considered in the valuation of the investments in MVC Auto. The guarantees denominated in foreign currencies were translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

Recent Developments

Subsequent to December 31, 2025, we made approximately \$47.6 million of new commitments, of which \$37.9 million closed and funded. The \$37.9 million of investments consists of \$22.9 million of first lien senior secured debt investments, \$14.7 million of second lien senior secured debt investments and \$0.3 million of equity investments. The weighted average yield of the debt investments was 8.6%. In addition, we funded \$16.3 million of previously committed revolvers and delayed draw term loans.

On February 19, 2026, the Board authorized a new 12-month share repurchase program. Under the program, we may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2026, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2027, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the program. The program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time.

On February 19, 2026, the Board declared a quarterly distribution of \$0.26 per share payable on March 11, 2026 to holders of record as of March 4, 2026.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

See the section entitled "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which is included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

See our Financial Statements included herein and listed in Item 15(a) of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2025. It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of our financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management (with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer) conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued in 2013 by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway

Commission. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2025.

Our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which is included in Item 15 of Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fourth quarter of 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans

During the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2025, none of our directors or officers adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of our securities to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Exchange Act Rule 10b5-1(c) or any “non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.”

Share Repurchase Program

On February 19, 2026, the Board authorized a new 12-month share repurchase program. Under the program, we may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2026, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, our stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2027, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares, and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the program. The program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time.

Fees and Expenses

The following table is being provided to update, as of December 31, 2025, certain information in the Company’s effective shelf registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-282335) that automatically became effective on September 26, 2024. The information is intended to assist you in understanding the fees and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this Annual Report on Form 10-K, or any filing under the Securities Act into which this Annual Report on Form 10-K is incorporated by reference, contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by “you”, “us”, or “the Company” or that “we” will pay fees or expenses, our stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses as investors in us.

Stockholder transaction expenses (as a percentage of offering price):

Sales load	— % (1)
Offering expenses	— % (2)
Dividend reinvestment plan expenses	None (3)
Total stockholder transaction expenses	— %

Annual expenses (as a percentage of net assets attributable to common stock):⁽⁴⁾

Base management fee	2.9 % (5)
Incentive fees payable under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement	2.7 % (6)
Interest payments on borrowed funds	6.8 % (7)
Other expenses	0.7 % (8)
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.5 % (9)
Total annual expenses	13.6 %

(1) In the event that the securities are sold to or through underwriters or agents, a corresponding prospectus supplement will disclose the applicable sales load.

(2) The prospectus supplement corresponding to each offering will disclose the estimated amount of offering expenses, the offering price and the offering expenses borne by us as a percentage of the offering price.

(3) The estimated expenses associated with the administration of the dividend reinvestment plan are included in “Other expenses.” See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — Distributions to Shareholders” included in Item 7 of Part II of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

(4) Net assets attributable to common stock equal net assets as of December 31, 2025.

(5) Pursuant to the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the base management fee is 1.25% of our average gross assets, including our credit support agreements and assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage, but excluding cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters prior to the quarter for which such fees are being calculated. The fee table above shows the base management fee as a percentage of net assets as required by the SEC.

(6) Our incentive fee consists of two parts: (1) a portion based on our pre-incentive fee net investment income (the “Income-Based Fee”) and (2) a portion based on the net capital gains received on our portfolio of securities on a cumulative basis for each calendar year, net of all realized capital losses and all unrealized capital depreciation for that same calendar year (the “Capital Gains Fee”).

- i. The Income-Based Fee is determined and paid quarterly in arrears based on the amount by which (x) the aggregate “Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income” (as defined below) in respect of the current calendar quarter and the eleven preceding calendar quarters beginning with the calendar quarter that commences on or after January 1, 2021, as the case may be (or the appropriate portion thereof in the case of any of the Company’s first eleven calendar quarters that commences on or after January 1, 2021) (in either case, the “Trailing Twelve Quarters”) exceeds (y) the Hurdle Amount (as defined below) in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Hurdle Amount will be determined on a quarterly basis, and will be calculated by multiplying 2.0625% (8.25% annualized) by the aggregate of our NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, “Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income” means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including, without limitation, any accrued income that we have not yet received in cash and any other fees such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses accrued during the calendar quarter (including, without limitation, the base management fee, administration expenses and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Income-Based Fee and the Capital Gains Fee). For the avoidance of doubt, Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

The calculation of the Income-Based Fee for each quarter is as follows:

- A. No Income-Based Fee will be payable to Barings in any calendar quarter in which our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters does not exceed the Hurdle Amount;

B. 100% of our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters, if any, that exceeds the Hurdle Amount but is less than or equal to an amount (the "Catch-Up Amount") determined on a quarterly basis by multiplying 2.578125% (10.3125% annualized) by the aggregate of our NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Catch-Up Amount is intended to provide Barings with an incentive fee of 20% on all of our Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income when our Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income reaches the Catch-Up Amount for the Trailing Twelve Quarters; and

C. For any quarter in which our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters exceeds the Catch-Up Amount, the Income-Based Fee shall equal 20% of the amount of our aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for such Trailing Twelve Quarters, as the Hurdle Amount and Catch-Up Amount will have been achieved.

Subject to the Incentive Fee Cap described below, the amount of the Income-Based Fee that will be paid to Barings for a particular quarter equals the excess of the aggregate Income-Based Fee so calculated less the aggregate Income-Based Fees that were paid to Barings in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters.

The Income-Based Fee is subject to a cap (the "Incentive Fee Cap"). The Incentive Fee Cap in any quarter is an amount equal to (a) 20% of the Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return (as defined below) during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters less (b) the aggregate Income-Based Fee that were paid to Barings in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, "Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return" during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters means (x) Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters less (y) any Net Capital Loss, if any, in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is zero or a negative value, we will pay no Income-Based Fee to Barings in that quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is a positive value but is less than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, we will pay Barings the Incentive Fee Cap for such quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is equal to or greater than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, we will pay Barings the Income-Based Fee for such quarter.

"Net Capital Loss" in respect of a particular period means the difference, if positive, between (i) aggregate capital losses on our assets, whether realized or unrealized, in such period and (ii) aggregate capital gains or other gains on our assets (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the value ascribed to any credit support arrangement in our financial statements even if such value is not categorized as a gain therein), whether realized or unrealized, in such period.

ii. The Capital Gains Fee is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement), commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018, and is calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting (A) the sum of our cumulative aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation from (B) our cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, in each case calculated from August 2, 2018. If such amount is positive at the end of such year, then the Capital Gains Fee payable for such year is equal to 20% of such amount, less the cumulative aggregate amount of Capital Gains Fees paid in all prior years commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018. If such amount is negative, then there is no Capital Gains Fee payable for such year. If the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement is terminated as of a date that is not a calendar year end, the termination date will be treated as though it were a calendar year end for purposes of calculating and paying a Capital Gains Fee.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the "cumulative aggregate realized capital gains" are calculated as the sum of the differences, if positive, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment. The cumulative aggregate realized capital losses are calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment. The aggregate unrealized capital depreciation is calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the valuation of each investment in our portfolio as of the applicable Capital Gains Fee calculation date and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment. Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the "accreted or amortized cost basis of an investment" means the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment as reflected in our financial statements.

(7) Interest payments on borrowed funds represents our interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2025. At December 31, 2025, the weighted average effective interest rate for total outstanding debt was 4.866%. We may borrow additional funds from time to time to make investments to the extent we determine that the economic situation is conducive

to doing so. We may also issue preferred stock, subject to our compliance with applicable requirements under the 1940 Act.

(8) "Other expenses" include expenses incurred under the Administration Agreement between us and Barings, Board fees, directors' and officers' insurance costs, as well as legal and accounting expenses. The percentage presented in the table reflects actual amounts incurred during the year ended December 31, 2025.

(9) Our stockholders indirectly bear the expenses of underlying funds or other investment vehicles in which we invest that (1) are investment companies or (2) would be investment companies under section 3(a) of the 1940 Act but for the exceptions to that definition provided for in sections 3(c)(1) and 3(c)(7) of the 1940 Act ("Acquired Funds"). This amount includes the estimated annual fees and expenses of Jocassee Partners LLC, our joint venture with South Carolina Retirement Systems Group Trust, Waccamaw River LLC, a limited liability company, and Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC, our joint venture with MassMutual Ascend Life Insurance Company, which are our Acquired Funds as of December 31, 2025.

Example

The following example demonstrates the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed that the Company would have no additional leverage and that its annual operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above.

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 common stock investment, assuming a 5% annual return (assumes no return from net realized capital gains or net unrealized capital appreciation)	\$ 109	\$ 308	\$ 484	\$ 842
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 common stock investment, assuming a 5% annual return resulting entirely from net realized capital gains (and thus subject to the Capital Gains Fee)	\$ 119	\$ 333	\$ 518	\$ 881

The foregoing tables are to assist you in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in our common stock will bear directly or indirectly. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. The incentive fee under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, assuming a 5% annual return, would either not be payable or have an immaterial impact on the expense amounts shown above in the example where there is no return from net realized capital gains, and thus are not included in such example. Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, no incentive fee would be payable if we have a 5% annual return with no capital gains, however, there would be incentive fees payable in the example where the entire return is derived from realized capital gains. If sufficient returns are achieved on investments, including through the realization of capital gains, to trigger an incentive fee of a material amount, expenses, and returns to investors, would be higher. The example assumes that all dividends and other distributions are reinvested at net asset value. Under certain circumstances, reinvestment of dividends and other distributions under the relevant dividend reinvestment plan may occur at a price per share that differs from net asset value. See "*Dividend Reinvestment Plan*" for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

This example should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses (including the cost of debt, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

We have adopted a code of ethics, the Global Code of Ethics Policy, which applies to, among others, our executive officers, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as well as Barings' officers, directors and employees. The Global Code of Ethics Policy is publicly available on our website under "Corporate Governance" at the following URL: <https://ir.barings.com/governance-docs>.

We will provide any person, without charge, upon request, a copy of our Global Code of Ethics Policy. To receive a copy, please provide a written request to: Barings BDC, Inc., Attn: Chief Compliance Officer, 300 South Tryon Street, Suite 2500, Charlotte, North Carolina, 28202. There have been no material changes to the procedures by which stockholders may recommend nominees to the Board that have been implemented since the date the Company last filed a periodic report with the SEC.

Except as set forth above, the information required by this Item with respect to our directors, executive officers and corporate governance matters is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. Our definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the date of our fiscal year-end, which was December 31, 2025.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by this Item with respect to compensation of executive officers and directors is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. Our definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the date of our fiscal year-end, which was December 31, 2025.

The Company did not grant awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights or similar option-like instruments during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. Accordingly, we have nothing to report under Item 402(x) of Regulation S-K.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The information required by this Item with respect to security ownership of certain beneficial owners and management is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. Our definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the date of our fiscal year-end, which was December 31, 2025.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by this Item with respect to certain relationships and related transactions and director independence is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. Our definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the date of our fiscal year-end, which was December 31, 2025.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

The information required by this Item with respect to principal accountant fees and services is incorporated by reference from our definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Exchange Act. Our definitive Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the date of our fiscal year-end, which was December 31, 2025.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:

(1) Financial Statements

Barings BDC, Inc. Financial Statements:

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-1
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023	F-7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023	F-8
Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2025	F-9
Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2024	F-36
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-62

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

None.

Schedules that are not listed herein have been omitted because they are not applicable or the information required to be set forth therein is included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or notes thereto.

(3) List of Exhibits

The exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K, except as otherwise noted, have been filed with previous reports by the Registrant and are herein incorporated by reference.

Number	Exhibit
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, by and among the Registrant, Mercury Acquisition Sub, Inc., Sierra Income Corporation and Barings LLC, dated as of September 21, 2021 (Filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 22, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1	Form of Articles of Amendment and Restatement of the Registrant (Filed as Exhibit (a)(3) to the Registrant's Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-138418) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 29, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2	Articles of Amendment of the Registrant (Filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.3	Seventh Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (Filed as Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.4	Articles Supplementary (Filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate (Filed as Exhibit (d) to the Registrant's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form N2/N-5 (File No. 333-138418) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 15, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference)
4.2	Barings BDC, Inc. Dividend Reinvestment Plan (Filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
4.3	Agreement to Furnish Certain Instruments (Filed as Exhibit 4.19 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.4	Description of Registrant's securities registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.5	Indenture, dated as of November 23, 2021, by and between the Registrant and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (Filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 24, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.6	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 23, 2021, relating to the 3.300% Notes due 2026, by and between the Registrant and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (Filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 24, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.7	Form of 3.300% Notes due 2026 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.6 hereto).
4.8	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of February 12, 2024, relating to the 7.000% Notes due 2029, by and between the Registrant and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee (Filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 13, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.9	Form of 7.000% Notes due 2029 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.8 hereto).
4.10	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 15, 2025, relating to the 5.200% Notes due 2028, by and between the Company and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee. (Filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00733) filed with the SEC on September 15, 2025 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.11	Form of 5.200% Notes due 2028 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.10 hereto).
10.1	Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated December 23, 2020 by and between Barings BDC, Inc. and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 23, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.2	Administration Agreement, dated August 2, 2018 by and between Triangle Capital Corporation and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 2, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.3	Master Custodian Agreement, dated August 2, 2018, between the Company and State Street Bank and Trust Company (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 8, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.4	Investment Management Agreement, dated August 3, 2018, between Barings BDC Senior Funding I, LLC and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.5	Stock Transfer Agency Agreement between the Registrant and Computershare, Inc. (as successor to The Bank of New York) (Filed as Exhibit 10.11 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 12, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.6†	Form of Indemnification Agreement. (Filed as Exhibit 10.23 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference).

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
10.7	Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, dated as of February 21, 2019, by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto, ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties signatory thereto (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.8	Guarantee, Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of February 21, 2019, by and among the Company, as borrower, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, ING Capital LLC, as revolving administrative agent for the revolving lenders and collateral agent, and the other parties signatory thereto (Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.9	Amendment No. 1 to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of December 3, 2019, by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto, ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties signatory thereto (Filed as Exhibit 10.18 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.10	Note Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and the purchasers party thereto, dated August 3, 2020 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 5, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.11	Amendment No. 1 to August 3, 2020 Note Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and the purchasers party thereto, dated November 4, 2020 (Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.12	Note Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and the purchasers party thereto, dated November 4, 2020 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 4, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.13	Note Purchase Agreement by and between the Company and the purchasers party thereto, dated February 25, 2021 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.14	Amendment No. 2 to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of December 29, 2021, by and among the Company, as borrower, the lenders party thereto, ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent, and the other parties signatory thereto. (Filed as Exhibit 10.17 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 23, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.15	Second Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated February 25, 2022, by and between Barings BDC, Inc. and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.16	Credit Support Agreement, dated February 25, 2022, by and between Barings BDC, Inc. and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.17	Amendment No. 3 to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 25, 2022, by and among Barings BDC, Inc., the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 3, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.18	Incremental Commitment and Assumption Agreement, dated as of April 1, 2022, made by the Incremental Lender party thereto, relating to the Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of February 21, 2019, among Barings BDC, Inc., as borrower, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent (Filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
10.19	Amendment No. 4 to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of May 9, 2023, by and among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and ING, as administrative agent (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 15, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.20	Third Amended and Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated June 24, 2023, by and between Barings BDC, Inc. and Barings LLC (Filed as Exhibit (g) (1) to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form N-2 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.21	Amendment No. 5 to Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of July 2, 2024, by and among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and ING, as administrative agent. (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 6, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference)
10.22	Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of November 5, 2024, by and among the Company, the subsidiary guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and ING, as administrative agent (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 7, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
10.23	Termination and Cancellation Agreement (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 8, 2025).
10.24	First Amendment dated November 13, 2025 to the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated as of November 5, 2024, by and among, among others, Barings BDC, Inc., as borrower, the lenders party thereto, and ING Capital LLC, as administrative agent (Filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00733) filed with the SEC on November 17, 2025 and incorporated herein by reference).
19.1	Insider Trading Policy (filed as Exhibit 19.1 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 (File No. 814-00733) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 20, 2025 and incorporated herein by reference).
21.1	List of Subsidiaries.*
23.1	Consent of KPMG LLP*
31.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
31.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.1	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
32.2	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**
97.1	Barings BDC, Inc. Clawback Policy (filed as Exhibit 99.7 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 22, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference).
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document*
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document*
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document*
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document*

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document*
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)*
†	Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
*	Filed herewith.
**	Furnished herewith.
^	Exhibits and/or schedules to this Exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Item 601 of Regulation S-K. The registrant agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of all omitted exhibits and/or schedules to the SEC upon its request.

(b) Exhibits

See Item 15(a)(3) above.

(c) Financial Statement Schedules

See Item 15(a)(2) above.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 19, 2026

BARINGS BDC, INC.

By: /s/ Thomas Q. McDonnell
Name: Thomas Q. McDonnell
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ Thomas Q. McDonnell Thomas Q. McDonnell	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	February 19, 2026
/s/ Elizabeth A. Murray Elizabeth A. Murray	Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 19, 2026
/s/ Rosa J. Epperson Rosa J. Epperson	Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 19, 2026
/s/ Eric Lloyd Eric Lloyd	Executive Chairman of the Board	February 19, 2026
/s/ Valerie Lancaster-Beal Valerie Lancaster-Beal	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ Steve Byers Steve Byers	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ Robert C. Knapp Robert C. Knapp	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ David Mihalick David Mihalick	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ Mark F. Mulhern Mark F. Mulhern	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ Thomas W. Okel Thomas W. Okel	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ Jill Olmstead Jill Olmstead	Director	February 19, 2026
/s/ John A. Switzer John A. Switzer	Director	February 19, 2026

Barings BDC, Inc.
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors
Barings BDC, Inc.:

Opinions on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Barings BDC, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2025, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in the *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)*, issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2025, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements and an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Such procedures also included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, by correspondence with the custodian, agent banks, the underlying investee or by other appropriate auditing procedures. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Accompanying Supplemental Information

We have also previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the consolidated balance sheets of the Company, including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (none of which is presented herein), and we expressed unqualified opinions on those consolidated financial statements. The senior securities information included in Part II, Item 5 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company as of December 31, 2025, under the caption "Senior Securities" (the Senior

Securities Table), has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's respective consolidated financial statements. The Senior Securities Table is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the Senior Securities Table reconciles to the respective consolidated financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the Senior Securities Table. In forming our opinion on the Senior Securities Table, we evaluated whether the Senior Securities Table, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with the instructions to Form N-2. In our opinion, the Senior Securities Table is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the respective consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Assessment of the fair value of investments

As discussed in Notes 1 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company measures its investments at fair value. In determining the fair value of investments that are not publicly traded and whose market quotations are not readily available, the Company makes subjective judgments and estimates using unobservable inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement ("Level 3 investments").

We identified the assessment of the fair value of the majority of the Level 3 investments which utilize a yield analysis or a market approach valuation model as a critical audit matter. The evaluation of certain assumptions used to estimate the fair value of such Level 3 investments involved a high degree of auditor judgment and specialized skills and knowledge. Specifically, assessing the market yields for investments with similar terms and credit risks used in an income approach and the selection of comparable companies and financial performance multiples of such comparable companies used in a market approach required subjective auditor judgment as changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on the estimate of the fair value of investments.

The following are the procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls over the process to measure the fair value of Level 3 investments, including controls related to the determination of market yields, credit risk, selection of comparable companies, and financial performance multiple assumptions. We evaluated the Company's ability to estimate fair value by comparing prior period fair values for a selection of investments to transaction prices of transactions occurring subsequent to the valuation date. We involved valuation professionals with specialized skills and

knowledge who, for a selection of the Company's investments, assisted in evaluating the Company's estimate of fair value by developing:

- a market yield, for investments fair valued using an income approach, by assessing available market information, such as market yields of comparable companies of similar credit risk
- a market multiple, for investments fair valued using a market approach, by assessing market information from third-party sources, including financial performance multiples of comparable companies
- estimates of fair value for the selected investments and comparing the results to the Company's fair value estimates.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2020.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York
February 19, 2026

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	December 31,	
	2025	2024
Assets:		
Investments at fair value:		
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments (cost of \$1,951,962 and \$2,033,716 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	\$ 1,916,364	\$ 1,972,373
Affiliate investments (cost of \$386,190 and \$382,848 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	399,183	397,236
Control investments (cost of \$86,128 and \$106,132 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	82,977	79,663
Total investments at fair value	2,398,524	2,449,272
Cash (restricted cash of \$12,933 and \$13,493 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	51,891	74,381
Foreign currencies (cost of \$14,922 and \$17,343 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	14,889	16,958
Interest and fees receivable	41,415	39,914
Prepaid expenses and other assets	981	1,745
Credit support agreements (cost of \$44,400 and \$58,000 as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	60,500	63,450
Derivative assets	3,515	24,816
Deferred financing fees	8,681	8,697
Receivable from unsettled transactions	55,987	16,427
Total assets	\$ 2,636,383	\$ 2,695,660
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 7,379	\$ 5,567
Interest payable	18,451	16,245
Administrative fees payable	381	540
Base management fees payable	8,562	7,888
Incentive management fees payable	7,019	7,871
Derivative liabilities	3,619	9,394
Payable from unsettled transactions	183	7,380
Borrowings under credit facility	226,786	438,590
Notes payable (net of deferred financing fees)	1,203,321	1,011,831
Total liabilities	1,475,701	1,505,306
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)		
Net Assets:		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share (150,000,000 shares authorized, 104,706,884 and 105,408,938 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively)	104	105
Additional paid-in capital	1,862,834	1,846,977
Total distributable earnings (loss)	(702,256)	(656,728)
Total net assets	\$ 1,160,682	\$ 1,190,354
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,636,383	\$ 2,695,660
Net asset value per share	\$ 11.09	\$ 11.29

See accompanying notes.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Investment income:			
Interest income:			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	\$ 185,455	\$ 207,288	\$ 216,326
Affiliate investments	4,406	3,579	2,175
Control investments	608	395	1,288
Total interest income	<u>190,469</u>	<u>211,262</u>	<u>219,789</u>
Dividend income:			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	8,929	6,174	3,983
Affiliate investments	39,415	34,961	32,934
Control investments	2,817	—	—
Total dividend income	<u>51,161</u>	<u>41,135</u>	<u>36,917</u>
Fee and other income:			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	17,389	16,484	12,951
Affiliate investments	239	352	337
Control investments	77	56	113
Total fee and other income	<u>17,705</u>	<u>16,892</u>	<u>13,401</u>
Payment-in-kind interest income:			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	16,625	12,861	15,280
Affiliate investments	1,424	713	936
Control investments	949	2,162	1,912
Total payment-in-kind interest income	<u>18,998</u>	<u>15,736</u>	<u>18,128</u>
Interest income from cash	877	1,144	966
Total investment income	<u>279,210</u>	<u>286,169</u>	<u>289,201</u>
Operating expenses:			
Interest and other financing fees	85,080	85,516	84,711
Base management fee (Note 2)	33,189	32,404	32,649
Incentive management fees (Note 2)	31,508	23,757	32,046
General and administrative expenses (Note 2)	7,815	9,832	9,984
Total operating expenses	<u>157,592</u>	<u>151,509</u>	<u>159,390</u>
Net investment income before taxes	121,618	134,660	129,811
Income taxes, including excise tax expense	3,775	3,466	1,686
Net investment income after taxes	\$ 117,843	\$ 131,194	\$ 128,125

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations - (Continued)
(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Realized gains (losses) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, credit support agreements, foreign currency transactions and forward currency contracts:			
Net realized gains (losses):			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	\$ (10,242)	\$ (18,749)	\$ (59,469)
Affiliate investments	(4,791)	(4,179)	(64)
Control investments	(24,453)	(845)	—
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	(39,486)	(23,773)	(59,533)
Credit support agreements	9,400	—	—
Foreign currency transactions	7,639	(535)	4,160
Forward currency contracts	(287)	(13,804)	(7,377)
Net realized gains (losses)	(22,734)	(38,112)	(62,750)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation):			
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate investments	18,853	(5,436)	83,134
Affiliate investments	3,998	(9,169)	7,260
Control investments	23,319	(14,226)	(23,000)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments	46,170	(28,831)	67,394
Credit support agreements	10,650	5,650	4,714
Foreign currency transactions	(28,715)	9,306	(13,389)
Forward currency contracts	(21,184)	31,082	3,905
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	6,921	17,207	62,624
Net realized gains (losses) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, credit support agreements, foreign currency transactions and forward currency contracts	(15,813)	(20,905)	(126)
Provision for taxes	(106)	—	—
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 101,924	\$ 110,289	\$ 127,999
Net investment income per share — basic and diluted	<u>\$ 1.12</u>	<u>\$ 1.24</u>	<u>\$ 1.20</u>
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per share — basic and diluted	<u>\$ 0.97</u>	<u>\$ 1.04</u>	<u>\$ 1.20</u>
Dividends / distributions per share:			
Regular quarterly dividends / distributions	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.02
Special dividends / distributions	0.15	—	—
Total dividends / distributions per share	\$ 1.19	\$ 1.04	\$ 1.02
Weighted average number of shares outstanding — basic and diluted	<u>105,200,841</u>	<u>105,793,123</u>	<u>107,040,677</u>

See accompanying notes.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets
(in thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Total Distributable Earnings (Loss)	Total Net Assets
	Number of Shares	Par Value			
Balance, January 1, 2023	107,916,166	\$ 108	\$ 1,855,975	\$ (663,754)	\$ 1,192,329
Net investment income	—	—	—	128,125	128,125
Net realized loss on investments / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	(62,750)	(62,750)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	62,624	62,624
Return of capital, merger and other tax related adjustments	—	—	13,252	(13,252)	—
Distributions of net investment income	—	—	—	(108,997)	(108,997)
Purchase of shares in repurchase plan	(1,849,096)	(2)	(14,770)	—	(14,772)
Balance, December 31, 2023	106,067,070	\$ 106	\$ 1,854,457	\$ (658,004)	\$ 1,196,559
Net investment income	—	—	—	131,194	131,194
Net realized loss on investments / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	(38,112)	(38,112)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	17,207	17,207
Return of capital and other tax related adjustments	—	—	(1,039)	1,039	—
Distributions of net investment income	—	—	—	(110,052)	(110,052)
Purchase of shares in repurchase plan	(658,132)	(1)	(6,441)	—	(6,442)
Balance, December 31, 2024	105,408,938	\$ 105	\$ 1,846,977	\$ (656,728)	\$ 1,190,354
Net investment income	—	—	—	117,843	117,843
Net realized loss on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	(22,734)	(22,734)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts	—	—	—	6,921	6,921
Provision for taxes	—	—	—	(106)	(106)
Return of capital and other tax related adjustments	—	—	22,205	(22,205)	—
Distributions of net investment income	—	—	—	(125,247)	(125,247)
Purchase of shares in repurchase plan	(702,054)	(1)	(6,348)	—	(6,349)
Balance, December 31, 2025	104,706,884	\$ 104	\$ 1,862,834	\$ (702,256)	\$ 1,160,682

See accompanying notes.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 101,924	\$ 110,289	\$ 127,999
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Purchases of portfolio investments	(698,053)	(637,440)	(614,648)
Repayments received / sales of portfolio investments	734,886	641,752	593,505
Loan origination and other fees received	11,607	8,694	8,286
Net realized (gain) loss on investments	39,486	23,773	59,533
Net realized (gain) loss of CSAs	(9,400)	—	—
Net realized (gain) loss on foreign currency transactions	(7,639)	535	(4,160)
Net realized (gain) loss on forward currency contracts	287	13,804	7,377
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on investments	(46,170)	28,831	(67,394)
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of CSAs	(10,650)	(5,650)	(4,714)
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on foreign currency transactions	28,715	(9,306)	13,389
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation on forward currency contracts	21,184	(31,082)	(3,905)
Payment-in-kind interest / dividends	(24,527)	(18,245)	(26,540)
Amortization of deferred financing fees	5,275	4,684	3,285
Accretion of loan origination and other fees	(11,220)	(11,651)	(8,425)
Amortization / accretion of purchased loan premium / discount	(1,130)	(1,092)	(1,895)
Proceeds from termination of CSA	23,000	—	—
Payments for derivative contracts	(27,448)	(24,075)	(21,742)
Proceeds from derivative contracts	27,161	10,271	14,365
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Interest and fees receivable	317	8,417	(6,431)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	764	(203)	(462)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(24)	2,048	8,710
Interest payable	2,197	7,807	811
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>160,542</u>	<u>122,161</u>	<u>76,944</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Borrowings under credit facility	539,988	206,500	93,447
Repayments of credit facility	(774,066)	(477,568)	(113,105)
Proceeds from notes	300,000	300,000	—
Repayments of notes	(112,500)	—	—
Financing fees paid	(6,927)	(13,788)	(2,404)
Purchases of shares in repurchase plan	(6,349)	(6,442)	(14,772)
Cash dividends / distributions paid	(125,247)	(110,052)	(108,997)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(185,101)</u>	<u>(101,350)</u>	<u>(145,831)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and foreign currencies	(24,559)	20,811	(68,887)
Cash and foreign currencies, beginning of period	91,339	70,528	139,415
Cash and foreign currencies, end of period	<u>\$ 66,780</u>	<u>\$ 91,339</u>	<u>\$ 70,528</u>
Supplemental Information:			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 74,022	\$ 68,189	\$ 79,409
Excise taxes paid during the period	4,001	1,936	1,012

See accompanying notes.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments
December 31, 2025
(Amounts in thousands except share/unit amounts)

Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate Investments:									
Debt Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.8% Cash	04/22	04/28	\$ 13,056	\$ 12,969	\$ 12,951	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.8% Cash	04/22	04/28	288	275	270	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	11/22	11/28	19,116	18,868	18,939	1.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	11/22	11/28	—	(37)	(31)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Compass Precision, LLC	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 1.0% PIK	04/22	04/28	655	651	655	0.1 %	(7)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/22	12/30	8,467	8,355	8,382	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/22	12/30	—	(35)	(23)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Jade Bidco Limited (Jane's)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.4% Cash	11/19	02/29	1,263	1,159	1,263	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Jade Bidco Limited (Jane's)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.3% Cash	11/19	02/29	6,526	6,460	6,526	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
M-Personal Protection Management GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.0% Cash	10/24	09/31	4,139	3,773	4,139	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	03/24	03/30	4,118	4,059	4,023	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(9)	(15)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Protego Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.1% Cash	03/21	03/28	1,599	1,602	1,599	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Protego Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.6% Cash	03/21	03/28	320	295	320	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Protego Bidco B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.6% Cash	03/21	03/27	2,300	2,299	2,300	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
SISU ACQUISITIONCO., INC.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	12/20	12/26	7,220	7,195	7,176	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Trident Maritime Systems, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 1.00%, 4.8% Cash, 6.8% PIK	02/21	02/27	14,380	14,332	12,583	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	06/24	09/31	12,966	12,759	12,845	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	02/23	09/31	—	(40)	(17)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (8.1%)*					96,413	94,930	93,885		
Automotive									
Burgess Point Purchaser Corporation	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 9.00%, 12.9% Cash	07/22	07/30	4,545	4,435	3,986	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
OAC Holdings I Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.0% Cash	03/22	03/29	3,285	3,253	3,285	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
OAC Holdings I Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.0% Cash	03/22	03/28	—	(11)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	11/22	11/29	12,685	12,459	12,552	1.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	11/22	11/29	—	(32)	(19)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Recon Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/25	11/31	1,959	1,876	1,874	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Recon Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/25	11/31	—	(7)	(8)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	07/24	07/30	7,463	7,327	7,374	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	07/24	07/30	—	(18)	(12)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SVI International LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 10.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	639	630	639	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
SVI International LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.75%, 10.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(1)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Automotive (2.6%)*					30,576	29,911	29,671		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Aegros Holdco 2 Ltd	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 8.50%, 13.0% PIK	05/25	05/32	\$ 6,174	\$ 5,984	\$ 5,310	0.5 %	(3)(7)
Apus Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.00%, 9.2% Cash	02/21	03/28	3,875	3,928	3,875	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Beyond Risk Management, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.4% Cash	10/21	10/27	1,775	1,763	1,775	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Bishop Street Underwriters, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	07/25	07/31	4,830	4,785	4,830	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Broadstone Group UK LTD	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.75%, 8.7% Cash	03/25	02/32	1,775	1,629	1,731	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Credit Key Funding II LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.2% Cash	12/25	11/30	4,870	4,749	4,748	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Credit Key Funding II LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.2% Cash	12/25	12/30	—	(9)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Finaxy Holding	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.50%, 6.6% Cash	11/23	11/30	4,422	3,948	4,369	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Groupe Guemas	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.8% Cash	10/23	09/30	5,473	4,838	5,434	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Heilbron (f/k/a Sucsez (Bolt Bidco B.V.))	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 7.8% Cash	09/19	09/26	3,557	3,676	3,521	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
High Street Buyer Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	07/25	07/32	200	188	188	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
IM Square	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.55%, 7.6% Cash	05/21	05/28	2,936	2,971	2,916	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
ORS Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	06/25	08/31	4,966	4,896	4,905	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
OSPAFS Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/25	10/31	2,992	2,886	2,883	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
OSPAFS Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/25	10/31	—	(16)	(16)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.7% Cash	04/25	04/32	2,483	2,449	2,345	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.7% Cash	04/25	04/32	—	(20)	(86)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Policy Services Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.5% Cash, 4.0% PIK	12/21	06/26	53,406	52,856	48,065	4.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Premium Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 7.8% Cash	06/21	12/30	9,924	8,919	9,842	0.8 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Shelf Bidco Ltd	Second Out Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	10/24	10/31	12,092	12,040	12,042	1.0 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/21	12/28	7,862	7,765	7,768	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/21	12/28	—	(16)	(18)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
THG Acquisition, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/24	10/31	5,444	5,384	5,401	0.5 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
THG Acquisition, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/24	10/31	199	186	190	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Turbo Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.8% Cash	11/21	06/26	8,114	8,095	8,008	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	08/23	12/27	10,900	10,696	10,900	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (13.0%)*					158,269	154,570	150,917		
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco									
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.86%, 12.0% Cash	04/25	03/29	11,014	10,827	11,014	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 10.00%, 14.1% PIK	02/24	05/26	2,400	2,383	2,400	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.1% PIK	02/24	05/26	881	881	881	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	Last In First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 9.00%, 13.1% PIK	02/24	05/26	4,870	4,786	4,870	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	Second Out Term Loan	SOFR + 9.00%, 13.1% PIK	02/24	05/26	683	683	683	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
GMF Parent, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/32	\$ 2,234	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,200	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GMF Parent, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/32	—	(5)	(5)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Innovad Group II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.75%, 6.7% Cash	04/21	04/28	7,239	7,142	7,239	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Innovad Group II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SARON + 4.75%, 4.8% Cash	05/23	04/28	1,157	1,019	1,157	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(23)
Riedel Beheer B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 8.3% Cash	12/21	12/28	2,436	2,274	2,146	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Woodland Foods, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	12/21	12/28	17,208	17,019	17,036	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	12/21	12/28	—	(22)	(28)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Beverage, Food, & Tobacco (4.3%)*					50,122	49,187	49,593		
Capital Equipment									
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	11/23	11/29	3,271	3,234	3,222	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	11/23	11/29	3,273	3,187	3,249	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	11/23	11/29	—	(12)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
APC1 Holding	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 7.4% Cash	07/22	07/29	2,701	2,336	2,701	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
BPG Holdings IV Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 2.00%, 5.6% Cash, 5.0% PIK	03/23	07/29	14,547	14,005	11,347	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
Brown Machine Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.1% Cash	10/18	10/26	6,072	6,063	5,513	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Cobham Slip Rings SAS	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	11/21	11/28	1,303	1,292	1,303	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
DAWGS Intermediate Holdings Co.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	03/25	03/31	1,794	1,778	1,791	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
DAWGS Intermediate Holdings Co.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	03/25	03/31	343	325	339	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.1% Cash	11/25	10/32	424	416	415	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.1% Cash	11/25	10/32	26	24	24	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	12/21	12/27	944	938	944	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	12/21	12/27	316	307	316	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Process Equipment, Inc. (ProcessBarron)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	03/19	09/26	5,270	5,258	5,254	0.5 %	(7)(8)(14)
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.1% Cash	07/23	07/29	5,688	5,600	5,022	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.1% Cash	07/23	07/29	1,014	999	896	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Rapid Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/24	10/30	5,425	5,348	4,897	0.4 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Rapid Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/24	10/30	—	(13)	(93)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
TAPCO Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/24	11/30	9,597	9,477	9,492	0.8 %	(7)(8)(12)
TAPCO Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/24	11/30	—	(17)	(16)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	12/21	12/27	7,626	7,457	7,507	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	12/21	12/27	—	(17)	(17)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Capital Equipment (5.5%)*					69,634	67,985	64,106		
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	04/23	04/29	4,937	4,872	4,875	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	04/23	04/29	—	(7)	(6)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.33%, 7.3% Cash	11/21	10/28	6,268	5,754	6,225	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.33%, 9.7% Cash	06/22	10/28	\$ 1,019	\$ 1,019	\$ 1,012	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
G 3 Chickadee Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	10/25	10/31	11,905	11,672	11,667	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.4% PIK	02/22	10/26	994	994	364	— %	(7)(8)(13)(26)(28)
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (2.1%)*					25,123	24,304	24,137		
Construction & Building									
BKF Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	08/24	08/30	8,077	7,985	7,988	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
BKF Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	08/24	08/30	—	(32)	(33)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
EMI Porta Holdco LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	12/21	12/27	12,032	11,942	10,985	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
EMI Porta Holdco LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	12/21	12/27	771	752	513	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GMES LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 8.9% Cash	09/25	09/31	7,710	7,602	7,609	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GMES LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 8.9% Cash	09/25	09/31	102	90	90	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	05/25	09/27	3,225	3,199	3,199	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	05/25	09/27	—	(5)	(5)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
MNS Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	08/21	08/27	268	267	268	— %	(7)(8)(12)
Ocelot Holdco LLC	Takeback Term Loan	10.0% Cash	10/23	10/27	2,933	2,933	2,933	0.3 %	(7)
Subtotal Construction & Building (2.9%)*					35,118	34,733	33,547		
Consumer goods: Durable									
DecksDirect, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.4% Cash, 0.3% PIK	12/21	12/28	1,490	1,480	988	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
DecksDirect, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.2% Cash	12/21	12/28	296	294	168	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Gojo Industries, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.75%, 12.6% Cash	10/23	10/28	12,474	12,244	12,474	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
HTI Technology & Industries	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.50%, 12.5% Cash	07/22	01/26	11,091	11,086	10,394	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HTI Technology & Industries	Revolver	SOFR + 8.50%, 12.5% Cash	07/22	01/26	—	(1)	(72)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Lifestyle Intermediate II, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 10.9% Cash	02/22	12/27	2,895	2,895	2,094	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
Momentum Textiles, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	03/25	03/29	7,291	7,231	7,218	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Momentum Textiles, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	03/25	03/29	—	(7)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Renovation Parent Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.0% Cash	11/21	11/27	4,660	4,622	4,609	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Team Air Distributing, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	14.0% Cash	05/23	05/28	756	745	717	0.1 %	(7)
Terrybear, Inc.	Subordinated Term Loan	10.0% Cash, 4.0% PIK	04/22	04/28	297	295	269	— %	(7)
Victoria Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.50%, 10.7% Cash	03/22	09/30	4,193	4,098	4,013	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Durable (3.7%)*					45,443	44,982	42,863		
Consumer goods: Non-durable									
Bidwax	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.6% Cash	02/21	02/28	8,221	8,182	8,188	0.7 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
CCFF Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.1% Cash	02/24	02/30	6,009	5,905	5,953	0.5 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.1% Cash	02/24	02/30	—	(15)	(8)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
David Wood Baking UK Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 10.00%, 14.0% Cash	04/24	04/29	925	827	862	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Herbalife Ltd.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 10.5% Cash	04/24	04/29	3,162	3,010	3,209	0.3 %	(3)(8)(12)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Ice House America, L.L.C.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	01/24	01/30	\$ 4,577	\$ 4,499	\$ 4,312	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Ice House America, L.L.C.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	01/24	01/30	378	372	356	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Modern Star Holdings Bidco Pty Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	12/20	12/26	7,420	8,170	7,420	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)(30)
Safety Products Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	12/20	12/28	9,422	9,396	9,422	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Non-durable (3.4%)*					40,114	40,346	39,714		
Containers, Packaging, & Glass									
BLI Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	10/25	10/31	2,580	2,548	2,547	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
BLI Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	10/25	10/31	—	(6)	(6)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Diversified Packaging Holdings LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 1.5% PIK	06/24	06/29	818	805	807	0.1 %	(7)
Five Star Holding LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 11.1% Cash	05/22	05/30	13,692	13,521	13,692	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	3,468	3,416	3,468	0.3 %	(7)(8)(15)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	1,771	1,750	1,771	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	(8)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	SONIA + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	(10)	—	— %	(7)(8)(15)(30)
MSI Express Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	03/25	03/31	2,233	2,209	2,205	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)
MSI Express Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 3.75%, 7.4% Cash	03/25	03/31	1,318	1,296	1,291	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
OG III B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 7.7% Cash	06/21	06/28	3,719	3,707	3,589	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Tank Holding Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	03/22	03/28	7,821	7,743	7,743	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
Tank Holding Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.8% Cash	05/23	03/28	3,009	2,963	2,985	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)
Tank Holding Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	03/22	03/28	—	(8)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Subtotal Containers, Packaging, & Glass (3.5%)*					40,429	39,926	40,083		
Energy: Electricity									
WWEC Holdings III Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/22	10/28	12,122	11,977	12,049	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
WWEC Holdings III Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/22	10/28	—	(29)	(15)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Energy: Electricity (1.0%)*					12,122	11,948	12,034		
Environmental Industries									
CTS US Bidco, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.8% Cash	11/25	11/31	3,793	3,718	3,717	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Entact Environmental Services, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	02/21	01/27	6,230	6,210	6,230	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Northstar Recycling, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.65%, 8.3% Cash	12/24	12/30	12,606	12,478	12,490	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Northstar Recycling, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.65%, 8.3% Cash	12/24	12/30	—	(35)	(32)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Environmental Industries (1.9%)*					22,629	22,371	22,405		
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
A.T. Holdings II LTD	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	6.7% Cash, 7.6% PIK	11/22	09/29	13,999	11,875	7,546	0.7 %	(3)(7)(31)
Amalfi Midco	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	15.5% Cash	09/22	10/28	361	350	361	— %	(3)(7)
Amalfi Midco	Subordinated Loan Notes	2.0% Cash, 9.0% PIK	09/22	09/28	6,972	5,991	6,575	0.6 %	(3)(7)
Astra Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.1% Cash	11/21	11/28	449	408	449	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Astra Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	11/21	11/28	\$ 2,604	\$ 2,528	\$ 2,604	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Avance Clinical Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/21	11/27	1,609	1,683	1,609	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Super Senior Secured Term Loan	15.0% PIK	04/24	12/26	98	96	268	— %	(3)(7)(30)
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	CORRA + 7.00%, 10.3% PIK	06/21	12/26	2,100	1,850	161	— %	(3)(7)(20)(26)
Ceres Pharma NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.1% Cash	10/21	10/28	3,636	3,306	3,593	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Ceres Pharma NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.00%, 9.1% Cash	05/25	05/30	666	646	666	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Coherus Biosciences, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 11.7% Cash	05/24	05/29	3,991	3,903	3,963	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
EB Development	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.5% Cash	11/24	11/31	2,067	1,793	2,056	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Faraday	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.85%, 7.9% Cash	01/23	01/29	1,789	1,632	1,787	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Finexvet	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 6.1% Cash, 3.3% PIK	03/22	03/29	5,489	5,070	5,077	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Forest Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	6,087	6,016	6,054	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Forest Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(5)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GCDL LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.6% Cash	08/24	08/30	507	501	501	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GCDL LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.6% Cash	08/24	08/30	—	(1)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GPNZ II GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.0% PIK	06/22	06/29	509	477	239	— %	(3)(7)(30)
GPNZ II GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term PIK	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.0% PIK	06/22	06/29	505	444	—	— %	(3)(7)(8)(9)(26)
Groupe Product Life	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.0% Cash	10/22	10/29	555	467	447	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
HeartHealth Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.25%, 8.9% Cash	09/22	09/28	811	771	714	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Heartland Veterinary Partners, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	11.0% PIK	11/21	12/28	15,628	15,507	14,690	1.3 %	(7)
HemaSource, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	08/23	08/29	2,496	2,449	2,467	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
HemaSource, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	08/23	08/29	—	(28)	(18)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Home Care Assistance, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash, 1.0% PIK	03/21	09/27	3,794	3,721	3,225	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Jon Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BKBM + 4.00%, 6.5% Cash	07/25	03/27	1,554	1,720	1,533	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(22)(30)
Keystone Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.4% Cash	08/24	08/31	931	862	931	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Keystone Bidco B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.4% Cash	08/24	05/31	11	9	11	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Lambir Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.1% Cash	12/21	12/28	2,425	2,275	2,327	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Lambir Bidco Limited	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	12.0% PIK	12/21	06/29	2,350	2,213	2,164	0.2 %	(3)(7)
Media B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.93%, 9.8% Cash	02/22	10/27	10,021	9,970	9,763	0.8 %	(3)(8)(15)
Medical Solutions Parent Holdings, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 10.9% Cash	11/21	11/29	4,421	4,399	897	0.1 %	(8)(13)
Moonlight Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.10%, 8.8% Cash	07/23	07/30	1,998	1,894	1,998	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
Napa Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	03/22	03/28	13,420	14,329	13,420	1.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)
NPM Investments 28 B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.18%, 7.2% Cash	09/22	10/29	2,393	2,004	2,393	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Ocular Therapeutix, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 10.6% Cash	08/23	07/29	3,930	3,850	4,826	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(12)
Oracle Vision Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.00%, 9.0% Cash	06/21	06/28	3,079	3,188	2,925	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Parc SAS (SAS Maurice MARLE)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.15%, 7.2% Cash	12/19	12/26	\$ 2,537	\$ 2,399	\$ 2,537	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Parc SAS (SAS Maurice MARLE)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.7% Cash	11/22	12/26	1,200	1,200	1,200	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.25%, 12.0% Cash	10/23	10/29	29	29	29	— %	(7)(8)(12)
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.30%, 12.0% Cash	10/23	10/29	595	587	592	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.0% Cash	06/22	07/29	4,359	3,753	4,258	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SARON + 5.00%, 5.0% Cash	06/22	07/29	3,322	2,786	3,275	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(24)
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/31	6,975	6,885	6,885	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/31	—	(10)	(10)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SCP Medical Products, LLC.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	06/25	06/31	2,034	2,010	2,022	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
SCP Medical Products, LLC.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	06/25	06/31	—	(2)	(1)	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Smile Brands Group Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	10/18	10/27	5,347	5,323	4,577	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
SSCP Pegasus Midco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.00%, 10.1% Cash	12/20	11/27	7,081	6,776	7,081	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)
SSCP Spring Bido 3 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.45%, 10.4% Cash	11/23	08/30	1,030	939	1,028	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	04/25	04/32	1,977	1,960	1,977	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	04/25	04/32	—	(4)	—	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.25%, 7.9% Cash	06/25	06/32	1,030	1,010	1,012	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.25%, 7.9% Cash	06/25	06/32	—	(4)	(4)	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Subordinated Term Loan	12.5% Cash	06/25	12/32	2,245	2,218	2,226	0.1 %	(7)
Union Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.30%, 8.5% Cash	06/22	06/29	1,067	957	1,049	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Unither (Uniholding)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.70%, 6.7% Cash	03/23	03/30	472	415	471	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Unosquare, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	06/25	06/31	2,417	2,355	2,362	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Unosquare, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	06/25	06/31	—	(9)	(8)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
VB Spine Intermediary II LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash, 4.4% PIK	03/25	04/30	46,007	44,441	44,443	3.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (16.8%)*					212,979	204,177	195,220		
High Tech Industries									
Argus Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.00%, 8.0% Cash, 3.2% PIK	07/22	07/29	1,906	1,666	1,752	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Argus Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 6.1% Cash, 3.2% PIK	07/22	07/29	2,222	1,944	2,042	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Argus Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 8.1% Cash, 3.2% PIK	07/22	07/29	138	136	127	— %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Argus Bido Limited	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.5% PIK	07/22	07/29	1,086	934	974	0.1 %	(3)(7)
Bitly, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/25	11/31	4,811	4,764	4,763	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Bitly, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/25	11/31	—	(2)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CH Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.2% Cash	05/25	05/31	872	858	872	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
CH Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.2% Cash	05/25	05/31	—	(1)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Contabo Finco S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 7.5% Cash	10/22	10/29	\$ 5,469	\$ 4,574	\$ 5,469	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
CW Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	01/21	01/27	5,173	5,074	5,173	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	02/25	02/32	17,078	16,859	16,904	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	02/25	02/32	—	(20)	(16)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Durare Bidco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	08/25	08/32	1,413	1,390	1,392	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Durare Bidco, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	08/25	08/32	—	(9)	(8)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Dwyer Instruments, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	07/21	07/29	14,476	14,319	14,476	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.1% Cash, 1.0% PIK	12/22	12/29	714	443	581	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash, 1.0% PIK	12/22	12/29	350	221	284	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.00%, 10.3% Cash, 1.0% PIK	12/22	12/29	1,099	651	894	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.00%, 9.2% PIK	10/25	10/32	4,071	1,427	—	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
EZ SMBO Bidco	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	CORRA + 5.00%, 7.8% Cash	04/25	04/32	927	912	916	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(20)
EZ SMBO Bidco	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.3% Cash	04/25	04/32	576	520	561	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
EZ SMBO Bidco	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	8.0% PIK	04/25	04/32	683	627	675	0.1 %	(3)(7)(7)
FSS Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	04/25	08/31	9,337	9,337	9,337	0.8 %	(7)(8)(12)
Haystack Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	01/25	01/28	6,577	6,501	6,566	0.6 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Haystack Holdings LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	01/25	01/28	—	(10)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/21	11/28	7,147	7,092	7,147	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	(17)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HW Holdco, LLC (Hanley Wood LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.8% Cash	12/18	05/26	10,132	10,116	10,132	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.5% Cash	05/22	05/29	738	716	731	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)(30)
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.50%, 9.5% Cash	05/22	05/29	155	155	154	— %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.5% Cash	05/22	11/28	18	17	18	— %	(3)(7)(8)(14)(30)
Maia Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	12/25	11/32	2,508	2,465	2,464	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Maia Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	12/25	11/32	873	843	846	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
Maia Bidco Limited	Revolver	SONIA + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	12/25	11/32	—	(6)	—	— %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
NAW Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/23	09/29	12,903	12,612	12,816	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
NAW Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(29)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
NeoxCo	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 9.1% Cash	01/23	01/30	2,808	2,535	2,808	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Next Holdco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	11/23	11/30	22,150	21,937	22,055	1.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
Next Holdco, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	11/23	11/29	—	(7)	(3)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
ORTEC INTERNATIONAL NEWCO B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.3% Cash	12/23	12/30	\$ 1,074	\$ 979	\$ 1,074	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	12/21	12/29	18,245	18,059	18,094	1.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	12/21	12/29	687	669	672	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
OSP Lakeside Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	10/25	10/31	4,265	4,202	4,201	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
OSP Lakeside Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	10/25	10/31	—	(11)	(11)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
PDQ.Com Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	08/21	10/32	13,320	13,236	13,253	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	11/24	11/31	4,903	4,858	4,867	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	11/24	11/31	—	(5)	(4)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ProfitOptics, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	03/22	03/28	1,595	1,583	1,595	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)
ProfitOptics, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	03/22	03/28	—	(4)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
ProfitOptics, LLC	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	03/22	03/29	81	81	78	— %	(7)
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	7,709	7,618	7,678	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	09/24	09/30	145	122	137	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
PSP Intermediate 4, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.3% Cash	05/22	05/29	960	853	960	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
PSP Intermediate 4, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.4% Cash	05/22	05/29	1,411	1,397	1,411	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
RA Outdoors, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.1% PIK	02/22	06/27	15,229	14,971	9,785	0.8 %	(7)(8)(14)(26)(28)
RA Outdoors, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.1% PIK	02/22	06/27	1,430	1,430	919	0.1 %	(7)(8)(14)(26)(28)
Saab Purchaser, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/24	11/31	13,628	13,509	13,505	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Saab Purchaser, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/24	11/31	—	(20)	(22)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Scout Bido B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 7.8% Cash	05/22	05/29	3,752	3,374	3,456	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Scout Bido B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.0% Cash	08/23	05/29	443	443	408	— %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Scout Bido B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.5% Cash	05/22	05/29	453	443	364	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Sinari Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.5% Cash	07/23	07/30	2,146	1,951	1,872	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Sonicwall US Holdings Inc	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	06/25	05/28	2,887	2,838	1,844	0.2 %	(8)(13)
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/25	10/32	2,640	2,600	2,599	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	10/25	10/32	830	798	797	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
White Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	10/23	10/30	2,275	2,232	2,247	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Zelda Luxco S.A.S	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.2% Cash	07/25	07/32	1,752	1,688	1,707	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Subtotal High Tech Industries (19.5%)*					240,270	231,438	226,376		
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Featherstone Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% Cash	11/25	05/31	1,009	1,009	1,009	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Featherstone Bido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.00%, 9.8% Cash	05/25	05/31	1,307	1,265	1,307	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (0.2%)*					2,316	2,274	2,316		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing									
Subtotal Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing (0.8%)*									
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription									
Music Reports, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	07/22	07/28	\$ 5,206	\$ 5,176	\$ 5,171	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
ASC Communications, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	07/22	07/28	—	(5)	(7)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Superjet Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	12/21	05/30	4,291	4,244	4,249	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	12/21	05/30	—	(13)	(13)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Media: Broadcasting & Subscription (0.6%)*				9,497	9,402	9,400			
Media: Diversified & Production									
BrightSign LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	10/21	10/27	5,023	5,005	5,023	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
BrightSign LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	10/21	10/27	997	993	997	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
CM Acquisitions Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.1% Cash, 2.5% PIK	05/19	04/28	11,452	11,442	11,452	1.0 %	(7)(8)(14)
Footco 40 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.5% Cash	04/22	04/29	247	223	247	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Footco 40 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	04/22	04/29	1,718	1,645	1,714	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)
Murphy Mido Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.75%, 10.0% Cash	11/20	11/27	1,762	1,724	1,570	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Rock Labor LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	09/23	09/29	6,471	6,335	6,471	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Rock Labor LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(21)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Screenvision, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	04/25	04/30	5,184	5,092	5,095	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Screenvision, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	04/25	04/30	—	(11)	(11)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Screenvision, LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.50%, 12.4% Cash	04/25	04/30	33,697	32,487	32,534	2.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.0% Cash	12/22	11/29	15,177	14,930	14,798	1.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.0% Cash	12/22	12/28	864	840	814	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Vital Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	06/21	06/30	13,285	13,172	13,232	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Media: Diversified & Production (8.1%)*				95,877	93,856	93,936			
Metals & Mining									
Arch Global Precision LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	04/19	04/26	8,873	8,873	8,376	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Metals & Mining (0.7%)*				8,873	8,873	8,376			
Services: Business									
Accelevation LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.4% Cash	01/25	01/31	1,221	1,201	1,221	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Accelevation LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.4% Cash	01/25	01/31	159	147	159	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Acclime Holdings HK Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.23%, 10.3% Cash	08/21	08/27	7,266	7,169	7,266	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Acclime Holdings HK Limited	Subordinated Term Loan	15.0% Cash	05/25	04/30	234	230	234	— %	(3)(7)
Acogroup	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 2.90%, 6.4% PIK, 4.0% PIK	03/22	04/28	8,698	8,051	3,349	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(26)
AD Bidco, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	03/24	03/30	13,120	12,866	13,120	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
AD Bidco, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(23)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Adhefin International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.10%, 7.1% Cash	05/23	05/30	\$ 2,376	\$ 2,202	\$ 2,311	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
AliiA Insurance Brokers NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.00%, 9.1% Cash	03/23	03/30	\$ 5,510	\$ 4,938	\$ 5,510	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Apex Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 7.00%, 10.8% Cash	01/20	01/27	\$ 3,437	\$ 3,228	\$ 3,403	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)
Apex Bidco Limited	Subordinated Senior Unsecured Term Loan	9.0% PIK	01/20	07/27	\$ 388	\$ 374	\$ 371	— %	(3)(7)
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/25	11/31	\$ 3,016	\$ 2,974	\$ 2,974	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/25	11/31	—	\$ (7)	\$ (7)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Artemis Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.0% Cash	11/24	11/31	\$ 629	\$ 564	\$ 618	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Auxi International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 8.3% Cash	12/19	12/26	\$ 1,644	\$ 1,545	\$ 1,562	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Auxi International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.25%, 9.9% Cash	04/21	12/26	\$ 901	\$ 913	\$ 856	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	11/21	11/27	\$ 4,738	\$ 4,707	\$ 4,738	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	\$ (3)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Subordinated Term Loan	12.0% PIK	11/21	05/28	\$ 2,042	\$ 2,031	\$ 2,042	0.2 %	(7)
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/24	12/30	\$ 7,665	\$ 7,563	\$ 7,665	0.7 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/24	12/30	—	\$ (23)	—	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
BNI Global, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.4% Cash	02/24	05/27	\$ 10,598	\$ 9,680	\$ 10,598	0.9 %	(7)(8)(9)
Bounteous, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	08/21	08/29	\$ 4,064	\$ 4,040	\$ 4,064	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
British Engineering Services Holdco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.00%, 8.5% Cash, 3.8% PIK	12/20	12/28	\$ 16,281	\$ 16,080	\$ 13,936	1.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Broadway Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/32	\$ 2,174	\$ 2,136	\$ 2,136	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Broadway Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	12/25	12/32	—	\$ (10)	\$ (10)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/24	09/30	\$ 14,437	\$ 14,257	\$ 14,308	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	\$ (30)	\$ (22)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CGI Parent, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.4% Cash	02/22	02/28	\$ 13,515	\$ 13,358	\$ 13,515	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
CGI Parent, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.4% Cash	02/22	02/28	—	\$ (12)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CloudOne Digital Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.2% Cash	08/25	08/31	\$ 12,293	\$ 12,147	\$ 12,160	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
CloudOne Digital Corp.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.2% Cash	08/25	08/31	—	\$ (32)	\$ (29)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CMT Opco Holding, LLC (Concept Machine)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.0% Cash, 1.0% PIK	01/20	01/27	\$ 4,061	\$ 4,048	\$ 3,489	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
CMT Opco Holding, LLC (Concept Machine)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash, 0.3% PIK	01/20	01/27	\$ 661	\$ 657	\$ 568	— %	(7)(8)(13)
Comply365, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	04/22	12/29	\$ 7,505	\$ 7,440	\$ 7,505	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Comply365, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	04/22	12/29	\$ 3,278	\$ 3,230	\$ 3,278	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Comply365, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	04/22	12/29	\$ 293	\$ 282	\$ 293	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.6% Cash, 0.3% PIK	09/21	09/28	\$ 5,620	\$ 5,448	\$ 5,477	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
DISA Holdings Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	11/22	09/28	\$ 6,880	\$ 6,773	\$ 6,880	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
DISA Holdings Corp.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	11/22	09/28	\$ 114	\$ 108	\$ 114	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Dunlipharder B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	06/22	06/28	\$ 1,000	\$ 993	\$ 1,000	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
EFC International	Senior Unsecured Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 2.5% PIK	03/23	05/28	\$ 826	\$ 810	\$ 820	0.1 %	(7)
Electric Equipment & Engineering Co.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	13.5% Cash	12/24	12/30	\$ 318	\$ 313	\$ 318	— %	(7)
Events Software BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/28	\$ 1,659	\$ 1,826	\$ 1,470	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Expert Institute Group Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.1% Cash	03/25	03/32	\$ 1,093	\$ 1,067	\$ 1,071	0.1 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Expert Institute Group Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.1% Cash	03/25	03/32	—	\$ (6)	\$ (5)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Greenhill II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.35%, 7.4% Cash	07/22	07/29	\$ 1,762	\$ 1,579	\$ 1,762	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
HEKA Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.20%, 8.2% Cash	10/22	10/29	\$ 5,501	\$ 4,525	\$ 5,501	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	03/25	03/30	\$ 2,260	\$ 2,223	\$ 2,231	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	03/25	03/30	—	\$ (8)	\$ (6)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HSL Compliance	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	03/25	03/32	\$ 3,150	\$ 2,932	\$ 3,061	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 8.9% Cash	09/24	12/29	\$ 9,014	\$ 8,934	\$ 8,922	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 8.9% Cash	09/24	12/29	\$ 683	\$ 672	\$ 671	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Infoniqa Holdings GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.75%, 6.8% Cash	11/21	11/28	\$ 3,086	\$ 2,934	\$ 3,086	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Interstellar Group B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 8.3% Cash	08/22	08/29	\$ 1,834	\$ 1,630	\$ 1,637	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Isolstar Holding NV (IPCOM)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.3% Cash	10/22	10/29	\$ 5,862	\$ 4,857	\$ 5,788	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
LeadsOnline, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	02/22	02/28	\$ 9,965	\$ 9,896	\$ 9,915	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
LeadsOnline, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	02/22	02/28	—	\$ (16)	\$ (13)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
LHS Borrower, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	08/25	09/31	\$ 9,142	\$ 9,010	\$ 9,019	0.8 %	(7)(8)(12)
LHS Borrower, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	08/25	09/31	\$ 99	\$ 87	\$ 88	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Long Term Care Group, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.1% Cash	04/22	09/27	\$ 8,771	\$ 8,706	\$ 8,464	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
MB Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	01/24	01/30	\$ 3,822	\$ 3,766	\$ 3,771	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
MB Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	01/24	01/30	—	\$ (8)	\$ (8)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	06/24	06/27	\$ 5,066	\$ 5,004	\$ 4,829	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.4% Cash	07/21	06/27	\$ 4,323	\$ 4,296	\$ 4,236	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
MIV Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/25	09/31	\$ 3,073	\$ 3,021	\$ 3,024	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
MIV Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/25	09/31	\$ 180	\$ 174	\$ 174	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
NF Holdco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	03/23	04/29	\$ 6,219	\$ 6,102	\$ 5,921	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
NF Holdco, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	03/23	04/29	\$ 475	\$ 457	\$ 422	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Origin Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.1% Cash	06/21	06/28	\$ 348	\$ 356	\$ 345	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Origin Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.1% Cash	06/21	06/28	\$ 533	\$ 527	\$ 529	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Patriot New Midco 1 Limited (Forensic Risk Alliance)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.6% Cash	02/20	06/26	\$ 2,115	\$ 1,959	\$ 2,115	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Patriot New Midco 1 Limited (Forensic Risk Alliance)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.30%, 9.5% Cash	02/20	06/26	\$ 2,397	\$ 2,391	\$ 2,397	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Qima Finance LTD	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.4% Cash	07/25	07/32	\$ 2,865	\$ 2,791	\$ 2,799	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	04/25	04/32	\$ 4,078	\$ 4,061	\$ 4,058	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	04/25	04/32	—	(4)	(4)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Recovery Point Systems, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.8% Cash	08/20	02/28	11,176	11,152	11,176	1.0 %	(7)(8)(14)
RKD Group, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.4% Cash	05/25	05/31	12,159	12,020	12,039	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
RKD Group, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.4% Cash	05/25	05/31	—	(11)	(10)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ROI Solutions LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/24	10/29	9,194	9,037	9,078	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ROI Solutions LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	10/24	10/29	—	(41)	(32)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
RPX Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.3% Cash	08/24	08/30	21,701	21,435	21,484	1.9 %	(7)(8)(12)
RPX Corporation	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.3% Cash	08/24	08/30	—	(35)	(30)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Ruby Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash	12/25	08/30	1,713	1,655	1,654	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Sansidor BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.0% Cash	09/24	09/31	1,077	1,018	1,059	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Sapphire Bidco S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 7.0% Cash	10/25	04/32	1,844	1,774	1,793	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
SBP Holdings LP	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	03/23	03/28	8,628	8,438	8,615	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
SBP Holdings LP	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	03/23	03/28	—	(31)	(3)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Scaled Agile, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 2.25%, 6.0% Cash, 3.8% PIK	12/21	12/28	1,833	1,817	1,558	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Scaled Agile, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 2.25%, 6.0% Cash, 3.8% PIK	12/21	12/28	345	343	294	— %	(7)(8)(13)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	09/23	09/29	12,814	12,597	12,814	1.1 %	(7)(8)(14)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(26)	—	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/22	05/28	2,668	2,651	2,655	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	11/22	03/27	—	(1)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Starmeer B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.4% Cash	10/21	04/27	2,500	2,490	2,475	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Sunrise Acquisition Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	11/25	11/32	1,953	1,826	1,875	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
TA SL Cayman Aggregator Corp.	Subordinated Term Loan	SOFR + 7.75%, 11.9% PIK	07/21	07/28	3,148	3,133	3,148	0.3 %	(7)(14)
Tanqueray Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 9.2% Cash	11/22	11/29	1,825	1,515	1,779	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
Technology Service Stream BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.00%, 8.8% Cash	06/24	07/30	833	809	821	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Techone B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 7.4% Cash	11/21	11/28	4,127	3,831	4,114	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Techone B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 7.4% Cash	11/21	05/28	—	(23)	(2)	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Trintech, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	07/23	07/29	6,825	6,687	6,798	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Trintech, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.2% Cash	07/23	07/29	153	142	151	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	12/22	12/31	16,833	16,620	16,833	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	12/22	12/31	—	(5)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Turnberry Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	07/21	03/28	4,824	4,810	4,824	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
UBC Ledgers Holding AB	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.3% Cash	07/24	12/30	769	709	769	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
UBC Ledgers Holding AB	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	STIBOR + 5.25%, 7.1% Cash	12/23	12/30	\$ 1,738	\$ 1,494	\$ 1,738	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(21)(30)
UHY Advisors, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/24	11/31	8,295	8,190	8,295	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.6% Cash	11/24	11/31	1,013	991	1,013	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
USLS Acquisition, Inc. (f/k/a US Legal Support, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 9.3% Cash	11/18	06/26	17,906	17,856	17,906	1.5 %	(7)(8)(12)
Utac Ceram	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 7.9% Cash, 2.4% PIK	09/20	09/27	1,837	1,804	1,837	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Utac Ceram	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 7.7% Cash, 2.4% PIK	02/21	09/27	3,668	3,646	3,668	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
World 50, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	13,757	13,547	13,757	1.2 %	(7)(8)(14)
World 50, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(14)	—	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.6% Cash	05/22	05/29	329	305	329	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.50%, 9.5% Cash	05/22	05/29	9,465	8,694	9,465	0.8 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	Subordinated Term Loan	SONIA + 11.00%, 15.0% PIK	05/22	05/29	4,499	4,138	4,431	0.4 %	(3)(7)(16)
Subtotal Services: Business (38.4)%*					457,786	445,091	445,227		
Services: Consumer									
Application Boot Camp LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	04/25	04/31	1,215	1,199	1,201	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Application Boot Camp LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	04/25	04/31	—	(5)	(6)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Application Boot Camp LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	14.0% Cash	04/25	04/30	82	82	82	— %	(7)
Arc Education	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 6.0% Cash	07/22	07/29	991	892	962	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Archimede	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.00%, 9.0% Cash	10/20	10/27	6,929	6,524	6,354	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Bariacum S.A.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 6.0% PIK	11/21	11/28	3,523	3,272	655	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(26)
Bariacum S.A.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 9.50%, 11.5% Cash	12/25	12/26	47	47	47	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Bariacum S.A.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 9.50%, 11.5% PIK	12/25	12/30	376	376	376	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Cascade Residential Services LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.7% Cash	10/23	10/29	4,601	4,527	4,537	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Cascade Residential Services LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.7% Cash	10/23	10/29	—	(5)	(5)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CEC Entertainment, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.7% Cash	09/25	09/30	3,478	3,428	3,429	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.2% Cash	04/25	04/31	3,269	3,240	3,096	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.2% Cash	04/25	04/31	—	(2)	(10)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
FL Hawk Intermediate Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Fineline Technologies, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	10/24	02/30	6,938	6,911	6,903	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Global Academic Group Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 4.91%, 8.6% Cash	07/22	07/27	2,697	2,769	2,697	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)
Global Academic Group Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BKBM + 4.91%, 7.5% Cash	07/22	07/27	632	670	632	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(22)
HomeX Services Group LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/23	11/29	1,910	1,882	1,899	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
HomeX Services Group LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/23	12/31	34	29	32	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
InvoCare Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	11/23	11/29	2,159	2,072	2,159	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Kid Distro Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.2% Cash	10/21	10/29	\$ 13,020	\$ 12,959	\$ 13,020	1.1 %	(7)(8)(14)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 8.6% Cash	06/25	12/28	93	92	63	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 7.6% Cash	12/21	06/27	187	157	146	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	Super Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 8.4% Cash	03/24	12/28	213	184	166	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Premium Franchise Brands, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	12/20	12/26	10,113	10,050	10,012	0.9 %	(7)(8)(14)
QPE7 SPV1 BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash	09/21	09/26	1,839	1,981	1,829	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Selenium Designated Activity Company	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.13%, 7.2% Cash	03/25	03/32	3,219	2,909	3,163	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Subtotal Services: Consumer (5.5%)*					67,565	66,240	63,439		
Structured Product									
AMMC CLO 22, Limited Series 2018-22A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	04/31	7,222	381	—	— %	(3)(7)(28)(29)
Apidos CLO XXIV, Series 2016-24A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/27	18,358	3,464	2,755	0.2 %	(3)(28)
Catawba River Limited	Structured - Junior Note	N/A	10/22	10/31	4,598	3,900	1,868	0.2 %	(3)(7)(29)
Dryden 49 Senior Loan Fund, Series 2017-49A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/30	17,233	2,043	2	— %	(3)(28)(29)
Magnetite XIX, Limited	Subordinated Notes	SOFR + 8.00%, 11.9% Cash	02/22	04/34	5,250	5,250	5,043	0.4 %	(3)(8)(13)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class A	4.7% Cash	05/22	05/31	182	182	181	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class B	5.4% Cash	05/22	05/31	182	182	181	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class C	5.9% Cash	05/22	05/31	182	182	181	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class D	8.5% Cash	05/22	05/31	182	182	181	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class E	11.4% Cash	05/22	05/31	9,274	9,274	9,132	0.8 %	(3)(7)
Sound Point CLO XX, Ltd. US Bank National Association Series 2025-1	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/31	4,489	1,389	21	— %	(3)(28)(29)
US Bank National Association Series 2025-2	Structured Note - Class R	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.4% Cash	03/25	01/32	4,844	4,844	4,965	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Vista Global Holding Ltd	Structured Note - Class R	SOFR + 7.00%, 10.9% Cash	09/25	08/32	4,594	4,594	4,594	0.4 %	(3)(8)(12)
VOYA CLO 2015-2, LTD.	Subordinated Structured Notes	9.5% Cash	12/24	02/30	488	488	482	— %	(3)
VOYA CLO 2016-2, LTD.	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/27	10,736	2,434	41	— %	(3)(28)(29)
VOYA CLO 2016-2, LTD.	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/28	11,088	673	1	— %	(3)(28)(29)
Subtotal Structured Product (2.6%)*					98,902	39,462	29,628		
Telecommunications									
Mercell Holding AS	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	NIBOR + 5.00%, 8.9% Cash	08/22	08/29	3,113	3,163	3,098	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(25)(30)
Permaconn BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/21	07/29	2,732	2,719	2,732	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)
UKFast Leaders Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 7.25%, 11.1% Cash	09/20	09/27	12,574	11,915	12,323	1.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)
Subtotal Telecommunications (1.6%)*					18,419	17,797	18,153		
Transportation: Cargo									
Argus Intermediate, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/25	12/31	3,816	3,733	3,732	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Argus Intermediate, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/25	12/31	627	616	616	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Armstrong Transport Group (Pele Buyer, LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	06/19	12/26	6,498	6,485	6,407	0.6 %	(7)(8)(14)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Armstrong Transport Group (Pel Buyer, LLC)	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	08/25	12/26	\$ 10	\$ 3	\$ (3)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Echo Global Logistics, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 11.0% Cash	11/21	11/29	9,469	9,376	\$ 9,450	0.8 %	(7)(8)(12)
FitzMark Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash	12/20	12/26	3,994	3,980	3,994	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)
FragilePak LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 9.6% Cash	05/21	05/27	4,496	4,463	4,496	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Honour Lane Logistics Holdings Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.85%, 8.7% Cash	04/22	11/28	6,667	6,573	6,667	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	12/21	12/27	11,955	11,799	11,955	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.0% Cash	12/21	12/27	793	787	793	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	12/21	12/27	226	211	226	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
R1 Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 9.9% Cash	12/22	12/28	6,049	5,942	5,879	0.5 %	(7)(8)(14)
R1 Holdings, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 9.9% Cash	12/22	12/28	1,854	1,818	1,796	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 10.8% Cash	11/24	05/30	2,760	2,760	2,081	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 10.50%, 14.4% Cash	11/25	11/29	258	258	258	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 10.00%, 13.9% Cash	11/24	11/29	1,112	1,095	1,112	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Transportation Insight, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash, 1.0% PIK	08/18	06/27	11,236	11,211	6,876	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Transportation Insight, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash, 1.0% PIK	12/25	03/26	26	26	26	— %	(7)(8)(12)
Transportation Insight, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.3% Cash, 1.0% PIK	12/25	03/26	—	(39)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Subtotal Transportation: Cargo (5.7%)*					71,846	71,097	66,361		
Transportation: Consumer									
Breeze Aviation Group Inc	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.5% Cash	06/25	08/30	2,403	2,403	2,361	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Breeze Aviation Group Inc	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.5% Cash	06/25	09/30	2,429	2,429	2,385	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Breeze Aviation Group Inc	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.50%, 11.5% Cash	06/25	09/30	2,429	2,429	2,386	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
International Fleet Financing No.2 B.V.	Class C Senior Secured Note	10.5% Cash	07/25	06/27	8,522	8,398	8,275	0.7 %	(3)(7)(30)
Subtotal Transportation: Consumer (1.3%)*					15,783	15,659	15,407		
Utilities: Electric									
KAMC Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	08/25	08/31	5,434	5,357	5,364	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
KAMC Holdings Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.1% Cash	08/25	08/31	165	156	157	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Panoche Energy Center LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Bond	6.9% Cash	07/22	07/29	3,076	2,887	3,058	0.3 %	(7)
Spatial Business Systems LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	10/22	10/28	7,284	7,198	7,218	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Spatial Business Systems LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 8.4% Cash	10/22	10/28	—	(5)	(4)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Utilities: Electric (1.4%)*					15,959	15,593	15,793		
Subtotal Debt Investments (155.0%)*					1,949,047	1,843,112	1,799,436		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Equity Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	LLC Units		04/25		18,151.3	\$ 18	\$ 6	— %	(7)(29)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	Common Stock		04/22		437,623.3	\$ 438	\$ 149	— %	(7)(29)
Compass Precision, LLC	LLC Units		04/22		46,085.6	125	383	— %	(7)(29)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		12/22		687	687	2,025	0.2 %	(7)(29)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Common Stock		03/24		205	21	—	— %	(7)(29)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Preferred Stock		03/24		1,842	184	153	— %	(7)(29)
Whiteraff Holdings, Inc.	LP Units		02/23		63,087.1	631	1,164	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (0.3%)*						2,104	3,880		
Automotive									
Burgess Point Purchaser Corporation	LP Units		07/22		455	455	334	— %	(7)(29)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Common Stock		11/22		5,333	533	690	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Recon Buyer LLC	LLC Units		11/25		116.2	116	116	— %	(7)(29)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Common Stock		07/24		280,957	281	309	— %	(7)(29)
SVI International LLC	LLC Units		03/24		207,921	208	378	— %	(7)
Velocity Pooling Vehicle, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		4,676	60	2	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Velocity Pooling Vehicle, LLC	Warrants		02/22		5,591	72	3	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Subtotal Automotive (0.2%)*						1,725	1,832		
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Accelerant Holdings	Common Stock		07/25		279,230	3,341	4,110	0.4 %	(29)
Aegros Holdco 2 Ltd	Common Stock		05/25		889,464	12	610	0.1 %	(3)(7)(29)
Bishop Street Underwriters, LLC	LLC Units		07/25		188,809.2	287	361	— %	(7)(29)
Credit Key Funding II LLC	Preferred Stock	10.0% Cash, 10.0% PIK	12/25		732,019	2,567	2,557	0.2 %	(7)
Credit Key Funding II LLC	Warrants		12/25		862,753	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Flywheel Holdings Segregated Portfolio 2025-2	LP Interest		06/25		2,777,264	2,777	2,861	0.2 %	(3)(7)(29)
Flywheel Re Segregated Portfolio 2022-4	Preferred Stock		08/22		2,828,286	2,828	2,970	0.3 %	(3)(7)
ICREDITWORKS LLC	Preferred Stock	10.0% Cash, 7.5% PIK	03/25		59,462.7	10,835	10,842	0.9 %	(7)
ICREDITWORKS LLC	Warrants		03/25		23,692.2	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class A		12/21		2,5582	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class B		12/21		0.8634	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class CC		12/21		0.0888	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class D		12/21		0.2471	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Resolute Investment Managers, Inc.	Common Stock		03/24		38,571	—	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Shelf Bidco Ltd	Common Stock		12/22		1,200,000	1,200	4,704	0.4 %	(3)(7)(28)(29)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (2.5%)*						23,847	29,015		
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco									
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	Common Stock		02/24		21,031	—	1,518	0.1 %	(7)(29)
GMF Parent, Inc.	LLC Units		12/25		138	138	138	— %	(7)(29)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Common Stock		12/21		1,663.30	1,663	1,815	0.2 %	(7)(29)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Preferred Stock	20.0% PIK	12/21		364.00	519	551	— %	(7)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Preferred Stock	20.0% PIK	03/25		94.60	143	145	— %	(7)
Subtotal Beverage, Food, & Tobacco (0.4%)*						2,463	4,167		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Capital Equipment									
DAWGS Intermediate Holdings Co.	LLC Units		03/25		346.9	\$ 347	\$ 409	— % (7)(29)	
Polaris Enterprises, L.L.C.	Partnership Units		12/21		7,409	\$ 741	\$ 1,974	0.2 % (7)	
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	Common Stock		07/23		281	281	72	— % (7)(29)	
Rapid Buyer LLC	LLC Units		10/24		533	\$ 533	\$ 377	— % (7)(29)	
TAPCO Buyer LLC	LLC Units		11/24		339	\$ 364	\$ 523	— % (7)(29)	
Subtotal Capital Equipment (0.3%)*						\$ 2,266	\$ 3,355		
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Common Stock		04/23		88,110	88	108	— % (7)(29)	
Aptus 1829, GmbH	Preferred Stock		09/21		13	120	68	— % (3)(7)(29)	
Aptus 1829, GmbH	Common Stock		09/21		48	12	—	— % (3)(7)(29)	
Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		74	—	—	— % (7)(28)(29)	
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (—%)*						\$ 220	\$ 176		
Construction & Building									
BKF Buyer, Inc.	Common Stock		08/24		1,004,467	1,004	1,145	0.1 % (7)(29)	
MNS Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		08/21		76,923	77	186	— % (7)(29)	
Ocelot Holdeo LLC	Preferred Stock	15.0% PIK	10/23		243.81	\$ 1,562	2,438	0.2 % (7)	
Ocelot Holdeo LLC	Common Stock		10/23		186.67	—	2,831	0.2 % (7)(29)	
Subtotal Construction & Building (0.6%)*						\$ 2,643	\$ 6,600		
Consumer goods: Durable									
DecksDirect, LLC	Class A Units		04/24		1,016.1	47	—	— % (7)(29)	
DecksDirect, LLC	Common Stock		12/21		1,280.8	55	—	— % (7)(29)	
DecksDirect, LLC	Preferred Stock	13.0% PIK	03/25		9.5	11	—	— % (7)	
Lifestyle Intermediate II, LLC	Class A Common Units		01/25		16,173.0	—	—	— % (7)(28)(29)	
Renovation Parent Holdings, LLC	Partnership Equity		11/21		202,393.6	202	160	— % (7)(29)	
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class A Preferred Stock		02/22		145,347	4	—	— % (7)(28)(29)	
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class B Preferred Stock		02/22		145,347	—	—	— % (7)(28)(29)	
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class C Preferred Stock		02/22		7,844.03	450	36	— % (7)(28)(29)	
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		153	—	—	— % (7)(28)(29)	
Serta Simmons Bedding LLC	Common Stock		06/23		109,127	\$ 1,630	1,009	0.1 % (29)	
Team Air Distributing, LLC	Partnership Equity		05/23		516,640.2	523	212	— % (7)(29)	
Terrybear, Inc.	Partnership Equity		04/22		24,358.97	239	—	— % (7)(29)	
Subtotal Consumer goods: Durable (0.1%)*						\$ 3,161	\$ 1,417		
Consumer goods: Non-durable									
CCFF Buyer, LLC	LLC Units		02/24		233	233	262	— % (7)(29)	
Ice House America, L.L.C.	LLC Units		01/24		2,893	289	174	— % (7)(29)	
Safety Products Holdings, LLC	Preferred Stock		12/20		378.7	380	500	— % (7)(29)	
Subtotal Consumer goods: Non-durable (0.1%)*						\$ 902	\$ 936		
Containers, Packaging, & Glass									
Diversified Packaging Holdings LLC	LLC Units		06/24		2,769	277	456	— % (7)	
Five Star Holding LLC	LLC Units		05/22		966.99	\$ 967	784	0.1 % (7)(29)	
Subtotal Containers, Packaging, & Glass (0.1%)*						\$ 1,244	\$ 1,240		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Energy: Oil & Gas									
Ferrellgas L.P.	Opcos Preferred Units		03/21		2,886	\$ 2,799	\$ 3,030	0.3 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Energy: Oil & Gas (0.3%)*									
Environmental Industries									
Bruder Aerospace Group Holdings, LLC	Preferred Stock- Series C	7.0% PIK	07/22		14,618	\$ 17,978	\$ 16,336	1.4 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Environmental Industries (1.4%)*									
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
Amalfi Midco	Class B Common Stock		09/22		98,906,608	\$ 1,115	\$ 2,661	0.2 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Amalfi Midco	Warrants		09/22		380,385	\$ 4	\$ 1,167	0.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class A Equity		05/22		500,000	\$ 389	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class C - Warrants		05/22		74,712.64	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class X Equity		05/22		45,604	\$ 35	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Common Stock		08/24		14,37	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Forest Buyer, LLC	Class A LLC Units		03/24		122	\$ 122	\$ 140	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
Forest Buyer, LLC	Class B LLC Units		03/24		122	—	\$ 61	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
GCDL LLC	Common Stock		08/24		243,243.24	\$ 243	\$ 355	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
GPNZ II GmbH	Common Stock		10/23		5,785	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
HemaSource, Inc.	Common Stock		08/23		101,080	\$ 101	\$ 141	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Moonlight Bidco Limited	Common Stock		07/23		10,590	\$ 138	\$ 202	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	LLC Units		10/23		29,762	\$ 298	\$ 227	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	Preferred Stock	10.0% PIK	12/24		1,229.1	\$ 13	\$ 38	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
SCP Medical Products, LLC.	LLC Units		06/25		393.3	\$ 53	\$ 53	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Common Stock		06/25		47,209.6	\$ 47	\$ 56	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Unosquare, LLC	LLC Units		06/25		260,817.7	\$ 261	\$ 216	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
VB Spine Intermediary II LLC	LLC Units		04/25		767,670.7	—	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (0.5%)*									
High Tech Industries									
Argus Bidco Limited	Common Stock		07/22		464	\$ 1	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Argus Bidco Limited	Equity Loan Notes	10.0% PIK	07/22		41,560	\$ 70	\$ 27	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾	
Argus Bidco Limited	Preferred Stock	10.0% PIK	07/22		41,560	\$ 70	\$ 28	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾	
CH Buyer, LLC	LLC Units		05/25		685	\$ 69	\$ 78	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Command Alkon (Project Potter Buyer, LLC)	Class B Partnership Units		04/20		33,324.70	—	\$ 187	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
CW Group Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		01/21		161,290.32	\$ 161	\$ 500	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Europins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	Common Stock		10/25		243,081.0	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Europins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	Preferred Stock		10/25		351,478.0	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
FinThrive Software Intermediate Holdings Inc.	Preferred Stock	11.0% PIK	03/22		6,582.7	\$ 10,967	\$ 5,896	0.5 % ⁽⁷⁾	
FSS Buyer LLC	LP Interest		08/21		1,160.9	\$ 12	\$ 18	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
FSS Buyer LLC	LP Units		08/21		5,104.3	\$ 51	\$ 78	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
NAW Buyer LLC	LLC Units		09/23		472,512	\$ 473	\$ 595	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾	
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	LP Units		07/22		173,749	\$ 174	\$ 182	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
PDQ.Com Corporation	Class A-2 Partnership Units		08/21		13.9	\$ 14	\$ 39	— %	(7)(29)
ProfitOptics, LLC	LLC Units		03/22		241,935.48	161	423	— %	(7)(29)
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		09/24		2,357.5	236	249	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal High Tech Industries (0.7%)*						12,459	8,300		
Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing									
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class A1 Partnership Units		12/21		8,717.76	280	379	— %	(7)(29)
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class A2 Partnership Units		12/21		2,248.46	72	98	— %	(7)(29)
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class B1 Partnership Units		12/21		8,717.76	9	—	— %	(7)(29)
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class B2 Partnership Units		12/21		2,248.46	2	—	— %	(7)(29)
ASC Communications, LLC	Class A Units		07/22		25,718.20	539	880	0.1 %	(7)
Subtotal Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing (0.1%)*						902	1,357		
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription									
The Octave Music Group, Inc.	Partnership Equity		04/22		676,881.00	677	1,956	0.2 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Media: Broadcasting & Subscription (0.2%)*						677	1,956		
Media: Diversified & Production									
BrightSign LLC	LLC Units		10/21		1,107,492.71	1,107	1,384	0.1 %	(7)
Rock Labor LLC	LLC Units		09/23		233,871	1,252	1,380	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	Common Equity		12/22		516,399	516	269	— %	(7)(29)
Vital Buyer, LLC	Partnership Units		06/21		16,442.9	164	.566	— %	(7)
Subtotal Media: Diversified & Production (0.3%)*						3,039	3,599		
Services: Business									
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	LLC Units		11/25		121,550.0	122	122	— %	(7)(29)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Common Stock		11/21		192,307.7	192	304	— %	(7)(29)
Broadway Buyer, LLC	LLC Units		12/25		312,055.0	312	312	— %	(7)(29)
CGI Parent, LLC	Preferred Stock		02/22		657	722	1,947	0.2 %	(7)(29)
CMT Opco Holding, LLC (Concept Machine)	LLC Units		09/23		12,634.8	506	—	— %	(7)(29)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	Class A Units		09/21		440	205	243	— %	(3)(7)(29)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	Class B Units		09/21		191	446	420	— %	(3)(7)(29)
DataServ Integrations, LLC	Preferred Units		11/22		175,459.20	192	235	— %	(7)(29)
EFC International	Common Stock		03/23		163.83	231	217	— %	(7)(29)
Electric Equipment & Engineering Co.	LLC Units		12/24		187,500	188	354	— %	(7)(29)
LeadsOnline, LLC	LLC Units		02/22		81,739	85	216	— %	(7)
MB Purchaser, LLC	LLC Units		01/24		66	68	78	— %	(7)(29)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	Partnership Units		06/21		746.66	747	706	0.1 %	(7)(29)
MIV Buyer, LLC	LLC Units		09/25		1,007.4	101	102	— %	(7)(29)
NF Holdco, LLC	LLC Units		03/23		639,510	659	224	— %	(7)(29)
Recovery Point Systems, Inc.	Partnership Equity		03/21		187,235	187	103	— %	(7)(29)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Common Stock		09/23		275	275	594	0.1 %	(7)(29)
TA SL Cayman Aggregator Corp.	Common Stock		07/21		1,589	50	93	— %	(7)(29)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		12/22		4,673	5	36	— %	(7)(29)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	Common Stock		05/22		45,665,825	565	1,228	0.1 %	(3)(7)(29)
Subtotal Services: Business (0.6%)*						5,858	7,534		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Services: Consumer									
Application Boot Camp LLC	Common Stock		04/25		234,751.8	\$ 235	\$ 279	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
Kid Distro Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		10/21		637,677.11	\$ 638	\$ 791	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	Common Stock		06/25		2,600,592	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Services: Consumer (0.1%)*						873	1,070		
Telecommunications									
Mercell Holding AS	Class A Units		08/22		114.4	111	123	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Mercell Holding AS	Class B Units		08/22		28,943.8	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Syniverse Holdings, Inc.	Series A Preferred Equity	12.5% PIK	05/22		7,575,758	\$ 11,497	\$ 11,439	1.0 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Telecommunications (0.8%)*						11,608	11,562		
Transportation: Cargo									
AIT Worldwide Logistics Holdings, Inc.	Partnership Units		04/21		348.68	349	785	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Echo Global Logistics, Inc.	Partnership Equity		11/21		530.92	531	351	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
FragilePak LLC	Partnership Units		05/21		937.5	938	666	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Common Stock		01/22		7,500.4	750	961	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	Common Stock		11/24		1,231	\$ 5,403	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Transportation: Cargo (0.2%)*						7,971	2,763		
Subtotal Equity Investments (9.9%)*						107,558	115,442		
Royalty Rights:									
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
Coherus Biosciences, Inc.	Royalty Rights		05/24			1,292	1,486	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (0.1%)*						1,292	1,486		
Subtotal Royalty Rights (0.1%)*						1,292	1,486		
Subtotal Non-Control / Non-Affiliate Investments (16.5%)*						1,951,962	1,916,364		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Affiliate Investments⁽³⁾									
Debt Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
SkyVault Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	12.0% Cash	11/24	11/31	\$ 16,021	\$ 16,021	\$ 16,020	1.4 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (1.4%)*					16,021	16,021	16,020	1.4 %	
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.3% Cash	07/21	02/29	9,909	9,852	9,909	0.9 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽¹²⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	7.5% Cash	07/21	07/28	4,545	4,526	4,546	0.4 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Rocade Holdings LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 11.9% Cash	11/25	11/30	2,867	2,670	2,667	0.2 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾⁽¹³⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (1.5%)*					17,321	17,048	17,122		
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Celebration Bidco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 11.7% PIK	12/23	12/28	8,679	8,679	8,463	0.7 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽¹³⁾	
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (0.7%)*					8,679	8,679	8,463		
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
Biolam Group	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.50%, 6.5% PIK	12/22	12/29	2,902	2,537	1,731	0.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾⁽¹¹⁾⁽²⁶⁾	
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (0.1%)*					2,902	2,537	1,731		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	11/21	11/31	\$ 16,620	\$ 15,793	\$ 15,891	1.4 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	11/21	11/31	7,662	7,359	7,327	0.6 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (2.0%)*					24,282	23,152	23,218		
Services: Business									
Zeppelin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.50%, 10.5% Cash	03/22	03/29	2,565	2,010	2,565	0.2 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾⁽¹⁶⁾	
Subtotal Services: Business (0.2%)*					2,565	2,010	2,565		
Subtotal Debt Investments (6.0%)*					71,770	69,447	69,119		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Equity Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Skyvault Holdings LLC	LLC Units		11/24		5,340,186.4	\$ 5,349	\$ 5,339	0.5 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (0.5%)*					5,349	5,339			
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	LLC Units		07/21		89,447,396	93,052	139,539	12.0 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Rocade Holdings LLC	Preferred LP Units	SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% PIK	02/23		71,000	89,452	89,450	7.7 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽¹³⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Rocade Holdings LLC	Common LP Units		02/23		23.8	—	3,596	0.3 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (20.0%)*					182,504	232,585			
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Celebration Bidco, LLC	Common Stock		12/23		1,243,071	12,177	8,925	0.8 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (0.8%)*					12,177	8,925			
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
Biolan Group	Ordinary Shares		10/25		42,639,498	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (—%)*					—	—			
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		11/21		3,518,097	16,495	19,983	1.7 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (1.7%)*					16,495	19,983			
Investment Funds & Vehicles									
Jocassee Partners LLC	9.1% Member Interest		06/19		35,158	37,986	37,986	3.3 % ⁽³⁾⁽³⁰⁾⁽³²⁾	
Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC	89.01% Member Interest		02/22		27,969	16,404	16,404	1.4 % ⁽³⁾⁽²⁸⁾⁽³²⁾	
Thompson Rivers LLC	16.0% Member Interest		06/20		20,021	4,271	4,271	0.4 % ⁽²⁹⁾⁽³²⁾	
Waccamaw River LLC	20% Member Interest		02/21		17,070	4,489	4,489	0.4 % ⁽³⁾⁽³²⁾	
Subtotal Investment Funds & Vehicles (5.4%)*					100,218	63,150			
Services: Business									
Zeppelin Bidco Limited	Ordinary Shares		08/25		879	—	82	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Services: Business (—%)*					—	82			
Subtotal Equity Investments (28.4%)*					316,743	330,064			
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (34.4%)*					386,190	399,183			
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Control Investments⁽⁴⁾									
Debt Investments									
Capital Equipment									
Security Holdings B.V.	Bridge Loan	5.0% PIK	12/20	06/26	\$ 6,997	\$ 6,997	\$ 6,997	0.6 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Revolver	6.0% Cash	09/23	12/27	6,225	5,814	6,225	0.5 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Senior Unsecured Term Loan	6.0% Cash 9.0% PIK	04/21	04/29	2,910	2,826	2,909	0.3 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾	

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Security Holdings B.V.	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	3.1% PIK	12/20	06/26	\$ 11,566	\$ 11,566	\$ 11,565	1.0 %	(3)(7)(27)
Subtotal Capital Equipment (2.0%)*					27,698	27,203	27,696		
Subtotal Debt Investments (2.4%)*					27,698	27,203	27,696		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
<i>Equity Investments</i>									
Automotive									
MVC Automotive Group GmbH	Common Equity Interest		12/20		18,000	\$ 23,173	\$ 14,143	1.2 %	(3)(7)(27)(29)
Subtotal Automotive (1.2%)*					23,173	14,143			
Capital Equipment									
Security Holdings B.V.	Common Stock Series A		02/22		17,100	560	436	— %	(3)(7)(27)(29)
Security Holdings B.V.	Common Stock Series B		12/20		1,236	35,192	40,702	3.5 %	(3)(7)(27)
Subtotal Capital Equipment (3.5%)*					35,752	41,138		3.5 %	
Subtotal Equity Investments (4.8%)*					58,925	55,281			
Subtotal Control Investments (7.1%)*					86,128	82,977			
Total Investments, December 31, 2025 (206.6%)*					\$ 2,424,280	\$ 2,398,524			

Derivative Instruments

Interest Rate Swaps:

Description	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Value	Hedged Instrument	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Interest rate swap (See Note 4)	7.00%	SOFR + 3.1475%	2/15/2029	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,334	February 2029 Notes	\$ 3,334
Interest rate swap (See Note 4)	5.20%	SOFR + 2.059%	9/15/2028	\$ 300,000	\$ (2,072)	September 2028 Notes	\$ (2,072)
Total Interest Rate Swaps, December 31, 2025							

Credit Support Agreement:

Description	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Notional Amount	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Sierra Credit Support Agreement(a)(b)(c)	Barings LLC	04/01/32	\$ 100,000	\$ 60,500	\$ 16,100
Total Credit Support Agreement, December 31, 2025			\$ 100,000	\$ 60,500	\$ 16,100

(a) The Sierra Credit Support Agreement (as defined in “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions”) covers all of the investments acquired by Barings, BDC, Inc. (“the Company”) from Sierra Income Corporation (“Sierra”) on February 25, 2022 in connection with the merger of Sierra with and into the Company, with the Company as the surviving company (the “Sierra Merger”) and any investments received by the Company in connection with the restructuring, amendment, extension or other modification (including the issuance of new securities) of any of the investments acquired by the Company from Sierra in connection with the Sierra Merger (collectively, the “Sierra Reference Portfolio”). Each investment that is included in the Sierra Reference Portfolio is denoted in the above Schedule of Investments with footnote (28).

(b) The Company and Barings LLC (“Barings” or the “Adviser”) entered into the Sierra Credit Support Agreement pursuant to which Barings agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$100.0 million.

(c) Settlement Date means the earlier of (1) April 1, 2032 or (2) the date on which the entire Sierra Reference Portfolio has been realized or written off.

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Foreign Currency Forward Contracts:

Description	Notional Amount to be Purchased	Notional Amount to be Sold	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$37,436	A\$56,369	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	\$ (155)
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$1,951	CA\$2,686	Bank of America, N.A.	03/31/26	(16)
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$520	3,312kr.	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	(3)
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$39,619	€33,500	BNP Paribas SA	03/31/26	119
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$14,642	€12,500	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	(97)
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	NZ\$10,000	\$5,827	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	(58)
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,006	NZ\$15,504	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	62
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,852	49,215kr	BNP Paribas SA	03/31/26	(25)
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£1,500	£2,026	BNP Paribas SA	03/31/26	(9)
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£2,000	£2,691	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	(2)
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$132,483	£99,342	BNP Paribas SA	03/31/26	(1,106)
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,999	18,499kr	Bank of America, N.A.	03/31/26	(17)
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$5,571	4,421Fr.	HSBC Bank USA	03/31/26	(59)
Total Foreign Currency Forward Contracts, December 31, 2025					\$ (1,366)

* Fair value as a percentage of net assets.

(1) All debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. The Adviser determines in good faith the fair value of the Company's investments in accordance with a valuation policy and processes established by the Adviser, which have been approved by the Company's board of directors (the "Board"), and the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). In addition, all debt investments are variable rate investments unless otherwise noted. Index-based floating interest rates are generally subject to a contractual minimum interest rate. Variable rate loans to the Company's portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), the Euro Interbank Offered Rate ("EURIBOR"), the Bank Bill Swap Bid Rate ("BBSY"), the Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate ("STIBOR"), the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA"), the Sterling Overnight Index Average ("SONIA"), the Swiss Average Rate Overnight ("SARON"), the Norwegian Interbank Offered Rate ("NIBOR"), the Bank Bill Market rate ("BKBW") or an alternate base rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which reset annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly. For each such loan, the Company has provided the interest rate in effect on the date presented. SOFR based contracts may include a credit spread adjustment that is charged in addition to the base rate and the stated spread. The borrower may also elect to have multiple interest reset periods for each loan.

(2) All of the Company's portfolio company investments (including joint venture investments), which as of December 31, 2025 represented 206.6% of the Company's net assets, are subject to legal restrictions on sales. The acquisition date represents the date of the Company's initial investment in the relevant portfolio company.

(3) Investment is not a qualifying investment as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Non-qualifying assets represent 24.0% of total investments at fair value as of December 31, 2025. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70.0% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. If at any time qualifying assets do not represent at least 70.0% of the Company's total assets, the Company will be precluded from acquiring any additional non-qualifying asset until such time as it complies with the requirements of Section 55(a).

(4) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "affiliated person" of the portfolio company as the Company owns between 5% or more, up to 25% (inclusive), of the portfolio company's voting securities ("non-controlled affiliate"). Transactions related to investments in non-controlled "Affiliate Investments" for the year ended December 31, 2025 were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2024 Value	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Amount of Realized Gain (Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain (Loss)	December 31, 2025 Value	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
Biolam ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (EURIBOR + 4.50%, 6.5% PIK) ^(e) Ordinary Shares (42,639,498 shares)	\$ — \$ 1,258 \$ (128) \$ 44 \$ 557 \$ 1,731 \$ (27)	—	—	—	—	—	—
			—	1,258	(128)	44	557	1,731
								(27)
Celebration Bidco, LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SOFR + 8.00%, 11.7% PIK) Common Stock (1,243,071 shares)	6,414 11,262 17,676	2,266 — 2,266	— — —	(217) (2,337) (2,554)	8,463 8,925 17,388	987 —	987
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC ^(d)	Subordinated Term Loan (8.0% Cash) Subordinated Term Loan (8.0% Cash) LLC Units (3,518,097 units)	15,770 7,271 16,852 39,893	103 38 — 141	— — — —	18 18 3,131 3,167	15,891 7,327 19,983 43,201	1,432 650 — 2,082	

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Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2024	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Amount of Realized Gain (Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain (Loss)	December 31, 2025 Value	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
		Value					Value	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC ^(d)	Revolver (SOFR + 6.50%, 10.3% Cash)	\$ 10,091	\$ 8,650	\$ (8,820)	\$ —	\$ (12)	\$ 9,909	\$ 1,116
	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (7.5% Cash)	4,545	7	—	—	(6)	4,546	354
	LLC units (89,447,396 units)	136,855	23	—	—	2,661	139,539	16,551
		151,491	8,680	(8,820)	—	2,643	153,994	18,021
Jocassee Partners LLC	9.1% Member Interest	40,761	—	—	—	(2,775)	37,986	5,709
		40,761	—	—	—	(2,775)	37,986	5,709
Rocade Holdings LLC ^(d)	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SOFR + 8.00%, 11.9% Cash)	—	2,671	—	—	(4)	2,667	38
	Preferred LP Units (71,000 units) (SOFR + 6.00%, 9.9% PIK)	83,000	8,818	(2,355)	—	(13)	89,450	8,818
	Common LP Units (23.8 units)	243	—	—	—	3,353	3,596	308
		83,243	11,489	(2,355)	—	3,336	95,713	9,164
Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC	89.01% Member Interest	41,453	—	(20,472)	—	(4,577)	16,404	7,121
		41,453	—	(20,472)	—	(4,577)	16,404	7,121
Skyvault Holdings LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (12.0% Cash)	3,586	12,615	(181)	—	—	16,020	1,409
	LLC Units (5,340,186.4 units)	1,195	4,153	—	—	(9)	5,339	—
		4,781	16,768	(181)	—	(9)	21,359	1,409
Thompson Rivers LLC	16.0% Member Interest	7,208	—	(2,876)	—	(61)	4,271	—
		7,208	—	(2,876)	—	(61)	4,271	—
Waccamaw River LLC	20% Member Interest	10,730	—	(5,843)	—	(398)	4,489	907
		10,730	—	(5,843)	—	(398)	4,489	907
Zeppelin Bideco Limited ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SONIA + 6.50%, 10.5% Cash)	—	2,826	(13)	(4,835)	4,587	2,565	111
	Ordinary Shares (879 shares)	—	—	—	—	82	82	—
		—	2,826	(13)	(4,835)	4,669	2,647	111
	Total Affiliate Investments	\$ 397,236	\$ 43,428	\$ (40,688)	\$ (4,791)	\$ 3,998	\$ 399,183	\$ 45,484

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, follow-on investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.

(b) Gross reductions include decreases in the total cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments, sales and return of capital.

(c) Represents the total amount of interest, fees or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Affiliate category.

(d) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.

(e) Non-accrual investment.

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Consolidated Schedule of Investments — (Continued)
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(5) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an “affiliated person” and “control” the portfolio company because it owns more than 25% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities or it has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions as of and during the year ended December 31, 2025 in which the portfolio company is deemed to be a “Control Investment” of the Company were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2024 Value	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Amount of Realized Gain (Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain (Loss)	December 31, 2025 Value	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
Black Angus Steakhouses, LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (14.4% PIK) ^(e)	\$ 2,744	\$ —	\$ (610)	\$ (7,481)	\$ 5,347	\$ —	\$ (6)
	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (10.0% PIK) ^(e)	—	—	—	(9,628)	9,628	—	—
	LLC Units (44.6 units)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		2,744	—	(610)	(17,109)	14,975	—	(6)
MVC Automotive Group GmbH ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (7.0% Cash)	—	2,338	(2,341)	3	—	—	85
	Common Equity Interest (18,000 Shares)	13,741	4,000	—	—	(3,598)	14,143	—
		13,741	6,338	(2,341)	3	(3,598)	14,143	85
MVC Private Equity Fund LP	General Partnership Interest (1,831.4 units)	—	—	—	(183)	183	—	—
	Limited Partnership Interest (71,790.4 units)	11	—	(116)	(7,166)	7,271	—	—
		11	—	(116)	(7,349)	7,454	—	—
Security Holdings B.V. ^(d)	Bridge Loan (5.0% PIK)	6,655	342	—	—	—	6,997	342
	Revolver (6.0% Cash)	5,333	165	(3)	2	728	6,225	379
	Senior Unsecured Term Loan (6.0% Cash, 9.0% PIK)	2,293	299	—	—	317	2,909	474
	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (3.1% PIK)	11,191	374	—	—	—	11,565	360
	Common Stock Series A (17,100 shares)	399	—	—	—	37	436	—
	Common Stock Series B (1,236 shares)	37,296	—	—	—	3,406	40,702	2,817
Total Control Investments		\$ 79,663	\$ 7,518	\$ (3,070)	\$ (24,453)	\$ 23,319	\$ 82,977	\$ 4,451

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, follow-on investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
 (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the total cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments, sales and return of capital.
 (c) Represents the total amount of interest, fees or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Control category.
 (d) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.
 (e) Non-accrual investments.

(6) All of the investment is or will be encumbered as security for the Company’s \$0.8 billion senior secured credit facility with ING Capital LLC (“ING”) initially entered into in February 2019 (as amended, restated and otherwise modified from time to time, the “February 2019 Credit Facility”).
 (7) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.
 (8) Debt investment includes interest rate floor feature.
 (9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 1.93900%.
 (10) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 2.02600%.
 (11) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 2.10700%.
 (12) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.68751%.
 (13) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.65166%.
 (14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.57418%.
 (15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month SONIA, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.71660%.
 (16) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month SONIA, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.64430%.
 (17) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.55000%.
 (18) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.73750%.
 (19) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2025 was 4.12100%.
 (20) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month CORRA, which as of December 31, 2025 was 2.30000%.
 (21) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month STIBOR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 1.95800%.
 (22) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month BKBM, which as of December 31, 2025 was 2.49000%.

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(23) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month SARON, which as of December 31, 2025 was -0.04570%.
(24) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month SARON, which as of December 31, 2025 was -0.04360%.
(25) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month NIBOR, which as of December 31, 2025 was 3.89000%.
(26) Non-accrual investment.
(27) Investment was purchased in connection with the completion of the Company's acquisition of MVC Capital, Inc. ("MVC"), a Delaware corporation, on December 23, 2020 (the "MVC Acquisition").
(28) Investment was purchased as part of the Sierra Merger and is part of the Sierra Reference Portfolio for purposes of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement.
(29) Investment is non-income producing.
(30) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan or equity commitment.
(31) PIK non-accrual investment.
(32) Portfolio company does not issue shares or units, member interest is based on commitments.

See accompanying notes.

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Non-Control / Non-Affiliate Investments:									
Debt Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.3% Cash	04/22	04/28	\$ 12,008	\$ 11,900	\$ 11,612	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.3% Cash	04/22	04/28	1,844	1,825	1,768	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ADB Safegate	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 9.25%, 13.7% Cash	08/21	10/27	7,329	7,232	6,523	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	11/22	11/28	19,311	18,994	19,021	1.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	11/22	11/28	—	(50)	(49)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Compass Precision, LLC	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 1.0% PIK	04/22	04/28	648	642	640	0.1 %	(7)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.9% Cash	12/22	12/30	9,244	9,038	9,129	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.9% Cash	12/22	12/30	—	(46)	(23)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Jade Bidco Limited (Jane's)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 7.9% Cash	11/19	02/29	1,114	1,155	1,112	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Jade Bidco Limited (Jane's)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	11/19	02/29	6,589	6,498	6,579	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
M-Personal Protection Management GMBH (f/k/a INOS 19-090 GmbH)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.38%, 8.1% Cash	10/24	10/29	11,106	11,395	10,829	0.9 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	4,160	4,088	3,648	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.7% Cash	03/24	03/30	189	178	108	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Narda Acquisitionco., Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	12/21	12/27	5,074	5,030	5,074	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Narda Acquisitionco., Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	12/21	12/27	—	(11)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Protego Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.75%, 10.0% Cash	03/21	03/28	1,691	1,889	1,646	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Protego Bidco B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 9.7% Cash	03/21	03/27	2,028	2,290	1,974	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
SISU ACQUISITIONCO., INC.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	12/20	12/26	7,296	7,236	6,591	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Trident Maritime Systems, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.3% Cash	02/21	02/27	15,308	15,202	14,420	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.6% Cash	02/23	02/29	1,825	1,825	1,802	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.6% Cash	07/24	06/29	—	(39)	(36)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.1% Cash	06/24	02/29	8,525	8,265	8,525	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.1% Cash	02/23	02/29	993	941	993	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (9.4%)*				116,282	115,477	111,886			
Automotive									
Burgess Point Purchaser Corporation	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 9.00%, 14.2% Cash	07/22	07/30	4,545	4,405	4,364	0.4 %	(7)(8)(14)
Innovative XCessories & Services, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.25%, 9.0% Cash	02/22	03/27	2,854	2,802	2,746	0.2 %	(8)(13)(28)
OAC Holdings I Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	03/22	03/29	3,539	3,496	3,539	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)
OAC Holdings I Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	03/22	03/28	—	(15)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 11.2% Cash	11/22	11/28	11,019	10,758	10,873	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 11.2% Cash	11/22	11/28	633	597	613	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	07/24	07/30	7,123	6,962	6,990	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	07/24	07/30	—	(22)	(18)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
SVI International LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.3% Cash	03/24	03/30	\$ 589	\$ 577	\$ 583	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
SVI International LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.3% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(1)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Automotive (2.5%)*					30,302	29,559	29,689		
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Apus Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.50%, 10.7% Cash	02/21	03/28	3,608	3,913	3,608	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Beyond Risk Management, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.2% Cash	10/21	10/27	5,322	5,242	5,322	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
DreamStart Bidco SAS (d/b/a SmartTrade)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.6% Cash	03/20	03/27	2,202	2,333	2,202	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Finaxy Holding	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 9.3% Cash	11/23	11/30	3,899	3,935	3,872	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Groupe Guemas	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 9.4% Cash	10/23	09/30	4,826	4,821	4,747	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Heilbron (f/k/a Sucsez (Bolt Bidco B.V.))	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 9.3% Cash	09/19	09/26	3,136	3,676	3,042	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
IM Square	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.8% Cash	05/21	05/28	2,589	2,960	2,533	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Policy Services Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.9% Cash, 4.0% PIK	12/21	06/26	53,465	52,938	52,940	4.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Premium Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 9.1% Cash	06/21	12/30	8,750	8,879	8,750	0.7 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Prequin MC Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 10.2% Cash	08/21	07/28	2,789	2,740	2,789	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Russell Investments US Institutional Holdco, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 8.2% Cash, 1.5% PIK	04/24	05/27	523	491	508	— %	(7)(8)(13)
Shelf Bidco Ltd	Second Out Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	08/24	08/31	12,214	12,154	12,153	1.0 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.8% Cash	10/21	12/27	2,647	2,621	2,647	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)	Revolver	SOFR + 4.25%, 8.8% Cash	10/21	12/27	—	(7)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)	Subordinated Term Loan	SOFR + 7.75%, 9.0% Cash, 3.2% PIK	10/21	10/28	3,791	3,750	3,791	0.3 %	(7)(8)(14)
THG Acquisition, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	10/24	10/31	10,314	10,190	10,187	0.9 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
THG Acquisition, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	10/24	10/31	112	98	97	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Turbo Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.8% Cash	11/21	12/25	8,162	8,121	7,754	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	08/23	02/25	2,558	2,500	2,502	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	08/23	12/27	6,029	5,957	5,959	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	12/24	12/29	1,978	1,809	1,816	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (11.5%)*					138,914	139,121	137,219		
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco									
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	2024 LIFO Term Loan	SOFR + 10.00%, 14.7% PIK	02/24	05/26	4,211	4,067	4,211	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 10.00%, 14.7% PIK	02/24	05/26	2,860	2,797	2,860	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	Second Out Term Loan	SOFR + 12.00%, 16.7% PIK	02/24	05/26	597	597	597	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Innovad Group II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 8.7% Cash	04/21	04/28	6,383	7,116	6,383	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Innovad Group II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SARON + 5.00%, 6.0% Cash	05/23	04/28	1,012	1,019	1,012	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(24)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Riedel Beheer B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 9.6% Cash	12/21	12/28	\$ 2,147	\$ 2,265	\$ 1,963	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Woodland Foods, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	12/21	12/27	6,158	6,092	6,097	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	12/21	12/27	1,065	1,041	1,043	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ZB Holdco LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.3% Cash	02/22	02/28	9,188	9,057	9,053	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
ZB Holdco LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.3% Cash	02/22	02/28	507	498	495	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Beverage, Food, & Tobacco (2.8%)*					34,128	34,549	33,714		
Capital Equipment									
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.4% Cash	11/23	11/29	2,745	2,707	2,710	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	11/23	11/29	3,866	3,754	3,828	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	11/23	11/29	—	(15)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
APC1 Holding	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 8.7% Cash	07/22	07/29	2,382	2,324	2,370	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
BPG Holdings IV Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.6% Cash	03/23	07/29	14,112	13,442	12,560	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Brown Machine Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	10/18	10/25	6,088	6,078	5,716	0.5 %	(7)(8)(12)
Cobham Slip Rings SAS	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.9% Cash	11/21	11/28	1,303	1,286	1,303	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	12/21	12/27	957	947	957	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	12/21	12/27	—	(5)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Process Equipment, Inc. (ProcessBaron)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	03/19	09/26	5,338	5,335	5,338	0.4 %	(7)(8)(14)
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.6% Cash	07/23	07/29	5,264	5,157	5,134	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.6% Cash	07/23	07/29	910	891	889	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Rapid Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	10/24	10/30	5,439	5,321	5,313	0.4 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Rapid Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	10/24	10/30	—	(21)	(22)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TAPCO Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/30	13,845	13,523	13,517	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TAPCO Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/30	—	(43)	(44)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.8% Cash	12/21	12/27	8,465	8,368	8,364	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.8% Cash	12/21	12/27	—	(15)	(18)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Capital Equipment (5.7%)*					70,714	69,034	67,915		
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	04/23	04/29	2,651	2,604	2,611	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	04/23	04/29	—	(9)	(7)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.20%, 9.3% Cash	11/21	10/28	3,025	3,192	2,995	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.20%, 9.9% Cash	01/23	10/28	1,589	1,592	1,576	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.95%, 10.7% Cash	04/22	10/28	913	947	904	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
AnalytiChem Holding GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.20%, 11.5% Cash	06/22	10/28	1,019	1,019	1,008	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Aptus 1829, GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 8.4% Cash	09/21	09/27	2,228	2,484	1,994	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.3% Cash	02/22	10/25	993	993	554	— %	(7)(8)(12)(26)(28)
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (1.0%)*					12,418	12,822	11,635		

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Construction & Building									
BKF Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.3% Cash	08/24	08/30	\$ 8,158	\$ 8,013	\$ 8,015	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
BKF Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.3% Cash	08/24	08/30	—	(52)	(52)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
EMI Porta Holdco LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	12/21	12/27	12,403	12,268	11,696	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
EMI Porta Holdco LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	12/21	12/27	712	683	543	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
MNS Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	08/21	08/27	662	656	662	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Ocelot Holdco LLC	Super Senior Takeback Loan	10.0% Cash	10/23	10/27	549	549	549	— %	(7)(8)
Ocelot Holdco LLC	Takeback Term Loan	10.0% Cash	10/23	10/27	2,933	2,933	2,933	0.2 %	(7)(8)
Subtotal Construction & Building (2.0%)*					25,417	25,050	24,346		
Consumer goods: Durable									
DecksDirect, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.9% Cash	12/21	12/26	1,573	1,552	1,383	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
DecksDirect, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.9% Cash	12/21	12/26	347	343	301	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Gojo Industries, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 9.50%, 9.8% Cash, 4.5% PIK	10/23	10/28	13,185	12,874	12,883	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
HTI Technology & Industries	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.50%, 13.5% Cash	07/22	07/25	11,091	11,052	10,421	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HTI Technology & Industries	Revolver	SOFR + 8.50%, 13.5% Cash	07/22	07/25	—	(4)	(70)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Lifestyle Intermediate II, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.9% Cash	02/22	01/26	2,992	2,992	2,812	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
Renovation Parent Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	11/21	11/27	4,709	4,651	4,308	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Team Air Distributing, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	12.0% Cash	12/24	12/29	36	35	35	— %	(7)
Team Air Distributing, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	12.0% Cash	05/23	05/28	717	705	702	0.1 %	(7)
Terrybear, Inc.	Subordinated Term Loan	10.0% Cash, 4.0% PIK	04/22	04/28	285	282	268	— %	(7)
Victoria Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.50%, 11.7% Cash	03/22	09/30	3,904	4,081	3,787	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Durable (3.1%)*					38,839	38,563	36,830		
Consumer goods: Non-durable									
Bidwax	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.40%, 9.2% Cash	02/21	02/28	7,249	8,148	7,088	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
CCFF Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	02/24	02/30	5,915	5,788	5,809	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	02/24	02/30	—	(18)	(15)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
David Wood Baking UK Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 10.00%, 14.7% Cash	04/24	04/29	861	820	818	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Herbalife Ltd.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 12.1% Cash	04/24	04/29	3,333	3,130	3,294	0.3 %	(3)(8)(12)
Ice House America, L.L.C.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	01/24	01/30	4,577	4,483	4,482	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Ice House America, L.L.C.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	01/24	01/30	194	186	186	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Isagenix International, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.2% Cash	04/23	04/28	914	668	160	— %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
Modern Star Holdings Bido Pty Limited.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 6.00%, 10.4% Cash	12/20	12/26	7,008	8,268	7,008	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)(30)
Safety Products Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	12/20	12/26	14,812	14,716	14,812	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Non-durable (3.7%)*					44,863	46,189	43,642		
Containers, Packaging, & Glass									
Brook & Whittle Holding Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 8.7% Cash	02/22	12/28	2,770	2,751	2,461	0.2 %	(8)(13)(28)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Diversified Packaging Holdings LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 1.5% PIK	06/24	06/29	\$ 729	\$ 715	\$ 717	0.1 %	(7)
Five Star Holding LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 11.8% Cash	05/22	05/30	13,692	13,489	13,198	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	09/24	09/30	1,771	1,746	1,747	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.75%, 9.6% Cash	09/24	09/30	3,827	4,039	3,775	0.3 %	(7)(8)(15)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	(9)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	SONIA + 4.75%, 9.6% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	(11)	(10)	— %	(7)(8)(15)(30)
OG III B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.9% Cash	06/21	06/28	3,279	3,695	3,241	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Tank Holding Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/28	7,902	7,794	7,792	0.7 %	(7)(8)(14)
Tank Holding Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	05/23	03/28	2,901	2,836	2,868	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Tank Holding Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/28	—	(11)	(12)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Subtotal Containers, Packaging, & Glass (3.0%)*					36,871	37,034	35,768		
Energy: Electricity									
WWEC Holdings III Corp	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	10/22	10/28	12,221	11,997	12,050	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
WWEC Holdings III Corp	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	10/22	10/28	—	(35)	(35)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Energy: Electricity (1.0%)*					12,221	11,962	12,015		
Environmental Industries									
Brider Aerospace Group Holdings, LLC	Municipal Revenue Bond	11.5% Cash	07/22	09/27	27,200	27,200	27,859	2.3 %	
EB Development	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.3% Cash	11/24	11/27	2,036	1,996	1,971	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Entact Environmental Services, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	02/21	01/27	6,704	6,671	6,624	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Northstar Recycling, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.0% Cash	12/24	12/30	17,178	16,911	16,910	1.4 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Northstar Recycling, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.0% Cash	12/24	12/30	—	(44)	(44)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Environmental Industries (4.5%)*					53,118	52,734	53,320		
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
A.T. Holdings II LTD	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	6.7% Cash, 7.6% PIK	11/22	09/29	12,886	11,875	8,479	0.7 %	(3)(7)(31)
Amalfi Midco	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	17.5% PIK	09/22	10/28	290	301	290	— %	(3)(7)
Amalfi Midco	Subordinated Loan Notes	2.0% Cash, 9.0% PIK	09/22	09/28	5,943	5,416	5,492	0.5 %	(3)(7)
APOG Bidco Pty Ltd	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 7.30%, 12.0% Cash	04/22	03/30	864	1,030	864	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(20)
Astra Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.5% Cash	11/21	11/28	396	408	396	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Astra Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	11/21	11/28	2,365	2,451	2,365	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)(30)
Avance Clinical Bideo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 4.50%, 8.9% Cash	11/21	11/27	1,967	2,204	1,967	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)(30)
Biolam Group	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.25%, 5.5% Cash, 2.8% PIK	12/22	12/29	2,411	2,517	1,406	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(26)
BVI Medical, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 9.50%, 12.8% Cash	06/22	06/26	9,607	9,614	9,482	0.8 %	(7)(8)(10)
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	CORRA + 7.00% PIK, 10.3% PIK	06/21	12/26	1,585	1,860	360	— %	(3)(7)(8)(21)(26)
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Super Senior Secured Term Loan	15.0% PIK	04/24	12/26	65	64	185	— %	(3)(7)(20)
Ceres Pharma NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.9% Cash	10/21	10/28	3,206	3,292	3,167	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Coherus Biosciences, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 12.6% Cash	05/24	05/29	3,991	3,883	3,903	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Dune Group	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 6.6% Cash	09/21	09/28	\$ 120	\$ 117	\$ 91	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Dune Group	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 8.8% Cash	09/21	09/28	204	204	193	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Dune Group	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 6.3% Cash, 2.3% PIK	09/21	09/28	1,230	1,218	1,164	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Ellkay, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 8.0% Cash, 2.0% PIK	09/21	09/27	4,924	4,875	4,348	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Faraday	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 9.6% Cash	01/23	01/30	1,577	1,600	1,552	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Finexvet	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/29	4,685	4,872	4,613	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Forest Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	03/24	03/30	6,134	6,049	6,091	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Forest Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(6)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GCDL LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.4% Cash	08/24	08/27	539	529	529	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GCDL LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.4% Cash	08/24	08/27	—	(2)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
GPNZ II GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.0% PIK	06/22	06/29	271	285	271	— %	(3)(7)
GPNZ II GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.0% PIK	11/24	02/30	33	34	33	— %	(3)(7)(8)(30)
GPNZ II GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.7% Cash	06/22	06/29	446	446	189	— %	(3)(7)(8)(9)(26)
Groupe Product Life	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.45%, 8.5% Cash	10/22	10/29	888	874	871	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
HeartHealth Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.25%, 9.7% Cash	09/22	09/28	694	704	602	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)
Heartland Veterinary Partners, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	11.0% PIK	11/21	12/28	14,000	13,840	12,865	1.1 %	(7)
HemaSource, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	08/23	08/29	7,267	7,116	7,267	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
HemaSource, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	08/23	08/29	—	(35)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Home Care Assistance, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	03/21	03/27	3,706	3,677	3,524	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Hygie 31 Holding	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.63%, 8.8% Cash	09/22	09/29	1,512	1,378	1,502	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
ISTO Technologies II, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/23	10/28	6,726	6,598	6,706	0.6 %	(7)(8)(14)
ISTO Technologies II, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/23	10/28	—	(14)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Jon Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BKBM + 4.50%, 9.5% Cash	03/22	03/27	3,720	4,430	3,720	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(23)(30)
Keystone Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.1% Cash	08/24	08/31	695	728	677	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Keystone Bidco B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.1% Cash	08/24	05/31	19	18	18	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Lambir Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.7% Cash	12/21	12/28	2,048	2,159	1,952	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Lambir Bidco Limited	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	12.0% PIK	12/21	06/29	1,841	1,947	1,721	0.1 %	(3)(7)
Median B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.93%, 11.0% Cash	02/22	10/27	9,330	9,907	8,966	0.8 %	(3)(8)(17)
Medical Solutions Parent Holdings, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.7% Cash	11/21	11/29	4,421	4,394	2,211	0.2 %	(8)(13)
MI OpCo Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 11.8% Cash	07/24	03/28	6,288	5,722	6,320	0.5 %	(8)(12)
Moonlight Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.75%, 10.7% Cash	07/23	07/30	1,860	1,884	1,841	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Napa Bidco Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	03/22	03/28	12,460	14,257	12,459	1.0 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)
Navia Benefit Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.2% Cash	02/21	02/27	5,572	5,518	5,572	0.5 %	(7)(8)(12)
NPM Investments 28 B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 9.3% Cash	09/22	10/29	1,885	1,741	1,869	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
OA Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	12/21	12/28	\$ 8,301	\$ 8,223	\$ 8,268	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)
OA Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	12/21	12/28	—	(15)	(5)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Ocular Therapeutix, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.2% Cash	08/23	07/29	3,930	3,832	4,849	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(12)
Oracle Vision Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	06/21	06/28	2,866	3,175	2,802	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Parc SAS (SAS Maurice MARLE)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 9.0% Cash, 0.8% PIK	12/19	12/26	2,688	2,873	2,688	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Parc SAS (SAS Maurice MARLE)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	11/22	10/26	1,500	1,500	1,500	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.30%, 12.9% Cash	10/23	10/29	624	608	609	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 8.8% Cash	06/22	07/29	3,843	3,711	3,692	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SARON + 5.75%, 7.0% Cash	06/22	07/29	2,857	2,730	2,788	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(24)
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SARON + 6.75%, 8.0% Cash	06/22	07/29	47	49	46	— %	(3)(7)(8)(24)
Smile Brands Group Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	10/18	10/27	1,352	1,348	1,230	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Smile Brands Group Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.50%, 13.2% Cash	10/18	10/27	3,821	3,805	3,477	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
SSCP Pegasus Midco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	12/20	11/27	4,368	4,489	4,368	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
SSCP Spring Bideo 3 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.45%, 11.2% Cash	11/23	08/30	959	935	941	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Union Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.84%, 9.8% Cash	06/22	06/29	934	892	930	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)(30)
United Therapy Holding III GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.75%, 10.0% Cash	04/22	03/29	1,689	1,713	1,204	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Unither (Uniholding)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.93%, 8.3% Cash	03/23	03/30	1,962	1,965	1,962	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (15.1%)*					192,412	193,812	179,436		
High Tech Industries									
1WorldSync, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	07/19	07/25	7,049	7,031	7,049	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Alpine SG, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	02/22	11/27	23,123	22,664	22,949	1.9 %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
Argus Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.00%, 7.2% Cash, 2.8% PIK	07/22	07/29	1,896	1,875	1,773	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Argus Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.00%, 8.8% Cash, 2.8% PIK	07/22	07/29	136	133	127	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Argus Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.00%, 8.9% Cash, 2.8% PIK	07/22	07/29	1,719	1,596	1,584	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Argus Bidco Limited	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.5% PIK	07/22	07/29	843	811	777	0.1 %	(3)(7)
Benify (Bennevis AB)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	STIBOR + 5.25%, 8.4% Cash	07/19	07/26	854	996	854	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(22)
CAi Software, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 10.1% Cash	12/21	12/28	12,530	12,349	12,455	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
CAi Software, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 10.1% Cash	12/21	12/28	1,261	1,225	1,246	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Caribou Holding Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.64%, 12.5% Cash	04/22	04/27	4,318	4,285	4,236	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Contabo Fincos S.A.R.L.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.15%, 8.2% Cash	10/22	10/29	4,822	4,555	4,822	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
CW Group Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.8% Cash	01/21	01/27	2,732	2,708	2,732	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Dragon Bideo	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.6% Cash	04/21	04/28	2,589	2,838	2,585	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Dwyer Instruments, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	07/21	07/27	14,625	14,426	14,433	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Electrical Components International, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.3% Cash	05/24	05/29	\$ 10,612	\$ 10,419	\$ 10,410	0.9 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.00%, 9.6% PIK	12/22	12/29	1,676	1,497	831	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(26)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.3% PIK	12/22	12/29	913	781	453	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)(26)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 7.00%, 11.5% PIK	12/22	12/29	2,351	2,258	1,165	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)(26)
Eurofins Digital Testing International LUX Holding SARL	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	11.5% PIK	12/22	12/30	690	642	—	— %	(3)(7)(26)
FSS Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	08/21	08/28	4,740	4,690	4,740	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Graphpad Software, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	06/24	06/31	9,511	9,457	9,499	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Graphpad Software, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	06/24	06/31	—	(4)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	11/21	11/27	7,221	7,144	7,221	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	(26)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HW Holdco, LLC (Hanley Wood LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.6% Cash	12/18	06/29	11,081	11,055	11,081	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
Ivanti Software, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 12.1% Cash	02/22	12/28	6,000	5,989	3,285	0.3 %	(8)(13)(28)
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.6% Cash	05/22	05/29	727	711	687	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)(30)
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.6% Cash	05/22	11/28	—	(1)	(1)	— %	(3)(7)(8)(14)(30)
NAW Buyer LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	09/23	09/29	11,850	11,489	11,850	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
NAW Buyer LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(37)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
NeoxCo	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 10.1% Cash	01/23	01/30	2,476	2,525	2,456	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Next Holdco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	11/23	11/30	7,320	7,199	7,320	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Next Holdco, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	11/23	11/29	—	(9)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ORTEC INTERNATIONAL NEWCO B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 8.5% Cash	12/23	12/30	947	976	931	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	12/21	12/29	14,130	13,874	13,901	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.8% Cash	12/21	12/29	444	427	430	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
PDQ.Com Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	08/21	08/27	14,753	14,558	14,514	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/29	6,827	6,776	6,710	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/29	—	(25)	(26)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ProfitOptics, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/28	1,613	1,595	1,613	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)
ProfitOptics, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.2% Cash	03/22	03/28	242	237	242	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
ProfitOptics, LLC	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	03/22	03/29	81	81	76	— %	(7)
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.8% Cash	09/24	09/29	7,767	7,656	7,662	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 8.8% Cash	09/24	09/29	—	(29)	(28)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
PSP Intermediate 4, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 8.8% Cash	05/22	05/29	846	846	844	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
PSP Intermediate 4, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	05/22	05/29	\$ 1,411	\$ 1,394	\$ 1,408	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
RA Outdoors, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.7% Cash	02/22	04/26	13,764	13,506	12,732	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
RA Outdoors, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.7% Cash	02/22	04/26	1,316	1,316	1,217	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(28)
Saab Purchaser, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/31	17,819	17,596	17,592	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Saab Purchaser, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/24	11/31	—	(23)	(24)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Scout Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.4% Cash	05/22	05/29	3,308	3,361	3,297	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Scout Bidco B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.57%, 10.1% Cash	08/23	05/29	443	443	442	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Scout Bidco B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.4% Cash	05/22	05/29	—	(5)	(14)	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Sinari Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 9.3% Cash	07/23	07/30	1,892	1,943	1,858	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Smartling, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.0% Cash	11/21	11/27	10,437	10,328	10,437	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
Smartling, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.0% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	(11)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Validity, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	07/19	05/26	4,783	4,750	4,783	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
Vision Solutions Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.25%, 12.1% Cash	02/22	04/29	6,500	6,497	6,256	0.5 %	(8)(13)(28)
White Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	10/23	10/30	1,749	1,695	1,747	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal High Tech Industries (21.6%)*					266,737	263,033	257,218		
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Aquavista Watersides 2 LTD	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.00%, 10.6% Cash	12/21	12/28	6,314	6,492	6,314	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Aquavista Watersides 2 LTD	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 10.50% PIK, 15.1% PIK	12/21	12/28	2,119	2,187	2,119	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (0.7%)*					8,433	8,679	8,433		
Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing									
ASC Communications, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	07/22	07/27	7,344	7,277	7,344	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
ASC Communications, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	07/22	07/27	—	(9)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
AVSC Holding Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 3.50%, 8.2% Cash	11/20	03/25	148	148	148	— %	(8)(12)
AVSC Holding Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	11/20	10/26	2	2	2	— %	(8)(12)
Ruffalo Noel Levitz, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 2.25%, 7.0% Cash, 4.3% PIK	01/19	12/26	9,944	9,931	6,792	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Superjet Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.4% Cash	12/21	12/27	18,063	17,760	17,712	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.4% Cash	12/21	12/27	—	(29)	(38)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing (2.7%)*					35,501	35,080	31,960		
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription									
Music Reports, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.7% Cash	08/20	08/26	6,923	6,868	6,618	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
The Octave Music Group, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.1% Cash	06/24	03/29	3,593	3,593	3,595	0.3 %	(8)(13)
Subtotal Media: Broadcasting & Subscription (0.9%)*					10,516	10,461	10,213		
Media: Diversified & Production									
BrightSign LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50% 10.2% Cash	10/21	10/27	4,657	4,635	4,657	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
BrightSign LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	10/21	10/27	1,085	1,079	1,085	0.1 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
CM Acquisitions Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 7.8% Cash, 2.5% PIK	05/19	05/25	1,565	1,563	1,523	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
CM Acquisitions Holdings Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 7.8% Cash, 2.5% PIK	05/19	05/26	\$ 12,477	\$ 12,462	\$ 12,140	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
Footco 40 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 10.2% Cash	04/22	04/29	218	223	217	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Footco 40 Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.50%, 11.5% Cash	04/22	04/29	1,599	1,638	1,588	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Learfield Communications, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/24	06/28	5,476	5,486	5,520	0.5 %	(8)(12)
Murphy Mideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 10.2% Cash	11/20	11/27	1,641	1,716	1,641	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Rock Labor LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.7% Cash	09/23	09/29	6,537	6,372	6,426	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Rock Labor LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.7% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(26)	(19)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.7% Cash	12/22	12/29	15,333	15,033	14,826	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.7% Cash	12/22	12/28	532	499	466	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Vital Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	06/21	06/28	7,329	7,249	7,241	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Media: Diversified & Production (4.8%)*					58,449	57,929	57,311		
Metals & Mining									
Arch Global Precision LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	04/19	04/26	8,966	8,966	8,769	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Metals & Mining (0.7%)*					8,966	8,966	8,769		
Services: Business									
Acclime Holdings HK Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.8% Cash	08/21	08/27	2,500	2,467	2,438	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
Acogroup	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	4.0% Cash, EURIBOR + 2.9% PIK, 6.6% PIK	03/22	10/26	7,354	7,708	5,412	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
AD Bideo, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.6% Cash	03/24	03/30	10,099	9,794	10,099	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
AD Bidco, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.6% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(28)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Adhefint International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 9.1% Cash	05/23	05/30	1,716	1,768	1,716	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Adhefint International	Subordinated Term Loan	EURIBOR + 10.50% PIK, 13.2% PIK	05/23	11/30	330	341	326	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
AlliA Insurance Brokers NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 8.9% Cash	03/23	03/30	4,598	4,646	4,569	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(30)
Apex Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.25%, 11.3% Cash	01/20	01/27	3,200	3,206	3,180	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Apex Bidco Limited	Subordinated Senior Unsecured Term Loan	8.0% PIK	01/20	07/27	324	333	297	— %	(3)(7)
Artemis Bideo Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 8.0% Cash	11/24	11/31	284	261	256	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Auxi International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 7.25%, 10.4% Cash	12/19	12/26	1,450	1,538	1,351	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Auxi International	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.25%, 11.2% Cash	04/21	12/26	839	909	782	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	11/21	11/27	4,785	4,731	4,785	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	(5)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Subordinated Term Loan	12.0% PIK	11/21	05/28	1,814	1,799	1,805	0.2 %	(7)
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	12/24	12/30	14,194	13,952	13,949	1.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	12/24	12/30	—	(28)	(28)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
BNI Global, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.50%, 8.5% Cash	02/24	05/27	9,434	9,694	9,302	0.8 %	(7)(8)(9)
Bounteous, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	08/21	08/27	4,106	4,067	4,081	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Brightpay Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 8.2% Cash	10/21	10/28	396	388	386	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Brightpay Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.00%, 8.6% Cash, 0.3% PIK	10/21	10/28	\$ 1,752	\$ 1,931	\$ 1,720	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
British Engineering Services Holdco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 7.00%, 12.7% Cash	12/20	12/27	14,630	15,527	14,454	1.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.3% Cash	09/24	09/30	19,141	18,817	18,833	1.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.3% Cash	09/24	09/30	—	(36)	(34)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Centralis Fincos S.a.r.l.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.3% Cash	05/20	05/27	2,996	2,942	2,996	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
CGI Parent, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.1% Cash	02/22	02/28	14,008	13,780	14,008	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
CGI Parent, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.1% Cash	02/22	02/28	—	(18)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
CMT Opeo Holding, LLC (Concept Machine)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.5% Cash, 0.3% PIK	01/20	01/27	4,756	4,746	3,381	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Comply365, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	04/22	12/29	18,663	18,409	18,663	1.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Comply365, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	04/22	12/29	—	(14)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 10.1% Cash, 0.3% PIK	09/21	09/28	4,748	5,194	4,590	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
DataServ Integrations, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	11/22	11/28	1,871	1,843	1,871	0.2 %	(7)(8)(14)
DataServ Integrations, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	11/22	11/28	—	(6)	—	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
DISA Holdings Corp.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/22	09/28	6,950	6,808	6,950	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
DISA Holdings Corp.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	11/22	09/28	—	(9)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Dunlipharder B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	06/22	06/28	1,000	991	998	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
EFC International	Senior Unsecured Term Loan	11.0% Cash, 2.5% PIK	03/23	05/28	806	787	797	0.1 %	(7)
Electric Equipment & Engineering Co.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.5% Cash, 3.0% PIK	12/24	12/30	313	307	307	— %	(7)
Events Software BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 6.50%, 11.0% Cash	03/22	03/28	1,561	1,842	1,336	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)(30)
Fortis Payment Systems, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	10/22	02/26	8,944	8,841	8,815	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Fortis Payment Systems, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	10/22	02/26	—	(7)	(9)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Greenhill II BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.10%, 8.3% Cash	07/22	07/29	936	907	936	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
HEKA Invest	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.25%, 9.6% Cash	10/22	10/29	4,850	4,497	4,850	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	09/24	12/29	7,537	7,413	7,413	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Hydratech Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	09/24	12/29	281	265	265	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Infoniq Holdings GmbH	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.75%, 8.1% Cash	11/21	11/28	2,721	2,923	2,721	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Interstellar Group B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 9.6% Cash	08/22	08/29	1,589	1,594	1,509	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Isolstar Holding NV (IPCOM)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 9.2% Cash	10/22	10/29	5,168	4,836	5,075	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
JF Acquisition, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	05/21	07/26	3,740	3,709	3,736	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Jones Fish Hatcheries & Distributors LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	02/22	02/28	3,481	3,434	3,481	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)
Jones Fish Hatcheries & Distributors LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	02/22	02/28	—	(4)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
LeadsOnline, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	02/22	02/28	10,069	9,968	10,029	0.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
LeadsOnline, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	02/22	02/28	—	(24)	(10)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Legal Solutions Holdings	Senior Subordinated Loan	6.0% PIK	12/20	03/25	\$ 12,319	\$ 10,128	\$ —	— %	(7)(8)(2)
Long Term Care Group, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 3.27%, 8.1% Cash, 3.7% PIK	04/22	09/27	8,769	8,676	7,839	0.7 %	(7)(8)(3)
MB Purchaser, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	01/24	01/30	2,608	2,550	2,591	0.2 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
MB Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	01/24	01/30	—	(5)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 9.9% Cash	06/24	06/27	5,118	5,016	4,899	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	07/21	06/27	4,106	4,062	4,036	0.3 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
NF Holdco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.8% Cash	03/23	03/29	6,283	6,137	6,283	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
NF Holdco, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.8% Cash	03/23	03/29	276	253	276	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Origin Bideco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.1% Cash	06/21	06/28	307	355	301	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Origin Bideco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	06/21	06/28	533	525	522	— %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Patriot New Midco 1 Limited (Forensic Risk Alliance)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.75%, 9.8% Cash	02/20	02/26	2,045	2,140	2,045	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Patriot New Midco 1 Limited (Forensic Risk Alliance)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.01%, 11.6% Cash	02/20	02/26	2,628	2,613	2,628	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Qualified Industries, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.1% Cash	03/23	03/29	2,619	2,566	2,567	0.2 %	(7)(8)(14)
Qualified Industries, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.1% Cash	03/23	03/29	—	(5)	(5)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Qwestel Unite	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.8% Cash	12/20	12/27	7,059	7,010	7,059	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Recovery Point Systems, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.7% Cash	08/20	07/26	11,294	11,232	11,294	0.9 %	(7)(8)(13)
ROI Solutions LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/24	10/29	18,355	17,989	17,973	1.5 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
ROI Solutions LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/24	10/29	—	(52)	(55)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Royal Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	08/22	08/28	8,106	8,006	8,098	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
Royal Buyer, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	08/22	08/28	—	(22)	(2)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
RPX Corporation	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.6% Cash	08/24	08/30	21,921	21,608	21,638	1.8 %	(7)(8)(13)
RPX Corporation	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.6% Cash	08/24	08/30	—	(42)	(39)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Sansidor BV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.6% Cash	09/24	09/31	554	576	534	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
SBP Holdings LP	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	03/23	03/28	8,717	8,445	8,648	0.7 %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
SBP Holdings LP	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	03/23	03/28	—	(44)	(13)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Scaled Agile, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	12/21	12/28	1,784	1,764	1,605	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Scaled Agile, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.2% Cash	12/21	12/28	336	332	302	— %	(7)(8)(13)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	09/23	09/29	12,944	12,732	12,944	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	09/23	09/29	—	(32)	—	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.2% Cash	11/22	03/27	2,072	2,044	2,057	0.2 %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.2% Cash	11/22	03/27	—	(2)	(1)	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Starmeer B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.6% Cash	10/21	10/28	2,500	2,482	2,500	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
TA SL Cayman Aggregator Corp.	Subordinated Term Loan	7.80% PIK	07/21	07/28	2,785	2,764	2,785	0.2 %	(7)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Tanqueray Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	11/22	11/29	\$ 1,699	\$ 1,518	\$ 1,643	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)(30)
Technology Service Stream BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.50%, 10.3% Cash	06/24	07/30	698	725	677	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(20)(30)
Techone B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 8.7% Cash	11/21	11/28	3,639	3,816	3,609	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Techone B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.40%, 8.7% Cash	11/21	05/28	—	(24)	(4)	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Trintech, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	07/23	07/29	6,895	6,725	6,787	0.6 %	(7)(8)(12)
Trintech, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	07/23	07/29	153	140	145	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.0% Cash	12/24	09/27	2,598	2,573	2,572	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	12/22	12/28	962	949	953	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	12/23	12/28	1,204	1,190	1,192	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.5% Cash	12/24	12/29	8,035	7,840	7,837	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	12/22	12/28	—	(5)	(4)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Turnberry Solutions, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.4% Cash	07/21	09/26	4,874	4,839	4,874	0.4 %	(7)(8)(12)
UBC Ledgers Holding AB	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 9.6% Cash	07/24	12/30	536	556	536	— %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
UBC Ledgers Holding AB	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	STIBOR + 5.25%, 8.4% Cash	12/23	12/30	1,450	1,486	1,450	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(22)(30)
UHY Advisors, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	11/24	11/31	13,247	12,991	12,982	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	11/24	11/31	—	(34)	(35)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
USLS Acquisition, Inc. (f/k/a US Legal Support, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	11/18	05/26	12,613	12,558	12,487	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
USLS Acquisition, Inc. (f/k/a US Legal Support, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	10/24	10/27	5,465	5,414	5,411	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Utac Ceram	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.60%, 4.9% Cash, 2.4% PIK	09/20	09/27	1,581	1,754	1,500	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Utac Ceram	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 9.4% Cash, 1.8% PIK	02/21	09/27	2,604	2,572	2,471	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
Utac Ceram	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 8.8% Cash, 2.4% PIK	02/21	09/27	994	994	943	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(13)
W2O Holdings, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.3% Cash	10/20	06/28	11,879	11,803	11,772	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
World 50, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.3% Cash	03/24	03/30	13,897	13,645	13,785	1.2 %	(7)(8)(12)
World 50, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.3% Cash	03/24	03/30	—	(17)	(8)	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.25%, 8.2% Cash	05/22	05/29	290	305	283	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 5.25%, 10.0% Cash	05/22	05/29	8,813	8,657	8,598	0.7 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	Subordinated Term Loan	11.0% PIK	05/22	05/29	3,784	3,691	3,691	0.3 %	(3)(7)
Zeppelin Bidco Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 6.25%, 11.2% Cash	03/22	03/29	6,060	6,256	4,691	0.4 %	(3)(7)(8)(17)
Subtotal Services: Business (37.5%)*					469,942	464,452	446,532		
Services: Consumer									
Arc Education	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 5.97%, 9.3% Cash	07/22	07/29	3,829	3,712	3,807	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)(30)
Archimede	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 9.8% Cash	10/20	10/27	6,109	6,498	5,676	0.5 %	(3)(7)(8)(10)
Bariacum S.A.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 4.75%, 7.3% Cash	11/21	11/28	3,107	3,260	3,107	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Cascade Residential Services LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.6% Cash	10/23	10/29	\$ 4,011	\$ 3,918	\$ 3,742	0.3 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Cascade Residential Services LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.00%, 10.6% Cash	10/23	10/29	331	324	312	— %	(7)(8)(13)
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.4% Cash	07/22	07/28	6,390	6,313	5,955	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 11.4% Cash	07/22	07/28	141	138	124	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
FL Hawk Intermediate Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Fineline Technologies, Inc.)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.1% Cash	10/24	02/30	12,028	11,995	11,950	1.0 %	(7)(8)(13)
Global Academic Group Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.50%, 9.3% Cash	07/22	07/27	2,284	2,530	2,284	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)
Global Academic Group Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BKBM + 5.50%, 9.3% Cash	07/22	07/27	4,000	4,389	4,000	0.3 %	(3)(7)(8)(23)(30)
HomeX Services Group LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.1% Cash	11/23	11/29	1,498	1,463	1,477	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
HomeX Services Group LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.1% Cash	11/23	11/29	—	(6)	(3)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
InvoCare Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 6.25%, 10.7% Cash	11/23	11/29	2,005	2,062	1,963	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)(30)
Kid Distro Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	10/21	10/27	13,156	13,063	13,156	1.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	Super Senior Secured Term Loan	6.0% PIK	03/24	03/25	185	194	185	— %	(3)(7)(8)(26)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.50%, 10.4% PIK	12/21	12/28	2,543	2,415	146	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(26)(30)
Marmoutier Holding B.V.	Revolver	EURIBOR + 5.75%, 6.7% PIK	12/21	06/27	109	104	(53)	— %	(3)(7)(8)(11)(26)(30)
Premium Franchise Brands, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.7% Cash	12/20	12/26	7,481	7,425	7,377	0.6 %	(7)(8)(13)
Premium Franchise Brands, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.75%, 11.2% Cash	12/20	12/26	2,738	2,670	2,694	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
QPE7 SPV1 BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 3.75%, 8.1% Cash	09/21	09/26	1,707	1,976	1,694	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(18)
Sereni Capital NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.00%, 8.7% Cash	05/22	05/29	928	926	903	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Sereni Capital NV	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	EURIBOR + 6.75%, 9.7% Cash	05/22	05/29	1,524	1,564	1,524	0.1 %	(3)(7)(8)(11)
Subtotal Services: Consumer (6.1%)*					76,104	76,933	72,020		
Structured Product									
Air Canada 2020-2 Class B Pass Through Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class B	9.0% Cash	09/20	10/25	2,370	2,370	2,411	0.2 %	
AMMC CLO 22, Limited Series 2018-22A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield —%	02/22	04/31	7,222	2,439	1,733	0.1 %	(3)(7)(28)
Apidos CLO XXXIV, Series 2016-24A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 57.25%	02/22	07/27	18,358	3,527	3,272	0.3 %	(3)(28)
British Airways 2020-1 Class B Pass Through Trust	First Lien Senior Secured Bond	8.4% Cash	11/20	11/28	489	489	507	— %	
Catawba River Limited	Structured - Junior Note	N/A	10/22	10/28	4,884	4,442	2,365	0.2 %	(3)(7)
Dryden 49 Senior Loan Fund, Series 2017-49A	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/30	17,233	2,766	437	— %	(3)(28)(29)
Flexential Issuer, LLC	Structured Secured Note - Class C	6.9% Cash	11/21	11/51	16,000	14,885	15,339	1.3 %	
JetBlue 2019-1 Class B Pass Through Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class B	8.0% Cash	08/20	11/27	2,495	2,495	2,520	0.2 %	
Magnetic XIX, Limited	Subordinated Notes	SOFR + 9.03%, 13.7% Cash	02/22	04/34	10,500	10,357	10,500	0.9 %	(3)(7)(13)(28)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class A	4.7% Cash	05/22	11/28	182	182	177	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class B	5.4% Cash	05/22	11/28	182	182	178	— %	(3)(7)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class C	5.9% Cash	05/22	11/28	\$ 182	\$ 182	\$ 180	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class D	8.5% Cash	05/22	11/28	182	182	178	— %	(3)(7)
Perimeter Master Note Business Trust	Structured Secured Note - Class E	11.4% Cash	05/22	11/28	9,274	9,274	8,904	0.7 %	(3)(7)
Rhonda Financing No. 1 DAC	Structured - Junior Note	N/A	01/23	01/33	25,868	25,713	26,044	2.2 %	(3)(7)(30)
Sound Point CLO XX, Ltd.	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/31	4,489	1,389	61	— %	(3)(28)(29)
Vista Global Holding Ltd	Structured Secured Note - Class C	9.5% Cash	11/24	08/31	500	500	495	— %	(3)(7)
VistaJet Pass Through Trust 2021-1B	Structured Secured Note - Class B	6.3% Cash	11/21	02/29	3,214	3,214	3,160	0.3 %	(7)
VOYA CLO 2015-2, LTD.	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/27	10,736	2,496	15	— %	(3)(28)(29)
VOYA CLO 2016-2, LTD.	Subordinated Structured Notes	Residual Interest, current yield 0.00%	02/22	07/28	11,088	2,462	1,072	0.1 %	(3)(28)(29)
Subtotal Structured Product (6.7%)*					145,448	89,546	79,548		
Telecommunications									
CSL DualCom	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 4.75%, 9.5% Cash	09/20	09/27	2,016	1,922	2,016	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(15)(30)
Mercell Holding AS	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	NIBOR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	08/22	08/29	2,765	3,150	2,750	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(25)(30)
Permaconn BidCo Pty Ltd	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	BBSY + 5.25%, 9.7% Cash	12/21	07/29	2,537	2,710	2,537	0.2 %	(3)(7)(8)(19)
UKFast Leaders Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SONIA + 7.25%, 12.3% Cash	09/20	09/27	11,708	11,860	11,041	0.9 %	(3)(7)(8)(16)
Subtotal Telecommunications (1.5%)*					19,026	19,642	18,344		
Transportation: Cargo									
Armstrong Transport Group (Pele Buyer, LLC)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.1% Cash	06/19	12/26	5,953	5,935	5,637	0.5 %	(7)(8)(13)
Echo Global Logistics, Inc.	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 7.00%, 11.7% Cash	11/21	11/29	9,469	9,366	9,450	0.8 %	(7)(8)(12)
eShipping, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	11/21	11/27	3,465	3,431	3,465	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)
eShipping, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	11/21	11/27	—	(14)	—	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
FitzMark Buyer, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.75%, 9.4% Cash	12/20	12/26	4,130	4,101	4,128	0.3 %	(7)(8)(12)
FragilePak LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.75%, 10.5% Cash	05/21	05/27	4,544	4,487	4,544	0.4 %	(7)(8)(13)
Honour Lane Logistics Holdings Limited	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 10.3% Cash	04/22	11/28	6,667	6,542	6,645	0.6 %	(3)(7)(8)(14)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.6% Cash	12/21	12/27	801	793	800	0.1 %	(7)(8)(14)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.8% Cash	12/21	12/27	12,078	11,847	12,079	1.0 %	(7)(8)(14)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Revolver	SOFR + 6.50%, 10.8% Cash	12/21	12/27	226	203	225	— %	(7)(8)(14)(30)
Offen Inc.	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.00%, 9.7% Cash	02/22	06/26	3,718	3,681	3,681	0.3 %	(7)(12)(28)
R1 Holdings, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.8% Cash	12/22	12/28	6,111	5,973	6,135	0.5 %	(7)(8)(12)
R1 Holdings, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 6.25%, 10.8% Cash	12/22	12/28	472	425	472	— %	(7)(8)(12)(30)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 12.5% Cash	11/24	11/29	1,015	995	1,015	0.1 %	(7)(8)(13)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	First Out Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 12.5% Cash	11/24	11/29	2,577	2,577	2,577	0.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Transportation Insight, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 4.50%, 9.2% Cash, 1.0% PIK	08/18	06/27	11,062	11,030	8,518	0.7 %	(7)(8)(13)
Subtotal Transportation: Cargo (5.8%)*					72,288	71,372	69,371		
Utilities: Electric									
Panoche Energy Center LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Bond	6.9% Cash	07/22	07/29	3,740	3,458	3,695	0.3 %	(7)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Spatial Business Systems LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	10/22	10/28	\$ 14,930	\$ 14,695	\$ 14,706	1.2 %	(7)(8)(13)
Spatial Business Systems LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 5.50%, 10.0% Cash	10/22	10/28	—	(22)	(21)	— %	(7)(8)(13)(30)
Subtotal Utilities: Electric (1.5%)*					18,670	18,131	18,380		
Subtotal Debt Investments (155.9%)*					1,996,579	1,930,130	1,855,514		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Equity Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Accurus Aerospace Corporation	Common Stock		04/22		437,623.30	\$ 438	\$ —	— %	(7)(29)
Compass Precision, LLC	LLC Units		04/22		46,085.6	125	154	— %	(7)(29)
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		12/22		687	687	1,350	0.1 %	(7)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Common Stock		03/24		205	21	—	— %	(7)(29)
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.	Preferred Stock		03/24		1,842	184	46	— %	(7)(29)
Narda Acquisitionco., Inc.	Class A Preferred Stock		12/21		4,587.38	459	578	— %	(7)(29)
Narda Acquisitionco., Inc.	Class B Common Stock		12/21		509.71	51	743	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	LP Units		02/23		63,087.10	631	975	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (0.3%)*					2,596	2,596	3,846		
Automotive									
Burgess Point Purchaser Corporation	LP Units		07/22		455	455	450	— %	(7)(29)
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Partnership Units		11/22		5,333	533	622	0.1 %	(7)(29)
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Common Stock		07/24		274,229	274	280	— %	(7)(29)
SVI International LLC	LLC Units		03/24		207,921	208	277	— %	(7)
Velocity Pooling Vehicle, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		4,676	60	2	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Velocity Pooling Vehicle, LLC	Warrants		02/22		5,591	72	3	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Subtotal Automotive (0.1%)*					1,602	1,602	1,634		
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Accelerant Holdings	Class A Convertible Preferred Equity		01/22		5,018	5,000	6,347	0.5 %	(7)(29)
Accelerant Holdings	Class B Convertible Preferred Equity		12/22		1,657	1,667	2,285	0.2 %	(7)(29)
Accelerant Holdings	Preferred Stock		12/24		4,243	7,840	7,840	0.7 %	(7)(29)
Flywheel Re Segregated Portfolio 2022-4	Preferred Stock		08/22		2,828,286	2,828	3,875	0.3 %	(3)(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class A		12/21		2,5582	—	1,262	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class B		12/21		0.8634	—	426	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class CC		12/21		0.0888	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Policy Services Company, LLC	Warrants - Class D		12/21		0.2471	—	122	— %	(7)(29)
Resolute Investment Managers, Inc.	Common Stock		03/24		38,571	—	98	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Shelf Bidco Ltd	Common Stock		12/22		1,200,000	1,200	4,668	0.4 %	(3)(7)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (2.3%)*					18,535	18,535	26,923		
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco									
CTI Foods Holdings Co., LLC	Common Stock		02/24		21,031	—	695	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Woodland Foods, LLC	Common Stock		12/21		1,663.30	1,663	1,271	0.1 %	(7)(29)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Woodland Foods, LLC	Preferred Stock	20.0% PIK	12/21		364.00	\$ 427	\$ 427	— %	(7)
ZB Holdco LLC	LLC Units		02/22		152.69	153	197	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Beverage, Food, & Tobacco (0.2%)*									
Capital Equipment									
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	Partnership Units		12/21		7,409	741	1,229	0.1 %	(7)
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc.	Common Stock		07/23		281	237	— %	(7)(29)	
Rapid Buyer LLC	LLC Units		10/24		533	533	— %	(7)(29)	
TAPCO Buyer LLC	LLC Units		11/24		252	252	— %	(7)(29)	
Subtotal Capital Equipment (0.2%)*									
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Common Stock		04/23		88,110	88	119	— %	(7)(29)
Aptus 1829, GmbH	Common Stock		09/21		48	12	—	— %	(3)(7)(29)
Aptus 1829, GmbH	Preferred Stock		09/21		13	120	40	— %	(3)(7)(29)
Polymer Solutions Group Holdings, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		74	—	—	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (— %)*									
Construction & Building									
BKF Buyer, Inc.	Common Stock		08/24		1,004,467	1,004	1,045	0.1 %	(7)(29)
MNS Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		08/21		76,923	77	106	— %	(7)(29)
Ocelot Holdco LLC	Common Stock		10/23		186.67	—	742	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Ocelot Holdco LLC	Preferred Stock	15.0% PIK	10/23		243.81	1,562	2,873	0.2 %	(7)
Subtotal Construction & Building (0.4%)*									
Consumer goods: Durable									
DecksDirect, LLC	Class A Units		04/24		1,016.1	47	—	— %	(7)(29)
DecksDirect, LLC	Common Stock		12/21		1,280.8	55	—	— %	(7)(29)
Renovation Parent Holdings, LLC	Partnership Equity		11/21		202,393.60	202	85	— %	(7)(29)
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class A Preferred Stock		02/22		145,347	4	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class B Preferred Stock		02/22		145,347	—	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Class C Preferred Stock		02/22		7,844.03	450	57	— %	(7)(28)(29)
RTIC Subsidiary Holdings, LLC	Common Stock		02/22		153	—	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Serta Simmons Bedding LLC	Common Stock		06/23		109,127	1,630	655	0.1 %	(29)
Team Air Distributing, LLC	Partnership Equity		05/23		516,640.2	523	625	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Terrybear, Inc.	Partnership Equity		04/22		24,358.97	239	120	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Durable (0.1%)*									
Consumer goods: Non-durable									
CCFF Buyer, LLC	LLC Units		02/24		233	233	235	— %	(7)
Ice House America, L.L.C.	LLC Units		01/24		2,833	283	316	— %	(7)(29)
Isagenix International, LLC	Common Stock		04/23		58,538	—	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Safety Products Holdings, LLC	Preferred Stock		12/20		378.7	380	537	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Consumer goods: Non-durable (0.1%)*									
Containers, Packaging, & Glass									
Diversified Packaging Holdings LLC	LLC Units		06/24		2,769	277	333	— %	(7)(29)
Five Star Holding LLC	LLC Units		05/22		966.99	967	564	— %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Containers, Packaging, & Glass (0.1%)*									
Energy: Oil & Gas									
Ferrellgas L.P.	OpcO Preferred Units		03/21		2,886	2,799	2,799	0.2 %	(7)
Subtotal Energy: Oil & Gas (0.2%)*									

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments — (Continued)
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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Environmental Industries									
Bridger Aerospace Group Holdings, LLC	Preferred Stock- Series C	7.0% PIK	07/22		14,618	\$ 16,725	\$ 14,618	1.2 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Subtotal Environmental Industries (1.2%)*						16,725	14,618		
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals									
Amalfi Midco	Class B Common Stock		09/22		98,906,608	1,115	1,239	0.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Amalfi Midco	Warrants		09/22		380,385	4	919	0.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class A Equity		05/22		500,000	389	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class C - Warrants		05/22		74,712.64	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Class X Equity		05/22		45,604	35	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.	Common Stock		08/24		14.37	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Coherus Biosciences, Inc.	Royalty Rights		05/24	08/50	3,626,518	3,627	5,834	0.5 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Forest Buyer, LLC	Class A LLC Units		03/24		122	122	130	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Forest Buyer, LLC	Class B LLC Units		03/24		122	—	124	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
GCDL LLC	Common Stock		08/24		243,243.24	243	243	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
GPNZ II GmbH	Common Stock		10/23		5,785	—	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
HemaSource, Inc.	Common Stock		08/23		101,080	101	124	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Moonlight Bidco Limited	Common Stock		07/23		10,590	138	182	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
OA Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		12/21		210,920.11	211	783	0.1 % ⁽⁷⁾	
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC	LLC Units		10/23		29,762	298	263	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals (0.8%)*						6,283	9,841		
High Tech Industries									
Argus Bidco Limited	Common Stock		07/22		464	1	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Argus Bidco Limited	Equity Loan Notes	10.0% PIK	07/22		41,560	63	33	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾	
Argus Bidco Limited	Preferred Stock	10.0% PIK	07/22		41,560	63	33	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾	
Caribou Holding Company, LLC	LLC Units		04/22		681,818	682	682	0.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Command Alkon (Project Potter Buyer, LLC)	Class B Partnership Units		04/20		33,324.70	—	175	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
CW Group Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		01/21		161,290.32	161	371	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
FinThrive Software Intermediate Holdings Inc.	Preferred Stock	11.0% PIK	03/22		6,582.7	9,830	5,608	0.5 % ⁽⁷⁾	
FSS Buyer LLC	LP Interest		08/21		1,160.9	12	17	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
FSS Buyer LLC	LP Units		08/21		5,104.3	51	74	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
NAW Buyer LLC	LLC Units		09/23		472,512	473	524	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	LP Units		07/22		173,749	174	151	— % ⁽⁷⁾	
PDQ.Com Corporation	Class A-2 Partnership Units		08/21		28.8	29	42	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
ProfitOptics, LLC	LLC Units		03/22		241,935.48	161	198	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		09/24		2,357.5	236	249	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal High Tech Industries (0.7%)*						11,936	8,157		
Media: Advertising, Printing & Publishing									
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class A1 Partnership Units		12/21		8,717.76	280	593	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class A2 Partnership Units		12/21		2,248.46	72	153	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class B1 Partnership Units		12/21		8,717.76	9	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Advantage Software Company (The), LLC	Class B2 Partnership Units		12/21		2,248.46	2	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	

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Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
ASC Communications, LLC	Class A Units		07/22		25,718.20	\$ 539	\$ 869	0.1 %	(7)
Subtotal Media: Advertising, Printing & Publishing (0.1%)*						\$ 902	\$ 1,615		
Media Broadcasting & Subscription									
The Octave Music Group, Inc.	Partnership Equity		04/22		676,881.00	677	2,180	0.2 %	(7)
Subtotal Media: Broadcasting & Subscription (0.2%)*						677	2,180		
Media Diversified & Production									
BrightSign LLC	LLC units		10/21		1,107,492.71	1,107	1,174	0.1 %	(7)
Learfield Communications, LLC	Common Stock		08/20		55,198	1,921	4,085	0.3 %	(7)(29)
Rock Labor LLC	LLC Units		09/23		233,871	1,252	1,127	0.1 %	(7)
Solo Buyer, L.P.	Common Equity		12/22		516,399	516	325	— %	(7)(29)
Vital Buyer, LLC	Partnership Units		06/21		16,442.9	164	388	— %	(7)
Subtotal Media: Diversified & Production (0.6%)*						4,960	7,099		
Retail									
True Religion Apparel, Inc.	Class A Units		02/22		9,767	—	—	— %	(7)(28)(29)
Subtotal Retail (—%)*						—	—		
Services: Business									
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Common Stock		11/21		192,307.7	192	288	— %	(7)(29)
CGI Parent, LLC	Preferred Stock		02/22		657	722	1,710	0.1 %	(7)(29)
CMT Opco Holding, LLC (Concept Machine)	LLC Units		01/20		12,635	506	—	— %	(7)(29)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	Class A Units		09/21		440	205	206	— %	(3)(7)(29)
Coyo Uprising GmbH	Class B Units		09/21		191	446	381	— %	(3)(7)(29)
DataServ Integrations, LLC	Partnership Units		11/22		96,153.90	96	103	— %	(7)(29)
EFC International	Common Stock		03/23		163.83	231	380	— %	(7)(29)
Electric Equipment & Engineering Co.	LLC Units		12/24		187,500	188	188	— %	(7)(29)
Jones Fish Hatcheries & Distributors LLC	LLC Units		02/22		1,018	107	372	— %	(7)
LeadsOnline, LLC	LLC Units		02/22		81,739	85	180	— %	(7)
MB Purchaser, LLC	LLC Units		01/24		66	68	82	— %	(7)(29)
MC Group Ventures Corporation	Partnership Units		06/21		746.66	747	681	0.1 %	(7)(29)
NF Holdco, LLC	LLC Units		03/23		639,510	659	563	— %	(7)(29)
Qualified Industries, LLC	Common Stock		03/23		303,030	3	61	— %	(7)(29)
Qualified Industries, LLC	Preferred Stock	12.5% PIK	03/23		148	144	175	— %	(7)(29)
Recovery Point Systems, Inc.	Partnership Equity		03/21		187,235	187	81	— %	(7)(29)
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Common Stock		09/23		275	275	483	— %	(7)(29)
TA SL Cayman Aggregator Corp.	Common Stock		07/21		1,589	50	84	— %	(7)(29)
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Partnership Units		12/22		4,673	5	26	— %	(7)
Xeinadin Bidco Limited	Common Stock		05/22		45,665,825	565	572	— %	(3)(7)(29)
Subtotal Services: Business (0.6%)*						5,481	6,616		
Services: Consumer									
Kid Distro Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		10/21		637,677.11	638	772	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Services: Consumer (0.1%)*						638	772		
Telecommunications									
Mercell Holding AS	Class A Units	9.0% PIK	08/22		114.4	111	125	— %	(3)(7)(29)

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Mercell Holding AS	Class B Units		08/22		28,943.8	\$ —	\$ 21	— %	(7)(29)
Syniverse Holdings, Inc.	Series A Preferred Equity	12.5% PIK	05/22		7,575,758	10,167	10,076	0.8 %	(7)
Subtotal Telecommunications (0.9%)*						10,278	10,222		
Transportation: Cargo									
AIT Worldwide Logistics Holdings, Inc.	Partnership Units		04/21		348.68	349	550	— %	(7)(29)
Echo Global Logistics, Inc.	Partnership Equity		11/21		530.92	531	417	— %	(7)(29)
FragilePak LLC	Partnership Units		05/21		937.5	938	767	0.1 %	(7)(29)
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Common Stock		01/22		7,500.4	750	915	0.1 %	(7)(29)
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC	Common Stock		11/24		1,231	5,403	4,595	0.4 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Transportation: Cargo (0.6%)*							7,971	7,244	
Utilities: Oil & Gas									
Proppants Holding, LLC	LLC Units		02/22		1,506,254	—	—	— %	(7)(28)
Subtotal Utilities: Oil & Gas (—%)*						—	—		
Subtotal Equity Investments (9.8%)*						103,586	116,859		
Subtotal Non-Control / Non-Affiliate Investments (165.7%)*						2,033,716	1,972,373		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Affiliate Investments⁽⁹⁾									
Debt Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Skyvault Holdings LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	12.0% PIK	11/24	11/31	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,586	\$ 3,586	0.3 %	(7)(30)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (0.3%)*					3,586	3,586	3,586		
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Revolver	SOFR + 7.25%, 11.9% Cash	07/21	07/28	10,091	10,022	10,091	0.8 %	(7)(12)(30)
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	7.5% Cash	07/21	07/28	4,545	4,520	4,545	0.4 %	(7)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (1.2%)*					14,636	14,542	14,636		
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Celebration Bidco, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	SOFR + 8.00%, 12.6% PIK	12/23	12/30	6,414	6,414	6,414	0.5 %	(7)(13)
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (0.5%)*					6,414	6,414	6,414		
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	11/21	11/31	16,620	15,690	15,770	1.3 %	(7)
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC	Subordinated Term Loan	8.0% Cash	11/21	11/31	7,662	7,322	7,271	0.6 %	(7)
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (1.9%)*					24,282	23,012	23,041		
Subtotal Debt Investments (3.9%)*					48,918	47,554	47,677		
Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Equity Investments									
Aerospace & Defense									
Skyvault Holdings LLC	LLC Units		11/24		1,195,449.6	\$ 1,195	\$ 1,195	0.1 %	(7)(29)
Subtotal Aerospace & Defense (0.1%)*					1,195	1,195	1,195		
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate									
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	LLC Units		07/21		89,447,396	93,029	136,855	11.5 %	(7)
Rocade Holdings LLC	Common LP Units		02/23		23.8	—	243	— %	(7)(29)
Rocade Holdings LLC	Preferred LP Units	SOFR + 6.00% PIK, 10.3% PIK	02/23		71,000	82,989	83,000	7.0 %	(7)(13)(30)
Subtotal Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate (18.5%)*					176,018	220,098			

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Units / Shares	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber									
Celebration Bidco, LLC	Common Stock		12/23		1,243,071	\$ 12,177	\$ 11,262	0.9 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber (0.9%)*						12,177	11,262		
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Coastal Marine Holdings, LLC	LLC Units		11/21		3,518,097	\$ 16,495	\$ 16,852	1.4 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (1.4%)*						16,495	16,852		
Investment Funds & Vehicles									
Jocassee Partners LLC	9.1% Member Interest		06/19			35,158	40,761	3.4 % ⁽³⁾⁽³⁰⁾⁽³²⁾	
Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC	89.01% Member Interest		02/22			48,441	41,453	3.5 % ⁽³⁾⁽²⁸⁾⁽³²⁾	
Thompson Rivers LLC	16% Member Interest		06/20			22,897	7,208	0.6 % ⁽²⁹⁾⁽³²⁾	
Waccamaw River LLC	20% Member Interest		02/21			22,913	10,730	0.9 % ⁽³⁾⁽³²⁾	
Subtotal Investment Funds & Vehicles (8.4%)*						129,409	100,152		
Subtotal Equity Investments (29.3%)*						335,294	349,559		
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (33.4%)*						382,848	397,236		
Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾									
Control Investments⁽²⁾									
Debt Investments									
Capital Equipment									
Security Holdings B.V.	Bridge Loan	5.0% PIK	12/20	06/26	\$ 6,655	\$ 6,655	\$ 6,655	0.6 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Revolver	6.0% Cash	09/23	06/25	5,333	5,650	5,333	0.4 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽³⁰⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Senior Unsecured Term Loan	6.0% Cash, 9.0% PIK	04/21	04/25	2,293	2,526	2,293	0.2 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Senior Subordinated Term Loan	3.1% PIK	12/20	06/26	11,191	11,191	11,191	0.9 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾	
Subtotal Capital Equipment (2.1%)*					25,472	26,022	25,472		
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Black Angus Steakhouses, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	10.0% PIK	02/22	01/25	39,067	9,628	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁶⁾⁽²⁸⁾	
Black Angus Steakhouses, LLC	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan	14.4% PIK	02/22	01/25	8,280	8,091	2,744	0.2 % ⁽⁷⁾⁽⁸⁾⁽¹²⁾⁽²⁶⁾⁽²⁸⁾	
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (0.2%)*					47,347	17,719	2,744		
Subtotal Debt Investments (2.3%)*					72,819	43,741	28,216		
Portfolio Company⁽⁶⁾									
Equity Investments									
Automotive									
MVC Automotive Group GmbH	Common Equity Interest		12/20		18,000	\$ 19,173	\$ 13,741	1.2 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Automotive (1.2%)*					19,173	13,741			
Capital Equipment									
Security Holdings B.V.	Common Stock Series A		02/22		17,100	560	399	— % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Security Holdings B.V.	Common Stock Series B		12/20		1,236	35,192	37,296	3.1 % ⁽³⁾⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Capital Equipment (3.2%)*					35,752	37,695			
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure									
Black Angus Steakhouses, LLC	LLC Units		02/22		44.6	—	—	— % ⁽⁷⁾⁽²⁸⁾⁽²⁹⁾	
Subtotal Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure (—%)*						—	—		
Investment Funds & Vehicles									
MVC Private Equity Fund LP	General Partnership Interest		03/21		1,831.4	184	—	— % ⁽³⁾⁽²⁷⁾⁽²⁹⁾	

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Portfolio Company ⁽⁶⁾	Investment Type ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Interest	Acq. Date	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Cost	Fair Value	% of Net Assets *	Notes
MVC Private Equity Fund LP	Limited Partnership Interest		03/21		71,790.4	\$ 7,282	\$ 11	— %	(3)(2)(29)
Subtotal Investment Funds & Vehicles (—%)*					7,466	11			
Subtotal Equity Investments (4.4%)*					62,391	51,447			
Subtotal Control Investments (6.7%)*					106,132	79,663			
Total Investments, December 31, 2024 (205.8%)*					\$ 2,522,696	\$ 2,449,272			

Derivative Instruments

Interest Rate Swaps:

Description	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Value	Hedged Instrument	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Interest rate swap (See Note 4)	7.00%	SOFR + 3.1475%	2/15/2029	\$ 300,000	\$ (4,396)	February 2029 Notes	\$ (4,396)
Total Interest Rate Swaps, December 31, 2024							\$ (4,396)

Credit Support Agreements:

Description(d)	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Notional Amount	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
MVC Credit Support Agreement(a)(b)(c)	Barings LLC	01/01/31	\$ 23,000	\$ 19,250	\$ 5,650
Sierra Credit Support Agreement(e)(f)(g)	Barings LLC	04/01/32	100,000	44,200	(200)
Total Credit Support Agreements, December 31, 2024			\$ 123,000	\$ 63,450	\$ 5,450

(a) The MVC Credit Support Agreement (as defined in “Note 2, Agreements and Related Party Transactions”) covers all of the investments acquired by the Company from MVC in connection with the MVC Acquisition and any investments received by the Company in connection with the restructuring, amendment, extension or other modification (including the issuance of new securities) of any of the investments acquired by the Company from MVC in connection with the MVC Acquisition (collectively, the “MVC Reference Portfolio”). Each investment that is included in the MVC Reference Portfolio is denoted in the above Schedule of Investments with footnote (27).

(b) The Company and Barings entered into the MVC Credit Support Agreement pursuant to which Barings agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$23.0 million.

(c) Settlement Date means the earlier of (1) January 1, 2031 or (2) the date on which the entire MVC Reference Portfolio has been realized or written off.

(d) See “Note 2, Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for additional information regarding the Credit Support Agreements.

(e) The Sierra Credit Support Agreement covers all of the investments acquired by the Company from Sierra in connection with the Sierra Merger and any investments received by the Company in connection with the restructuring, amendment, extension or other modification (including the issuance of new securities) of any of the Sierra Reference Portfolio. Each investment that is included in the Sierra Reference Portfolio is denoted in the above Schedule of Investments with footnote (28).

(f) The Company and Barings entered into the Sierra Credit Support Agreement pursuant to which Barings agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$100.0 million.

(g) Settlement Date means the earlier of (1) April 1, 2032 or (2) the date on which the entire Sierra Reference Portfolio has been realized or written off.

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Foreign Currency Forward Contracts:

Description	Notional Amount to be Purchased	Notional Amount to be Sold	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$7,000	\$4,519	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	\$ (185)
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$64,484	\$41,090	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(1,164)
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$8,000	\$5,010	BNP Paribas SA	04/07/25	(56)
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$954	A\$1,478	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	39
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$965	A\$1,411	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	92
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$46,948	A\$68,596	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	4,477
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$41,247	A\$64,724	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	1,167
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	CS\$8,709	\$6,161	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(105)
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	CS\$7,000	\$4,896	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	(11)
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$6,461	CS\$8,709	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	404
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$72	CS103	BNP Paribas SA	04/07/25	—
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$6,326	CS\$8,913	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	107
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	2,570kr.	\$362	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	(5)
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$385	2,570kr.	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	28
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$370	2,615kr.	BNP Paribas SA	04/07/25	5
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	€4,658	\$4,921	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	(96)
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	€95,436	\$100,299	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(1,455)
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$111,003	€99,494	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	7,955
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$671	€600	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	50
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$100,856	€95,570	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	1,467
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	NZ\$15,538	\$9,003	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(297)
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$198	NZ\$312	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	23
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,538	NZ\$15,226	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	1,007
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,187	NZ\$15,840	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	302
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	45,770kr	\$4,104	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(75)
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$83	921kr	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	2
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,273	44,849kr	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	325
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,132	46,087kr	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	75
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£5,800	\$7,272	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	(8)
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£59,563	£75,949	BNP Paribas SA	01/08/25	(1,356)
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$1,789	£1,382	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	59
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£85,174	£63,981	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	5,047
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£75,962	£59,607	BNP Paribas SA	04/07/25	1,363
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	16,492kr	€1,505	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(12)
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$34	339kr	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	3
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,593	16,153kr	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	130
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,541	16,805kr	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	12
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	5,622Fr.	\$6,378	HSBC Bank USA	01/08/25	(173)
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$6,706	5,622Fr.	Bank of America, N.A.	01/08/25	502
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$6,511	5,685Fr.	HSBC Bank USA	04/07/25	175
Total Foreign Currency Forward Contracts, December 31, 2024					\$ 19,818

* Fair value as a percentage of net assets.

(1) All debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. The Adviser determines in good faith the fair value of the Company's investments in accordance with a valuation policy and processes established by the Adviser, which have been approved by the Board, and the 1940 Act. In addition, all debt investments are variable rate investments unless otherwise noted. Index-based floating interest rates are generally subject to a contractual minimum interest rate. Variable rate loans to the Company's portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to SOFR, EURIBOR, BBSY, STIBOR, CORRA, SONIA, SARON, NIBOR, BKBM or an alternate base rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which reset annually, semi-annually, quarterly or monthly. For each such loan, the Company has provided the interest rate in effect on the date presented. SOFR-based contracts may include a credit spread adjustment that is charged in addition to the base rate and the stated spread. The borrower may also elect to have multiple interest reset periods for each loan.

(2) All of the Company's portfolio company investments (including joint venture investments), which as of December 31, 2024 represented 205.8% of the Company's net assets, are subject to legal restrictions on sales. The acquisition date represents the date of the Company's initial investment in the relevant portfolio company.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments — (Continued)
December 31, 2024
(Amounts in thousands, except unit/share amounts)

(3) Investment is not a qualifying investment as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Non-qualifying assets represent 26.1% of total investments at fair value as of December 31, 2024. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets. If at any time qualifying assets do not represent at least 70% of the Company's total assets, the Company will be precluded from acquiring any additional non-qualifying asset until such time as it complies with the requirements of Section 55(a).

(4) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "affiliated person" of the portfolio company as the Company owns between 5% or more, up to 25% (inclusive), of the portfolio company's voting securities ("non-controlled affiliate"). Transactions related to investments in non-controlled "Affiliate Investments" for the year ended December 31, 2024 were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2023 Value	Gross Additions		Amount of Realized Gain (Loss)	Amount of Unrealized Gain (Loss)	December 31, 2024 Value	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
			(a)	(b)				
Celebration Bidco, LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SOFR + 8.00%, 12.6% PIK)	\$ 6,214	\$ 200	— \$	— \$	— \$	\$ 6,414	\$ 837
	Common Stock (1,243,071 shares)	12,177	—	—	—	(915)	11,262	—
		18,391	200	—	—	(915)	17,676	837
Coastal Marina Holdings, LLC ^(d)	Subordinated Term Loan (8.0% Cash)	15,649	95	—	—	26	15,770	1,428
	Subordinated Term Loan (8.0% Cash)	6,868	403	—	—	—	7,271	711
	LLC Units (3,518,097 units)	12,160	5,551	—	—	(859)	16,852	—
		34,677	6,049	—	—	(833)	39,893	2,139
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC ^(d)	Revolver (SOFR + 7.25%, 11.9% Cash)	5,545	27,656	(23,091)	—	(19)	10,091	817
	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (7.5% Cash)	4,545	6	—	—	(6)	4,545	323
	LLC units (89,447,396 units)	145,799	66	—	—	(9,010)	136,855	14,894
		155,889	27,728	(23,091)	—	(9,035)	151,491	16,034
Hylan Datacom & Electrical LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SOFR + 8.00%, 13.4% Cash)	3,917	172	(3,917)	—	(172)	—	311
	Second Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (SOFR + 3.00%, 8.5% Cash)	4,519	161	(4,680)	—	—	—	181
	Common Stock (102,144 shares)	2,013	—	(1,040)	(4,179)	3,206	—	—
		10,449	333	(9,637)	(4,179)	3,034	—	492
Jocassee Partners LLC	9.1% Member Interest	41,053	—	—	—	(292)	40,761	5,709
		41,053	—	—	—	(292)	40,761	5,709
Rocade Holdings LLC ^(d)	Preferred LP Units (71,000 units) (SOFR + 6.00% PIK, 10.3% PIK)	73,113	12,098	(2,222)	—	11	83,000	8,598
	Common LP Units (23.8 units)	844	—	—	—	(601)	243	—
		73,957	12,098	(2,222)	—	(590)	83,243	8,598
Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC	89.01% Member Interest	39,172	—	—	—	2,281	41,453	2,225
		39,172	—	—	—	2,281	41,453	2,225
Skyvault Holdings LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (12.0% PIK)	—	3,586	—	—	—	3,586	36
	LLC Units (1,195,449.6 units)	—	1,195	—	—	—	1,195	—
		—	4,781	—	—	—	4,781	36
Thompson Rivers LLC	16% Member Interest	13,365	—	(5,991)	—	(166)	7,208	—
		13,365	—	(5,991)	—	(166)	7,208	—

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments — (Continued)
December 31, 2024
(Amounts in thousands, except unit/share amounts)

Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2023	Gross Additions	Gross	Amount of	Amount of	December 31, 2024	Amount of
		Value	(a)	Reductions (b)	Realized Gain (Loss)	Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Value	Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
Waccamaw River LLC	20% Member Interest	\$ 15,470	—	\$ (2,087)	—	\$ (2,653)	\$ 10,730	\$ 3,535
		15,470	—	(2,087)	—	(2,653)	10,730	3,535
Total Affiliate Investments		\$ 402,423	\$ 51,189	\$ (43,028)	\$ (4,179)	\$ (9,169)	\$ 397,236	\$ 39,605

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, follow-on investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
 (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the total cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments, sales and return of capital.
 (c) Represents the total amount of interest, fees or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Affiliate category.
 (d) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.
 (5) As defined in the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an “affiliated person” and “control” the portfolio company because it owns more than 25% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities or it has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions as of and during the year ended December 31, 2024 in which the portfolio company is deemed to be a “Control Investment” of the Company were as follows:

Portfolio Company	Type of Investment	December 31, 2023	Gross Additions	Gross	Amount of	Amount of	December 31, 2024	Amount of
		Value	(a)	Reductions (b)	Realized Gain (Loss)	Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Value	Interest or Dividends Credited to Income(c)
Black Angus Steakhouses, LLC ^(d)	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (14.4% PIK) ^(e)	\$ 7,166	\$ 1,114	—	—	\$ (5,536)	\$ 2,744	\$ 1,028
	First Lien Senior Secured Term Loan (10.0% PIK) ^(e)	4,869	—	—	—	(4,869)	—	—
	LLC Units (44.6 units)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		12,035	1,114	—	—	(10,405)	2,744	1,028
MVC Automotive Group GmbH ^(d)	Bridge Loan (4.5% Cash, 1.5% PIK)	9,762	720	(9,620)	(862)	—	—	495
	Common Equity Interest (18,000 Shares)	15,430	9,620	—	—	(11,309)	13,741	—
		25,192	10,340	(9,620)	(862)	(11,309)	13,741	495
MVC Private Equity Fund LP	General Partnership Interest (1,831.4 units)	24	—	(17)	—	(7)	—	48
	Limited Partnership Interest (71,790.4 units)	981	—	(678)	—	(292)	11	—
		1,005	—	(695)	—	(299)	11	48
Security Holdings B.V. ^(d)	Bridge Loan (5.0% PIK)	6,328	327	—	—	—	6,655	326
	Revolver (6.0% Cash)	3,866	1,828	(12)	17	(366)	5,333	188
	Senior Subordinated Term Loan (3.1% PIK)	10,867	324	—	—	—	11,191	273
	Senior Unsecured Term Loan (6.0% Cash, 9.0% PIK)	2,236	208	—	—	(151)	2,293	255
	Common Stock Series A (17,100 shares)	311	—	—	—	88	399	—
	Common Stock Series B (1,236 shares)	29,080	—	—	—	8,216	37,296	—
		52,688	2,687	(12)	17	7,787	63,167	1,042
Total Control Investments		\$ 90,920	\$ 14,141	\$ (10,327)	\$ (845)	\$ (14,226)	\$ 79,663	\$ 2,613

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, follow-on investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
 (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the total cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments, sales and return of capital.
 (c) Represents the total amount of interest, fees or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in the Control category.
 (d) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.
 (e) Non-accrual investment.

(6) All of the investment is or will be encumbered as security for the Company’s \$0.8 billion February 2019 Credit Facility with ING.

(7) The fair value of the investment was determined using significant unobservable inputs.

(8) Debt investment includes interest rate floor feature.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments — (Continued)
December 31, 2024
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(9) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 2.84500%.
(10) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 2.71400%.
(11) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month EURIBOR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 2.56800%.
(12) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.33249%.
(13) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.30510%.
(14) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month SOFR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.25001%.
(15) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month SONIA, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.71030%.
(16) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month SONIA, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.62330%.
(17) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month SONIA, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.56370%.
(18) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.32250%.
(19) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.41630%.
(20) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month BBSY, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.49250%.
(21) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month CORRA, which as of December 31, 2024 was 3.15158%.
(22) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month STIBOR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 2.54200%.
(23) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 3 Month BKBM, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.27000%.
(24) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 6 Month SARON, which as of December 31, 2024 was 1.01720%.
(25) The interest rate on these loans is subject to 1 Month NIBOR, which as of December 31, 2024 was 4.61000%.
(26) Non-accrual investment.
(27) Investment was purchased as part of the MVC Acquisition and is part of the MVC Reference Portfolio for purposes of the MVC Credit Support Agreement.
(28) Investment was purchased as part of the Sierra Merger and is part of the Sierra Reference Portfolio for purposes of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement.
(29) Investment is non-income producing.
(30) Position or portion thereof is an unfunded loan or equity commitment.
(31) PIK non-accrual investment.
(32) Portfolio company does not issue shares or units, member interest is based on commitments.

See accompanying notes.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Organization, Business, Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Business

Barings BDC, Inc. (the “Company”) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are specialty finance companies. The Company currently operates as a closed-end, non-diversified investment company and has elected to be treated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). The Company has elected for federal income tax purposes to be treated and intends to qualify annually as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”).

The Asset Sale and Externalization Transactions

On April 3, 2018, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the “Asset Purchase Agreement”) with BSP Asset Acquisition I, LLC (the “Asset Buyer”), an affiliate of Benefit Street Partners L.L.C., pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell its December 31, 2017 investment portfolio to the Asset Buyer for gross proceeds of \$981.2 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments to take into account portfolio activity and other matters occurring since December 31, 2017 (such transaction referred to herein as the “Asset Sale Transaction”).

Also on April 3, 2018, the Company entered into a stock purchase and transaction agreement (the “Externalization Agreement”) with Barings LLC (“Barings” or the “Adviser”), through which Barings agreed to become the investment adviser to the Company in exchange for (1) a payment by Barings of \$85.0 million directly to the Company’s stockholders, (2) an investment by Barings of \$100.0 million in newly issued shares of the Company’s common stock at net asset value (“NAV”) and (3) a commitment from Barings to purchase up to \$50.0 million of shares of the Company’s common stock in the open market at prices up to and including the Company’s then-current NAV per share for a two-year period, after which Barings agreed to use any remaining funds from the \$50.0 million to purchase additional newly issued shares of the Company’s common stock at the greater of the Company’s then-current NAV per share and market price (collectively, the “Externalization Transaction”). The Asset Sale Transaction and the Externalization Transaction are collectively referred to as the “Transactions.” The Transactions were approved by the Company’s stockholders at the Company’s July 24, 2018 special meeting of stockholders.

The Externalization Transaction closed on August 2, 2018 (the “Externalization Closing”). Effective as of the Externalization Closing, the Company changed its name from Triangle Capital Corporation to Barings BDC, Inc. and on August 3, 2018 began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “BBDC.”

In connection with the Externalization Closing, the following events occurred, among others:

- On August 2, 2018, the Company entered into an investment advisory agreement (the “Original Advisory Agreement”) and an administration agreement (the “Administration Agreement”) with the Adviser pursuant to which the Adviser serves as the Company’s investment adviser and administrator and manages its investment portfolio which initially consisted primarily of the cash proceeds received in connection with the Asset Sale Transaction.
- On August 2, 2018, the Company issued 8,529,917 shares of the Company’s common stock to the Adviser at a price of \$11.723443 per share, or an aggregate of \$100.0 million in cash, in a private transaction exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”) and/or Rule 506 of Regulation D thereunder.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Organization

The Company is a Maryland corporation incorporated on October 10, 2006. Prior to the Externalization Transaction, the Company was internally managed by its executive officers under the supervision of the Board. During this period, the Company did not pay management or advisory fees, but instead incurred the operating costs associated with employing executive management and investment and portfolio management professionals. On August 2, 2018, the Company entered into the Original Advisory Agreement and became an externally-managed BDC managed by the Adviser. An externally-managed BDC generally does not have any employees, and its investment and management functions are provided by an outside investment adviser and administrator under an investment advisory agreement and administration agreement. Instead of the Company directly compensating employees, the Company pays the Adviser for investment and management services pursuant to the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement (as defined in “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions”) and reimburses Barings, in its role as the Company’s administrator, for its provision of administrative services to the Company pursuant to the Administration Agreement. See “Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions” for additional information regarding the Company’s investment advisory agreement and administration agreement.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Company include the accounts of Barings BDC, Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The effects of all intercompany transactions between the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company is an investment company and, therefore, applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies* (“ASC Topic 946”). ASC Topic 946 states that consolidation by the Company of an investee that is not an investment company is not appropriate, except when the Company holds a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or substantially all of its services directly to the Company or to its portfolio companies. None of the portfolio investments made by the Company qualify for this exception. Therefore, the Company’s investment portfolio is carried on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value, as discussed below under *Significant Accounting Policies - Valuation of Investments*, with any adjustments to fair value recognized as “Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)” on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S. GAAP”). All financial data and information included in these financial statements have been presented on the basis described above. Financial statements prepared on a U.S. GAAP basis require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts and disclosures reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates and assumptions could change in the future as more information becomes known, which could impact the amounts reported and disclosed herein.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update, 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740) (“ASU 2023-09”), which updates income tax disclosures related to the rate reconciliation and requires disclosure of income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The amendment also provides further disclosure comparability. The amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied prospectively; however, retrospective application is permitted. The Company evaluated the disclosure requirements of ASU 2023-09 and determined that the standard did not have a material effect on the Company’s income tax disclosures or overall financial statements; therefore, no additional disclosures were required upon adoption.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (“ASU 2024-03”), which requires disaggregated disclosure of certain costs and expenses, including purchases of inventory, employee compensation, depreciation, amortization and depletion, within relevant income statement captions. ASU 2024-03 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods beginning with the first quarter ended March 31, 2028. Early adoption and retrospective

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

application is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this guidance, however, the Company does not expect a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Share Repurchase Programs

On February 22, 2024, the Board authorized a 12-month share repurchase program (the “Prior Share Repurchase Program”). Under the Prior Share Repurchase Program, the Company was able to repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2024, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of its outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases was determined by the Company, in its discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, the Company’s stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Prior Share Repurchase Program terminated on March 1, 2025. The Prior Share Repurchase Program did not require the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares, and the Company could not assure stockholders that any shares would be repurchased under the Prior Share Repurchase Program. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company did not repurchase any shares pursuant to the Prior Share Repurchase Program. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company repurchased a total of 658,132 shares of common stock in the open market under the Prior Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.79 per share, including brokerage commissions.

On February 20, 2025, the Board authorized a 12-month share repurchase program (the “Share Repurchase Program”). Under the Share Repurchase Program, the Company may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2025, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of its outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by the Company, in its discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, the Company’s stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The Share Repurchase Program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2026, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The Share Repurchase Program does not require the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares, and the Company cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program. The Share Repurchase Program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company repurchased a total of 702,054 shares of its common stock in the open market under the Share Repurchase Program at an average price of \$9.04 per share, including brokerage commissions. See “Note 10. Subsequent Events.”

Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Valuation of Investments

The Adviser, as Valuation Designee (as defined below), conducts the valuation of the Company’s investments, upon which the Company’s NAV is primarily based, in accordance with its valuation policy, as well as established and documented processes and methodologies for determining the fair values of portfolio company investments on a recurring (at least quarterly) basis in accordance with the 1940 Act and FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* (“ASC Topic 820”). The Company’s current valuation policy and processes were established by the Adviser and were approved by the Board.

Under ASC Topic 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between a willing buyer and a willing seller at the measurement date. For the Company’s portfolio securities, fair value is generally the amount that the Company might reasonably expect to receive upon the current sale of the security. The fair value measurement assumes that the sale occurs in the principal market for the security, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

security. If no market for the security exists or if the Company does not have access to the principal market, the security should be valued based on the sale occurring in a hypothetical market.

Under ASC Topic 820, there are three levels of valuation inputs, as follows:

Level 1 Inputs – include quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs – include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 Inputs – include inputs that are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument is categorized within the ASC Topic 820 valuation hierarchy based upon the lowest level of input to the valuation process that is significant to the fair value measurement. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized as Level 3 investments within the tables below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The Company's investment portfolio includes certain debt and equity instruments of privately held companies for which quoted prices or other observable inputs falling within the categories of Level 1 and Level 2 are generally not available. In such cases, the Adviser determines the fair value of the Company's investments in good faith primarily using Level 3 inputs. In certain cases, quoted prices or other observable inputs exist, and if so, the Adviser assesses the appropriateness of the use of these third-party quotes in determining fair value based on (i) its understanding of the level of actual transactions used by the broker to develop the quote and whether the quote was an indicative price or binding offer and (ii) the depth and consistency of broker quotes and the correlation of changes in broker quotes with the underlying performance of the portfolio company.

There is no single approach for determining fair value in good faith, as fair value depends upon the specific circumstances of each individual investment. The recorded fair values of the Company's Level 3 investments may differ significantly from fair values that would have been used had an active market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. For a discussion of the risks inherent in determining the value of securities for which readily available market values do not exist, see "Risk Factors — Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure — Our investment portfolio is and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in accordance with the Adviser's valuation policies and procedures and, as a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments" included in Item 1A of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Investment Valuation Process

The Board must determine fair value in good faith for any or all Company investments for which market quotations are not readily available. The Board has designated the Adviser as valuation designee (the "Valuation Designee") to perform the fair value determinations relating to the value of the assets held by the Company for which market quotations are not readily available. The Adviser has established a pricing committee that is, subject to the oversight of the Board, responsible for the approval, implementation and oversight of the processes and methodologies that relate to the pricing and valuation of assets held by the Company. The Adviser uses independent third-party providers to price the portfolio, but in the event an acceptable price cannot be obtained from an approved external source, the Adviser will utilize alternative methods in accordance with internal pricing procedures established by the Adviser's pricing committee.

At least annually, the Adviser conducts reviews of the primary pricing vendors to validate that the inputs used in the vendors' pricing process are deemed to be market observable. While the Adviser is not provided access to proprietary models of the vendors, the reviews have included on-site walkthroughs of the pricing process, methodologies and control procedures for each asset class and level for which prices are provided. The review also includes an examination of the underlying inputs and assumptions for a sample of individual securities across asset

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

classes, credit rating levels and various durations, a process the Adviser continues to perform annually. In addition, the pricing vendors have an established challenge process in place for all security valuations, which facilitates identification and resolution of prices that fall outside expected ranges. The Adviser believes that the prices received from the pricing vendors are representative of prices that would be received to sell the assets at the measurement date (i.e. exit prices).

The Company's money market fund investments are generally valued using Level 1 inputs and its equity investments listed on an exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued using Level 1 inputs, using the last quoted sale price of that day. The Company's syndicated senior secured loans and structured product investments are generally valued using Level 2 inputs, which are generally valued at the bid quotation obtained from dealers in loans by an independent pricing service. The Company's middle-market, private debt and equity investments are generally valued using Level 3 inputs.

Independent Valuation

The fair value of loans and equity investments that are not syndicated or for which market quotations are not readily available, including middle-market loans, are generally submitted to independent providers to perform an independent valuation on those loans and equity investments as of the end of each quarter. Such loans and equity investments are initially held at cost, as that is a reasonable approximation of fair value on the acquisition date, and monitored for material changes that could affect the valuation (for example, changes in interest rates or the credit quality of the borrower). At the quarter end following that of the initial acquisition, such loans and equity investments are generally sent to a valuation provider which will determine the fair value of each investment. The independent valuation providers apply various methods (synthetic rating analysis, discounting cash flows, and re-underwriting analysis) to establish the rate of return a market participant would require (the "discount rate") as of the valuation date, given market conditions, prevailing lending standards and the perceived credit quality of the issuer. Future expected cash flows for each investment are discounted back to present value using these discount rates in the discounted cash flow analysis. A range of values will be provided by the valuation provider and the Adviser will determine the point within that range that it will use. If the Adviser's pricing committee disagrees with the price range provided, it may make a fair value recommendation to the Adviser that is outside of the range provided by the independent valuation provider and the reasons therefore. In certain instances, the Company may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in the stockholders' best interests, to request an independent valuation firm to perform an independent valuation on certain investments. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of the investment in the portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total investment portfolio.

Valuation Inputs

The Adviser's valuation techniques are based upon both observable and unobservable pricing inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Adviser's market assumptions. The Adviser's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the financial instrument. An independent pricing service provider is the preferred source of pricing a loan, however, to the extent the independent pricing service provider price is unavailable or not relevant and reliable, the Adviser will utilize alternative approaches such as broker quotes or manual prices. The Adviser attempts to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The availability of observable inputs can vary from investment to investment and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the security.

Valuation of Investments in Jocassee, Thompson Rivers, Waccamaw River, Sierra JV and MVC Private Equity Fund LP

As Jocassee, Thompson Rivers, Waccamaw River, Sierra JV and MVC Private Equity Fund LP are investment companies with no readily determinable fair values, the Adviser estimates the fair value of the Company's investments in these entities using the NAV of each company and the Company's ownership percentage

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

as a practical expedient. The NAV is determined in accordance with the specialized accounting guidance for investment companies.

Level 3 Unobservable Inputs

The following tables summarize the significant unobservable inputs the Adviser used in the valuation of the Company's Level 3 debt and equity securities as of December 31, 2025 and 2024. The weighted average range of unobservable inputs is based on fair value of investments.

December 31, 2025: (\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Model	Level 3 Input	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,370,510	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	6.6% – 32.1%	10.5%	Decrease
	62,428	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.2x – 12.0x	6.5x	Increase
	228,523	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	98.0% – 100.0%	99.0%	Increase
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	135,739	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	8.0% – 22.5%	12.9%	Decrease
	50,987	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.7x – 26.0x	11.8x	Increase
	2,667	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	98.0%	98.0%	Increase
Structured products ⁽¹⁾	1,868	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	9.3% – 10.3%	9.8%	Decrease
Equity shares ⁽²⁾	44,513	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	11.0% – 32.8%	16.9%	Decrease
	348,612	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.2x – 27.0x	15.7x	Increase
	756	Market Approach	Revenue Multiple	5.3x – 8.5x	5.7x	Increase
	19,983	Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	Discount Rate	12.4%	12.4%	Decrease
	5,830	Net Asset Approach	Liabilities	\$(93,817.9) – \$(117,319.9)	\$(105,349.0)	Decrease
	38	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$2.5 – \$36.0	\$33.8	Increase
	8,584	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	\$0.00 – \$1,000.00	\$31.33	Increase
Equity warrants	1,167	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.5x – 11.3x	11.3x	Increase
	3	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$3.0	\$3.0	Increase
Royalty rights	1,486	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	28.0% – 30.0%	29.0%	Decrease

(1) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$14,820, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

(2) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$3,030, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, seven senior debt and first lien note positions with an aggregate fair value of \$31.7 million transitioned from a yield analysis to a market approach valuation model. In addition, two senior debt and first lien note positions with an aggregate fair value of \$5.8 million transitioned from a market approach to a yield analysis valuation model. The changes in approach were driven by considerations given to the

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

financial performance of each portfolio company.

December 31, 2024: (\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Model	Level 3 Input	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1,323,618	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	6.5% – 75.8%	10.5%	Decrease
	50,535	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.5x – 11.0x	6.3x	Increase
	247,508	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	95.0% – 100.0%	98.7%	Increase
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes ⁽²⁾	94,912	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	8.0% – 18.6%	12.7%	Decrease
	47,775	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.9x – 22.4x	11.7x	Increase
	3,791	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$3,790.6	\$3,790.6	Increase
	702	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	98.0%	98.0%	Increase
Structured products ⁽³⁾	28,904	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	7.6% - 10.3%	8.2%	Decrease
	1,733	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$1,733.3	\$1,733.3	Increase
	5,250	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	100.0%	100.0%	Increase
Equity shares ⁽⁴⁾	30,302	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	10.8% – 30.5%	15.7%	Decrease
	339,142	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.5x – 28.5x	12.9x	Increase
	1,353	Market Approach	Revenue Multiple	5.5x – 8.8x	6.0x	Increase
	16,852	Discounted Cash Flow Analysis	Discount Rate	12.9%	12.9%	Decrease
	3,875	Net Asset Approach	Liabilities	\$(96,678.3)	\$(96,678.3)	Decrease
	59	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$2.5 – \$56.9	\$54.6	Increase
	10,008	Recent Transaction	Transaction Price	\$1.00 – \$1,847.58	\$1,525.9	Increase
Equity warrants	2,729	Market Approach	Adjusted EBITDA Multiple	0.5x – 11.8x	8.1x	Increase
	3	Expected Recovery	Expected Recovery	\$3.0	\$3.0	Increase
Royalty rights	5,833	Yield Analysis	Market Yield	18.6% – 26.4%	21.0%	Decrease

(1) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$3,840, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

(2) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$6,523, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

(3) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$12,777, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

(4) Excludes investments with an aggregate fair value amounting to \$6,884, which the Adviser valued using unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes where pricing inputs are not readily available.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2024, two equity positions with an aggregate fair value of \$20.2 million transitioned from a market approach to a yield analysis valuation model and one equity position with a fair value of \$56.9 thousand transitioned from a market approach to an expected recovery valuation model. In addition, seven senior debt and first lien note positions with an aggregate fair value of \$31.5 million transitioned from a yield analysis to a market approach valuation model and one senior debt and first lien note position with a fair value of \$0.6 million transitioned from a market approach to a yield analysis valuation model. Lastly, one subordinated debt and second lien note position with a fair value of \$3.8 million transitioned from a yield analysis to an expected recovery valuation model. The changes in approach were driven by considerations given to the financial performance of each portfolio company.

Unsettled Purchases and Sales of Investments

Investment transactions are recorded based on the trade date of the transaction. As a result, unsettled purchases and sales are recorded as payables and receivables from unsettled transactions, respectively. While purchases and sales of the Company's syndicated senior secured loans generally settle on a T+7 basis, the settlement period will sometimes extend past the scheduled settlement. In such cases, the Company generally is contractually owed and recognizes interest income equal to the applicable margin ("spread") beginning on the T+7 date. Such income is accrued as interest receivable and is collected upon settlement of the investment transaction.

Realized Gain or Loss and Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation of Portfolio Investments

Realized gains or losses are recorded upon the sale or liquidation of investments and are calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or liquidation, if any, and the cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the difference between the fair value of the investments and the cost basis of the investments.

Investment Classification

In accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act, the Company classifies investments by level of control. As defined in the 1940 Act, "Control Investments" are investments in those companies that the Company is deemed to "Control." "Affiliate Investments" are investments in those companies that are "Affiliated Persons" of the Company, as defined in the 1940 Act, other than Control Investments. "Non-Control / Non-Affiliate Investments" are those that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments. Generally, under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to control a company in which it has invested if the Company owns more than 25.0% of the voting securities (i.e., securities with the right to elect directors) and/or has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company. Generally, under the 1940 Act, "Affiliate Investments" that are not otherwise "Control Investments" are defined as investments in which the Company owns at least 5.0%, up to 25.0% (inclusive), of the voting securities and does not have the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company.

Cash and Foreign Currencies

Cash consists of deposits held at a custodian bank and restricted cash pledged as collateral for certain derivative instruments. Cash is carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company places its cash with financial institutions and, at times, cash may exceed insured limits under applicable law.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Investment Income

Interest income, including amortization of premium and accretion of discount, is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Generally, when interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if the Company otherwise does not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, the Company will place the loan on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company writes off any previously accrued and uncollected interest when it is determined that interest is no longer considered collectible. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had seven and eight portfolio companies, respectively, with investments that were on non-accrual. As of December 31, 2025, the seven portfolio companies on non-accrual included two portfolio companies purchased as part of the Sierra Merger and five portfolio companies originated by Barings. As of December 31, 2024, the eight portfolio companies on non-accrual included two portfolio companies purchased as part of the Sierra Merger, one purchased as part of the MVC Acquisition and five portfolio companies originated by Barings.

Interest income from investments in the equity class of a collateralized loan obligation (“CLO”) security (typically subordinated notes) is recorded based upon an estimation of an effective yield to expected maturity utilizing assumed cash flows in accordance with ASC 325-40, *Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. The Company monitors the expected cash flows from these investments, including the expected residual payments, and the effective yield is determined and updated periodically. Any difference between the cash distribution received and the amount calculated pursuant to the effective interest method is recorded as an adjustment to the cost basis of such investments.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

Payment-in-Kind Income

The Company currently holds, and expects to hold in the future, some loans in its portfolio that contain payment-in-kind (“PIK”) interest provisions. PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the loan, rather than being paid to the Company in cash, and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of PIK interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment.

The Company has certain preferred equity securities in its portfolio that contain a PIK dividend provision that are accrued and recorded as dividend income at the contractual rates specified in each applicable agreement. The accrued PIK and non-cash dividends are capitalized to the cost basis of the preferred equity security and are generally collected when redeemed by the portfolio company.

PIK interest and dividend income for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
PIK interest income	\$ 18,998	\$ 15,736	\$ 18,128
PIK interest income as a % of investment income	6.8 %	5.5 %	6.3 %
PIK dividend income	\$ 11,329	\$ 10,477	\$ 9,006
PIK dividend income as a % of investment income	4.1 %	3.7 %	3.1 %
Total PIK income	\$ 30,327	\$ 26,213	\$ 27,134
Total PIK income as a % of investment income	10.9 %	9.2 %	9.4 %

PIK interest, which is a non-cash source of income at the time of recognition, is included in the Company’s taxable income and therefore affects the amount the Company is required to distribute to its stockholders to maintain

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

its tax treatment as a RIC for federal income tax purposes, even though the Company has not yet collected the cash. Generally, when current cash interest and/or principal payments on a loan become past due, or if the Company otherwise does not expect the borrower to be able to service its debt and other obligations, the Company will place the loan on non-accrual status and will generally cease recognizing PIK interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until all principal and interest have been brought current through payment or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. The Company writes off any accrued and uncollected PIK interest when it is determined that the PIK interest is no longer collectible. As of both December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had one portfolio company that was current on interest payments and on partial non-accrual status for PIK purposes only.

Fee and Other Income

Origination, facility, commitment, consent and other advance fees received in connection with loan agreements (“Loan Origination Fees”) are recorded as deferred income and recognized as investment income over the term of the loan. Upon prepayment of a loan, any unamortized Loan Origination Fees are recorded as investment income. In the general course of its business, the Company receives certain fees from portfolio companies, which are non-recurring in nature. Such fees include loan prepayment penalties, structuring fees, covenant waiver fees and amendment fees, and are recorded as investment income when earned. Other income includes royalty income received in connection with revenue participation rights which is recorded on an accrual basis in accordance with revenue participation right agreements and recognized as investment income over the term of the rights.

Fee and other income for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Recurring Fee and Other Income:			
Amortization of loan origination fees	\$ 7,375	\$ 6,817	\$ 6,949
Management, valuation and other fees	2,484	1,728	2,261
Royalty income	374	422	—
Total Recurring Fee and Other Income	10,233	8,967	9,210
Non-Recurring Fee and Other Income:			
Prepayment fees	1,181	847	510
Acceleration of unamortized loan origination fees	3,845	4,834	1,476
Advisory, loan amendment and other fees	2,446	2,244	2,205
Total Non-Recurring Fee and Other Income	7,472	7,925	4,191
Total Fee and Other Income	\$ 17,705	\$ 16,892	\$ 13,401

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses include administrative costs, facilities costs, insurance, legal and accounting expenses, expenses reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement and other costs related to operating as a publicly-traded company.

Deferred Financing Fees

Costs incurred to issue debt are capitalized and are amortized over the term of the debt agreements using the effective interest method.

Segments

The Company lends to and invests in portfolio companies in various industries. The Company operates as a single operating and reporting segment: lending and investment. The segment generates revenues through debt investments, and on a limited basis, may acquire equity investments in portfolio companies. The accounting policies

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

of the lending and investment segment are the same as those described in “Significant Accounting Policies.” The Company has identified the Chief Executive Officer, its President, and Chief Financial Officer as the chief operating decision maker (the “CODM”), who evaluates the performance of the lending and investment segment. The CODM uses segment net investment income before taxes and net increase in net assets resulting from operations to determine the capital allocation of the Company, the dividend policy, and the Company’s investment strategy, which is outlined in “Business—Investment Criteria” included in Item 1 of Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. As the Company operates as a single reportable segment, the segment assets are presented on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as “total assets” and the net investment income before taxes, significant segment expenses, and net increase in net assets resulting from operations are presented on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no individual investments representing greater than 10% of the fair value of the Company’s portfolio. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company’s largest single portfolio company investment represented approximately 6.4% and 6.2%, respectively, of the fair value of the Company’s portfolio. Income, consisting of interest, dividends, fees, other investment income and realization of gains or losses on equity interests, can fluctuate dramatically upon repayment of an investment or sale of an equity interest and in any given year can be highly concentrated among several portfolio companies.

As of December 31, 2025, all of the Company’s assets were or will be pledged as collateral for the February 2019 Credit Facility.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

Pursuant to ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, certain derivative instruments entered into by the Company are designated as hedging instruments. For all derivative instruments designated as a hedge, the entire change in the fair value of the hedging instrument shall be recorded in the same line item of the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the hedged item. The Company’s derivative instruments are used to hedge the Company’s fixed rate debt, and therefore both the periodic payment and the change in fair value for the effective hedge, if applicable, will be recognized as components of interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The fair value of the Company’s interest rate swaps is based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

Investments Denominated in Foreign Currency

As of December 31, 2025 the Company held two investments that were denominated in Canadian dollars, two investments that were denominated in Danish kroner, 11 investments that were denominated in Australian dollars, two investments that were denominated in New Zealand dollars, one investment that was denominated in Norwegian kroner, two investments that were denominated in Swiss francs, one investment that was denominated in Swedish kronor, 68 investments that were denominated in Euros and 31 investments that were denominated in British pounds sterling. As of December 31, 2024, the Company held one investment that was denominated in Canadian dollars, one investment that was denominated in Danish kroner, 11 investments that were denominated in Australian dollars, two investments that were denominated in New Zealand dollars, one investment that was denominated in Norwegian kroner, two investments that were denominated in Swiss francs, two investments that were denominated in Swedish kronor, 72 investments that were denominated in Euros and 27 investments that were denominated in British pounds sterling.

At each balance sheet date, portfolio company investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollars using the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period. Purchases and sales of foreign portfolio company investments, and any income from such investments, are translated into United States dollars using the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Although the fair values of foreign portfolio company investments and the fluctuation in such fair values are translated into United States dollars using the applicable foreign exchange rates described above, the Company does not separately report that portion of the change in fair values resulting from foreign currency exchange rate

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

fluctuations from the change in fair values of the underlying investment. All fluctuations in fair value are included in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

In addition, during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company entered into forward currency contracts primarily to help mitigate the impact that an adverse change in foreign exchange rates would have on net interest income from the Company's investments and related borrowings denominated in foreign currencies. Net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on forward currency contracts are included in "Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - forward currency contracts" and net realized gains or losses on forward currency contracts are included in "Net realized gains (losses) - forward currency contracts" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. Dollar.

Dividends and Distributions

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are approved by the Board and dividends payable are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP") that provides for reinvestment of dividends on behalf of its stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, when the Company declares a dividend, stockholders who have not opted out of the DRIP will have their dividends automatically reinvested (net of applicable withholding tax) in shares of the Company's common stock, rather than receiving cash dividends.

The table below summarizes the Company's dividends and distributions in the three years ended December 31, 2025:

Declared (\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Record	Payable	Per Share Amount	Amount Paid in Cash	Amount Settled via Newly Issued Shares	Total
February 23, 2023	March 8, 2023	March 15, 2023	\$ 0.25	\$ 26,979	\$ —	\$ 26,979
May 4, 2023	June 7, 2023	June 14, 2023	0.25	26,667	—	26,667
August 9, 2023	September 6, 2023	September 13, 2023	0.26	27,694	—	27,694
November 9, 2023	December 6, 2023	December 13, 2023	0.26	27,657	—	27,657
Total 2023 dividends and distributions			\$ 1.02	\$ 108,997	\$ —	\$ 108,997
February 22, 2024	March 6, 2024	March 13, 2024	\$ 0.26	\$ 27,578	\$ —	\$ 27,578
May 7, 2024	June 5, 2024	June 12, 2024	0.26	27,532	—	27,532
August 7, 2024	September 4, 2024	September 11, 2024	0.26	27,497	—	27,497
November 6, 2024	December 4, 2024	December 11, 2024	0.26	27,445	—	27,445
Total 2024 dividends and distributions			\$ 1.04	\$ 110,052	\$ —	\$ 110,052
February 20, 2025	March 5, 2025	March 12, 2025	\$ 0.26	\$ 27,406	\$ —	\$ 27,406
February 20, 2025 (1)	March 5, 2025	March 12, 2025	0.05	5,270	—	5,270
February 20, 2025 (1)	June 4, 2025	June 11, 2025	0.05	5,263	—	5,263
February 20, 2025 (1)	September 3, 2025	September 10, 2025	0.05	5,258	—	5,258
May 8, 2025	June 4, 2025	June 11, 2025	0.26	27,367	—	27,367
August 7, 2025	September 3, 2025	September 10, 2025	0.26	27,341	—	27,341
October 6, 2025	December 3, 2025	December 10, 2025	0.26	27,342	—	27,342
Total 2025 dividends and distributions			\$ 1.19	\$ 125,247	\$ —	\$ 125,247

(1) Special dividend.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Per Share Amounts

Per share amounts included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations are computed by dividing net investment income and net increase in net assets resulting from operations by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. As the Company has no common stock equivalents outstanding, diluted per share amounts are the same as basic per share amounts. NAV per share is computed by dividing total net assets by the number of common shares outstanding as of the end of the period.

2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

On August 2, 2018, the Company entered into the Original Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement with the Adviser, an investment adviser registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended. In connection with the MVC Acquisition, on December 23, 2020, the Company entered into an amended and restated investment advisory agreement (the “Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement”) with the Adviser, following approval of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement by the Company’s stockholders at its December 23, 2020 special meeting of stockholders. The terms of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement became effective on January 1, 2021.

The Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement amended the Original Advisory Agreement to, among other things, (i) reduce the annual base management fee payable to the Adviser from 1.375% to 1.250% of the Company’s gross assets, (ii) reset the commencement date for the rolling 12-quarter “look-back” provision used to calculate the income incentive fee and incentive fee cap to January 1, 2021 from January 1, 2020 and (iii) describe the fact that the Company may enter into guarantees, sureties and other credit support arrangements with respect to one or more of its investments, including the impact of these arrangements on the income incentive fee cap.

In connection with the Sierra Merger on February 25, 2022, the Company entered into a second amended and restated investment advisory agreement (the “Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement”) with the Adviser, which increased the hurdle rate applicable to the income incentive fee from 2.0% to 2.0625% per quarter (or from 8.0% to 8.25% annualized) and therefore increased the catch-up amount that is used in calculating the income incentive fee to correspond to the increase in the hurdle rate. All other terms and provisions of the Amended and Restated Advisory Agreement between the Company and the Adviser, including with respect to the calculation of the other fees payable to the Adviser, remained unchanged under the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement. On June 24, 2023, the Company entered into a third amended and restated investment advisory agreement with the Adviser in order to update the term of the agreement to expire on June 24 of each year subject to annual re-approval in accordance with its terms (the “Barings BDC Advisory Agreement”). All other terms and provisions of the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement between the Company and the Adviser, including with respect to the calculation of the fees payable to the Adviser, remain unchanged under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement.

Investment Advisory Agreement

Pursuant to the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the Adviser manages the Company’s day-to-day operations and provides the Company with investment advisory services. Among other things, the Adviser (i) determines the composition of the portfolio of the Company, the nature and timing of the changes therein and the manner of implementing such changes; (ii) identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments made by the Company; (iii) executes, closes, services and monitors the investments that the Company makes; (iv) determines the securities and other assets that the Company will purchase, retain or sell; (v) performs due diligence on prospective portfolio companies; and (vi) provides the Company with such other investment advisory, research and related services as the Company may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of its funds.

The Barings BDC Advisory Agreement provides that, absent fraud, willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, the Adviser, and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser (collectively, the “IA Indemnified Parties”), are entitled to indemnification from the Company for any damages, liabilities, costs, demands, charges, claims and expenses (including reasonable attorneys’ fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) incurred by the IA Indemnified Parties in or by reason of

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

any pending, threatened or completed action, suit, investigation or other proceeding (including an action or suit by or in the right of the Company or its security holders) arising out of any actions or omissions or otherwise based upon the performance of any of the Adviser's duties or obligations under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of the Company. The Adviser's services under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is generally free to furnish similar services to other entities so long as its performance under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement is not adversely affected.

The Adviser has entered into a personnel-sharing arrangement with its affiliate, Baring International Investment Limited ("BIIL"). BIIL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Baring Asset Management Limited, which in turn is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Adviser. Pursuant to this arrangement, certain employees of BIIL may serve as "associated persons" of the Adviser and, in this capacity, subject to the oversight and supervision of the Adviser, may provide research and related services, and discretionary investment management and trading services (including acting as portfolio managers) to the Company on behalf of the Adviser. This arrangement is based on no-action letters of the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") that permit SEC-registered investment advisers to rely on and use the resources of advisory affiliates or "participating affiliates," subject to the supervision of that SEC-registered investment adviser. BIIL is a "participating affiliate" of the Adviser, and the BIIL employees are "associated persons" of the Adviser.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the Company pays the Adviser (i) a base management fee (the "Base Management Fee") and (ii) an incentive fee (the "Incentive Fee") as compensation for the investment advisory and management services it provides the Company thereunder.

Base Management Fee

The Base Management Fee is calculated based on the Company's gross assets, including the Company's credit support agreements, assets purchased with borrowed funds or other forms of leverage and excluding cash and cash equivalents, at an annual rate of 1.25%. The Base Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears on a calendar quarter basis. The Base Management Fee is calculated based on the average value of the Company's gross assets, excluding cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters prior to the quarter for which such fees are being calculated. Base Management Fees for any partial month or quarter will be appropriately prorated.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Base Management Fees determined in accordance with the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement was approximately \$33.2 million and \$32.4 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Base Management Fee determined in accordance with the terms of the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement and the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, as applicable, was approximately \$32.6 million. As of December 31, 2025, the Base Management Fee of \$8.6 million for the three months ended December 31, 2025 was unpaid and included in "Base management fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2024, the Base Management Fee of \$7.9 million for the three months ended December 31, 2024 was unpaid and included in "Base management fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Incentive Fee

The Incentive Fee consists of two components that are independent of each other, with the result that one component may be payable even if the other is not. A portion of the Incentive Fee is based on the Company's income (the "Income-Based Fee") and a portion is based on the Company's capital gains (the "Capital Gains Fee"), each as described below:

- (i) The Income-Based Fee will be determined and paid quarterly in arrears based on the amount by which (x) the aggregate "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" (as defined below) in respect of the current calendar quarter and the eleven preceding calendar quarters beginning with the calendar quarter that commences on or after January 1, 2021, as the case may be (or the appropriate portion thereof in the case of any of the Company's first eleven calendar quarters that commences on or after January 1, 2021) (in either case, the "Trailing Twelve Quarters") exceeds (y) the Hurdle Amount (as defined below) in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Hurdle Amount will be determined on a quarterly basis, and will be

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

calculated by multiplying 2.0625% (8.25% annualized) by the aggregate of the Company's NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, "Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income" means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including, without limitation, any accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash and any other fees such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that the Company receives from portfolio companies) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses accrued during the calendar quarter (including, without limitation, the Base Management Fee, administration expenses and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Income-Based Fee and the Capital Gains Fee). For the avoidance of doubt, Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

The calculation of the Income-Based Fee for each quarter is as follows:

- (A) No Income-Based Fee will be payable to the Adviser in any calendar quarter in which the Company's aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters does not exceed the Hurdle Amount;
- (B) 100% of the Company's aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters, if any, that exceeds the Hurdle Amount but is less than or equal to an amount (the "Catch-Up Amount") determined on a quarterly basis by multiplying 2.578125% (10.3125% annualized) by the Company's NAV at the beginning of each applicable calendar quarter comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. The Catch-Up Amount is intended to provide the Adviser with an incentive fee of 20% on all of the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income when the Company's Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income reaches the Catch-Up Amount for the Trailing Twelve Quarters; and
- (C) For any quarter in which the Company's aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for the Trailing Twelve Quarters exceeds the Catch-Up Amount, the Income-Based Fee shall equal 20% of the amount of the Company's aggregate Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income for such Trailing Twelve Quarters, as the Hurdle Amount and Catch-Up Amount will have been achieved.

Subject to the Incentive Fee Cap described below, the amount of the Income-Based Fee that will be paid to the Adviser for a particular quarter will equal the excess of the aggregate Income-Based Fee so calculated less the aggregate Income-Based Fees that were paid to the Adviser in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters.

- (ii) The Income-Based Fee is subject to a cap (the "Incentive Fee Cap"). The Incentive Fee Cap in any quarter is an amount equal to (a) 20% of the Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return (as defined below) during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters less (b) the aggregate Income-Based Fee that were paid to the Adviser in the preceding eleven calendar quarters (or portion thereof) comprising the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters. For this purpose, "Cumulative Pre-Incentive Fee Net Return" during the relevant Trailing Twelve Quarters means (x) Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters less (y) any Net Capital Loss, if any, in respect of the Trailing Twelve Quarters. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is zero or a negative value, the Company will pay no Income-Based Fee to the Adviser in that quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is a positive value but is less than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, the Company will pay the Adviser the Incentive Fee Cap for such quarter. If, in any quarter, the Incentive Fee Cap is equal to or greater than the Income-Based Fee calculated in accordance with paragraph (i) above, the Company will pay the Adviser the Income-Based Fee for such quarter.

"Net Capital Loss" in respect of a particular period means the difference, if positive, between (i) aggregate capital losses on the Company's assets, whether realized or unrealized, in such period and (ii) aggregate capital gains or other gains on the Company's assets (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the value

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

ascribed to any credit support arrangement in the Company's financial statements even if such value is not categorized as a gain therein), whether realized or unrealized, in such period.

(iii) The Capital Gains Fee will be determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or upon termination of the investment advisory agreement), commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018, and is calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting (1) the sum of the Company's cumulative aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation from (2) the Company's cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, in each case calculated from August 2, 2018. If such amount is positive at the end of such year, then the Capital Gains Fee payable for such year is equal to 20% of such amount, less the cumulative aggregate amount of Capital Gains Fees paid in all prior years commencing with the calendar year ended on December 31, 2018. If such amount is negative, then there is no Capital Gains Fee payable for such year. If this Agreement is terminated as of a date that is not a calendar year end, the termination date will be treated as though it were a calendar year end for purposes of calculating and paying a Capital Gains Fee.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the "cumulative aggregate realized capital gains" are calculated as the sum of the differences, if positive, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in the Company's portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The cumulative aggregate realized capital losses are calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in the Company's portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The aggregate unrealized capital depreciation is calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the valuation of each investment in the Company's portfolio as of the applicable Capital Gains Fee calculation date and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, the "accreted or amortized cost basis of an investment" shall mean the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment as reflected in the Company's financial statements.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Income-Based Fees determined in accordance with the terms of the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement were \$31.5 million and \$23.8 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Income-Based Fee determined in accordance with the terms of the Second Amended Barings BDC Advisory Agreement and the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, as applicable, was \$32.0 million. As of December 31, 2025, the Income-Based Fee of \$7.0 million for the three months ended December 31, 2025 was unpaid and included in "Incentive management fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2024, the Income-Based Fee of \$7.9 million for the three months ended December 31, 2024 was unpaid and included in "Incentive management fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company did not incur any capital gains fees for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

Payment of Company Expenses

Under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, all investment professionals of the Adviser and its staff, when and to the extent engaged in providing services required to be provided by the Adviser under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, and the compensation and routine overhead expenses of such personnel allocable to such services, are provided and paid for by the Adviser and not by the Company, except that all costs and expenses relating to the Company's operations and transactions, including, without limitation, those items listed in the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement, will be borne by the Company.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Administration Agreement

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser performs (or oversees, or arranges for, the performance of) the administrative services necessary for the operation of the Company, including, but not limited to, office facilities, equipment, clerical, bookkeeping and record-keeping services at such office facilities and such other services as the Adviser, subject to review by the Board, from time to time, determines to be necessary or useful to perform its obligations under the Administration Agreement. The Adviser also, on behalf of the Company and subject to oversight by the Board, arranges for the services of, and oversees, custodians, depositories, transfer agents, dividend disbursing agents, other stockholder servicing agents, accountants, attorneys, valuation experts, underwriters, brokers and dealers, corporate fiduciaries, insurers, banks and such other persons in any such other capacity deemed to be necessary or desirable.

The Company will reimburse Barings for the costs and expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations and providing personnel and facilities under the Administration Agreement in an amount to be negotiated and mutually agreed to by the Company and Barings quarterly in arrears. In no event will the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount exceed the amount of expenses that would otherwise be reimbursable by the Company under the Administration Agreement for the applicable quarterly period, and Barings will not be entitled to the recoupment of any amounts in excess of the agreed-upon quarterly expense amount. The costs and expenses incurred by the Adviser on behalf of the Company under the Administration Agreement include, but are not limited to:

- the allocable portion of the Adviser's rent for the Company's Chief Financial Officer and the Chief Compliance Officer and their respective staffs, which is based upon the allocable portion of the usage thereof by such personnel in connection with their performance of administrative services under the Administration Agreement;
- the allocable portion of the salaries, bonuses, benefits and expenses of the Company's Chief Financial Officer and Chief Compliance Officer and their respective staffs, which is based upon the allocable portion of the time spent by such personnel in connection with performing administrative services for the Company under the Administration Agreement;
- the actual cost of goods and services used for the Company and obtained by the Adviser from entities not affiliated with the Company, which is reasonably allocated to the Company on the basis of assets, revenues, time records or other methods conforming with U.S. GAAP;
- all fees, costs and expenses associated with the engagement of a sub-administrator, if any; and
- costs associated with (a) the monitoring and preparation of regulatory reporting, including registration statements and amendments thereto, prospectus supplements, and tax reporting, (b) the coordination and oversight of service provider activities and the direct cost of such contractual matters related thereto and (c) the preparation of all financial statements and the coordination and oversight of audits, regulatory inquiries, certifications and sub-certifications.

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the Company incurred and was invoiced by the Adviser for expenses of approximately \$1.4 million, \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, under the terms of the Administration Agreement, which amounts are included in "General and administrative expenses" in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2025, the administrative expenses of \$0.4 million incurred for the three months ended December 31, 2025 were unpaid and included in "Administrative fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2024, the administrative expenses of \$0.5 million incurred for the three months ended December 31, 2024 were unpaid and included in "Administrative fees payable" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

MVC Credit Support Agreement

In connection with the MVC Acquisition on December 23, 2020, promptly following the closing of the Company's merger with MVC, the Company entered into a Credit Support Agreement (the "MVC Credit Support Agreement") with the Adviser, pursuant to which the Adviser agreed to provide credit support to the Company in

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

the amount of up to \$23.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired MVC investment portfolio over a 10-year period. A summary of the material terms of the MVC Credit Support Agreement are as follows:

- The MVC Credit Support Agreement covered all of the investments in the MVC Reference Portfolio.
- The Adviser had an obligation to provide credit support to the Company in an amount equal to the excess of (1) the aggregate realized and unrealized losses on the Reference Portfolio over (2) the aggregate realized and unrealized gains on the MVC Reference Portfolio, in each case from the date of the closing of the Company's merger with MVC through the Designated Settlement Date (as defined below) (up to a \$23.0 million cap) (such amount, the "MVC Covered Losses"). For purposes of the MVC Credit Support Agreement, "MVC Designated Settlement Date" was defined as the earlier of (1) January 1, 2031 and (2) the date on which the entire MVC Reference Portfolio would have been realized or written off. No credit support was required to be made by the Adviser to the Company under the MVC Credit Support Agreement if the aggregate realized and unrealized gains on the MVC Reference Portfolio exceeded realized and unrealized losses of the MVC Reference Portfolio on the MVC Designated Settlement Date.
- The Adviser would settle any credit support obligation under the MVC Credit Support Agreement as follows. If the MVC Covered Losses were greater than \$0.00, then, in satisfaction of the Adviser's obligation set forth in the MVC Credit Support Agreement, the Adviser would irrevocably waive during the MVC Waiver Period (as defined below) (1) the Incentive Fees payable under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement (including any Incentive Fee calculated on an annual basis during the MVC Waiver Period), and (2) in the event that MVC Covered Losses exceeded such Incentive Fee, the Base Management Fees payable under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement. The "MVC Waiver Period" was defined as the four quarterly measurement periods immediately following the quarter in which the MVC Designated Settlement Date would have occurred. If the MVC Covered Losses exceeded the aggregate amount of Incentive Fees and Base Management Fees waived by the Adviser during the MVC Waiver Period, then, on the date on which the last Incentive Fee or Base Management Fee payment would otherwise be due during the MVC Waiver Period, the Adviser would make a cash payment to the Company equal to the positive difference between the MVC Covered Losses and the aggregate amount of Incentive Fees and Base Management Fees previously waived by the Adviser during the MVC Waiver Period.
- The MVC Credit Support Agreement and the rights of the Company thereunder would have automatically terminated if the Adviser (or an affiliate of the Adviser) ceased to serve as the investment adviser to the Company or any successor thereto, other than as a result of the voluntary termination by the Adviser of its investment advisory agreement with the Company. In the event of such a voluntary termination by the Adviser of the then-current investment advisory agreement with the Company, the Adviser would remain obligated to provide the credit support contemplated by the MVC Credit Support Agreement. In the event of a non-voluntary termination of the advisory agreement or its expiration (due to non-renewal by the Board), the Adviser would have no obligations under the MVC Credit Support Agreement.

The MVC Credit Support Agreement was intended to give stockholders of the combined company following the MVC Acquisition downside protection from net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired MVC portfolio and insulate the combined company's stockholders from potential value volatility and losses in MVC's portfolio following the closing of the MVC Acquisition. There was no fee or other payment by the Company to the Adviser or any of its affiliates in connection with the MVC Credit Support Agreement. Any cash payment from the Adviser to the Company under the MVC Credit Support Agreement would be excluded from the Company's Incentive Fee calculations under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement.

When the Company and the Adviser entered into the MVC Credit Support Agreement, it was accounted for as a deemed contribution from the Adviser and was included in "Additional paid-in capital" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2024, the MVC Credit Support Agreement was accounted for as a derivative in accordance with ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, and is included in "Credit support agreements" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

On May 8, 2025, the Company entered into the Termination and Cancellation Agreement (the “Termination Agreement”) with Barings to terminate all rights and obligations under the MVC Credit Support Agreement in exchange for Barings’ cash payment of \$23.0 million to the Company, which amount represents Barings’ maximum obligation under the MVC Credit Support Agreement. Barings’ cash payment of \$23.0 million to the Company was made on June 30, 2025, and the Company recorded a \$9.4 million gain, which is included in the “Net realized gains (losses) - Credit support agreements” in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Sierra Credit Support Agreement

In connection with the Sierra Merger on February 25, 2022, promptly following the closing of the Company’s merger with Sierra, the Company entered into a Credit Support Agreement (the “Sierra Credit Support Agreement”) with the Adviser, pursuant to which the Adviser has agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$100.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired Sierra investment portfolio over a 10-year period. A summary of the material terms of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement are as follows:

- The Sierra Credit Support Agreement covers all of the investments in the Sierra Reference Portfolio.
- The Adviser has an obligation to provide credit support to the Company in an amount equal to the excess of (1) the aggregate realized and unrealized losses on the Sierra Reference Portfolio less (2) the aggregate realized and unrealized gains on the Sierra Reference Portfolio, in each case from the date of the closing of the Company’s merger with Sierra through the Sierra Designated Settlement Date (as defined below) (up to a \$100.0 million cap) (such amount, the “Covered Losses”). For purposes of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement, “Sierra Designated Settlement Date” means the earlier of (1) April 1, 2032 and (2) the date on which the entire Sierra Reference Portfolio has been realized or written off. No credit support is required to be made by the Adviser to the Company under the Sierra Credit Support Agreement if the aggregate realized and unrealized gains on the Sierra Reference Portfolio exceed realized and unrealized losses of the Sierra Reference Portfolio on the Sierra Designated Settlement Date.
- The Adviser will settle any credit support obligation under the Sierra Credit Support Agreement as follows. If the Covered Losses are greater than \$0.00, then, in satisfaction of the Adviser’s obligation set forth in the Sierra Credit Support Agreement, the Adviser will irrevocably waive during the Waiver Period (as defined below) (1) the Incentive Fees payable under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement (including any Incentive Fee calculated on an annual basis during the Waiver Period), and (2) in the event that Covered Losses exceed such Incentive Fee, the Base Management Fees payable under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement. The “Waiver Period” means the four quarterly measurement periods immediately following the quarter in which the Sierra Designated Settlement Date occurs. If the Covered Losses exceed the aggregate amount of Incentive Fees and Base Management Fees waived by the Adviser during the Waiver Period, then, on the date on which the last Incentive Fee or Base Management Fee payment would otherwise be due during the Waiver Period, the Adviser shall make a cash payment to the Company equal to the positive difference between the Covered Losses and the aggregate amount of Incentive Fees and Base Management Fees previously waived by the Adviser during the Waiver Period.
- The Sierra Credit Support Agreement and the rights of the Company thereunder shall automatically terminate if the Adviser (or an affiliate of the Adviser) ceases to serve as the investment adviser to the Company or any successor thereto, other than as a result of the voluntary termination by the Adviser of its investment advisory agreement with the Company. In the event of such a voluntary termination by the Adviser of the then-current investment advisory agreement with the Company, the Adviser will remain obligated to provide the credit support contemplated by the Sierra Credit Support Agreement. In the event of a non-voluntary termination of the advisory agreement or its expiration (due to non-renewal by the Board), the Adviser will have no obligations under the Sierra Credit Support Agreement.

The Sierra Credit Support Agreement is intended to give stockholders of the combined company following the Sierra Merger downside protection from net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired Sierra portfolio and insulate the combined company’s stockholders from potential value volatility and losses in Sierra’s

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

portfolio following the closing of the Company's merger with Sierra. There is no fee or other payment by the Company to the Adviser or any of its affiliates in connection with the Sierra Credit Support Agreement. Any cash payment from the Adviser to the Company under the Sierra Credit Support Agreement will be excluded from the combined company's Incentive Fee calculations under the Barings BDC Advisory Agreement.

When the Company and the Adviser entered into the Sierra Credit Support Agreement, it was accounted for as a deemed contribution from the Adviser and was included in "Additional paid-in capital" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. In addition, the Sierra Credit Support Agreement is accounted for as a derivative in accordance with ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, and is included in "Credit support agreements" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

3. Investments

Portfolio Composition

The Company invests predominantly in senior secured private debt investments in well-established middle-market businesses that operate across a wide range of industries, as well as syndicated senior secured loans, structured product investments, bonds and other fixed income securities. Structured product investments include collateralized loan obligations and asset-backed securities. The Adviser's SEC co-investment exemptive relief under the 1940 Act permits the Company and the Adviser's affiliated private funds and SEC-registered funds to co-invest in loans originated by the Adviser, which allows the Adviser to efficiently implement its senior secured private debt investment strategy for the Company.

The cost basis of the Company's debt investments includes any unamortized purchased premium or discount, unamortized loan origination fees and PIK interest, if any. Summaries of the composition of the Company's investment portfolio at cost and fair value, and as a percentage of total investments and net assets, are shown in the following tables:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio		Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio		Percentage of Total Net Assets
December 31, 2025:							
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,704,910	70 %	\$ 1,676,334	70 %	144 %		
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	195,392	8	190,290	8	17		
Structured products	39,462	2	29,627	1	3		
Equity shares	382,930	16	436,466	18	38		
Equity warrants	76	—	1,170	—	—		
Royalty rights	1,292	—	1,486	—	—		
Investments in joint ventures	100,218	4	63,151	3	5		
	<u>\$ 2,424,280</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 2,398,524</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>207 %</u>		
December 31, 2024:							
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,747,841	69 %	\$ 1,686,411	69 %	142 %		
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	184,043	7	165,455	7	14		
Structured products	89,543	4	79,548	3	7		
Equity shares	360,691	14	409,129	17	34		
Equity warrants	76	—	2,732	—	—		
Royalty rights	3,627	—	5,833	—	1		
Investments in joint ventures / PE fund	136,875	6	100,164	4	8		
	<u>\$ 2,522,696</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 2,449,272</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>206 %</u>		

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company made 66 new portfolio company investments totaling \$454.9 million, made investments in existing portfolio companies totaling \$233.1 million and made a \$2.9 million debt investment alongside other related party affiliates in a portfolio company that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company made 45 new portfolio company investments totaling \$341.7 million, made investments in existing portfolio companies totaling \$298.6 million and made a \$3.5 million equity co-investment alongside certain affiliates in a portfolio company that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company made 39 new portfolio company investments totaling \$264.6 million, made investments in existing portfolio companies totaling \$205.9 million, made a \$67.5 million equity co-investment alongside certain affiliates in a portfolio company that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation and made additional investments in joint venture equity portfolio companies totaling \$2.5 million.

The following tables present the Company's investment portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, categorized by the ASC Topic 820 valuation hierarchy, as previously described:

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value at December 31, 2025				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ —	\$ 14,873	\$ 1,661,461	\$ 1,676,334	
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	—	897	189,393	190,290	
Structured products	—	12,939	16,688	29,627	
Equity shares	—	5,120	431,346	436,466	
Equity warrants	—		1,170	1,170	
Royalty rights	—		1,486	1,486	
Investments subject to leveling	\$ —	\$ 33,829	\$ 2,301,544	\$ 2,335,373	
Investment in joint ventures(1)				63,151	
				\$ 2,398,524	

(\$ in thousands)	Fair Value at December 31, 2024				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ —	\$ 60,910	\$ 1,625,501	\$ 1,686,411	
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	—	11,752	153,703	165,455	
Structured products	—	30,884	48,664	79,548	
Equity shares	—	654	408,475	409,129	
Equity warrants	—	—	2,732	2,732	
Royalty rights	—	—	5,833	5,833	
Investments subject to leveling	\$ —	\$ 104,200	\$ 2,244,908	\$ 2,349,108	
Investments in joint ventures / PE fund(2)				100,164	
				\$ 2,449,272	

(1) The Company's investments in Jocassee, Sierra JV, Thompson Rivers and Waccamaw River (each as defined below) are measured at fair value using NAV as a practical expedient and have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

(2) The Company's investments in Jocassee, Sierra JV, Thompson Rivers, Waccamaw River and MVC Private Equity Fund LP are measured at fair value using NAV as a practical expedient and have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The following tables reconcile the beginning and ending balances of the Company's investment portfolio measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024:

Year Ended December 31, 2025: (\$ in thousands)	Senior Debt and 1 st Lien Notes	Subordinated Debt and 2 nd Lien Notes	Structured Products	Equity Shares	Equity Warrants	Royalty Rights	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 1,625,501	\$ 153,703	\$ 48,664	\$ 408,475	\$ 2,732	\$ 5,833	\$ 2,244,908
New investments	579,444	68,568	7,501	26,199	—	—	681,712
Investment restructuring	(860)	860	—	—	—	—	—
Transfers into Level 3 (1)	—	5,989	—	—	—	—	5,989
Transfers out of Level 3 (1)	—	(10,159)	(3,310)	(13,156)	—	—	(26,625)
Proceeds from sales of investments / return of capital	(248,208)	—	(2,020)	(17,445)	—	(4,801)	(272,474)
Loan origination fees received	(9,757)	(1,850)	—	—	—	—	(11,607)
Principal repayments received	(307,230)	(32,031)	(33,026)	—	—	—	(372,287)
Payment-in-kind interest / dividends	10,250	4,601	—	10,950	—	—	25,801
Accretion of loan premium / discount	325	—	—	—	—	—	325
Accretion of deferred loan origination revenue	10,107	963	143	—	—	—	11,213
Realized gain (loss)	(32,139)	(9,990)	(1,530)	7,781	—	2,467	(33,411)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	34,028	8,739	266	8,542	(1,562)	(2,013)	48,000
Fair value, end of period	<u>\$ 1,661,461</u>	<u>\$ 189,393</u>	<u>\$ 16,688</u>	<u>\$ 431,346</u>	<u>\$ 1,170</u>	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	<u>\$ 2,301,544</u>

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Year Ended December 31, 2024: (\$ in thousands)	Senior Debt and 1 st Lien Notes	Subordinated Debt and 2 nd Lien Notes	Structured Products	Equity Shares	Equity Warrants	Royalty Rights	Total
Fair value, beginning of period	\$ 1,593,797	\$ 223,798	\$ 42,972	\$ 374,572	\$ 2,392	\$ —	\$ 2,237,531
New investments	559,616	37,466	549	22,934	—	3,871	624,436
Investment restructuring	(27,652)	(9,620)	—	15,023	—	—	(22,249)
Transfers into (out of) Level 3, net (1)	(2,366)	—	7,625	(2,556)	—	—	2,703
Proceeds from sales of investments / return of capital	(75,275)	(4,975)	(935)	(4,834)	—	(245)	(86,264)
Loan origination fees received	(8,398)	(296)	—	—	—	—	(8,694)
Principal repayments received	(380,761)	(94,066)	(2,999)	—	—	—	(477,826)
Payment-in-kind interest / dividends	7,711	3,668	—	9,884	—	—	21,263
Accretion of loan premium /discount	637	115	—	—	—	—	752
Accretion of deferred loan origination revenue	10,313	1,256	—	—	—	—	11,569
Realized gain (loss)	(24,371)	(6,361)	42	(1,171)	—	—	(31,861)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(27,750)	2,718	1,410	(5,377)	340	2,207	(26,452)
Fair value, end of period	<u>\$ 1,625,501</u>	<u>\$ 153,703</u>	<u>\$ 48,664</u>	<u>\$ 408,475</u>	<u>\$ 2,732</u>	<u>\$ 5,833</u>	<u>\$ 2,244,908</u>

(1) Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the period in which the transfers occur. For both the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, transfers into (out of) Level 3 were as a result of changes in the observability of significant inputs for certain portfolio companies.

All realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation are included in earnings (changes in net assets) and are reported on separate line items within the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. Pre-tax net unrealized appreciation on Level 3 investments of \$13.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2025 was related to portfolio company investments that were still held by the Company as of December 31, 2025. Pre-tax net unrealized depreciation on Level 3 investments of \$55.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2024 was related to portfolio company investments that were still held by the Company as of December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company made investments of approximately \$581.1 million in portfolio companies to which it was not previously contractually committed to provide such financing. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company made investments of \$109.8 million in companies to which it was previously committed to provide such financing.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company made investments of approximately \$548.8 million in portfolio companies to which it was not previously contractually committed to provide such financing. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company made investments of \$95.0 million in companies to which it was previously committed to provide such financing.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Jocassee Partners LLC

On May 8, 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with South Carolina Retirement Systems Group Trust (“SCRS”) to create and co-manage Jocassee Partners LLC (“Jocassee”), a joint venture, which invests in a highly diversified asset mix including senior secured, middle-market, private debt investments, syndicated senior secured loans and structured product investments. Under Jocassee’s current operating agreement, as amended to date, the Company and SCRS have a capital commitment of \$100.0 million and \$500.0 million, respectively, of equity capital to Jocassee. Equity contributions will be called from each member on a pro-rata basis, based on their equity commitments.

For both years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, Jocassee declared \$62.8 million in distributions, of which \$5.7 million was recognized as dividend income in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The total value of Jocassee’s investment portfolio was \$1,241.4 million as of December 31, 2025, as compared to \$1,095.3 million as of December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2025, Jocassee’s investments had an aggregate cost of \$1,290.5 million, as compared to \$1,159.0 million as of December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the weighted average yield on the principal amount of Jocassee’s outstanding debt investments other than non-accrual debt investments was approximately 8.3% and 9.2%, respectively. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Jocassee investment portfolio consisted of the following investments:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
December 31, 2025:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,226,601	95 %	\$ 1,202,376	97 %
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	10,561	1	10,594	1
Equity shares	874	—	362	—
Investment in joint ventures	34,704	3	10,274	1
Short-term investments	17,781	1	17,781	1
	\$ 1,290,521	100 %	\$ 1,241,387	100 %
December 31, 2024:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 1,092,038	94 %	\$ 1,052,366	96 %
Subordinated debt and 2 nd lien notes	11,388	1	11,141	1
Equity shares	874	—	636	—
Equity warrants	—	—	455	—
Investment in joint ventures	44,416	4	20,427	2
Short-term investments	10,283	1	10,283	1
	\$ 1,158,999	100 %	\$ 1,095,308	100 %

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The industry composition of Jocassee's investments at fair value at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, excluding short-term investments, was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Aerospace & Defense	\$ 66,828	6 %
Automotive	12,505	1
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	130,393	11
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco	32,102	3
Capital Equipment	40,454	3
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber	26,223	2
Construction & Building	28,031	2
Consumer goods: Durable	24,400	2
Consumer goods: Non-durable	28,825	2
Containers, Packaging, & Glass	32,380	3
Energy: Electricity	8,968	1
Energy: Oil & Gas	11,493	1
Environmental Industries	15,460	1
Forest Products & Paper	2,521	—
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	136,378	11
High Tech Industries	118,164	10
Hotel, Gaming, & Leisure	28,795	2
Investment Funds & Vehicles	10,274	1
Media: Advertising, Printing, & Publishing	14,565	1
Media: Broadcasting & Subscription	13,702	1
Media: Diversified & Production	48,553	4
Metals & Mining	5,250	—
Retail	9,728	1
Services: Business	219,055	18
Services: Consumer	71,818	6
Telecommunications	20,859	2
Transportation: Cargo	38,392	3
Transportation: Consumer	8,312	1
Utilities: Electric	17,437	1
Utilities: Oil & Gas	1,741	—
Total	\$ 1,223,606	100 %

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The geographic composition of Jocassee's investments at fair value at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, excluding short-term investments, was as follows:

	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Australia	\$ 24,053	2 %
Austria	6,459	1
Belgium	20,645	2
Canada	2,081	—
France	110,106	9
Germany	47,823	4
Hong Kong	15,000	1
Ireland	8,743	1
Luxembourg	3,340	—
Netherlands	49,546	4
Panama	—	—
Singapore	4,950	—
Spain	3,167	—
Sweden	—	—
Switzerland	—	—
United Kingdom	111,148	9
USA	816,545	67
Total	\$ 1,223,606	100 %
	\$ 1,085,025	100 %

Jocassee's subscription facility with Bank of America N.A., which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$182.9 million and \$173.5 million outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Jocassee's credit facility with Citibank, N.A., which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$328.5 million and \$266.7 million outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Jocassee's term debt securitization, which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$323.9 million and \$323.7 million outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The Company may sell portions of its investments via assignment to Jocassee. Since inception, as of December 31, 2025, and December 31, 2024, the Company had sold \$1,303.7 million and \$1,063.3 million, respectively, of its investments to Jocassee. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company realized a gain on the sales of its investments to Jocassee of \$1.8 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had \$52.0 million and nil, respectively, in unsettled receivables due from Jocassee that were included in "Receivable from unsettled transactions" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The sale of the investments met the criteria set forth in ASC 860, *Transfers and Servicing* for treatment as a sale and satisfies the following conditions:

- assigned investments have been isolated from the Company, and put presumptively beyond the reach of the Company and its creditors, even in bankruptcy or other receivership;
- each participant has the right to pledge or exchange the assigned investments it received, and no condition both constrains the participant from taking advantage of its right to pledge or exchange and provides more than a trivial benefit to the Company; and
- the Company, its consolidated affiliates or its agents do not maintain effective control over the assigned investments through either: (i) an agreement that entitles and/or obligates the Company to repurchase or redeem the assets before maturity, or (ii) the ability to unilaterally cause the holder to return specific assets, other than through a cleanup call.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The Company has determined that Jocassee is an investment company under ASC Topic 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary, which is an extension of the operations of the Company, or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. The Company does not consolidate its interest in Jocassee as it is not a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary. In addition, Jocassee is not an operating company and the Company does not control Jocassee due to the allocation of voting rights among Jocassee members.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Jocassee had the following contributed capital and unfunded commitments from its members:

(\$ in thousands)	As of December 31, 2025	As of December 31, 2024
Total contributed capital by Barings BDC, Inc.	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000
Total contributed capital by all members	385,000	385,000
Total unfunded commitments by Barings BDC, Inc.	65,000	65,000
Total unfunded commitments by all members	215,000	215,000

Thompson Rivers LLC

On April 28, 2020, Thompson Rivers LLC (“Thompson Rivers”) was formed as a Delaware limited liability company. On May 13, 2020, the Company entered into a limited liability company agreement governing Thompson Rivers. Under Thompson Rivers’ current operating agreement, as amended to date, the Company has a capital commitment of \$75.0 million of equity capital to Thompson Rivers, all of which has been funded as of December 31, 2025. As of December 31, 2025, aggregate commitments to Thompson Rivers by the Company and the other members under the current operating agreement total \$450.0 million, all of which has been funded.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, Thompson Rivers declared \$18.0 million and \$37.5 million, respectively, in distributions, of which nil was recognized as dividend income in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations. In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$2.9 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, of the distributions as a return of capital.

As of December 31, 2025, Thompson Rivers had \$111.8 million in Ginnie Mae early buyout loans and \$7.0 million in cash. As of December 31, 2024, Thompson Rivers had \$193.4 million in Ginnie Mae early buyout loans and \$7.1 million in cash. As of December 31, 2025, Thompson Rivers had 700 outstanding loans with an average unpaid balance of \$0.2 million and weighted average yield of 4.0%. As of December 31, 2024, Thompson Rivers had 1,243 outstanding loans with an average unpaid balance of \$0.2 million and weighted average yield of 4.0%.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Thompson Rivers investment portfolio consisted of the following investments:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
December 31, 2025:				
Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”) loans	\$ 112,317	95 %	\$ 106,195	95 %
Veterans Affairs (“VA”) loans	5,883	5	5,557	5
	<u>\$ 118,200</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 111,752</u>	<u>100 %</u>
December 31, 2024:				
Federal Housing Administration (“FHA”) loans	\$ 193,265	93 %	\$ 179,963	93 %
Veterans Affairs (“VA”) loans	14,305	7	13,388	7
	<u>\$ 207,570</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 193,351</u>	<u>100 %</u>

Thompson Rivers' repurchase agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank, which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$27.1 million and \$43.5 million outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Thompson Rivers' repurchase agreement with Bank of America N.A., which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$68.5 million and \$90.3 million outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Thompson Rivers' repurchase agreement with Barclays Bank, which is non-recourse to the Company, had approximately \$28.7 million outstanding as of December 31, 2024. On June 1, 2025, Thompson River's repurchase agreement with Barclays Bank was terminated.

The Company has determined that Thompson Rivers is an investment company under ASC Topic 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary, which is an extension of the operations of the Company, or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. The Company does not consolidate its interest in Thompson Rivers as it is not a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary. In addition, Thompson Rivers is not an operating company and the Company does not control Thompson Rivers due to the allocation of voting rights among Thompson Rivers members.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Thompson Rivers had the following contributed capital and unfunded commitments from its members:

(\$ in thousands)	As of December 31, 2025	As of December 31, 2024
Total contributed capital by Barings BDC, Inc. (1)	\$ 79,411	\$ 79,411
Total contributed capital by all members (2)	482,083	482,083
Total unfunded commitments by Barings BDC, Inc.	—	—
Total unfunded commitments by all members	—	—

(1) Includes \$4.4 million of dividend re-investments.

(2) Includes dividend re-investments of \$32.1 million and total contributed capital by related parties of \$162.1 million as of both December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Waccamaw River LLC

On January 4, 2021, Waccamaw River LLC (“Waccamaw River”) was formed as a Delaware limited liability company. On February 8, 2021, the Company entered into a limited liability company agreement governing Waccamaw River. Under Waccamaw River’s current operating agreement, as amended to date, the Company has a capital commitment of \$25.0 million of equity capital to Waccamaw River, all of which has been funded as of December 31, 2025. As of December 31, 2025, aggregate commitments to Waccamaw River by the Company and the other members under the current operating agreement total \$125.0 million, all of which has been funded.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, Waccamaw River declared \$33.8 million and \$28.1 million, respectively, in distributions, of which \$0.9 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, was recognized as dividend income in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations. In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$5.8 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, of the distributions as a return of capital.

As of December 31, 2025, Waccamaw River had \$28.9 million in unsecured consumer loans and \$2.5 million in cash. As of December 31, 2024, Waccamaw River had \$45.5 million in unsecured consumer loans and \$4.3 million in cash. As of December 31, 2025, Waccamaw River had 4,270 outstanding loans with an average loan size of \$6.8 thousand, remaining average life to maturity of 30.8 months and weighted average yield of 12.6%. As of December 31, 2024, Waccamaw River had 8,095 outstanding loans with an average loan size of \$7.8 thousand, remaining average life to maturity of 35.5 months and weighted average yield of 12.0%.

The Company has determined that Waccamaw River is an investment company under ASC Topic 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary, which is an extension of the operations of the Company, or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. The Company does not consolidate its interest in Waccamaw River as it is not a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary. In addition, Waccamaw River is not an operating company and the Company does not control Waccamaw River due to the allocation of voting rights among Waccamaw River members.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, Waccamaw River had the following contributed capital and unfunded commitments from its members:

(\$ in thousands)	As of December 31, 2025	As of December 31, 2024
Total contributed capital by Barings BDC, Inc.	\$ 30,280	\$ 30,280
Total contributed capital by all members (1)	139,020	139,020
Total unfunded commitments by Barings BDC, Inc.	—	—
Total unfunded commitments by all members	—	—

(1) Includes \$82.0 million of total contributed capital by related parties as of both December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC

On February 25, 2022, as part of the Sierra Merger, the Company purchased its interest in Sierra Senior Loan Strategy JV I LLC (“Sierra JV”). The Company and MassMutual Ascend Life Insurance Company (“MMALIC”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, are the members of Sierra JV, a joint venture formed as a Delaware limited liability company and commenced operations on July 15, 2015. Sierra JV’s investment objective is to generate current income and capital appreciation by investing primarily in the debt of privately-held middle market companies with a focus on senior secured first lien term loans. The members of Sierra JV make capital contributions as investments by Sierra JV are completed, and all portfolio and other material decisions regarding Sierra JV must be submitted to Sierra JV’s board of managers, which is comprised of four members, two of whom are selected by the Company and the other two are selected by MMALIC. Approval of Sierra JV’s board of managers requires the unanimous approval of a quorum of the board of managers, with a quorum consisting of equal representation of members appointed by each of the Company and MMALIC.

As of December 31, 2025, Sierra JV had total capital commitments of \$124.5 million with the Company committing \$110.1 million and MMALIC committing \$14.5 million. The Company had fully funded its \$110.1 million commitment and total commitments of \$124.5 million were fully funded as of December 31, 2025.

For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, Sierra JV declared \$31.0 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, in distributions, of which \$7.1 million and \$2.2 million, respectively, was recognized as dividend income in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations. In addition, for the years ended December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$20.5 million and nil, respectively, of the distributions as a return of capital.

The Company has determined that Sierra JV is an investment company under ASC Topic 946, however, in accordance with such guidance, the Company will generally not consolidate its investment in a company other than a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary, which is an extension of the operations of the Company, or a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the Company. The Company does not consolidate its interest in Sierra JV as it is not a substantially wholly owned investment company subsidiary. In addition, Sierra JV is not an operating company and the Company does not control Sierra JV due to the allocation of voting rights among Sierra JV members.

The total value of Sierra JV’s investment portfolio was \$2.7 million as of December 31, 2025, as compared to \$33.4 million, as of December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2025, Sierra JV’s investments had an aggregate cost of \$2.7 million, as compared to \$36.1 million as of December 31, 2024. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the weighted average yield on the principal amount of Sierra JV’s outstanding debt investments was approximately 11.4% and 9.4%, respectively. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Sierra JV investment portfolio consisted of the following investments:

(\$ in thousands)	Cost	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio
December 31, 2025:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 2,721	100 %	\$ 2,701	100 %
Equity shares	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u><u>\$ 2,721</u></u>	<u><u>100 %</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,701</u></u>	<u><u>100 %</u></u>
December 31, 2024:				
Senior debt and 1 st lien notes	\$ 36,083	100 %	\$ 33,389	100 %
Equity shares	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u><u>\$ 36,083</u></u>	<u><u>100 %</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 33,422</u></u>	<u><u>100 %</u></u>

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The industry composition of Sierra JV's investments at fair value at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Automotive	—	2,746
Banking, Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	—	33
Beverage, Food, & Tobacco	—	3,578
Chemicals, Plastics, & Rubber	—	2,954
Consumer goods: Durable	—	232
Healthcare & Pharmaceuticals	—	3,821
High Tech Industries	—	9,363
Services: Business	2,701	4,411
Transportation: Cargo	—	6,284
Total	\$ 2,701	\$ 33,422
	100 %	100 %

Eclipse Business Capital Holdings LLC

On July 8, 2021, the Company made an equity investment in Eclipse Business Capital Holdings LLC (“Eclipse”) of \$89.8 million, a second lien senior secured loan of \$4.5 million and unfunded revolver of \$13.6 million, alongside other related party affiliates. On August 12, 2022, the Company increased the unfunded revolver to \$22.7 million. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, \$9.9 million and \$10.1 million, respectively, of the revolver was funded. Eclipse conducts its business through Eclipse Business Capital LLC. Eclipse is one of the country's leading independent asset-based lending (“ABL”) platforms that provides financing to middle-market borrowers in the U.S. and Canada. Eclipse provides revolving lines of credit and term loans ranging in size from \$10 – \$125 million that are secured by collateral such as accounts receivable, inventory, equipment, or real estate. Eclipse lends to both privately-owned and publicly-traded companies across a range of industries, including manufacturing, retail, automotive, oil & gas, services, distribution, and consumer products. The addition of Eclipse to the portfolio allows the Company to participate in an asset class and commercial finance operations that offer differentiated income returns as compared to directly originated loans. Eclipse is led by a seasoned team of ABL experts.

The Company has determined that Eclipse is not an investment company under ASC Topic 946. Under ASC Topic 810, *Consolidation*, Subtopic 10, *Consolidation — Overall, Section 15, Scope and Scope Exceptions*, paragraph 12, subparagraph d (“ASC 810-10-15-12(d)”), an investment company generally does not consolidate an investee that is not an investment company other than a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the company. Thus, the Company is not required to consolidate Eclipse because it does not provide services to the Company. Instead the Company accounts for its equity investment in Eclipse in accordance with ASC 946-320, presented as a single investment measured at fair value.

Rocade Holdings LLC

On February 1, 2023, the Company made an equity investment in Rocade Holdings LLC (“Rocade”) of \$45.0 million, alongside other related party affiliates and made additional investments thereafter during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 of \$3.5 million. The total equity invested in Rocade as of December 31, 2025 was \$71.0 million (excluding preferred dividends) and the Company had \$7.0 million of unfunded preferred equity commitments. On November 25, 2025, the Company made a second lien senior secured loan of \$10.0 million, alongside other related party affiliates. As of December 31, 2025, \$2.9 million of the second lien senior secured loan was funded. Rocade conducts its business through Rocade LLC and operates as Rocade Capital. Rocade is one of the country's leading litigation finance platforms that specializes in providing financing to plaintiff law firms engaged in mass tort and other civil litigation. Rocade typically provides loans to law firms that are secured by the borrowing firm's interests in award settlements, including contingency fees expected to be earned from successful litigation. The loans generally bear floating rate PIK interest with an overall expected annualized return between 10% and 25% and collect debt service upon receipt of settlement awards and/or contingency fees. The addition of

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Rocade to the portfolio allows the Company to participate in an uncorrelated asset class that offer differentiated income returns as compared to directly originated loans. Rocade is led by a seasoned team of litigation finance experts.

The Company has determined that Rocade is not an investment company under ASC Topic 946. Under ASC 810-10-15-12(d), an investment company generally does not consolidate an investee that is not an investment company other than a controlled operating company whose business consists of providing services to the company. Thus, the Company is not required to consolidate Rocade because it does not provide services to the Company. Instead the Company accounts for its equity investment in Rocade in accordance with ASC 946-320, presented as a single investment measured at fair value.

4. Borrowings

The Company had the following borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2025 and 2024:

Issuance Date (\$ in thousands)	Maturity Date	Interest Rate as of December 31, 2025	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Credit Facility:				
February 21, 2019	November 13, 2030	3.847%	\$ 226,786	\$ 438,590
Total Credit Facility			\$ 226,786	\$ 438,590
Notes:				
September 24, 2020 - August 2025 Notes	August 4, 2025	—%	\$ —	\$ 25,000
September 29, 2020 - August 2025 Notes	August 4, 2025	—%	—	25,000
November 5, 2020 - Series B Notes	November 4, 2025	—%	—	62,500
November 5, 2020 - Series C Notes	November 4, 2027	4.750%	112,500	112,500
February 25, 2021 Series D Notes	February 26, 2026	3.410%	80,000	80,000
February 25, 2021 Series E Notes	February 26, 2028	4.060%	70,000	70,000
November 23, 2021 - November 2026 Notes	November 23, 2026	3.300%	350,000	350,000
February 12, 2024 - February 2029 Notes (1)	February 15, 2029	7.000%	303,334	295,604
September 15, 2025 - September 2028 Notes (1)	September 15, 2028	5.200%	297,928	—
(Less: Deferred financing fees)			(10,441)	(8,773)
Total Notes			\$ 1,203,321	\$ 1,011,831

(1) Inclusive of change in fair market value of effective hedge.

The Company's summary information of its borrowings were as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2025	2024
Combined weighted average interest rate ⁽¹⁾	5.125 %	5.565 %
Combined weighted average debt outstanding	\$ 1,539,169	\$ 1,412,987

(1) Excludes unused commitment fees and amortization of financing costs. Inclusive of effective interest rate swaps and hedged items.

February 2019 Credit Facility

The Company has entered into the February 2019 Credit Facility with ING, as administrative agent, and the lenders party thereto. The initial commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility totaled \$800.0 million. Effective on November 4, 2021, the Company increased aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$875.0 million from \$800.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.2 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. Effective February 25, 2022, the Company increased

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aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$965.0 million from \$875.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.5 billion from \$1.2 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. Effective on April 1, 2022, the Company increased aggregate commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$1,065.0 million from \$965.0 million pursuant to the accordion feature under the February 2019 Credit Facility, which allowed for an increase in the total commitments to an aggregate of \$1.5 billion subject to certain conditions and the satisfaction of specified financial covenants. The Company can borrow foreign currencies directly under the February 2019 Credit Facility. The February 2019 Credit Facility, which is structured as a revolving credit facility, is secured primarily by a material portion of the Company's assets and guaranteed by certain subsidiaries of the Company. Following the termination on June 30, 2020 of Barings BDC Senior Funding I, LLC's ("BSF") credit facility entered into in August 2018 with Bank of America, N.A. (the "August 2018 Credit Facility"), BSF became a subsidiary guarantor and its assets secure the February 2019 Credit Facility. Effective May 9, 2023, the revolving period of the February 2019 Credit Facility was extended to February 21, 2025, followed by a one-year repayment period, and the maturity date was extended to February 21, 2026. Effective November 5, 2024 the Company amended the February 2019 Credit Facility to, among other things, (a) extend the revolving period from February 21, 2025 to November 5, 2028; (b) extend the stated maturity date from February 21, 2026 to November 5, 2029; (c) adjust the interest rate charged on the February 2019 Credit Facility from an applicable spread of either the term SOFR plus 2.25% (or 2.00% for so long as the Company maintains an investment grade credit rating) plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% for borrowings with an interest period of one month, 0.15% for borrowings with an interest period of three months, or 0.25% for borrowings with an interest period of six months to an applicable spread of 1.875% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10%; and (d) reduce the total commitments under the facility from \$1,065.0 million to \$825.0 million, of which \$100.0 million has been reallocated from revolving commitments to term loan commitments. Effective September 25, 2025, the Company repaid the \$100.0 million term loan commitment, reducing the total commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$725.0 million from \$825.0 million. Effective November 13, 2025, the Company amended the February 2019 Credit Facility to, among other things, (a) extend the revolving period from November 5, 2028 to November 13, 2029; (b) extend the stated maturity date from November 5, 2029 to November 13, 2030; and (c) add a new €85.0 million term loan facility, increasing the total commitments under the February 2019 Credit Facility to \$825 million from \$725 million.

Borrowings denominated in U.S. Dollars under the February 2019 Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis equal to (i) the alternate base rate plus 0.875% or (ii) term SOFR plus an applicable spread of 1.875% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10%. Borrowings denominated in certain foreign currencies, other than Australian dollars, bear interest on a per annum basis equal to the applicable currency rate for the foreign currency as defined in the credit agreement plus 1.875% or for borrowings denominated in Australian dollars, 1.875% plus the applicable Australian benchmark rate, which is defined as the applicable Australian dollar Screen Rate plus 0.20%. The alternate base rate is equal to the greatest of (i) the prime rate, (ii) the federal funds rate plus 0.5%, (iii) the Overnight Bank Funding Rate plus 0.5%, (iv) one-month term SOFR plus 1.0% plus a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% and (v) 1.0%.

In addition, the Company pays a commitment fee of 0.375% per annum on undrawn amounts of the February 2019 Credit Facility. In connection with entering into the February 2019 Credit Facility, the Company incurred financing fees of approximately \$6.4 million, which will be amortized over the life of the February 2019 Credit Facility. In connection with all amendments to the February 2019 Credit Facility, the Company incurred financing fees of approximately \$12.5 million, which will be amortized over the remaining life of the February 2019 Credit Facility.

The February 2019 Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to (i) maintaining minimum stockholders' equity, (ii) maintaining minimum obligors' net worth, (iii) maintaining a minimum asset coverage ratio, (iv) meeting a minimum liquidity test and (v) maintaining the Company's status as a regulated investment company and as a business development company. The February 2019 Credit Facility also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice provisions, including, without limitation, nonpayment, material misrepresentation of representations and warranties, breach of covenant, cross-default to other indebtedness, bankruptcy, change of control, and material adverse effect. The February 2019

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Credit Facility also permits the administrative agent to select an independent third-party valuation firm to determine valuations of certain portfolio investments for purposes of borrowing base provisions. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the February 2019 Credit Facility.

As of December 31, 2025, the Company had borrowings under the February 2019 Credit Facility denominated in Euros of €193.1 million (\$226.8 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 3.847% (one month EURIBOR of 1.972%). The borrowings denominated in foreign currencies were translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date. The impact resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on the February 2019 Credit Facility borrowings is included in “Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - foreign currency transactions” in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had U.S. dollar borrowings of \$237.0 million outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility with an interest rate of 6.484% (one month SOFR of 4.509%), borrowings denominated in Swedish kronor of 9.8kr million (\$0.9 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 4.625% (one month STIBOR of 2.750%), borrowings denominated in British pounds sterling of £55.6 million (\$69.6 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 6.608% (one month SONIA of 4.700%) and borrowings denominated in Euros of €126.6 million (\$131.1 million U.S. dollars) with an interest rate of 4.938% (one month EURIBOR of 3.063%). The borrowings denominated in foreign currencies were translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date. The impact resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on the February 2019 Credit Facility borrowings is included in “Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - foreign currency transactions” in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the total fair value of the borrowings outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility was \$226.8 million and \$438.6 million, respectively. The fair values of the borrowings outstanding under the February 2019 Credit Facility are based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

August 2025 Notes

On August 3, 2020, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “August 2020 NPA”) with Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company governing the issuance of (1) \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series A senior unsecured notes due August 2025 (the “Series A Notes due 2025”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.66% per year, and (2) up to \$50.0 million in aggregate principal amount of additional senior unsecured notes due August 2025 with a fixed interest rate per year to be determined (the “Additional Notes” and, collectively with the Series A Notes due 2025, the “August 2025 Notes”), in each case, to qualified institutional investors in a private placement. An aggregate principal amount of \$25.0 million of the Series A Notes due 2025 were issued on September 24, 2020 and an aggregate principal amount of \$25.0 million of the Series A Notes due 2025 were issued on September 29, 2020, both of which matured on August 4, 2025. Interest on the August 2025 Notes was due semiannually in March and September, beginning in March 2021. In addition, the Company was obligated to offer to repay the August 2025 Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occurred. Subject to the terms of the August 2020 NPA, the Company could have redeemed the August 2025 Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company’s option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before November 3, 2024, a make-whole premium. The August 2025 Notes were guaranteed by certain of the Company’s subsidiaries, and were the Company’s general unsecured obligations that ranked pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company.

The Company’s permitted issuance period for the Additional Notes under the August 2020 NPA expired on February 3, 2022, prior to which date the Company issued no Additional Notes.

The August 2020 NPA contained certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company’s status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments, minimum shareholders’

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equity, maximum net debt to equity ratio and minimum asset coverage ratio. The August 2020 NPA also contained customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or that of our subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the August 2025 Notes at the time outstanding may have declared all August 2025 Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable.

The August 2025 Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The August 2025 Notes were not registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and could not have been offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

On August 4, 2025, the August 2025 Notes matured in accordance with the terms of the August 2020 NPA and the Company repaid in full the par amount plus accrued and unpaid interest. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the outstanding August 2025 Notes was \$49.5 million. The fair value determination of the August 2025 Notes as of December 31, 2024 was based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

November Notes

On November 4, 2020, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “November 2020 NPA”) governing the issuance of (1) \$62.5 million in aggregate principal amount of Series B senior unsecured notes due November 2025 (the “Series B Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.25% per year and (2) \$112.5 million in aggregate principal amount of Series C senior unsecured notes due November 2027 (the “Series C Notes” and, collectively with the Series B Notes, the “November Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.75% per year, in each case, to qualified institutional investors in a private placement. Each stated interest rate is subject to a step up of (x) 0.75% per year, to the extent the applicable November Notes do not satisfy certain investment grade conditions and/or (y) 1.50% per year, to the extent the ratio of the Company’s secured debt to total assets exceeds specified thresholds, measured as of each fiscal quarter end. The November Notes were delivered and paid for on November 5, 2020.

The Series B Notes matured on November 4, 2025, and the Series C Notes will mature on November 4, 2027 unless redeemed, purchased or prepaid prior to such date by the Company in accordance with their terms. Interest on the November Notes is due semiannually in May and November, beginning in May 2021. In addition, the Company is obligated to offer to repay the November Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occur. Subject to the terms of the November 2020 NPA, the Company could have redeemed the Series B Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company’s option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before May 4, 2025, a make-whole premium. Subject to the terms of the November 2020 NPA, the Company may redeem the Series C Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company’s option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before May 4, 2027, a make-whole premium. The November Notes are guaranteed by certain of the Company’s subsidiaries, and are the Company’s general unsecured obligations that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company.

The November 2020 NPA contains certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, affirmative and negative covenants such as information reporting, maintenance of the Company’s status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments, minimum shareholders’ equity, maximum net debt to equity ratio and minimum asset coverage ratio. The November 2020 NPA also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under our other indebtedness or that of our subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the November Notes at the

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time outstanding may declare all November Notes then outstanding to be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the November 2020 NPA.

The November Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The November Notes have not and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

On November 4, 2025, the Series B Notes matured in accordance with the terms of the November 2020 NPA and the Company repaid in full the par amount plus accrued and unpaid interest. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the outstanding Series B Notes was \$61.6 million. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of the outstanding Series C Notes was \$111.4 million and \$108.3 million, respectively. The fair value determinations of the Series B Notes and Series C Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

February Notes

On February 25, 2021, the Company entered into a Note Purchase Agreement (the “February 2021 NPA”) governing the issuance of (1) \$80.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series D senior unsecured notes due February 26, 2026 (the “Series D Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 3.41% per year and (2) \$70.0 million in aggregate principal amount of Series E senior unsecured notes due February 26, 2028 (the “Series E Notes” and, collectively with the Series D Notes, the “February Notes”) with a fixed interest rate of 4.06% per year, in each case, to qualified institutional investors in a private placement. Each stated interest rate is subject to a step up of (x) 0.75% per year, to the extent the applicable February Notes do not satisfy certain investment grade rating conditions and/or (y) 1.50% per year, to the extent the ratio of the Company’s secured debt to total assets exceeds specified thresholds, measured as of each fiscal quarter end. The February Notes were delivered and paid for on February 26, 2021.

The Series D Notes will mature on February 26, 2026, and the Series E Notes will mature on February 26, 2028 unless redeemed, purchased or prepaid prior to such date by the Company in accordance with the terms of the February 2021 NPA. Interest on the February Notes is due semiannually in February and August of each year, beginning in August 2021. In addition, the Company is obligated to offer to repay the February Notes at par (plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the date of prepayment) if certain change in control events occur. Subject to the terms of the February 2021 NPA, the Company may redeem the Series D Notes and the Series E Notes in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company’s option at par plus accrued interest to the prepayment date and, if redeemed on or before August 26, 2025, with respect to the Series D Notes, or on or before August 26, 2027, with respect to the Series E Notes, a make-whole premium. The February Notes are guaranteed by certain of the Company’s subsidiaries, and are the Company’s general unsecured obligations that rank pari passu with all outstanding and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company.

The February 2021 NPA contains certain representations and warranties, and various covenants and reporting requirements customary for senior unsecured notes issued in a private placement, including, without limitation, information reporting, maintenance of the Company’s status as a BDC within the meaning of the 1940 Act, and certain restrictions with respect to transactions with affiliates, fundamental changes, changes of line of business, permitted liens, investments and restricted payments. In addition, the February 2021 NPA contains the following financial covenants: (a) maintaining a minimum obligors’ net worth, measured as of each fiscal quarter end; (b) not permitting the Company’s asset coverage ratio, as of the date of the incurrence of any debt for borrowed money or the making of any cash dividend to shareholders, to be less than the statutory minimum then applicable to the Company under the 1940 Act; and (c) not permitting the Company’s net debt to equity ratio to exceed 2.0x, measured as of each fiscal quarter end.

The February 2021 NPA also contains customary events of default with customary cure and notice periods, including, without limitation, nonpayment, incorrect representation in any material respect, breach of covenant, cross-default under other indebtedness or that of the Company’s subsidiary guarantors, certain judgments and orders, and certain events of bankruptcy. Upon the occurrence of certain events of default, the holders of at least 66-2/3% in principal amount of the February Notes at the time outstanding may declare all February Notes then outstanding to

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be immediately due and payable. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the February 2021 NPA.

The February Notes were offered in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act. The February Notes have not and will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws and, unless so registered, may not be offered or sold in the United States except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the Securities Act, as applicable.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of the outstanding Series D Notes was \$79.4 million and \$77.3 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of the outstanding Series E Notes was \$67.9 million and \$65.4 million, respectively. The fair value determinations of the Series D Notes and Series E Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

November 2026 Notes

On November 23, 2021, the Company and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor-in-interest to U.S. Bank National Association, the “Trustee”) entered into an Indenture (the “Base Indenture”) and a First Supplemental Indenture (the “First Supplemental Indenture” and, together with the Base Indenture, the “November 2026 Notes Indenture”). The First Supplemental Indenture relates to the Company’s issuance of \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.300% notes due 2026 (the “November 2026 Notes”).

The November 2026 Notes will mature on November 23, 2026 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at the Company’s option at any time or from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the November 2026 Notes Indenture. The November 2026 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.300% per year payable semi-annually on May 23 and November 23 of each year, commencing on May 23, 2022. The November 2026 Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company that rank senior in right of payment to all of the Company’s existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the November 2026 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company, rank effectively junior to any of the Company’s secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company’s subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The November 2026 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940 Act, whether or not it is subject to those requirements, and to provide financial information to the holders of the November 2026 Notes and the Trustee if the Company is no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the November 2026 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the November 2026 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a “change of control repurchase event,” as defined in the November 2026 Notes Indenture, the Company will generally be required to make an offer to purchase the outstanding November 2026 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such November 2026 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The November 2026 Notes were offered to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to certain non-U.S. persons outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act. Concurrent with the closing of November 2026 Notes offering, the Company entered into a registration rights agreement for the benefit of the purchasers of the November 2026 Notes. Pursuant to the terms of this registration rights agreement, the Company filed a registration statement on Form N-14 with the SEC, which was subsequently declared effective, to permit the electing holders of the November 2026 Notes to exchange all of their outstanding restricted November 2026 Notes for an equal aggregate principal amount of new November 2026 Notes (the “Exchange Notes”). The Exchange Notes have terms substantially identical to the terms of the November

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2026 Notes, except that the Exchange Notes are registered under the Securities Act, and certain transfer restrictions, registration rights, and additional interest provisions relating to the November 2026 Notes do not apply to the Exchange Notes.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of the outstanding November 2026 Notes was \$340.9 million and \$329.3 million, respectively. The fair value determinations of the November 2026 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

February 2029 Notes

On February 7, 2024, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement among the Company, Barings LLC, and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc., BMO Capital Markets Corp., and Fifth Third Securities, Inc., in connection with the issuance and sale of \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company's 7.000% senior unsecured notes due February 15, 2029 (the "February 2029 Notes"). The February 2029 Notes offering closed on February 12, 2024 and the February 2029 Notes were issued under a Second Supplemental Indenture, dated February 12, 2024, between the Company and the Trustee, to the Base Indenture (the "Second Supplemental Indenture," and together with the Base Indenture, the "February 2029 Notes Indenture").

The February 2029 Notes will mature on February 15, 2029 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at the Company's option at any time or from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the February 2029 Notes Indenture. The February 2029 Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.000% per year payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing on August 15, 2024. The February 2029 Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company that rank senior in the right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the February 2029 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company, rank effectively junior to any of the Company's secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The February 2029 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940 Act, whether or not it is subject to those requirements (but giving effect to exemptive relief granted to the Company by the SEC), and to provide financial information to the holders of the February 2029 Notes and the Trustee if the Company is no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the February 2029 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the February 2029 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a "change of control repurchase event," as defined in the February 2029 Notes Indenture, the Company may be required by the holders of the February 2029 Notes to make an offer to purchase the outstanding February 2029 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such February 2029 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The net proceeds received by the Company in connection with the February 2029 Notes offering were approximately \$292.9 million, after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company.

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the fair value of the outstanding February 2029 Notes was \$303.3 million and \$295.6 million, respectively. The fair value determinations of the February 2029 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

In connection with the offering of the February 2029 Notes, on February 12, 2024, the Company entered into a \$300.0 million notional value interest rate swap. The Company receives a fixed rate interest at 7.00% paid semi-annually and pays semi-annually based on a compounded daily rate of SOFR plus 3.14750%. The swap transaction matures on February 15, 2029. The interest expense related to the February 2029 Notes will be equally offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

interest and other financing fees in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$3.3 million and \$(4.4) million, respectively. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is included either as a component of derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the February 2029 Notes. The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap is based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

September 2028 Notes

On September 8, 2025, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement among the Company, Barings LLC, and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, ING Financial Markets LLC, MUFG Securities Americas Inc. and SMBC Nikko Securities America, Inc., in connection with the issuance and sale of \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the Company's 5.200% senior unsecured notes due September 15, 2028 (the "September 2028 Notes"). The September 2028 Notes offering closed on September 15, 2025 and the September 2028 Notes were issued under a Third Supplemental Indenture, dated September 15, 2025, between the Company and the Trustee, to the Base Indenture (the "Third Supplemental Indenture," and together with the Base Indenture, the "September 2028 Notes Indenture").

The September 2028 Notes will mature on September 15, 2028 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at the Company's option at any time or from time to time prior to August 15, 2028 at par value plus a "make-whole" premium calculated in accordance with the terms under "optional redemption" in the September 2028 Notes Indenture and at par value on August 15, 2028 or thereafter. The September 2028 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.200% per year payable semi-annually on March 15 and September 15 of each year, commencing on March 15, 2026. The September 2028 Notes are general unsecured obligations of the Company that rank senior in right of payment to all of the Company's existing and future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the September 2028 Notes, rank pari passu with all existing and future unsecured unsubordinated indebtedness issued by the Company, rank effectively junior to any of the Company's secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, and rank structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The September 2028 Notes Indenture contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to comply with the asset coverage requirements of Section 18(a) (1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) and (2) of the 1940 Act, whether or not it is subject to those requirements (but giving effect to exemptive relief granted to the Company by the SEC), and to provide financial information to the holders of the September 2028 Notes and the Trustee if the Company is no longer subject to the reporting requirements under the Exchange Act. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the September 2028 Notes Indenture. As of December 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the September 2028 Notes Indenture.

In addition, on the occurrence of a "change of control repurchase event," as defined in the September 2028 Notes Indenture, the Company may be required by the holders of the September 2028 Notes to make an offer to purchase the outstanding September 2028 Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such September 2028 Notes plus accrued and unpaid interest to the repurchase date.

The net proceeds received by the Company in connection with the September 2028 Notes offering were approximately \$294.7 million, after deducting the underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by the Company.

As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the outstanding September 2028 Notes was \$297.9 million. The fair value determinations of the September 2028 Notes were based on a market yield approach and current interest rates, which are Level 3 inputs to the market yield model.

In connection with the offering of the September 2028 Notes, on September 15, 2025, the Company entered into a \$300.0 million notional value interest rate swap. The Company receives a fixed rate interest at 5.20% paid semi-annually and pays semi-annually based on a compounded daily rate of SOFR plus 2.059%. The swap

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

transaction matures on September 15, 2028. The interest expense related to the September 2028 Notes will be equally offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swap. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest and other financing fees in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2025, the interest rate swap had a fair value of \$(2.1) million. Depending on the nature of the balance at period end, the fair value of the interest rate swap is either included as a component of derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The change in fair value of the interest rate swap is offset by the change in fair value of the September 2028 Notes. The fair value of the Company's interest rate swap is based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

5. Income Taxes

The Company has elected for federal income tax purposes to be treated, and intends to qualify annually, as a RIC under the Code and intends to make the required distributions to its stockholders as specified therein. In order to maintain its tax treatment as a RIC, the Company must meet certain minimum distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. If such requirements are met, then the Company is generally required to pay taxes only on the portion of its taxable income and gains it does not distribute (actually or constructively) and certain built-in gains. The Company has historically met its minimum distribution, source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and continually monitors its distribution requirements with the goal of ensuring compliance with the Code.

Depending on the level of investment company taxable income ("ICTI") and net capital gains, if any, or taxable income, the Company may choose to carry forward undistributed taxable income and pay a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless the Company distributes, in a timely manner, an amount at least equal to the sum of (i) 98% of net ordinary income for each calendar year, (ii) 98.2% of the Company's capital gain net income for the calendar year and (iii) certain undistributed amounts from previous years on which the Company paid no U.S. federal income tax. Any such carryover of taxable income must be distributed before the end of that next tax year through a dividend declared prior to filing of the tax return related to the year which generated such taxable income not to be subject to U.S. federal income tax. For the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recorded net expenses of \$3.7 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax.

Taxable income generally differs from increase in net assets resulting from operations due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized. The Company makes certain adjustments to the classification of net assets as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which include differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal taxes or losses among other items. To the extent these differences are permanent, they are charged or credited to additional paid in capital, or total distributable earnings (loss), as appropriate.

During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the Company reclassified for book purposes amounts arising from permanent book/tax differences primarily related to differences in the tax basis and book basis of investments sold, merger adjustments and non-deductible excise taxes paid during the year as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 22,205	\$ (1,039)	\$ 13,252
Total distributable earnings (loss)	(22,205)	1,039	(13,252)

Tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns are evaluated to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. Management has analyzed the Company's tax positions taken, or to be taken, on federal income tax returns for all open tax years (fiscal years 2022-2024), and has concluded that the provision for uncertain tax positions in the Company's financial statements is appropriate.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to stockholders are reported as ordinary income, long-term capital gains, return of capital or a combination thereof. The tax character of distributions paid for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Ordinary income	\$ 125,247	\$ 110,052	\$ 108,997
Distributions on a tax basis	\$ 125,247	\$ 110,052	\$ 108,997

At December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the components of distributable earnings on a tax basis detailed below differ from the amounts reflected in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets by temporary and other book/tax differences, primarily relating to accruals of defaulted debt investment interest and the tax treatment of certain partnership investments, as follows:

(\$ in thousands)	December 31,		
	2025	2024	2023
Undistributed net investment income	\$ 86,940	\$ 94,078	\$ 44,655
Accumulated capital losses	(761,247)	(702,514)	(666,300)
Other permanent differences relating to the Company's formation	1,975	1,975	1,975
Other temporary differences	339	271	204
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(30,263)	(50,538)	(38,538)
Components of distributable earnings at year end	\$ (702,256)	\$ (656,728)	\$ (658,004)

Tax information for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 is estimated and is not considered final until the Company files its tax return.

Under current law, the Company may carry forward net capital losses indefinitely to use to offset capital gains realized in future years. As of December 31, 2025, the Company estimates that it will have a capital loss carryforward of approximately \$761.2 million (\$33.2 million of short-term capital losses and \$728.0 million of long-term capital losses), none of which will expire. Because of the loss limitation rules of the Code, some of the tax basis losses may be limited in their use. The unused balance will be carried forward and utilized as gains are realized, subject to such limitations. As of December 31, 2024, the Company estimated that it would have a capital loss carryforward of approximately \$702.5 million (\$34.4 million of short-term capital losses and \$668.2 million of long-term capital losses), none of which will expire.

For federal income tax purposes, the cost of investments owned as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was approximately \$2,438.9 million and \$2,550.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2025, net unrealized depreciation on the Company's investments (tax basis) was approximately \$30.3 million, consisting of gross unrealized appreciation, where the fair value of the Company's investments exceeds their tax cost, of approximately \$118.3 million and gross unrealized depreciation, where the tax cost of the Company's investments exceeds their fair value, of approximately \$148.6 million. As of December 31, 2024, net unrealized depreciation on the Company's investments (tax basis) was approximately \$50.5 million, consisting of gross unrealized appreciation, where the fair value of the Company's investments exceeds their tax cost, of approximately \$124.0 million and gross unrealized depreciation, where the tax cost of the Company's investments exceeds their fair value, of approximately \$174.5 million.

In addition, the Company has wholly-owned taxable subsidiaries (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"), which hold certain portfolio investments that are listed on the Consolidated Schedules of Investments. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated for financial reporting purposes, such that the Company's consolidated financial statements reflect the Company's investments in the portfolio companies owned by the Taxable Subsidiaries. The purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit the Company to hold certain portfolio companies that are organized as limited liability companies ("LLCs") (or other forms of pass-through entities) and still satisfy the RIC tax requirement that

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

at least 90% of the RIC's gross revenue for income tax purposes must consist of qualifying investment income. Absent the Taxable Subsidiaries, a proportionate amount of any gross income of an LLC (or other pass-through entity) portfolio investment would flow through directly to the Company. To the extent that such income did not consist of qualifying investment income, it could jeopardize the Company's ability to qualify as a RIC and therefore cause the Company to incur significant amounts of federal income taxes. When LLCs (or other pass-through entities) are owned by the Taxable Subsidiaries, their income is taxed to the Taxable Subsidiaries and does not flow through to the RIC, thereby helping the Company preserve its RIC tax treatment and resultant tax advantages. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio companies. This income tax expense or benefit, if any, is reflected in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. Additionally, any unrealized appreciation related to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries (net of unrealized depreciation related to portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries) is reflected net of applicable federal and state income taxes, if any, in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations, with the related deferred tax assets or liabilities, if any, included in "Accounts payable and accrued liabilities" in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had net deferred tax assets of \$3.4 million and \$11.0 million, respectively, pertaining to operating losses and tax basis differences related to certain partnership interests. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, given the losses generated by the entity, the deferred tax assets have been offset by a valuation allowance of \$5.1 million and \$11.2 million, respectively. The Company concluded that the remaining deferred tax assets will more likely than not be realized, though this is not assured, and as such no valuation allowance was provided on these assets as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

6. Derivative Instruments

MVC Credit Support Agreement

In connection with the MVC Acquisition on December 23, 2020, promptly following the closing of the Company's merger with MVC, the Company and the Adviser entered into the MVC Credit Support Agreement, pursuant to which the Adviser agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$23.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired MVC investment portfolio over a 10-year period. On May 8, 2025, the Company entered into the Termination Agreement with Barings to terminate all rights and obligations under the MVC Credit Support Agreement. See "Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions" for additional information regarding the MVC Credit Support Agreement. Net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on the MVC Credit Support Agreement is included in "Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - credit support agreements" and net realized gains or losses on the MVC Credit Support Agreement is included in "Net realized gains (losses) - credit support agreements" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following table presents the fair value and aggregate unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of the MVC Credit Support Agreement as of December 31, 2024:

As of December 31, 2024		Counterparty	Settlement Date	Notional Amount	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	
Description	(\$ in thousands)						
MVC Credit Support Agreement		Barings LLC	01/01/31	\$ 23,000	\$ 19,250	\$	5,650
Total MVC Credit Support Agreement						\$	5,650

As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the MVC Credit Support Agreement was \$19.3 million and is included in "Credit support agreements" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the MVC Credit Support Agreement was determined based on an income approach, with the primary inputs being the discount rate and the expected time until an exit event for each portfolio company in the MVC Reference Portfolio, which are all Level 3 inputs.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The following table summarizes the significant unobservable inputs the Adviser used in the valuation of the Company's Level 3 MVC Credit Support Agreement as of December 31, 2024. The average range of unobservable inputs is based on fair value of the MVC Credit Support Agreement.

December 31, 2024: (\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Model	Level 3 Input	Range of Inputs	Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
MVC Credit Support Agreement	\$ 19,250	Income Approach	Discount Rate	5.4% - 6.4%	5.9%	Decrease
			Time Until Exit (years)	1.5 - 4.5	3.0	Decrease

Sierra Credit Support Agreement

In connection with the Sierra Merger on February 25, 2022, promptly following the closing of the Company's merger with Sierra, the Company and the Adviser entered into the Sierra Credit Support Agreement, pursuant to which the Adviser has agreed to provide credit support to the Company in the amount of up to \$100.0 million relating to the net cumulative realized and unrealized losses on the acquired Sierra investment portfolio over a 10-year period. See "Note 2. Agreements and Related Party Transactions" for additional information regarding the Sierra Credit Support Agreement. Net unrealized appreciation or depreciation on the Sierra Credit Support Agreement is included in "Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) - credit support agreements" in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following tables presents the fair value and aggregate unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

As of December 31, 2025 Description (\$ in thousands)	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Notional Amount	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Sierra Credit Support Agreement	Barings LLC	04/01/32	\$ 100,000	\$ 60,500	\$ 16,100
Total Sierra Credit Support Agreement					\$ 16,100

As of December 31, 2024 Description (\$ in thousands)	Counterparty	Settlement Date	Notional Amount	Value	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)
Sierra Credit Support Agreement	Barings LLC	04/01/32	\$ 100,000	\$ 44,200	\$ (200)
Total Sierra Credit Support Agreement					\$ (200)

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair value of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement was \$60.5 million and \$44.2 million, respectively, and is included in "Credit support agreements" in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The fair value of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement was determined based on a simulation analysis, with the primary inputs being the enterprise value, a measure of expected asset volatility, the expected time until an exit event for each portfolio company in the Sierra Reference Portfolio, the Discount Rate and the Recovery Rate, which are all Level 3 inputs.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The following tables summarize the significant unobservable inputs the Adviser used in the valuation of the Company's Level 3 Sierra Credit Support Agreement as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The average range of unobservable inputs is based on fair value of the Sierra Credit Support Agreement.

December 31, 2025: (\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Model	Level 3 Input	Range of Inputs	Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Sierra Credit Support Agreement	\$ 60,500	Simulation Analysis	Enterprise Value / Equity Value	\$0 - \$385,100	\$192,550	Decrease
			Asset Volatility	20.0% - 50.0%	35.0%	Increase
			Time Until Exit (years)	0 - 2.3	1.2	Decrease
			Discount Rate	5.4%	5.4%	Decrease
			Recovery Rate	20.0% - 40.0%	30.0%	Decrease

December 31, 2024: (\$ in thousands)	Fair Value	Valuation Model	Level 3 Input	Range of Inputs	Average	Impact to Valuation from an Increase in Input
Sierra Credit Support Agreement	\$ 44,200	Simulation Analysis	Enterprise Value	\$15 - \$393,900	\$196,958	Decrease
			Asset Volatility	25.0% - 55.0%	40.0%	Increase
			Time Until Exit (years)	0.0 - 6.6	3.3	Decrease
			Discount Rate	6.3%	6.3%	Decrease
			Recovery Rate	5.0% - 70.0%	37.5%	Decrease

Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The Company enters into forward currency contracts from time to time to primarily help mitigate the impact that an adverse change in foreign exchange rates would have on net interest income from the Company's investments and related borrowings denominated in foreign currencies. Forward currency contracts are considered undesignated derivative instruments.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

The following tables present the Company's foreign currency forward contracts as of December 31, 2025 and 2024:

As of December 31, 2025 Description (\$ in thousands)	Notional Amount to be Purchased	Notional Amount to be Sold	Maturity Date	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets (Liabilities)	Balance Sheet Location of Net Amounts
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$37,436	A\$56,369	03/31/26	\$ (155)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$1,951	C\$2,686	03/31/26	(16)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$520	3,312kr	03/31/26	(3)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$39,619	€33,500	03/31/26	119	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$14,642	€12,500	03/31/26	(97)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	NZ\$10,000	\$5,827	03/31/26	(58)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,006	NZ\$15,504	03/31/26	62	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,852	49,215kr	03/31/26	(25)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£1,500	\$2,026	03/31/26	(9)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£2,000	\$2,691	03/31/26	(2)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$132,483	£99,342	03/31/26	(1,106)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,999	18,499kr	03/31/26	(17)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$5,571	4,421Fr	03/31/26	(59)	Derivative liabilities
Total				\$ (1,366)	

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

As of December 31, 2024	Notional Amount to be Purchased	Notional Amount to be Sold	Maturity Date	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets (Liabilities)	Balance Sheet Location of Net Amounts
Description (\$ in thousands)					
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$7,000	\$4,519	01/08/25	\$ (185)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$64,484	\$41,090	01/08/25	(1,164)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	A\$8,000	\$5,010	04/07/25	(56)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$954	A\$1,478	01/08/25	39	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$965	A\$1,411	01/08/25	92	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$46,948	A\$68,596	01/08/25	4,477	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (AUD)	\$41,247	A\$64,724	04/07/25	1,167	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	C\$8,709	\$6,161	01/08/25	(105)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	C\$7,000	\$4,896	04/07/25	(11)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$6,461	C\$8,709	01/08/25	404	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$72	C\$103	04/07/25	—	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CAD)	\$6,326	C\$8,913	04/07/25	107	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	2,570kr.	\$362	01/08/25	(5)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$385	2,570kr.	01/08/25	28	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (DKK)	\$370	2,615kr.	04/07/25	5	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	€4,658	\$4,921	01/08/25	(96)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	€95,436	\$100,299	01/08/25	(1,455)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$111,003	€99,494	01/08/25	7,955	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$671	€600	01/08/25	50	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (EUR)	\$100,856	€95,570	04/07/25	1,467	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	NZ\$15,538	\$9,003	01/08/25	(297)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$198	NZ\$312	01/08/25	23	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,538	NZ\$15,226	01/08/25	1,007	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NZD)	\$9,187	NZ\$15,840	04/07/25	302	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	45,770kr	\$4,104	01/08/25	(75)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$83	921kr	01/08/25	2	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,273	44,849kr	01/08/25	325	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (NOK)	\$4,132	46,087kr	04/07/25	75	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£5,800	\$7,272	01/08/25	(8)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	£59,563	\$75,949	01/08/25	(1,356)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$1,789	£1,382	01/08/25	59	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$85,174	£63,981	01/08/25	5,047	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (GBP)	\$75,962	£59,607	04/07/25	1,363	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	16,492kr	\$1,505	01/08/25	(12)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$34	339kr	01/08/25	3	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,593	16,153kr	01/08/25	130	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (SEK)	\$1,541	16,805kr	04/07/25	12	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	5,622Fr.	\$6,378	01/08/25	(173)	Derivative liabilities
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$6,706	5,622Fr.	01/08/25	502	Derivative assets
Foreign currency forward contract (CHF)	\$6,511	5,685Fr.	04/07/25	175	Derivative assets
Total				\$ 19,818	

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the total fair values of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts were \$(1.4) million and \$19.8 million, respectively. The fair values of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts are based on unadjusted prices from independent pricing services and independent indicative broker quotes, which are Level 2 inputs.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

7. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company is party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk, consisting primarily of unused commitments to extend financing to the Company's portfolio companies. Since commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company believed that it had adequate financial resources to satisfy its unfunded commitments. The balances of unused commitments to extend financing as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Acceleluation LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	\$ 401	\$ 3
Acceleluation LLC	Revolver	793	1,1
Accurus Aerospace Corporation ⁽²⁾	Revolver	2,017	1,1
AD Bidco, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	391	3,1
AD Bidco, Inc.	Revolver	1,303	1,1
Adhefin International ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	446	1
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,443	2,1
AirX Climate Solutions, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	814	1
AlliA Insurance Brokers NV ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1
Americo Chemical Products, LLC	Revolver	471	1
Application Boot Camp LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	528	1
Aquavista Watersides 2 LTD ⁽⁴⁾	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	2,1
Arc Education ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	724	1
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,178	1
ARC Interco Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	728	1
Argus Bidco Limited ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	1
Argus Intermediate, LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,580	1,1
Argus Intermediate, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	549	1
Armstrong Transport Group (Pele Buyer, LLC) ⁽²⁾	Revolver	898	1
Artemis Bidco Limited ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	446	1
ASC Communications, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,089	1,1
Astra Bidco Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1
ATL II MRO Holdings Inc.	Revolver	3,289	3,1
Avance Clinical Bidco Pty Ltd ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,274	1,1
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1
Azalea Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	481	1
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	399	2,1
Basin Innovation Group, LLC	Revolver	1,858	1,1
Beyond Risk Management, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	879	4,1
Biolam Group ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1
Bitly, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	189	1
BKF Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	2,970	2,1
BLI Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	752	1
BLI Buyer, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	634	1
Brightpay Limited ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1
BrightSign LLC	Revolver	332	1

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Broadstone Group UK LTD(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	696	
Broadway Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,649	
Broadway Buyer, LLC	Revolver	967	
CAi Software, LLC	Revolver	—	1, ²
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	417	3, ²
Caldwell & Gregory LLC	Revolver	2,500	2, ²
Canadian Orthodontic Partners Corp.(2)(6)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	53	
Cascade Residential Services LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	
Cascade Residential Services LLC	Revolver	331	
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,257	1, ²
CCFF Buyer, LLC	Revolver	1,047	1, ²
Ceres Pharma NV(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	163	
CGI Parent, LLC	Revolver	1,653	1, ²
CH Buyer, LLC	Revolver	55	
CloudOne Digital Corp.	Revolver	2,707	
Comply365, LLC	Revolver	807	1, ²
Coyo Uprising GmbH(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	461	
Credit Key Funding II LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,304	
Credit Key Funding II LLC(2)	Revolver	870	
CSL DualCom(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	
CW Group Holdings, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,446	
DataServ Integrations, LLC	Revolver	—	
DAWGS Intermediate Holdings Co.	Revolver	1,802	
DecksDirect, LLC(2)	Revolver	85	
DISA Holdings Corp.	Revolver	314	
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,646	
Discovery Buyer, L.P.	Revolver	1,793	
Dune Group(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	
Durare Bidco, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	968	
Durare Bidco, LLC	Revolver	969	
EB Development(3)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	242	
EB Development(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	627	
Eclipse Business Capital, LLC	Revolver	12,818	12, ²
Electrical Components International, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	
EMI Porta Holdco LLC(2)	Revolver	2,195	2, ²
eShipping, LLC	Revolver	—	1, ²
Events Software BidCo Pty Ltd(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	619	
Expert Institute Group Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,005	
Expert Institute Group Inc.	Revolver	701	
Express Wash Acquisition Company, LLC(2)	Revolver	193	
EZ SMBO Bidco(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	703	
Faraday(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	
Footco 40 Limited(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Forest Buyer, LLC	Revolver	298	—
Fortis Payment Systems, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
Fortis Payment Systems, LLC	Revolver	—	—
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	2,212
GB Eagle Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	2,316	2,212
GCDL LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	108	—
GCDL LLC	Revolver	108	—
Global Academic Group Limited ⁽²⁾⁽⁷⁾	Term Loan	—	—
GMES LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,253	—
GMES LLC	Revolver	916	—
GMF Parent, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,195	—
GMF Parent, Inc.	Revolver	468	—
GPNZ II GmbH ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	51	—
Graphpad Software, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	2,121
Graphpad Software, LLC	Revolver	—	—
Greenhill II BV ⁽³⁾	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	—
Greenhill II BV ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	585	—
Groupe Product Life ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,704	—
Haystack Holdings LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,086	—
Haystack Holdings LLC	Revolver	1,416	—
HeartHealth Bidco Pty Ltd ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	113	—
Heavy Construction Systems Specialists, LLC	Revolver	2,632	2,121
HEKA Invest ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
HemaSource, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	368	—
HemaSource, Inc.	Revolver	1,804	1,121
High Street Buyer Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,800	—
HomeX Services Group LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	221	—
HomeX Services Group LLC	Revolver	304	—
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	652	—
HS Advisory Buyer LLC	Revolver	600	—
HSL Compliance ⁽⁴⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,152	—
HTI Technology & Industries ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,045	2,121
HTI Technology & Industries ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,364	1,121
Hydratech Holdings, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	162	1,121
Hydratech Holdings, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	522	—
Ice House America, L.L.C. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	816	—
Ice House America, L.L.C. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	72	—
International Fleet Financing No.2 B.V. ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	Revolver	947	—
Interstellar Group B.V. ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	628	—
InvoCare Limited ⁽⁵⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	296	—
ISTO Technologies II, LLC	Revolver	—	—
ITI Intermodal, Inc.	Revolver	1,031	1,121
Jocassee Partners LLC	Joint Venture	65,000	65,000

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Jon Bidco Limited(2)(7)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	—
Jon Bidco Limited(2)(7)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	529	—
Jones Fish Hatcheries & Distributors LLC	Revolver	—	—
KAMC Holdings Inc.	Revolver	476	—
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	407	—
Kanawha Scales & Systems, LLC(2)	Revolver	144	—
Keystone Bidco B.V.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	67	—
Keystone Bidco B.V.(3)	Revolver	42	—
Lambir Bidco Limited(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	103	—
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	778	—
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	72	—
Lattice Group Holdings Bidco Limited(2)	Revolver	18	—
LeadsOnline, LLC	Revolver	2,603	2,1
LHS Borrower, LLC	Revolver	725	—
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,024	—
Lockmasters Security Intermediate, Inc.	Revolver	868	—
Maia Bidco Limited(2)(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,350	—
Maia Bidco Limited(2)(4)	Revolver	337	—
Marmoutier Holding B.V.(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
Marmoutier Holding B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	—	—
Marmoutier Holding B.V.(2)(3)	Term Loan	42	—
MB Purchaser, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,350	—
MB Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	769	—
MC Group Ventures Corporation(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,837	5,1
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)	Revolver	635	—
Media Recovery, Inc. (SpotSee)(4)	Revolver	797	—
Megawatt Acquisitionco, Inc.(2)	Revolver	665	—
Mercell Holding AS(2)(8)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	778	—
MIV Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,260	—
MIV Buyer, LLC	Revolver	311	—
Modern Star Holdings Bidco Pty Limited(2)(5)	Term Loan	952	—
Momentum Textiles, LLC(2)	Revolver	923	—
Moonlight Bidco Limited(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	593	—
MSI Express Inc.(2)	Revolver	723	—
Narda Acquisitionco., Inc.	Revolver	—	1,
NAW Buyer LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,554	5,
NAW Buyer LLC	Revolver	1,894	1,
Next Holdco, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1,
Next Holdco, LLC	Revolver	733	—
NF Holdco, LLC(2)	Revolver	630	—
Northstar Recycling, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,
Northstar Recycling, LLC	Revolver	3,527	3,
NPM Investments 28 B.V.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	255	—

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
OA Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	—	1,5
OAC Holdings I Corp	Revolver	1,370	1,5
OSP AFS Buyer, LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	5,699	4,5
OSP AFS Buyer, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,309	4,5
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,5
OSP Hamilton Purchaser, LLC	Revolver	1,145	4,5
OSP Lakeside Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	735	4,5
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	584	4,5
Owl Intermediate Holdings, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,900	4,5
Parkview Dental Holdings LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,5
PDQ Com Corporation	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	5,5
Polara Enterprises, L.L.C.	Revolver	949	5,5
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	782	4,5
PowerGEM Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	579	2,5
Premium Invest ⁽³⁾	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,820	1,5
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,5
Process Insights Acquisition, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	—	4,5
ProfitOptics, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	484	4,5
Pro-Vision Solutions Holdings, LLC	Revolver	1,932	2,5
PSP Intermediate 4, LLC ⁽³⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,5
Qima Finance LTD	Capex / Acquisition Facility	655	4,5
Qualified Industries, LLC	Revolver	—	4,5
R1 Holdings, LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	219	1,5
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	630	2,5
Randys Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	1,865	1,5
Rapid Buyer LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,956	2,5
Rapid Buyer LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,478	1,5
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,111	4,5
Real Chemistry Intermediate III, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Revolver	1,000	4,5
Recon Buyer LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	4,837	4,5
Recon Buyer LLC ⁽²⁾	Revolver	612	4,5
REP SEKO MERGER SUB LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	145	4,5
RKD Group, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,645	4,5
RKD Group, LLC	Revolver	1,135	4,5
Rocade Holdings LLC ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,133	4,5
Rocade Holdings LLC ⁽²⁾	Preferred Equity	7,000	14,5
Rock Labor LLC	Revolver	1,103	1,5
ROI Solutions LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,256	3,5
ROI Solutions LLC	Revolver	3,138	3,5
Royal Buyer, LLC	Revolver	—	1,5
RPX Corporation	Revolver	3,024	3,5
Ruby Bidco Pty Ltd ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	642	4,5
Saab Purchaser, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	4,5

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Saab Purchaser, Inc.(2)	Revolver	2,394	2,
Sanoptis S.A.R.L.(3)	Term Loan	2,786	2,
Sansidor BV(3)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	—
Sapphire Bidco S.A.R.L.(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,048	7,
SBP Holdings LP	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,905	7,
SBP Holdings LP	Revolver	3,250	3,
Scout Bidco B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	680	—
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,051	—
SCP CDH Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	974	—
SCP Medical Products, LLC.	Revolver	213	—
Screenvision, LLC	Revolver	613	—
Security Holdings B.V.(2)(3)	Revolver	822	1,
Sinari Invest(2)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	509	—
SISU ACQUISITIONCO., INC.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
Skyvault Holdings LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,729	15,
Skyvault Holdings LLC(2)	Equity	910	—
Smartling, Inc.	Revolver	—	1,
SmartShift Group, Inc.	Revolver	1,651	1,
Solo Buyer, L.P.(2)	Revolver	1,130	1,
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
Sparus Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Sparus Holdings, Inc.)	Revolver	156	—
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,041	1,
SPATCO Energy Solutions, LLC	Revolver	1,188	1,
Spatial Business Systems LLC	Revolver	406	1,
SSCP Pegasus Midco Limited(4)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	2,
Sunrise Acquisition Bidco Limited(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,953	—
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	292	4,
Superjet Buyer, LLC	Revolver	1,459	2,
SVI International LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
SVI International LLC	Revolver	74	—
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	3,455	—
Swoop Intermediate III, Inc.	Revolver	818	—
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	601	—
Syntax Midco 2 Inc.(2)	Revolver	1,763	—
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,123	—
TA KHP Aggregator, L.P.	Revolver	448	—
Tank Holding Corp(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	—
Tank Holding Corp(2)	Revolver	873	—
Tanqueray Bidco Limited(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	1,217	1,
TAPCO Buyer LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	8,
TAPCO Buyer LLC	Revolver	1,415	2,
Technology Service Stream BidCo Pty Ltd(5)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	169	—
Techone B.V.(3)	Revolver	558	—

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

Portfolio Company ⁽¹⁾ (\$ in thousands)	Investment Type	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,144	1,
Tencarva Machinery Company, LLC	Revolver	2,103	1,
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	3,811	1,
The Caprock Group, Inc. (aka TA/TCG Holdings, LLC)(2)	Revolver	2,261	1,
THG Acquisition, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,629	2,
THG Acquisition, LLC	Revolver	1,314	1,
Transportation Insight, LLC(2)	Revolver	1,281	1,
Trintech, Inc.	Revolver	383	1,
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	7,596	11,
TSYL Corporate Buyer, Inc.	Revolver	443	1,
UBC Ledgers Holding AB(9)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	117	1,
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	8,143	13,
UHY Advisors, Inc.	Revolver	2,494	3,
Union Bidco Limited(4)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	1,
United Therapy Holding III GmbH(3)	Capex / Acquisition Facility	—	1,
Unither (Uniholding)(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	259	1,
Unosquare, LLC(2)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	2,106	1,
Unosquare, LLC(2)	Revolver	661	1,
WEST-NR ACQUISITIONCO, LLC	Delayed Draw Term Loan	12,065	14,
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Delayed Draw Term Loan	171	2,
Whitcraft Holdings, Inc.	Revolver	1,886	1,
White Bidco Limited	Delayed Draw Term Loan	—	1,
Woodland Foods, LLC(2)	Line of Credit	2,793	1,
World 50, Inc.	Revolver	973	1,
WWEC Holdings III Corp	Revolver	2,484	2,
ZB Holdco LLC(2)	Revolver	—	1,
Zelda Luxco S.A.S(3)	Delayed Draw Term Loan	1,249	1,
Total unused commitments to extend financing		<u>\$ 400,635</u>	<u>\$ 388,</u>

(1) The Adviser's estimate of the fair value of the current investments in these portfolio companies includes an analysis of the fair value of any unfunded commitments.

(2) Represents a commitment to extend financing to a portfolio company where one or more of the Company's current investments in the portfolio company are carried at less than cost.

(3) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Euros. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(4) Actual commitment amount is denominated in British pounds sterling. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(5) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Australian dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(6) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Canadian dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(7) Actual commitment amount is denominated in New Zealand dollars. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(8) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Norwegian kroner. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

(9) Actual commitment amount is denominated in Swedish kronor. Commitment was translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

In the normal course of business, the Company guarantees certain obligations in connection with its portfolio companies (in particular, certain controlled portfolio companies). Under these guarantee arrangements, payments may be required to be made to third parties if such guarantees are called upon or if the portfolio companies were to default on their related obligations, as applicable. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company had guaranteed €6.0 million (\$7.0 million U.S. dollars) and €9.9 million (\$10.3 million U.S. dollars), respectively, relating to credit facilities among Erste Bank and MVC Automotive Group GmbH (“MVC Auto”), that mature on June 30, 2026. As of December 31, 2025 the Company had guaranteed €4.0 million (\$4.7 million U.S. dollars) relating to a credit facility among Santander Consumer Bank GmbH and MVC Auto, which will be in place for the holding period of the associated asset, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the terms of the credit facility. The Company would be required to make payments to Erste Bank or Santander Consumer Bank GmbH if MVC Auto were to default on their related payment obligations. None of the credit facility guarantees are recorded as a liability on the Company’s Consolidated Balance Sheets, as such the credit facility liabilities are considered in the valuation of the investments in MVC Auto. The guarantees denominated in foreign currencies were translated into U.S. dollars based on the spot rate at the relevant balance sheet date.

Neither the Company, the Adviser, nor the Company’s subsidiaries are currently subject to any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to their respective businesses. The Company, the Adviser, and the Company’s subsidiaries may from time to time, however, be involved in litigation arising out of operations in the normal course of business or otherwise, including in connection with strategic transactions. Furthermore, third parties may seek to impose liability on the Company in connection with the activities of its portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, the Company does not expect any current matters will materially affect its financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Company’s financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

8. Financial Highlights

(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Year Ended December 31,				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Per share data:					
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 11.29	\$ 11.28	\$ 11.05	\$ 11.36	\$ 10.99
Net investment income (1)	1.12	1.24	1.19	1.12	0.90
Net realized gain (loss) on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts (1)(2)	(0.22)	(0.36)	(0.59)	0.16	(0.05)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts (1)	0.07	0.16	0.59	(1.20)	0.34
Total increase (decrease) from investment operations (1)	0.97	1.04	1.19	0.08	1.19
Dividends / distributions paid to stockholders from net investment income	(1.19)	(1.04)	(1.02)	(0.95)	(0.79)
Tax return of capital to stockholders	—	—	—	—	(0.03)
Total dividends and distributions paid	(1.19)	(1.04)	(1.02)	(0.95)	(0.82)
Sierra Merger (See Notes 2 and 6) (3)	—	—	—	0.10	—
Deemed contribution - CSAs (See Note 6)	—	—	—	0.40	—
Purchases of shares in share repurchase plan	0.02	0.01	0.06	0.06	—
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 11.09	\$ 11.29	\$ 11.28	\$ 11.05	\$ 11.36
Market value at end of period (4)	\$ 9.18	\$ 9.57	\$ 8.58	\$ 8.15	\$ 11.02
Shares outstanding at end of period	104,706,884	105,408,938	106,067,070	107,916,166	65,316,085
Net assets at end of period	\$ 1,160,682	\$ 1,190,354	\$ 1,196,559	\$ 1,192,329	\$ 741,931
Average net assets	\$ 1,188,613	\$ 1,210,693	\$ 1,211,289	\$ 1,184,591	\$ 739,250
Ratio of total expenses, including loss on extinguishment of debt and benefit from (provision for) taxes, to average net assets (5)	13.58 %	12.80 %	13.30 %	8.80 %	10.33 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	9.91 %	10.84 %	10.55 %	9.76 %	7.98 %
Portfolio turnover ratio (6)	26.67 %	25.83 %	22.93 %	43.07 %	68.63 %
Total return (7)	8.85 %	24.05 %	18.83 %	(18.35)%	29.34 %

(1) Weighted average per share data—basic and diluted; per share data was derived by using the weighted average shares outstanding during the applicable period.

(2) The amount shown at this caption is the balancing amount derived from the other figures in the schedule. The amount shown at this caption for a share outstanding throughout the period may not agree with the change in the aggregate gains and losses in portfolio securities for the period because of the timing of sales of the Company's shares in relation to fluctuating market values for the portfolio.

(3) Includes the impact of share issuance and deemed contribution from Barings associated with the Sierra Merger.

(4) Represents the closing price of the Company's common stock on the last day of the period.

(5) Does not include expenses of underlying investment companies, including joint ventures and short-term investments.

(6) Portfolio turnover ratio as of December 31, 2021 excludes the impact of short-term investments. Portfolio turnover ratio as of December 31, 2022 excludes the impact of the Sierra Merger.

(7) Total return is based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by the Company's dividend reinvestment plan during the period.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Year Ended December 31,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Per share data:					
Net asset value at beginning of period	\$ 11.66	\$ 10.98	\$ 13.43	\$ 15.13	\$ 15.23
Net investment income (1)	0.64	0.61	—	1.55	1.62
Net realized gain (loss) on investments / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts (1)	(0.79)	(0.08)	(3.17)	(1.11)	0.05
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments / CSAs / foreign currency transactions / forward currency contracts (1)	0.38	0.64	1.08	(1.04)	(0.72)
Total increase (decrease) from investment operations (1)	0.23	1.17	(2.09)	(0.60)	0.95
Dividends / distributions paid to stockholders from net investment income	(0.65)	(0.54)	(0.41)	(1.65)	(1.89)
Tax return of capital to stockholders	—	—	(0.02)	—	—
Total dividends and distributions paid	(0.65)	(0.54)	(0.43)	(1.65)	(1.89)
Common stock offerings	(0.63)	—	—	0.61	0.72
Deemed contribution - CSAs (See Note 6)	0.28	—	—	—	—
Deemed contribution - Barings LLC	0.07	—	—	—	—
Purchase of shares in tender offer	—	—	0.13	—	—
Purchases of shares in share repurchase plan	0.05	0.07	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation (1)	—	—	0.17	(0.01)	0.09
Shares issued pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan	—	—	—	0.01	0.04
Loss on extinguishment of debt (1)	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.21)	—	—
Benefit from (provision for) taxes (1)	—	(0.01)	0.02	(0.02)	(0.01)
Other (2)	0.04	—	(0.04)	(0.04)	—
Net asset value at end of period	\$ 10.99	\$ 11.66	\$ 10.98	\$ 13.43	\$ 15.13
Market value at end of period (3)	\$ 9.20	\$ 10.28	\$ 9.01	\$ 9.49	\$ 18.34
Shares outstanding at end of period	65,316,085	48,950,803	51,284,064	47,740,832	40,401,292
Net assets at end of period	\$ 717,805	\$ 570,875	\$ 562,967	\$ 641,275	\$ 611,156
Average net assets	\$ 517,740	\$ 579,199	\$ 628,155	\$ 667,188	\$ 556,549
Ratio of total expenses, prior to waiver of base management fee, including loss on extinguishment of debt and benefit from (provision for) taxes, to average net assets (4)	8.33 %	7.90 %	14.54 %	7.74 %	9.93 %
Ratio of total expenses, net of base management fee waived, including loss on extinguishment of debt and benefit from (provision for) taxes, to average net assets (4)	8.33 %	7.90 %	14.31 %	7.74 %	9.93 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	5.99 %	5.27 %	(0.01)%	10.83 %	10.58 %
Portfolio turnover ratio (5)	67.80 %	113.99 %	228.49 %	37.02 %	24.61 %
Total return (6)	(2.17)%	20.27 %	18.18 %	(42.15)%	5.86 %

(1) Weighted average per share data—basic and diluted; per share data was derived by using the weighted average shares outstanding during the applicable period.

(2) Represents the impact of the different share amounts used in calculating per share data as a result of calculating certain per share data based upon the weighted average basic shares outstanding during the period and certain per share data based on the shares outstanding as of a period end or transaction date.

(3) Represents the closing price of the Company's common stock on the last day of the period.

(4) Does not include expenses of underlying investment companies, including joint ventures and short-term investments.

(5) Portfolio turnover ratios as of December 31, 2020 excludes the impact of short-term investments and excludes the impact of the MVC Acquisition

(6) Total return is based on the purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by the Company's dividend reinvestment plan during the period.

Barings BDC, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements — (Continued)

9. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The following tables set forth certain quarterly financial information for each of the eight quarters in the two years ended December 31, 2025. Results for any quarter are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year or for any future quarter.

(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	Quarter Ended			
	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2025	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2025
Total investment income	\$ 64,438	\$ 74,398	\$ 72,404	\$ 67,969
Net investment income	26,390	29,810	33,613	28,030
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	32,576	20,559	23,550	25,238
Net investment income per share	0.25	0.28	0.32	0.27
Quarter Ended				
(\$ in thousands, except per share amounts)	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2024
	\$ 69,807	\$ 74,886	\$ 70,851	\$ 70,625
Total investment income	29,353	42,142	30,185	29,514
Net investment income	44,001	19,440	22,020	24,828
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	0.28	0.40	0.29	0.28
Net investment income per share				

10. Subsequent Events

On February 19, 2026, the Board authorized a new 12-month share repurchase program. Under the program, the Company may repurchase, during the 12-month period commencing on March 1, 2026, up to \$30.0 million in the aggregate of its outstanding common stock in the open market at prices below the then-current NAV per share. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by the Company, in its discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, the Company's stock price, applicable legal, contractual and regulatory requirements and other factors. The program is expected to be in effect until March 1, 2027, unless extended or until the aggregate repurchase amount that has been approved by the Board has been expended. The program does not require the Company to repurchase any specific number of shares, and the Company cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the program. The program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time.

On February 19, 2026, the Board declared a quarterly distribution of \$0.26 per share payable on March 11, 2026 to holders of record as of March 4, 2026.

LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

Energy Hardware Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation

MVC Cayman, a Cayman Island limited liability company

SIC Investment Holdings LLC, a limited liability company

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement (No. 333-282335) on Form N-2 of our report dated February 19, 2026, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Barings BDC, Inc., the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, and the senior securities table.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York
February 19, 2026

**Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Barings BDC, Inc.
pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act,
as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Thomas Q. McDonnell, as Chief Executive Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Barings BDC, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ THOMAS Q. MCDONNELL

Thomas Q. McDonnell
Chief Executive Officer

February 19, 2026

**Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Barings BDC, Inc.
pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act,
as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Elizabeth A. Murray, as Chief Financial Officer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Barings BDC, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ ELIZABETH A. MURRAY

Elizabeth A. Murray
Chief Financial Officer

February 19, 2026

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Barings BDC, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Thomas Q. McDonnell, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ THOMAS Q. MCDONNELL

Thomas Q. McDonnell
Chief Executive Officer
February 19, 2026

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Barings BDC, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Elizabeth A. Murray, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ ELIZABETH A. MURRAY

Elizabeth A. Murray
Chief Financial Officer
February 19, 2026